



RAIN SAVES NEBRASKA CORN CROP; GERMAN WAR SENTIMENT WEAKENING

STATEMENT OF MICHAELIS INTENDED TO BOLSTER UP FLAGGING PUBLIC OPINION

Washington Officials Also Take View That Kaiser Hopes to Get Allies About Council Table and Instill Differences That Will Divide Them; Russian Officials Amused.

Washington, July 30.—German Chancellor Michaelis' peace interview is regarded at the State department as another German attempt to bolster up public opinion at home, appeal to the peace sentiment in enemy and neutral countries and create dissensions between the allies.

At the Russian embassy it was stated to be wholly incorrect in fact. State department officials say that while Germany attempts by innuendo to fasten on France a vast campaign of conquest with the hope of making a breach with the new Russian democracy, Michaelis makes no suggestion that Germany itself has in any way revised its war program or accepted the principle of no annexation.

The new attempt at peace is considered as hollow as the many others which have always followed a successful offensive and which took their most tangible form in the official German peace offer of December 12. The maneuver is viewed as similar to that one which had the purpose of getting the allies about a conference table where Germany hoped to instill differences between them and split up the alliance.

The government, it is stated, will take no notice of the latest German effort. Secretary Lansing's speech, although delivered before the Michaelis interview was published, is taken as a complete answer in stating that peace can come only when the united force of the world's democracies has overthrown the German militant system.

Russian officials amused. Russian embassy officials were amused that the new German chancellor should make such a mistake as to say that Albert Thomas was sent to Petrograd to oversee the armistice of M. Tereschenko, whom he evidently thought to be Russian minister of foreign affairs, towards France's plans of conquest. They point out that M. Thomas went to Petrograd about three weeks after the revolution, that is, about March 1, and that his sole purpose was to get into communication with the Council of Soldiers and Workmen's delegates, as a fellow socialist, to understand their point of view.

At that time M. Tereschenko was practically unknown in France, as he had held the office, not of foreign secretary, but of minister of finance, for only two weeks. Milukoff was then foreign secretary and continued to conduct all the country's foreign affairs for the first six weeks of M. Thomas' visit. M. Tereschenko succeeded him about two weeks before M. Thomas left for France, and the two men came to an absolute understanding which was publicly announced by Tereschenko. As a result of their agreement, Russia asked for a conference on war aims, and both France and England accepted the invitation.

Signs of Weakness. London, July 30.—Statements by Dr. Michaelis, German imperial chancellor, and Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, which are regarded here as obviously made in collusion, dominate the news columns of the morning papers. They are generally treated editorially as a sign of weakness, while the absence of reference to the future of

Grit and Determination Make Keating Crack Army Rifle Shot

The Weather

Weather report for Nebraska and Omaha, including temperature, wind, and precipitation data.

SINGLE OFFICER TO ADMINISTER CONTROL OF FOOD

Conferees on Administration Bill Agree That President's Demand Shall Be Observed.

Washington, July 30.—Conferees on the food bill today agreed to President Wilson's demand for one food administrator instead of a board of three, as proposed by the senate.

The senate conferees yielded and agreed to strike out the senate amendment for a three-member board and accepted the house provisions for a single administrator.

The president's position was made clear today to Senator Chamberlain, one of the conferees on the bill. The president considers the committee on conduct of the war a reflection on himself and insists that there can be no question of the greater value of an individual food administrator over an administrative board of three.

Senator Chamberlain left the White House convinced that unless the conferees eliminate the three member food board the bill must go back to the senate and house for further action.

The president, however, it was said, gave no intimation to Senator Chamberlain that he was so strongly opposed to the provisions as to veto the bill.

Senator Chamberlain said he thought the senate conferees would insist on both the three member food board and the congressional committee, causing disagreement on these two points alone.

Chairman Lever of the house agriculture committee also conferred with the president and later conferred with Republican Leader Mann, who is expected to renew his fight for the congressional committee despite the fact that many republicans are opposed to it.

In agreeing upon a single food administrator, the conferees adopted a compromise provision that a board of three members, appointed by the president, and one of whom shall be an agricultural college president, shall administer the selection for minimum prices for wheat, stipulated in the bill to be \$2 per bushel for next year's crop.

Two Fashionable Berlin Cafes Closed by Police

Berlin, Sunday, July 29.—(Via London, July 30).—Hiller's and Dressel's restaurants, two fashionable Unter den Linden establishments, have been closed by the police and the proprietors sent to jail on the charge of violating the food ordinances.

The restaurant owners are accused of paying in excess of the maximum prices in purchasing supplies and of serving favored patrons who were without food cards.

The fact that both of these restaurants were exclusively patronized is taken to indicate that no discriminations will be permitted in the enforcement of the food regulations. Violations carry a fine and jail sentence.

Troop Ship, Hit By Steamer, Kept Afloat; All Safe

An Atlantic Port, July 30.—The American transport, Saratoga, at anchor waiting orders, was rammed by in-bound American steamship Panama here today.

New York, July 30.—This was the hottest day New York has experienced so far this summer.

