CONVICTS IN JOLIET PRISON IN REVOLT

Five Buildings Are Fired and Troops Called to Drive Men Back to Cells; Several Wounded.

Joliet, Ill., June 5.—Serious rioting among convicts at the state prison here broke out this morning. Five buildings were set on fire. Two companies of national guardsmen were called to assist in quelling the disturbance.

The prison is on the outskirts of the city. Three fire companies which responded to the alarm met opposition from the convicts, who used bricks and tools stolen from the implement house as weapons. There are about 1,200 convicts and fifty guards.

Calls for Troops.

The situation soon got beyond control and Temporary Warden Bowen telegraphed to Governor Lowden for the troops.

For some time there has been reports of lax discipline at the prison and conditions were the subject of a recent investigation by a legislative committee. Warden Zimmer resigned some time ago to accept another position in Chicago, his home. His successor has not been appointed and Mr. Bowen has been acting temporarily. Yesterday, in the interests of discipline, he instructed that hereafter no visitors except relatives would be admitted to the grounds. This is said to have resulted in the disturbance.

Soldiers Use Bayonets.

A battle between convicts and guards was proceeding briskly when the soldiers arrived. They were ordered to hold their fire, and although outnumbered nine to one, they began an orderly attack with bayonets and clubbed rifles. In the course of the fighting Peter Water, a guard, was injured. Captain H. E. Ridgeway of Company E was attacked by a big negro.

There was a terrific encounter for a moment, until the soldier knocked his assailant unconscious with a blow from his pistol.

Drove Convicts to Cells.

The first work of the soldiers was to clear the convicts away from the blazing buildings so that the firemen could work. This was quickly accomplished. At 11:14, three hours after the trouble started, the convicts had not been subdued, but the soldiers were making steady progress in herding them toward the cell rooms. The infantrymen were instructed not to shoot unless to save their own lives.

Two Buildings Destroyed.

At 1 o'clock all but 200 of the prisoners had been returned to confinement. The 200 were still in a corner of the yard defiant. Soldiers were not allowed to injure them and were jeered by the convicts.

The flames were under control, but two buildings, the paint shop and chapel, had been destroyed. Three convicts and two guards were injured, but not seriously.

LITTLE DISORDER AT REGISTRATION ANYWHERE IN U. S.

(Continued From Page One.)

the precincts are closed on the Pacific slope.

Then more time must elapse while these figures are being transmitted to the state capitals. The governors have been instructed not to transmit any partial returns of their states to Washington, but to hold all returns for a complete report. That will entail another delay.

For the reason that partial returns will be misleading and possibly do injustice to some patriotic community, War department officials have appealed to all newspapers to publish nothing but complete returns for comparison with the official estimates of what the registration for given localities should be.

Early Rush at New York.

New York, June 5.—Called to their duty by whistles on factories and the shipping in the harbor, New York's young men thronged to the registration places early, standing in lines outside the booths when work began at 7 o'clock. The booths were guarded by policemen and members of the Home Defense league, and in districts peopled by foreign born classes federal agents and city detectives patroled the streets, and in armories 10,000 National Guardsmen were kept on duty, while the regulars were held in readiness in the army posts about New York, but the first two hours of registration passed with no reports of disorderly conduct.

Rain at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., June 5.—Registration proceeded throughout Kansas City and the surrounding territory today under adverse weather conditions, and rain falling intermittently. Reports to federal and local authorities here were that the work was going ahead speedily and without disorder.

I. W. Ws. Making Trouble.

Lansing, Mich., June 5.—Governor Sleeper today ordered a squad of National Guardsmen rushed to Negaunee a nearby mining town. Reports from Negaunee said that International Workers of the World agitators there were threatening to forcibly oppose registration.

Italian Is Arrested.

San Francisco, June 5.—Vincent Ferrero was the first man arrested in San Francisco today for attempting to interfere with registration. He was taken into custody in the Italian district of the city by a United States secret service operative, who accused Ferrero of attempting to incite a crowd of italians to resist registration.

