NEW YORK STOCKS

Stocks Experience a Further Price Shrinkage, But Rally During Last Hour of Market.

New York, July 17.—Stock market prices experienced further shrinkage for a time today on a decided diminution of business, but rallied briskly on the broad covering movement of the last hour. The same factors which have militated against improvement for the last fortnight were again in evidence, although call money kept within moderate bounds, at no time exceeding 6 per cent. Time loans hardened appreciably for all dates.

The course of the market during the first half of the session pointed to its absolute domination by speculative interests and the maintenance by that element of its bearish attitude. This was accentuated by unfavorable reports of conditions in the Steel, Copper and Motor industries.

Foreign happenings also received less favorable interpretation, the break in the Russian cabinet and a reported halt in the offensive on the eastern front being followed by a sharp decline in rubles to 22, within a point of their minimum.

An irregular opening gave way to moderate improvement which was soon succeeded by a series of bewildering reactions and rallies. Lowest prices were made during the intermediate period when United States Steel fell 2 points to 119¾, other industrials and equipments losing as much or more.

Heaviness was more pronounced in the Motors and recognized war issues, Maxwell dropping 6¼ and New York Air Brakes, 5. Oils also yielded 1 to 3 points with Coppers and Shippings.

Steel's rebound to 121¼ shortly before the close infused most of the active issues, rails also joining in the movement with Sugars and Tobaccos. Total sales amounted to 675,000 shares.

Trading in bonds in the open market was irregular and restricted, but a far better inquiry was reported by dealers in private sales, especially for railroad issues. There was a falling off in offerings of Liberty 3½s, but quotations again ruled at 99.40 to 99.44 for regular lots. Total sales of bonds, par value, $2,185,000.

United States coupon and registered 3s rose ¼ per cent on call, the coupon issue losing ½ per cent on sales.

Number of sales and leading quotations on the stock market:

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Beet Sugar...	2,700	91	90¼	90½
American Can.....	1,200	48¼	48	48¼
Am. Car & Fndry.	400	76	75¼	76
Am. Locomotive..	1,400	71½	70½	71¼
Am. S. & Refng...	5,100	105⅝	103¼	103¼
Am. Sugar Refng.	15,600	124½	121⅝	123¾
Am. Tel. & Tel...	100	...	...	120½
Am. Z., Lead & S.	1,900	22½	22	22¼
Anaconda Copper..	14,100	78⅛	76¾	78
Atchison	1,700	101½	100⅞	101¼
A. G. & W. S. S. L.	5,700	108	105¾	107¼
Baltimore & Ohio.	600	73⅝	73	73⅛
Butte & Sup. Cop.	...	...	...	37
Cal. Petroleum....	...	...	...	19
Canadian Pacific..	1,500	165	163¼	163¾
Central Leather...	5,600	86	84½	85½
Chesapeake & Ohio.	...	...	...	60¼
C., M. & St. Paul.	1,400	73⅝	72⅞	72½
Chicago & N. W....	...	...	...	109
C., R. I. & P. ctfs.	600	62¼	62¼	62½
Chino Copper.....	3,100	52¾	52¼	52½
Colo. F. & Iron...	1,600	49¾	41½	49⅝
Corn Prod. Refng.	15,700	34¼	33¼	34¼
Crucible Steel.....	86,400	81½	79	81
Cuba Cane Sugar..	4,800	42⅝	40¾	41⅝
Distillers' Security.	5,000	24½	23½	24
Erie	3,600	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛
General Electric...	600	157½	156½	156¾
General Motors....	14,200	117½	114⅝	116¼
Gt. Northern pfd..	300	105⅝	105¼	105⅝
Gt. N. Ore. ctfs...	4,000	34½	33½	33¾
Illinois Central....	...	...	...	108¼
Inspiration Copper.	6,100	56¼	55¼	55⅝
Int. M. M. pfd....	16,100	85⅝	83¼	83⅝
Inter. Nickel.....	2,700	39½	38¾	39¼
Inter. Paper.....	200	34½	34	34½
K. C. Southern....	...	...	...	21¾
Kennecott Copper..	4,600	42⅝	42⅜	42⅝
Louis. & Nash.....	...	...	...	127
Maxwell Motors....	16,800	41	35¼	36½
Mex. Petroleum...	3,000	96	94½	95¼
Miami Copper.....	1,800	40	39½	39⅝
Missouri Pacific...	8,100	33¼	32⅝	33⅛
Montana Power....	...	...	...	92¼
Nevada Copper....	400	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝
N. Y. Central.....	1,400	91¼	90⅛	90¼
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1,500	37⅛	36½	36½
Norfolk & West...	400	123⅝	123½	123½
Northern Pacific...	800	102¼	101	101
Pacific Mail.....	400	27	27	27
Pacific Tel. & Tel.	...	...	...	25
Pennsylvania	600	53¼	53¼	53¼
Pittsburgh Coal...	2,300	54¾	53½	53¾
Ray Con. Copper..	5,100	27⅛	26⅝	26⅝
Reading	7,800	97¼	96¾	91⅝
Rep. Iron & Steel.	11,100	87¼	85¼	87
Shat. Ariz. Copper.	1,100	24¼	23⅝	23½
Southern Pacific...	1,300	93⅝	93⅛	93⅝
Southern Railway..	...	...	...	27⅝
Studebaker Corp...	6,700	58	56⅛	58⅛
Texas Co.....	2,400	191	184	188½
Union Pacific.....	2,000	137½	136⅝	136¼
U. S. Ind. Alcohol.	5,500	158	155	157
U. S. Steel.....	217,300	121⅝	119⅝	121⅝
U. S. Steel pfd....	800	118	117⅞	119⅝
Utah Copper.....	9,900	104	101½	103⅝
Wabash pfd. "B"..	...	...	...	27
Western Union....	...	...	...	93¾
Westingh. Electric.	1,100	49¼	48¾	49½

