



GERMANY MAY FACE DICTATORSHIP; OMAHA SUFFRAGIST IN PRISON GARB

MICHAELIS IS STOP GAP IN KAISER PLAN

Rumor New Chancellor Will Give Way to Military Regime, With Luddendorf in Supreme Control.

Amsterdam, July 18.—According to news brought by arrivals from Berlin belief in liberal circles there is that Chancellor Michaelis is merely a stop gap who will prepare the way for something in the way of a dictatorship with General Ludendorff in supreme control.

Basel, Switzerland, July 18.—The Nuesettes Nachrichten of Munich says that the declaration of the new German chancellor, Dr. Michaelis, before the Reichstag tomorrow will be for peace, having the same general trend as the resolution prepared by the parties of the left.

The resolution probably is the one drawn up by the radical socialists and Catholic deputies in the Reichstag before the resignation of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg. The resolution which the bloc decided to introduce unchanged upon the reassembling of the parliament stated that the Reichstag was laboring for peace and reconciliation, that forced acquisitions of territory and political, economical and financial violations were incompatible with such a peace, that economic peace must be assured and the Reichstag would promote the creation of internal and judicial organizations.

New Premier Pan-German.

Copenhagen, July 18.—Chancellor Michaelis, as a Danish editor remarked, is preserving the silence of a sphinx on the German peace program and the questions of internal reform, but the liberal press and politicians in Germany manifest an increasing apprehension that when the sphinx finally breaks silence he will speak with a decided Pan-German accent in his maiden speech Thursday before the Reichstag.

The speech is not expected to go exhaustively into questions of reform or peace, as the time is too short for Chancellor Michaelis to make a definite program.

The socialist agency reports that in all probability he will ask six weeks grace to inform himself and work out a detailed policy.

The agency, undoubtedly speaking for Herr Scheidemann, the socialist leader, demands, however, that Herr Michaelis immediately and unequivocally make clear his attitude on the Prussian franchise reform and the peace formula.

Socialists Against Von Hintze.

Copenhagen, July 18.—A successor to Foreign Secretary Zimmermann had not been selected up to today, according to advices from Berlin. Leading German papers continued their campaign for or against various candidates.

The danger of the candidacy of Admiral von Hintze, minister to Norway, as a victory to the Pan-German navy and junker elements, is steadily clear to the socialist organs, which concentrate an attack on Von Hintze's record in the Russian revolution of 1905. They claim he encouraged Nicholas' reactionary counsel and later offered the emperor refuge on a German warship.

Count von Reventlow, military writer for the Tageszeitung, says that Count von Bernstorff, former ambassador to Washington, is impossible, because he is now, as from the outset, an advocate of a peace of renunciation and a flat opponent of the submarine war.

The Weather

Table with weather data: Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday, Comparative Local Record, Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

OMAHA POST TO FEED VAST ARMY FOR WORLD WAR

Commissary Department to Be Enlarged to Meet Rapidly Increasing Demands; Feeds Troops West Mississippi.

The commissary department of the United States army in Omaha is being enlarged to meet the rapidly growing demands of the vast armies now being mobilized for service in the great world war.

All troops within the Thirteenth division of states, including Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota and the Dakotas, receive their supplies from the quartermaster stationed in Omaha.

This means that the vast numbers of men pouring in and out of Fort Snelling and Fort Des Moines, all the men mobilized at Fort Crook and Fort Omaha and a score of other army posts throughout these states are fed and clothed with supplies from the Omaha depot.

Practically all the food used by these thousands of soldiers is bought in Omaha.

And as far as possible everything else going out from this depot is bought in Omaha. To Omaha merchants in the last few weeks have been given thousands of dollars worth of contracts for food, clothing, hardware and other army supplies.

And this is just a beginning. With the coming of the big draft army the business of the commissary department will be increased tenfold and Omaha concerns will profit proportionately.

All West of Mississippi.

Besides supply the Thirteenth division with all army requirements, the Omaha depot sends out all the meat for the entire army west of the Mississippi river, with the possible exception of some southwestern states. The meat is bought under contract from the packing houses.

Colonel E. A. Grant, quartermaster stationed here, will today ask for authority to immediately build a new warehouse, 60x175 feet, in anticipation of increasing demands upon his department.

"I expect that shortly we will be supplying 38,000 troops from our depot," said Colonel Grant. A large number will be quartered at Fort Crook, where they will cook and eat, and the rest at other points in the Thirteenth division, which he supplies. This includes Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota and the Dakotas.

"We will first equip the National Guard and send them off. Then will come the big draft army. Tents or other housing structures will be put up at Fort Crook to accommodate more troops.

Some Large Contracts.