MINNESOTA

The Home of the North Wind

Minnesota's climate averages ten degrees cooler than Nebraska in midsummer. 10,000 lakes, great forests, good hotels and boarding houses, and the finest fishing in America. Easily and economically reached and most enjoyed. Ask P. F. Bonordern, C. P. & T. A., 1522 Farnam Street, Omaha, for free folders and full information.

American Squadron Is at Rio Janeiro

Rio Janeiro, Monday, June 4.—The Chamber of Deputies voted today on the motion of Deputy Mauricio Lacerda to authorize the cabling of a message of congratulations to the congress of the United States on the arrival of an American squadron

Washington, June 5.—The foregoing dispatch from Rio Janeiro is the first published information of the steps in the plan of relieving British and French cruisers in the waters of the Western Hemisphere with American warships.

For the present the Navy department withholds further information or comment upon it.

FRENCH OUTLINE TERMS OF PEACE

All Conquered Territory Must Be Restored and All Damage to Invaded Regions Paid For.

Paris, June 5.—By a vote of 453 to 55 the Chamber of Deputies in secret session has adopted a resolution declaring that peace conditions must include the liberation of territory occupied by Germany, the return of Alsace-Lorraine to France and just reparation for damage done in the invaded regions. The resolution, which was accepted by the government, also favors the creation of a league of nations for the maintenance of peace. The resolution reads:

"The Chamber of Deputies, the direct expression of the sovereignty of the French people, salutes the Russian and other allied democracies and endorses the unanimous protest which the representatives of Alsacre-Lorraine, torn from France against their will, have made to the national assembly. It declares that it expects from the war imposed upon Europe by the aggression of imperialist Germany, the return of Alsace-Lorraine to the mother country, together with liberation of invaded territory and just reparation for damage.

"Far removed from all thoughts of conquest and enslavement, it expects that the efforts of the armies of the republic and its allies will secure, once Prussian militarism is destroyed, durable guarantees for peace and independence for peoples, great and small, in a league of nations such as has already been foreshadowed.

"Confident that the government will bring this about by the co-ordinated military and diplomatic action of all the allies and rejecting all amendments, the chamber passes to the order of the day."

Speaking of the resolution, Premier Ribot said:

"This resolution affirms our national sovereignty. It declares that in a democracy like ours there can be no secret diplomacy. French policy is the policy of frankness and clearness."

MOB ATTACKS MAN WHO MAKES PRO-GERMAN REMARK

(Continued From Page One.)

Ensign took to his heels and ran down Farnam street, with several hundred men folloiwng, croying:

"Lynch him; hang him to a telephone pole."

Soldiers to Rescue.

The crowd was gaining on the fugitive and at Fifteenth street he dashed into the Missouri Pacific ticket office. A dozen or more of his pursuers were at his heels and were on top of him as soon as he got thrugoh the door. He was knocked down and was being roughly handlded when a squad of soldiers arrived.

The Guardsmen held the crowd back until the police arrived, when Ensign was loaded into the patrol wagon, considerably the worse for wear, and hurried to the city jail.

Call Issued for More Negro Army Officers

Chicago, June 5.—Applicants for enrollment in the reserve officers training camp for negroes at Fort Des Moines have not come forward in sufficient numbers to fill the Central department's quota. So far 157 men have been certified for admission to the camp and thirty-eight places remain to be filled.

EXPECT ANOTHER BIG DRIVE BY BRITISH

All Signs on West Front Point to Resuming of Offensive on a Tremendous Scale.

(Associated Press War Summary.)

All the signs which herald a great offensive are reported from the British front in France, and everything points to the near approach of resumption of fighting on a great scale on the western front.

The thunder of the British guns increases day by day in volume, while trench raids and other feintings for position multiply in number.