Total sales for the day, 675,000 shares.

New York Money Market.

New York, July 17.—Mercantile paper, 4¾ per cent.

Sterling Exchange—Sixty day bills, 4.72c; commercial sixty day bills on banks, 4.71¾c; commercial sixty day bills, 4.71¼c; demand, 4.75½c; cables, 4.76 1-16c.

Silver—Bar, 80⅝c. Mexican dollars, 63¼c.

Bonds—Government, firm; railroad, irregular.

Time Loans—Strong; sixty days and ninety days, 4½@4¾c; six months, 5@5¼c.

Call Money—Strong; high, 6 per cent; low, 3 per cent; ruling rate, 6per cent; last loan, 5½ per cent; closing bid, 3 per cent; offered at 3½ per cent.

*U. S. 2s reg... 96½ Int. M. M. 4s.. 94
*do coupon .. 96½ *K. C. S. r. 5s.. 81½
*U. S. 3s reg... 99¼ L. & N un. 4s... 91½
*do coupon .. 99¼ M. K. & T. st 4s 68
U. S. 4s reg....104½ Mo. Pac. g. 4s.. 60½
*do coupon ...104½ *Mont. Power 5s 96
*Pan. 3s coupon 80 N. Y. Cen d. 6s 104⅞
Am. F. S. 5s.. 97 No. Pacific 4s.. 87
A. T. & T. c. 5s 99¼ do 3s 62¾
Arm. & Co. 4½s 91¼ Or. S. L. r. 4s 85½
Atchison g. 4s.. 88¾ Pac. T. & T. 5s 97¼
B. & O. 4s .... 85¾ *Penn con. 4½s.101
*Cen. Leather 5s 94 †do gen. 4½s. 95½
Cen. Pacific 1st 84 *Reading gen. 4s 80
C. & O. c. 5s.. 82¼ *S L & S F a 6s 65½
C B & Q jt 4s 96¼ So. Pac. c. 4s.. 98¾
C M & S P g 4½s 94½ *do ref. 4s.... 86
C R I & P r 4s 71 *So. Ry. 5s..... 97¾
C. & S. r. 4½s 79 *Tex. & Pac. 1st. 93¾
D. & R. G. r. 5s 50¼ Union Pacific 4s 91½
*Dom. of Can. 5s 96¼ do cv. 4s..... 89⅝
*Erie gen. 4s.... 61¼ U. S. Rubber 5s.. 86½
Gen. Elec. 5s...105⅝ U. S. Steel 5s..104¼
*Gt. No. 1st 4¼s 96 Wabash 1st 100¼
†Ill. Cen. r. 4s.. 84⅝ West. Un. 4½s 92
*Bid. †Offered.