The Bee's Americanism is What Brought On That Stop Order

Mr. Meyer's Correspondence Makes it Plain He Wants a Paper Sympathetic with Kaiserism.

Omaha, June 30.—To the Editor of The Bee: I am astonished at the letter of Mr. A. L. Meyer to stop his paper, but are you fair with him in giving him this undesirable advertising?

Note by Editor.—Unfortunately, no other inference is possible except that Mr. Meyer wants to read a pro-German newspaper and took this way to indicate his disapproval of The Bee's staunch Americanism in the face of threats and attempted intimidation by German sympathizers.

We have had many letters from Mr. Meyer which we have had to refuse space, the last one written just the day before his "stop order," finding fault because we did not print certain news stories entitled "Senator Reed Attacks Herbert Hoover as Food Gambler" and "Quebec Hints at Revolts; Secession of French Province Advocated by Leaders, etc."

No, The Bee's prime aim is to be perfectly fair with everyone, and in this case we are sure we have done no injustice.

DESERTER FROM BRITISH ARMY IS LANDED IN JAIL

Federal Officers from Omaha Capture Man, Who Tells Wierd Tale of His Adventures.

Federal officers from Omaha, sent out by Marshal Eberstein, headed the bureau of investigation, arrested Daniel Wallace at Davenport, Ia. He is now in jail to answer charges of treason and failure to register for the draft.

Wallace admits that he is a deserter from the British army and he claims he was "shanghaied" into it. He has written a pamphlet which purports to be the story of his adventures. He says he was a cow puncher, traveling salesman and "movie" actor successively in the last few years preceding 1915.

He was standing in front of a newspaper bulletin board in New York when he was approached by a man who proposed to get him a position breaking horses for the British government at \$75 a week. He says he declared himself a British subject and went to England to accept the place.

Then he and another American planned to desert with the assistance of a sailor on an American steamer (which he fails to name), then at Marseille. But they got drunk and went aboard the wrong ship, which finally landed them in Egypt. He was condemned to be shot, but was pardoned.

Underwood Opposes. Senator Underwood, opposing the resolution, declared that to take from states their control over local affairs and lodge the power with the government in Washington would result in the necessity of enforcing "obnoxious" police regulations upon an unwilling people.

Senator Ashurst, speaking in favor of the amendment, denied that it would force anything on a state, but declared it would result in a great referendum which would permit each state to say if it wants to accept the proposed change in the fundamental laws. The Arizona senator suggested, however, that provision be made for limiting the time within which a state can act on the proposed amendment.

Over Billion Pounds of Tobacco Held in United States

Washington, July 30.—Leaf tobacco held by manufacturers and dealers in the United States on July 1, amounted to 1,266,778,903 pounds, the census bureau today announced in its quarterly report.

Reserve Military Duty For New National Guard Companies

New York, July 30.—This was the hottest day New York has experienced so far this summer.

MANY COUNTIES OF STATE GET FINE DRENCHING, WHICH ASSURES BIG GRAIN YIELD

Hot Spell of Nine Days' Duration Broken When Western Section is Visited by Heavy Downpour Sunday Night; Experts Say Bumper Crops Will Be Harvested.

Rain over a goodly portion of Nebraska Sunday night is estimated to be worth millions of dollars to the farmers of the state. In the section visited it is asserted that it not only saved the corn crop, but added to the possibility of a bumper yield.

Nebraska Corn Crop Is Safe, Says Danielson

Lincoln, Neb., July 30.—Drouth and hot winds in Nebraska have not damaged the corn crop. Reports received today by E. H. Danielson, secretary of the state board of agriculture, indicate there will be no damage for several days even if the drouth and hot winds continue.

RAINS IN THE WEST. According to the morning reports to the Union Pacific nearly all Sunday night there was a gentle but regular root-soaker rain spread over the entire country along the line from North Platte west, extending entirely across Wyoming and Colorado into Utah.

DRAFT NOTICES FOR EXAMS ARE BEING SENT OUT

First Sessions of Boards Tuesday; Drafted Men Given Five Days in Which to Appear.

First examinations for drafted men probably will be held today. Exemption boards which did not send out notices Saturday, when the master lists of numbers drawn in Washington reached Omaha, mailed them out Monday.

Damage to Potatoes. Agents report that in most localities in the state the potato crop has sustained great damage. In most fields the vines have been killed. They have turned brown, and in the hills there are very few potatoes and those that are there are small.

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Acting County Judge Sundblad, chairman of the Fourth district board, announced his board will meet in Dr. C. W. Pollard's office, Keeline building, instead of the court house.

Insurance Company Cancelled

Des Moines, Ia., July 30.—The certificate of authority of the Equity Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Sioux City was revoked today by the state insurance department which gave its solvency as the cause for the action.

The Sunday Score

Table showing Sunday display statistics for various categories like Local Display, Foreign Display, Automobile, etc.

Keep Your Eye On The Bee. IMPROVING EVERY DAY.



CAPT. O. L. KEATING

thing a little more exciting, so he entered the Canadian service. But as soon as trouble began to brew he thought his first duty lay with his own country, so he returned and was assigned as recruiting officer for the Sixth Nebraska, being appointed Captain of Company B.