The most interesting feature in the meager official reports is the repeated announcement of a tremendous artillery duel in progress around the little Belgian village of Wytschaete, about five miles south of Ypres. From this point as far south as the famous Vimy ridge, thirty miles away, the guns are roaring day and night, apparently indicating that General Haig has chosen this wide sector for his next big blow.

In this connection it is recalled that General Maurice, director general of military operations, predicted some weeks ago that the next British offensive would be on a vaster scale than any which preceded it.

Austrians Beaten Back.

Rome, June 5.—(Via London.)—Massed attacks by the Austrians on the Italian lines south of Gerizia from Desse Paili to the sea have been repulsed after severe fighting. The Italians not only succeeded in stopping the Austrians between Castagnavizza and Jamiano, but by counter attacking even succeeded in taking advance positions in this sector, the war office announced today.

Italian Losses Heavy.

Vienna, Monday, June 4.—(Via London, June 5.)—Increasing activity near Jamiano, on the front above Trieste, where several Italian attacks were repulsed, is reported in today's official statement, which says:

"It is evident from a careful estimate that the Italian losses in the tenth Isonzo battle surpass all the previous sacrifices of the enemy. In the course of the nineteen days of the battle at least thirty-five Italian divisions were engaged in the first line, so that along a front of forty kilometers half of the Italian army attacked. The enemy's losses in killed or wounded positively surpasses 160,000 men. Moreover, we took 16,000 prisoners, making the total Italian losses 180,000 men.

"For his part, the enemy occupied Mount Kuk and the destroyed village of Jamiano, which gains hardly justify the cry of victory on the second anniversary of the war with Italy. Indisputably success remained ours."

Sioux Falls Young Men Out in Crowds to Register

Sioux Falls, S. D., June 5.—(Special Telegram.)—More than 2,000 of the young men of Sioux Falls between the ages of 21 and 30 registered today, the registration including all men of this age, there being no attempt on the part of any eligible to evade registration.

There was not the slightest disturbance throughout the day. In honor of the occasion the entire city was decorated in the national colors and during the afternoon, business generally was suspended.

At 7 o'clock this morning, when registration commenced and again at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when a great patriotic parade started, every factory whistle and church bell sounded. Throughout the afternoon and evening the streets were crowded with flag-draped automobiles and the sidewalks jammed with people anxious to pay tribute to those who have signed their names at the call of the country.

J. U. Sammis of Sioux City was the chief orator of the day. Robert J. Gamble, former United States senator, spoke.

Many Subjects Will Come Before Real Estate Board

The Omaha Real Estate board will meet for luncheon at the Commercial club rooms Wednesday noon. Liberty bonds, cantonment camp sites and many other topics for discussion await this meeting. Some communications from other boards are to be read. Plans also will be discussed for representation at the national convention at Milwaukee this year.

American-Born Chinese Would Enlist in Army

New York, June 5.—Philipp Kee, a Chinese interpreter at the Ellis Island immigration station and proprietor of a Chinese restaurant, has recruited 690 American-born Chinese for service in the United States army, it was announced here today by G. Murray Hulbert, a representative in congress, who has introduced a bill which would permit the government to accept the unit.

BUY A BOND SLOGAN HEARD ON ALL SIDES

(Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

by individuals and business firms totalling $1,478,600.

T. C. Byrne presided and John L. Kennedy conducted the oral campaign for subscriptions.

Following is a list of subscriptions and their subscribers:

Cudahy Packing company for employes	$ 75,000
Dr. C. C. Allison	52,000
Byrne & Hammer	25,000
George Hoagland	25,000
H. C. Bostwick	10,000
Fire Insurance Agents, first meeting	16,000
John L. Kennedy	5,000
A Wyoming man	5,000
Peters' Trust company	100,000
M. E. Smith & Co.	25,000
Paxton & Gallagher	25,000
Standard Oil company	200,000
Rome Miller	10,000
Nebraska-Iowa Steel Tank company	5,000
George Roberts	50,000
Dave Baum	25,000
E. L. Schantz	5,000
J. R. Webster	5,000
C. C. George	5,000
Herman Peters	5,000
Nebraska-Iowa Grain company	5,000
Prairie Life Insurance company	5,000
Nebraska Seed company	5,000
Lion Bonding company	10,000
Sheridan Coal company	100,000
Liggett Pantorium	5,000
George Hoagland, personally	25,000
Sam Rees	10,000
Union Pacific employes	129,600
John L. Kennedy, additional	5,000
J. L. Brandeis & Sons	25,000
J. L. Brandeis employes	25,000
Hayden Bros.	50,000
Lee Huff	5,000
Fairmont Creamery company	50,000
Judge McHugh	10,000
Arthur Mullen	5,000
H. H. Baldrige	5,000
J. R. Rushton, personally	10,000
Lee-Colt-Andreesen company	10,000
Paxton Gallagher	25,000
Beebe & Runyan	10,000
Milton Barlow, personally	5,000
William Newton	5,000
Arabella Kimball	5,000
Reimer Nielsen	5,000
Livestock Insurance company	5,000
Wright & Wilhelmy	10,000
Guarantee Life Fund company	15,000
Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Kimball	5,000
Wholesale Men's association	50,000
E. E. Smith & Co.	25,000
M. Spiesburger & Son	5,000
Jay Burns Baking company	5,000
Home Casualty company	5,000
Casper E. Yost, personally	5,000
Paul Skinner personally	50,000
Real Estate board	25,000
W. T. Auld	100,000
Total	$1,478,600

Results of Loan Campaign Gratifying, Says McAdoo

Washington, June 5.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo tonight said the results of the Liberty loan campaign thus far "had been immensely gratifying" and that "if there is no let up in the work success is certain."

He emphasized that it was not intended that the tentative allotment of the bonds among the federal reserve districts and various cities announced some time ago should be considered as representing maximum requirements.

"I regret to find," he added, "that there is a disposition to stop the campaign for further subscriptions after a city has reached the tentative allotment. There should be no cessation of the work. It is imperative that the loan should be largely over-subscribed."

Capitol Lodge of Masons Buys Some Liberty Bonds

Capitol Lodge No. 3, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, at its meeting on Monday night, voted to purchase $500 of Liberty bonds. Other lodges will follow this lead at their meetings during the week.

The Nebraska grand lodge, now in session, had the matter up for consideration, and it is understood will make a large subscription to the fund.

Wait Until the Telephone Bell Stops Ringing

Party line telephone subscribers occasionally report that as they begin talking another person on the line will interrupt, as though he too had been called.

This trouble occurs because the party called removes his receiver from the hook before the bell stops ringing.

If the receiver is lifted before the bell stops ringing on a party line the ringing current will flow through the bell of the other party on the line, causing it to ring.

Party line subscribers should not lift the receiver from the hook until the bell stops ringing. Otherwise the other party on the line will be annoyed.

MEDICAL OFFICER FOR U. S. CABINET

Dr. Mayo, in Address to Physicians, Makes Sanitation Work of National Importance.

New York, June 5.—The United States should in the near future have a medical officer in the president's cabinet, in the opinion of Dr. Charles H. Mayo, of Rochester, Minn., as expressed tonight in an address before the annual meeting here of the American Medical association, of which he is president. In his address Dr. Mayo asserted that, in the present war, the medical service has assumed an importance such as it never has before.

"The old army hospital gangrene is a thing of the past," declared Dr. Mayo. "A knowledge of the care of infections, prevention of tetanus, vaccination for smallpox and typhoid, the cause and prevention of typhus, the old camp fever, also cholera, the plague and fevers of all sorts, including the new trench form, is a training requirement of the army medical officer, and results in the restoration to duty of a high percentage of the injured.