New York General Market

New York, July 17.—Flour—Irregular; spring patents, $12.15@12.40; winter patents, $11.50@11.75; winter straights, $10.90@11.15; Kansas straights, $11.90@12.45.

Wheat—Spot, strong; No. 2 hard, $2.45, f. o. b., gulf.

Corn—Spot, strong; No. 2 yellow, $2.06½, c. i. f., New York.

Oats—Spot, firm; standard, $1½@82c.

Barley—Easy; malting, $1.50@1.60, f. o. b., New York.

Feed—Firmer; western bran, 100-pound sacks, $35.25; sandard middlings, $44.00; city bran, $37.00.

Hay—Dull; No. 1, $1.10@1.15; No. 2, $1.00@1.05; No. 3, $5@95c; shipping, 75@80c.

Hides—Steady; Bogota, 42½c; Central America, 42½c.

Leather—Firm; hemlock firsts, 57c; seconds, 55c.

Pork—Steady; mess, $42.00@43.00; family, $43.00@44.00.

Lard—Easy; middle west, $19.80@19.90, nominal.

Tallow—Weak; city special, loose, 14¾c.

Wool—Firm; domestic fleece, Ohio and Pennsylvania, 65c.

Rice—Barley, steady; fancy head, 8¼@8¾c; blue rose, 7¼@8¼c.

Butter—Unsettled; receipts, 10,536 tubs; creamery, higher than extras, 38¾@39½c; creamery extras (92 score), 38½c; firsts, 37¼@38¼c; seconds, 35½@37¼c.

Eggs—Irregular; receipts, 19,578 cases; fresh gathered extras, 38@39c; extra firsts, 36½@37c; firsts, 35@36c; seconds, 32@34c.

Cheese—Weak; receipts, 5,618 boxes; state fresh specials, 23¾@23½c; state fresh specials, average run, 22@23½c.

Poultry—Dressed, dull; chickens, 18@26c; fowls, 16@25c; turkeys, 18@32c.

Are You One of Them?

There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a weak or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Searl, Baldwinsville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago and was troubled for two or three weeks with gas and severe pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not relieve pain, but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.—Advertisement

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Suggestions of Prolonged Hostilities Again Sends Corn Prices Higher In Pit.

Chicago, July 17.—Suggestions of prolonged hostilities instead of fresh indications of peace, turned the corn market upward today and brought about sharp gains. Prices closed firm, ¼@4¼c net higher with September at $1.60 and December at $1.12½@1.12⅝. Wheat finished steady, 2½c off to 1½c up at $2.07 for July and $1.93 for September. Oats varied from ½c net loss to ¼c advance and provisions closed unchanged to 17c lower.

Disappointment over the failure of peace talk to take definite form was evident throughout the day in the corn market. In this connection a decided majority of traders appeared to believe that selling had been overdone and that a rally was inevitable from declines which had carried prices down more than 16c within a week. Bullish sentiment became more emphatic still when the fact developed that corn for immediate use was scarcer than ever and had risen to $2.02 a bushel for No. 2 white, a jump of 2c a bushel above the previous topmost record value. Cold, wet weather in Illinois and other important states formed an additional stimulus to buyers, despite official predictions of a change to warmer temperatures and to more sunshine.

Irregularity of fluctuations was the most noteable feature of the wheat market. The September option sagged under selling by houses with eastern connections. Reports of progress at Washington toward general support of the food control bill were surmised to have had considerable to do with the selling. The July delivery was unaffected by Washington advices and seemed to act in sympathy with the strength of corn.

Despite rains that interefered with harvesting in parts of the Ohio valley, oats parted company with the corn market and underwent a setback in price. Aggressive selling on the part of leading houses was ascribed to favorable reports regarding the oats crop as a whole.

Lower quotations on hogs weakened provisions. The market was also depressed by talk of important increases of the domestic stock of lard.

Chicago Cash Prices—Wheat, No. 2 red, nominal; No. 3 red nominal; No. 2 hard, nominal; No. 3 hard, nominal. Corn: No. 2 yellow, $1.95@2.00; No. 3 yellow, $1.98; No. 4 yellow, $1.95½. Oats: No. 3 white, 74@75½c; standard, 75@75½c. Rye: No. 2, old, $2.12. Barley, $1.25@1.60. Seeds: Timothy, $4.00@7.50; clover, $12.00@17.00. Provisions: Pork, $40.50; lard, $20.50@20.70; ribs, $21.15@21.67½.