The depot in Omaha is the only one supplying meat west of St. Louis. We buy the meat for all the west and northwest, for the Hawaiian islands, the Philippines and Guam. Every bit of this meat is bought from the packers here. There are other depots in the west, but they get their meat through us.

"Whenever possible we buy our supplies in this city. We are now giving contracts worth thousands of dollars to Omaha concerns for groceries, hardware, etc. We are having no difficulty in getting supplies either here or from other points. The railroads are co-operating with us splendidly and as soon as the requisitions come in for provisions and clothing we will ship them right along to the troops.

All the pork and sausage, every bit of fresh beef, every side of bacon and every ham that goes to western divisions of the army will come from Omaha.

Supplies for 25,000 Men.

"We have at present, either in the warehouses or enroute from Boston, Philadelphia and other places, equipment for 25,000 men.

"Since the Mexican trouble we have been supplying only a small number, as few troops were left in the posts. But we expect to be extremely busy from now on. Besides provisions, we furnish the soldier with uniform, toilet articles, shoes—in fact, everything he needs. His only expenses are for barbering and laundry."

U-Boat Needs Time, Says Admiral Tirpitz

Amsterdam, July 18.—Many Germans have become faint-hearted, says General von Stein, Prussian war minister, as quoted by the General Anzeiger of Dusseldorf. The general, replying to a telegram from the German nation union expressing confidence in him, gave the following advice: "Everyone should possess confidence in the future greatness of Germany, but an excessive anxiety and faint-heartedness is still troubling many persons. Everyone should endeavor to give an example of self-renunciation and sacrifice and to make selfish and faint-hearted persons ashamed of themselves."

DR. A. CONAN DOYLE'S STIRRING WAR POEM, "THE GUARDS COME THROUGH"

Not since the initial appearance of Tennyson's "Charge of the Light Brigade" has London's martial spirit throbbed and pulsed as it has with the publication of Conan Doyle's gripping war poem, "The Guards Come Through."

In Dr. Doyle's tense, thrilling lines you can see "Tommy Atkins" coming—"coming" with all that the term implies in Fleet street or in Piccadilly—hero, patriot and true Englishman through and through. All hail to him, for he's a man, and victorious!

Men of the 21st
Up by the Chalk Pit Wood,
Weak with our wounds and our thirst,
Wanting our sleep and our food,
After a day and a night—
God, shall we ever forget!
Beaten and broke in the fight,
But sticking—sticking it yet.
Trying to hold the line,
Fainting and spent and done,
Always the thud and the whine,
Always the yell of the Hun!
Northumberland, Lancaster, York,
Durham and Somerset,
Fighting alone, worn to the bone,
But sticking it—sticking it yet.
Never a message of hope!
Never a word of cheer!
Fronting Hill 70's shell-swept slope,
With the dull dead plain in our rear,
Always the whine of the shell,
Always the roar of its burst,
Always the tortures of hell,
As waiting and wincing we cursed
Our luck and the guns and the Boche,
When our Corporal shouted "Stand to!"
And I heard some one cry, "Clear the front for the Guards!"
And the Guard came through.
Our throats they were parched and hot,
But Lord, if you'd heard the cheers!

MAYOR DAHLMAN FEARS RACE RIOT AGAINST NEGROES

Omaha Executive Issues Proclamation Calling Upon All Citizens to Exercise Calm Judgment.

Fear of a riot that might involve the colored people of Omaha, led Mayor Dahlman last night to issue the following proclamation:

"WHEREAS, it has come to my attention, as well as to the attention of other citizens of the city of Omaha that there are rumors afloat, more or less indefinite, to the effect that the city is being threatened with a race riot against the colored people of the city, and,
"WHEREAS, all patriotic, law-abiding and good citizens deplore any such condition even though it does not go beyond the state of rumor, and,
"WHEREAS RUMORS HAVE sufficiently circulated to cause some apprehension and fear among the colored people of the city, now, therefore,

"I, James C. Dahlman, mayor, proclaim it the duty of all law abiding and self respecting citizens to discontinue and refute any such rumors when heard and I especially appeal to those who might be incensed or excited by such rumors to use a calm judgment and deliberation which becomes the citizens of this city to prevent any undue excitement or mental agitation that might inflame the minds of people to do things as a result of excitement or more imagination, and I especially appeal to all dealers in fire arms and ammunition to exercise discretion and caution at the present time in the matter of the sale of fire arms, to the end that they may not be laced in the hands of irresponsible or unduly agitated persons.

"And I further assure the public that every precautionary step is being taken by the city officials and especially by all members of the police department to prevent the carrying of concealed weapons, and that any person found carrying the same will be dealt with as one violating the laws of the state of Nebraska, as well as the ordinances of the city, in as much as the carrying of such weapons is forbidden by law and I feel that the people of the city of Omaha cherish too highly the good name of this city to permit of any incident to stain that reputation as has sometimes occurred in other places as the result of undue excitement and lack of deliberate forethought."