"We must aid in all that will elevate the general standard of, and conserve, the American citizen. Prohibition is a war measure the value of which is beyond discussion. Medicine has reached a period when alcohol is rarely employed as a drug, being displaced by better remedies. Alcohol's only place now is in the arts and sciences. National prohibition would be welcomed by the medical profession.

"It is most fortunate that our army medical service is in the hands of three of our ablest men, Surgeons-General Gorgas, Braisted and Blue, and we must laud the work of the general medical council under the able directorship of Dr. Franklin Martin."

Anthracite Coal Prices Are Lower at the Mines

Washington, June 5.—Efforts of the Federal Trade commission to lower anthracite coal prices are succeeding, the commission announced in this statement:

"The producers of a great proportion of anthracite tonnage are selling their outputs at moderate prices so that high premiums charged by a number of operators during recent weeks are beginning to disappear.

"In its efforts to insure that the consumer gets anthracite coal at moderate prices the commission is requiring operators to report weekly all orders accepted, together with the prices for the same. As a basis for publicity, within the powers of the commission, production costs are being secured from any operators who continue to maintain unjustifiably high prices. Agents are in the field keeping in close touch with retail prices, so that distribution and prices are being traced all the way from the mine to the consumer."

Miss Townsend Returns From Cleveland Schools

Charlotte Townsend, head of the public school medical department, has returned from Cleveland, where she studied medical inspection in schools.

MOTHERS' PENSION LAW HELD INVALID

Saline County Judge Declares Statute Unconstitutional; Reed Advises Appeal to Higher Tribunal.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, June 5.—(Special.)—The county judge of Saline county has declared the mothers' pension law unconstitutional anyd Charles F. Barth of Friend has called upon the attorney general of the state for an opinion upon the matter.

The attorney general advises that in view of the construction of the law by the county judge that an appeal be made to the district court of Saline county and if necessary a further appeal to the state supreme court.

"A rational and reasonable construction of the act," concludes the attorney general, "must necessarily lead to the conclusion that the act is not void, notwithstanding it might have been worded better. It is a good and wholesome law and we should use every means at our disposal to see that it is carried out and enforced."

President Tells Veterans Why Union Was Preserved

Washington, June 5.—Veterans and visitors in Washington by the thousands for the twenty-seventh annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans joined today to giving President Wilson a great ovation, when he welcomed the soldiers of Dixie to the capital and told them that the country was beginning to understand that one of the purposes of Providence in keeping the nation united was to meet the opportunity now before America to fight for liberty and mankind.

The president's declaration that the day was one of gladness, because of the sacred memories and of a rededication of a united country to these principles that have made America great among the nations of the earth, was greeted by the veterans with a rousing cheer.

The hall was filled with thousands an dtwice as many more had to be turned away. While waiting for the president, the crowd cheered confedate leaders and expressed its appreciation of old airs of the south played by the marine band and sung by groups of gray-jacketed young women from Portsmouth, Va.

THOMPSON BELDEN & CO.

The Fashion Center for Women

Established 1886

Wednesday

The Linens Go on Sale

It's quite impossible to quote prices because each piece is priced according to the damage done.

The Sale includes Scotch and Irish Damask Cloths and Napkins in matched sets, Hemstitched Linen Luncheon Sets (Cloths and Napkins), and Fine Linen Towels.

All were purchased in September, 1915. Present prices are 50% to 75% higher and like qualities are unobtainable.

Fire and smoke damaged these linens in a fire on May 20th in the Government Bonded Warehouse, Omaha.

One trip to the tub and they are as good as new—

You'll not have another opportunity like this. The prices will be lower than one could possibly hope for—you'll not be disappointed.