Butter—Lower; creamery, 34@27½c.

Eggs—Receipts, 19,753 cases; unchanged.

Potatoes—Receipts, 70 cars; unchanged.

Poultry—Alive, unchanged.

Coffee Market.

New York, July 17.—Further losses were sustained in the market for coffee futures today as a result of scattered liquidation and the close was 10@12 points net lower and practically bottom for the day. A belief that European conditions were less favorable for peace and pessimism regarding the effort of Brazil to sustain prices had much to do with the selling movement. Prices at the opening were 1@3 points lower, with only scattered buying, mostly professional. Sales for the day, 24,000 bags; July, 7.79c; August, 7.85c; September, 7.96c; October, 8c; November, 8.05c; December, 8.10c; January, 8.10c; February, 8.20c; March, 8.24c; April, 8.29c; May, 8.34c; June, 8.39c. Spot, irregular; Rio 7s scarce and higher at 9⅝c; Santos quiet; 4s quoted at 10¼c. Santos offers irregular, with 4s, London credits, quoted at 9.80c and 3s and 4s, 9⅝c, cost and freight, American credits. Rio 7s were quoted at 8½@8¾c, London credits. The official cables reported no change in the primary markets, but Rio exchange was 1.32 d lower.

Local Stocks and Bonds.

Quotations furnished by Burns, Brinker & Co., 449-52 Omaha National bank building, Omaha:

Stocks—	Bid.	Asked.
Burgess-Nash Co. 7 pct pfd....100	102	
Cudahy Packing Co. common..199	120	
Continental G. & Elec. pfd.... ..	73½	
Curtis Aeroplane pfd..... 80	84	
Deere & Co., pfd..... 99½	100¼	
Deere & Co., common..... 42	50	
Gooch M. & E. Co., pfd. "B"...102	105	
Omaha & C. B. Ry. & B. pfd... 60	65	
Omaha & C. B. St. Ry. common ..	49	
Omaha & C. B. St. Ry. pfd..... 70	73	
Orch'd & Wilhelm Co. 7 pct pfd. 99½	100	
M. C. Peters Mill 6 pct pfd.... 99	100½	
Stewart Warner common..... 66	67	
M. E. Smith & Co. 7 pct. 1921-38 99½	100	
Union Stock Yards 6 pct., stock.102½	103½	
Bonds—		
Argentine Gov't. 6s, 1920..... 97½	98⅝	
Canadian Gov't 5s. 1937..... 94½	95	
Canadian N. Ry. 6s, 1918..... 99	99¼	
Cudahy Packing Co. 5s, 1946.... 96¾	97¾	
Chicago Sanitary Dist. 4s, 1927. 97	97⅝	
Federal Land Bk. 4½s, 1937....101	101½	
Montreal Tramway 6s, 1919.... 96	97	
Omaha & C. B. St. Ry. 5s, 1928 93	94	
City of Om. Neb. P 4½s 1919-31 4.20	4.75	
Pender, Neb., 5 pct Sewers, 1936.101	102	
Sioux City, Stk Yds. 5s, 1930.. 96¼	97	
Omaha Athl. C. Bldg 6s, 1920-32 99½	100	
Th'ton, Neb. C. S. B. 5s, 1920-33 4.50	4.75	
United States Gov't 3½s, 1937. 99⅝	100	
Wilson & Co. 6s, 1941.....100	101	
Russian 5½s, 1926, 1,000 roubles.225	227½	

Kansas City General Market.

Kansas City, July 17.—Wheat—No. 2 hard, $2.43@2.45; No. 2 red, $2.28@2.30; July, $2.06½; September, $1.94.

Corn—No. 2 mixed, $1.90@1.91; No. 2 white, $1.95@1.96; July, $1.88; September, $1.60¼.

Oats—No. 2 white, 76@76c; No. 2 mixed, 72@73c.

Butter—Creamery, 36c; firsts, 34c; seconds, 32c; packing, 32c.

Eggs—Firsts, 31c; seconds, 25c.

Poultry—Hens, 15½c; roosters, 13½c; broilers, 26c.