To Search For Guns.

The foregoing proclamation was issued last night and after rumors had reached the mayor that there was a possibility that disorder might be brought about by reason of a number of negroes having taken the places of teamsters on strike.

Following the issuance of the proclamation by the mayor, Chief of Police Dunn instructed policemen and detectives on duty to search and remove fire-arms from all unemployed and strange colored men with whom they came in contact.

While the chief of police is not anticipating any serious trouble, he is taking extra precaution. All yesterday and last night he held extra squads of police at the central station in order that they might be on hand in the event an emergency should arise.

Resident colored people, the majority of whom live in the north part of the city, between Sixteenth and Twenty-sixth, and between Cuming and Lake streets, were considerably wrought up yesterday. They had heard the rumors of an uprising against them and asked for police protection.

British Armored Motor Cars on Russ Front

Washington, July 18.—British armored motor detachments are taking part in the Russian offensive in Galicia, according to semi-official information received today from Petrograd by the Russian embassy here. This is the first mention of the presence of British forces in Russia and says the armored cars are co-operating effectively with Belgian detachments sent there soon after the war began.

SENATE PROVIDES FOR REGULATION OF CONTRACTS

Amendment to Food Bill Submitted by Pomerene Tentatively Passed by Upper House.

Washington, July 18.—After a week's discussion on amendments to the food control bill, the senate today tentatively adopted, 54 to 17, a substitute amendment by Senator Pomerene of Ohio, prohibiting government agents, including the National Defense Council, advisory members, from executing government contracts in which they are personally interested.

The Pomerene substitute was designed to meet objections to the original amendment, which would have prohibited such persons from selling to the government through any company in which they were stockholders or officers. The substitute would permit service in advisory capacity with the existence of the interest disclosed.

Senators voting against the modified amendment were: Senators Borah, Bronson, Cummins, Gore, Gronna, Hardwick, Johnson of California, Kenyon, La Follette, McKellar, McNary, Nelson, Norris, Ransdell, Shields, Sutherland and Trammell.

Harries Will Open Headquarters of Brigade in Lincoln

Brigadier General George A. Harries left for Lincoln yesterday to establish his headquarters there until the Nebraska brigade is mobilized.

"I have nothing to say at present," General Harries said. "There is plenty of work for us to do and the sooner we get through with it the sooner Nebraska troops will see action."

Crabtree Becomes Secretary National Educational Society

Lincoln, Neb., July 18.—(Special.)—Former State Superintendent J. W. Crabtree, who left Nebraska to take the presidency of the State Normal school at River Falls, Wis., has been elected secretary of the National Educational association, according to word received at the state superintendent's office. He leaves a position paying \$3,500 to take up the one of secretary which pays \$4,000.

MAY SET FRIDAY FOR DRAFT DATE STATES CROWDER

Members of Senate and House Military Committees to Act as Witnesses to Lottery.

Washington, July 18.—Advices today to Brigadier General Crowder, the provost marshal general, indicated that the national lottery to determine the order of liability of 10,000,000 men registered for military service could be held next Friday.

Present plans are to hold the lottery in the capitol, with the members of the senate and house military committees as witnesses. The entire proceeding is not expected to take much more than an hour.

General Crowder conferred today with newspaper correspondents over arrangements for drawing. The press is relied upon to carry to individuals throughout the country the information as to when they will be required to appear before exemption boards, and for that reason every effort is being made to suit the convenience of the papers as to details.

A Serious Problem.

The task of transmitting the long lists of numbers by telegraph is a tremendous problem, but the press associations and telegraph companies are making efforts to insure both speed and absolute accuracy in transmission. There is more concern over the task of the individual newspapers. In large communities the problem of printing the serial numbers with the names of the men they represent is one of staggering proportions.

In New York where there are 180 of the 4,557 local exemption districts, a list of the names and numbers would fill several hundred newspaper boxes. Even to give sufficient names and numbers to cover those likely to be called to the colors immediately means enormous work.

Alien Question Up.

The problem of alien registrants other than enemy aliens, came before the senate today in a resolution introduced by Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the military committee. It provides for the drafting for military service of citizens of countries at war with Germany who are now residing in the United States upon the same terms as American citizens.

New Officers for Federal Reserve Bank Announced

The federal reserve board today announced the personnel of the board of directors of the branch of the federal reserve bank of Kansas City, which is shortly to be established at Omaha.

The branch will be operated by a board of five directors, of whom three have been selected by the federal reserve bank of Kansas City, as follows: Luther Drake, Omaha, president Merchants National bank; J. C. McNish, Omaha, owner McNish Cattle Loan company; W. B. Hughes, Omaha, manager Omaha Clearing house.