8:30 Wednesday—Linen Section—Main Floor

A June Sale of New Millinery

Beautiful Hats suitable for now and the summer season—

50 Trimmed White Milan Hats,
50 Matron Hats, unequaled values,
New White Satin Sport Hats,

Wednesday, $5.00 each

100 New White Milan Cushion Brim Sailors, $3.50 to $7.50.

Second Floor

Does the Lutheran Law Requiring Separation of Church and State Permit Tributes to the Kaiser While Preventing the Expression of Patriotic American Sentiment---

A Doctrine That Is Part Treason and Part Anarchy

The following editorial will appear in the next issue of the Omaha Nebraskan:

In the explanation made by the Kountze Memorial Church Council as to its failure to pass the patriotic resolution offered by Mr. Robt. L. Young, it is said that the Lutheran laws require the separation of church and state. But this requirement did not restrain the pastor, Mr. Baltzly, from attacking the American cause and sneering at the president. It did not restrain the pastor from paying, in a sermon, an extravagant tribute to the world's murder-master-general—the kaiser. Strange is it not that this Lutheran requirement operates to restrain patriotic expression towards the United States, but does not operate when words are to be spoken in the kaiser's behalf?

Those members of Kountze Memorial Church who are blindly following their pastor, Dr. Baltzly, along his treasonable course, are led to believe that he is a man of large intelligence. If he is really as much interested in preserving his church as he is in vindicating his own foolish conduct he cannot be a man of superior intelligence, else he would recognize the fact that through his course he is paving the way for the dismemberment of his church.

In the latest statement issued by the church council and written by Dr. Baltzly himself, it is said, "Each one in his citizenship stands for himself before the government, just as each one in his religion stands for himself before God."

It is difficult to reconcile the claim that Dr. Baltzly is a man of large intelligence with such a piece of loose thinking. It is not at all true that "Each one in his citizenship stands for himself before the government, just as each one in his religion stands for himself before God." In America every man may worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience. But when it comes to citizenship and to loyalty to government, certain set rules are provided. Our laws do not and could not specify just how a man should worship God or even that he should worship him at all. They do, however, require a man to support the government, sometimes by paying taxes, sometimes by jury service, sometimes by military service, and always by compliance with the rules of conduct called laws and by loyalty to the government itself.

It is the doctrine of the anarchist that "Each one in his citizenship stands for himself before the government." If that doctrine were accepted then every man could determine for himself whether or not he would obey a particular law or whether he would pay a particular tax or whether he would render military service.

The law specifically grants the privilege "Each one in his religion stands for himself before God." It specifically withholds that privilege with respect to citizenship or government. Even the alien who has not sworn allegiance to our government must obey its explicitly defined rules of conduct while he is here.

Dr. Baltzly could, if he is so desired, spread the seeds of atheism among the members of his church without violating the laws of the land. When, however, he sows the seeds of disloyalty among those members and seeks to make his church the nesting place of treason he cannot justify himself upon the American principle that "Each one in his religions stands for himself before God."

In religion a man may be Catholic, Lutheran, Baptist, Presbyterian, Methodist, or of any other denomination; or he may be atheist. But when it comes to American citizenship he must be one-hundred per cent American whether in peace or in war. He cannot "give comfort to the enemy" by traducing his country's cause, sneering at its war as "Wilson's war" and declaring that he will not co-operate with the president of the country which gives him protection and requires of him certain defined duties.

Gentlemen of Kountze Memorial: In following Dr. Baltzly, you are following a blind leader. The only safe leader in these days is a man who leads along American lines. Your pastor does not lead in that direction. The statement he drew for you and to which you subscribed would be, so far as its definition of citizenship is concerned, cheerfully signed by every anarchist in the land.

Don't you think that you can render better service to your church by making an honest retirement from the false position into which your pastor has drawn you? He stands for a doctrine that is part treason and part anarchy and the champions of such a doctrine cannot long survive the tide of American patriotism that is steadily rising in Nebraska.

RICHARD L. METCALFE.

THE OMAHA NEBRASKAN—an American paper, published every Thursday, price $2.00 per year. 256 Brandeis Theater Building, Omaha, Nebraska.