Metal Market.

New York, July 17.—Metals—Lead, weak; spot offered at $10.62½. Spelter, weak; spot, East St. Louis delivery, offered at $8.50. Copper: Dull; electrolytic, spot and nearby, nominal; August and later, $26.00@29.00. Iron, firm and unchangedl. Tin, firm; spot, $62.00@62.50.

At London—Copper: Spot, £130; futures, £129 10s; electrolytic, £142. Tin: Spot, £239; futures, £236 5s. Lead: Spot, £30 10s; futures, £29 10s. Spelter: Spot, £54; futures, £50.

Cotton Market.

New York, July 17.

Cotton futures closed irregular. July, 25.86c; October, 25.23c; December, 25.08c; January, 25.11c; March, 25.29c; spot, quiet; middlings, 25.95.

The cotton market today closed steady, with July 26 points lower and other positions unchanged to 6 points lower.

Liverpool, July 17.—Cotton—Spot, in retail request; prices 25 points lower; American middling fair, 18.69d; good middling, 19.30d; middling, 19.00d; low middling, 18.55d; good ordinary, 17.60d; ordinary, 17.10d. Sales 2,000 bales.

Dry Goods Market.

New York, July 17.—Knit goods are being sold for spring to about half the capacity of the mills, the later preferring to sell only a portion of theoutput for future delivery at this time, the buyers being unwilling to order in normal quantities for late delivery at current high prices. Cotton goods and yarns were quiet and firm. Dress goods are more active. Burlaps are higher.

May Raise $2,000,000 Pool To Buy Kansas Seed Wheat

Topeka, Kan., July 17.—Kansas campaign to have 10,000,000 acres of land planted to wheat this year got an auspicious start today when the proposal of the State Council of Defense to raise a pool of $2,000,000 to purchase seed wheat received the endorsement of representative business men from all sections of the state.

The seed wheat committee is ready for business, it was announced, and money for investment in the pool and applications for seed from farmers will be received at Topeka.

Our Furniture Packers Are Experts

and they are equipped with the necessary materials for packing furniture, glass, pictures, ornaments, etc.

If you are going to locate elsewhere let us crate and wrap your goods for shipment.

Omaha Van & Storage Co.

Phone Douglas 4163

806-818 South 16th St.

GOVERNMENT TO TAKE OVER CANAL

Secretary Lane Gives Sanction Desired by Irrigation Men of Morrill and Scottsbluff Counties.

Washington Bureau of The Omaha Bee 724 Fourteenth St., N. W.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Washington, July 17.—(Special Telegram.)—Secretary Lane today granted the application of the land owners and users of water under the old Tri-State canal in Scottsbluff and Morrill counties that it be made a government project and that Uncle Sam act as its trustee.

This action was taken after a conference with the Nebraska delegation and the representatives of the land holders last Saturday. The sanction of Secretary Lane means that the management of the canal shall vest in the reclamation service, and is a real benefit to the water users under the ditch, which covers some 60,000 acres, 50,000 of which are planted to crops.

Means Big Saving.

This means a saving of $700,000 to the water users and reduces the interest charges from 6 to 4 per cent and what is still more important it legalizes the government plan of payment on the balance of the bonds outstanding, namely 2 per cent of interest and principal on bonds shall be paid for each of the first four years, 4 per cent for the fifth and sixth years and 6 per cent for each year thereafter for fourteen years.

Judge Kinkaid, who has taken the liveliest interest in the government taking over the management of the Tri-State canal, said that it would unify the whole question of drainage in the North Platte valley. "The ditch," said Judge Kinkaid, "carries all the expenses. There are no charges on the government under the terms of the agreement. Under the arrangement every farmer and every water used will be benefited.

"Secretary Lane's decision will give new impetus to this great domain and insure its future prosperity."

Lobeck Comes Back.

Congressman Lobeck resents having his Americanism impugned by the secret head of the State Defense league of Nebraska, who states over his own signature, "that upon every proposition involving the safety of our country Mr. Lobeck has voted against the president of the United States," and that he has never voted right on a patriotic question.