SIXTEEN WOMEN BEGIN THEIR SENTENCES IN WORKHOUSE; MAY DECIDE TO TAKE APPEAL

Suffragists Convicted of Blocking Traffic Near White House Put on Heavy, One-piece Prison Dresses and Are Put to Work Sewing; Question of Taking Appeal is Under Advisement.

Washington, July 18.—Final decision was still pending today at suffrage headquarters on the question of an appeal in the case of the sixteen suffragists sentenced to sixty days in jail for participation in the Bastille day demonstration in front of the White House.

Garbed in the heavy one-piece prison dress, the women were put to work this morning in the sewing room of the District of Columbia workhouse at Occoquan, Va.

Dudley Field Malone, collector of the port of New York, who testified in behalf of the prisoners and conferred with President Wilson regarding the case, is reported to have tendered his resignation as collector in order to carry on the court fight for the suffragists.

DORRIS STEVENS—Omaha suffragette, as she looks in workhouse garb. She is serving a sixty-day sentence for picketing the White House. Drawings were arranged by The Bee artist.



Opposition Forces Big Aviation Bill Over to Next Week

Washington, July 18.—Opposition from a small group of senators of both parties upset plans today for having the senate pass after brief debate the \$640,000,000 aviation bill. A hour of discussion demonstrated the futility of attempting to put the measure through in a few hours as was done in the house, so the food control bill, temporarily laid aside, was taken up again.

Senator Chamberlain, in charge of both measures, indicated that the aviation bill probably would not be called up again until next week, after the final vote on the food bill Saturday.

Censorship Extends to Trans-Atlantic Cables

Washington, July 18.—Extension of the cable censorship to all trans-Atlantic messages was formally ordered today by Secretary Daniels under the authority of President Wilson's executive order of April 28.

Pennsylvania Sells Its Anthracite Mines

Philadelphia, July 18.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company today announced that it has sold all its anthracite mining properties and collieries to M. A. Hanna & Co. of Cleveland. The company mined about 5 per cent of the entire anthracite production.

Miss Stevens Speaks.

Home, husband and children today became vital issues in the cases of some of the sixteen suffragists sent to jail here yesterday for their demonstrations in front of the White House last Saturday and it appeared that these forces would be sufficient to cause several of the eight married prisoners to be released by payment of fines regardless of their personal wishes.

At least one husband is said to be determined that his wife shall be returned to their children and police court attaches said another had been interviewing officials regarding payment of a fine.

At the woman's party headquarters it was declared that all of the women were anxious to serve out their sixty days' sentences, but it was admitted that the \$25 fines of some of the married women would be paid.

As a result of the situations that have arisen in the homes of married women prisoners, only single women and married women who can be spared at home easily were being taken today as volunteers for the next picketing demonstration, which probably will be attempted late this week.

Washington, July 18.—Miss Doris Stevens of Omaha, said by representatives of the National Woman's party, to be "one of the ablest and most beautiful of the women in the young suffrage movement, who was sent to the workhouse at Occoquan, Va., yesterday by Judge Maloney, together with fifteen others, well known women, for picketing the White House on Bastille day, July 14, made a speech from the dock in her own defense.

"I was arrested," Miss Stevens said, "not for picketing the White House, which I have a perfect legal right to do, but on the charge of obstructing traffic. This charge is absolutely unfounded. The crowd near the White House was perfectly friendly. The police made no attempt to disperse it."

Charge Trumped Up.

"The fact is this charge has been trumped up to suppress our demand for political freedom.

"I heard a great many people discussing whether we are right or wrong in picketing the White House. It is more important to consider whether the government is right or wrong in denying women equal political rights. I think they are wrong and that women must protest publicly against this injustice until it is rectified."

The women were given the alternative of paying \$25 fines, but they promptly refused the offer and were taken to the workhouse, and turned over to a matron, who saw that each got a shower bath and exchanged her clothes for a heavy one-piece prison dress. Tomorrow they will be assigned to the sewing room of the prison, where they will work several hours daily.

Tonight the party's headquarters here was in a flurry of uncertainty over the question whether the women should be permitted to serve their sentences without protest or whether the cases should be appealed. Early in the evening there was a positive announcement that there would be no appeal, but later that was recalled and it was said there probably would be no decision until tomorrow.

Although no one at the headquarters would confirm it, there were indications that the course of the women's friends might be determined finally by the attitude of Dudley Field Malone, collector of customs at New York.

(Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

The Real Proof The Omaha Bee Gained 807 Paid Want-Ads in June, 1917. Our chief competitor lost 1001 Just one answer Results.