Mr. Lobeck prepared a reply to Mr. Metcalfe's statement as follows: "Voted for the armed neutrality bill at the close of the Sixty-fourth congress; voted for the declaration of war against Germany; for the $7,000,000,000 bond and loan to allies issue; for all army and navy bills; for the war revenue bill passed by the house; for the food conservation bill; for the aviation bill; for every measure large or small which had the approval of the president, the purpose of which meant the successful prosecution of the war against Germany and had no hesitancy in so doing so."

Find Much Red Tape.

W. J. Boyle, Hugh J. Birmingham and W. B. Stannard of O'Neill, a likely trio of Sixth district young men, two of whom are graduates of the University of Nebraska, are in Washington thoroughly disgusted with the red tape surrounding entrance to the naval reserve corps. They reported to the naval training station at Charleston, S. C., but found they were a day too late to be received, notwithstanding they were told in Nebraska that they would be in ample time. Now they are in Washington looking up conditions for all three want to join the colors.

"Everything closed in the navy," came a reply to Judge Kinkaid's query, "except aviation."

"You know that's a pretty flighty proposition, said the judge as he looked over his spectacles at his young constituents."

AMUSEMENTS.

BASE BALL
OMAHA VS. DENVER
July 17, 18, 19
ROURKE PARK
Wednesday, July 18, Pennant-Raising Day.
Games Called at 3:15
BOX SEATS AT BARKALOW BROS.

Charge Plot to Murder Officers and Surrender

Chicago, July 17.—John Natchky, was arrested by federal agents today, charged with trying to form an organization pledging members if drafted first to shoot their officers and next to surrender to the Germans.

ALLIED LOAN MAY REACH 5 BILLIONS

Present Authorization Soon Will Be Exhausted and Congress May Be Asked to Authorize Another.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, July 17.—Unless the unforeseen develops, congress probably will be asked before adjournment of the present session to authorize another gigantic loan to the allies. The present authorization of $3,000,000,000 will be exhausted within from three to fourth months, at the rate at which the government is lending money to entente governments.

Indications are that the amount of the second authorization will be no less than the first and may go as high as $5,000,000,000.

There is every reason to believe the administration policy of financing the allied governments for purchases they make in this country will be continued during the period of the war and future loans will be made as in the past at the same rate of interest the American government will have to pay and on the security of entente government bonds to be deposited in the treasury.

Half is Exhausted.

It is pointed out that nearly one-half of the $3,000,000,000 already has been exhausted. Should the loans during the next three months be at the same rate as during the last three months, the entire $3,000,000,000 will be exhausted by October 25.

During the first three months the rate of lending has been approximately $500,000,000 a month. Extended, it would mean an annual loan of $6,000,000,000, the funds of course being spent in this country for foodstuffs, munitions and other supplies. Estimated costs to the American government for its military and naval establishments during the first year of war were placed at approximately $4,000,000,000 soon after war was declared.

The total of these two items, it is believed, was the figure Secretary McAdoo had in mind when he declared in his recent speechs on behalf of the liberty loan that the government would be called upon to raise $10,000,000,000 during the first year of war.

Present indications are that congress will remain in session until late in October and that the war revenue bill will be among the last of the big measures to be disposed of.

Persistent Advertising is the Road to Success.

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPRESS
For the Last Times Today
ONLY VAUDEVILLE IN TOWN
The People's Favorite Theater
DOUGLAS FLINT & CO.
in "The Merchant Prince."
BOB AND BETH STANLEY
Comedy Singing and Talking
MOORE, GARDNER AND ROSE
Clever, Classy and Comic
ISHIKAWA BROS.
Acrobatic Tumbling and Hand Balancing.

Antonio Moreno in "The Son of The Hills"

GROCERS' AND BUTCHERS' ANNUAL PICNIC, Thursday, July 10, 1917
—AT—
LAKEVIEW PARK
Grocery Stores and Meat Markets Closed All Day.
Program of Events Will Begin at 10:30 A. M.
Games—Races—Sports and Amusements Continually.
Mayor Dahlman Will Speak in the Afternoon.
Boating, Bathing, Roller Coasting, Roller Skating, Dancing, Merry-Go-Round and An Endless Variety of Other Attractions.
$1,400 Automobile Will Be Given Away.
Everyone Invited to Come and Spend the Entire Day.
Street Cars to Park Entrance.

EMPRESS GARDEN
Omaha's Finest Restaurant and Amusement Center
TEA DANSANT
Wednesday and Saturday
3:30—5:30
Adams' "So Different" Jazz Band

PHOTOPLAYS.

Hipp ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW 1508 Harney
LAST TIMES TODAY
ANITA STEWART
—in—
"THE SUSPECT"

PHOTOPLAYS.

SUN
LAST TIMES TODAY
HAROLD LOCKWOOD
—in—
"The Haunted Pajamas"
Thursday
GLADYS BROCKWELL

Strand 18th & DOUGLAS
BESSIE BARRISCALE
—in—
"HATER OF MEN"
A Keystone, Too.

MUSE
EARLE WILLIAMS
—in—
"THE MAELSTROM"

BOULEVARD 33rd and Leavenworth
TODAY
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, in
"THE LAMB"
TOMORROW
MARY PICKFORD, in
"A POOR LITTLE RICH GIRL"

Red Cross is Building Big "Laughing Gas" Plant

Paris, July 17.—Official announcement is made that all private organizations which desire to give medical aid to American troops must be under Red Cross military control and supervision.

The Red Cross is now constructing the largest nitrous oxide plant in the world. The product, commonly known as laughing gas, will be used as an anaesthetic in all American dressing stations and hospitals.

Persistent Advertising is the Road to Success.

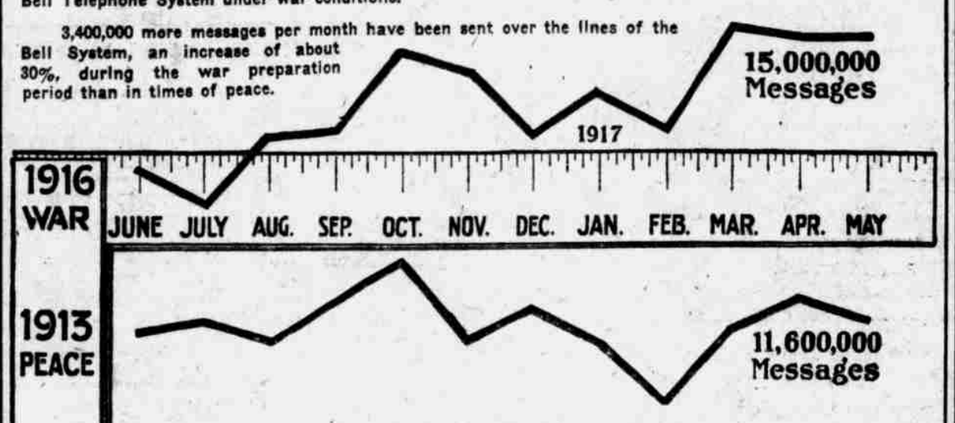
National Convention of Irish Called for July 25

Dublin, July 17.—The National convention will assemble July 25 in Regent House, of Trinity college according to official announcement.

Bee Wants-Ads Produce Results.

This chart shows the extraordinary growth of long distance traffic in the Bell Telephone System under war conditions.

3,400,000 more messages per month have been sent over the lines of the Bell System, an increase of about 30%, during the war preparation period than in times of peace.



The heavy top line shows the relative long distance telephone traffic over the Bell Telephone System each month for twelve months in 1916 and 1917 under war and near war conditions.

The lower line shows same traffic during the corresponding twelve months just before the end of peace.

The War's Effect On Telephone Traffic

The entrance of this nation in the great war was the signal for the Bell Telephone System to pledge its entire service, unreservedly, to the government.

Government telephone calls have been given the right-of-way over all private messages. Government needs for equipment have been given attention ahead of private requests.

The government's use of the long distance service has been very heavy. Hurried purchases of supplies and equipment, the preparation of camps, the mobilization of troops and the gigantic preparations to carry on the war have necessitated an unusually large number of local and long distance telephone calls.

These, with the steadily increasing number of long distance calls due to unusual commercial and industrial activity, are taxing our local as well as long distance telephone facilities.

As the nation's military strength grows, and we become larger participants in the great war, the demands of the government upon our service will continue to increase.

Our building, to meet these increased demands, has been held back by the shortage of both labor and metals, and we can see no immediate relief.

Many of our skilled men are joining the army signal corps and other employees of less training are taking their places.

We appeal to you to assist us in meeting these extraordinary conditions by asking for no unnecessary equipment or making no unnecessary local or long distance calls.

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