

GERMANS FEELING BLOCKADE EFFECT

Prussian Finance Minister Predicts Ultimate Success Despite Food Scarcity.

MORE SACRIFICES NEEDED

London, Jan. 17.—In submitting the 1917 budget in the Prussian diet Dr. Lentze, the minister of finance, according to Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam, made the following statement:

"Each time we have submitted the war budget in the last two years, we have entertained the hope it would be the last with which we would have to deal. Again we submit a war budget and we should not like to abandon the same hope despite the fact that the German peace offer has been refused by our enemies with the announcement of their policy of war to destruction."

After prophesying that the attacks of Germany's foes would fail before the bravery of the German forces, Dr. Lentze continues:

"The war has severely taxed our budget and has demanded special efforts. Although a balance of receipts and expenditures was established on the estimates, this was only in appearance, because many important financial questions had to be postponed until later. This means until after the war. We must continue to conduct our political economy on narrower, more stringent lines than formerly."

"The principal thing today is that we win the war," Dr. Lentze continued. "The blockade makes itself felt more and more. It cannot be denied that it lies heavily on the country, and yet must be borne. Encroachments on private interests, the difficulties of supplying foodstuffs, and their costliness certainly are very great. Many a man with small income and a large family has great difficulty to meet them, but what is the welfare of a single individual as compared with the future of our whole people?"

"Our enemies make a great mistake if they believe they can conquer us by a blockade. No one starves in Germany, despite the blockade. This has been well provided against. In enemy countries the cost of food and the distress in many respects are greater than with us. There are still difficult months ahead of us, very heavy fighting still to overcome, many sacrifices of blood and treasure still to make. We do not deny it. But our confidence remains firm. We are all convinced that we cannot be defeated and that victory will be with us. Our true God, who so certainly has guided the young empire of Prussia, will remain with us if only we do our duty, and this we shall do with willing hearts."

To Prevent Grip.
Colds cause grip—Laxative Bromo Quinine prevents colds—only one—BROMO QUININE. E. W. Grove's signature on box. 25c—Advertisement.

BODY OF DEWEY TO REST AT ARLINGTON

(Continued From Page One.)

ter year the general board urged the building of more ships than congress would agree to, until at the last session a great building program based upon its recommendations finally was adopted.

Wilson's Statement.

It was because of the admiral's keen aversion to many suggestions that his health and strength were failing that the naval physicians attending him agreed with the family to make no announcement of his condition after the attack Thursday. It was given out that the admiral had a cold, and until Sunday even the doctors hoped that he might master the disease. Yesterday his condition had become so serious that the facts no longer could be withheld.

When news of the admiral's death was received at the White House, President Wilson authorized the following statement:

"In expressing his grief at the death of Admiral Dewey the president said the whole nation will mourn the loss of its most distinguished naval officer, a man who has been as faithful, as intelligent and as successful in the performance of his responsible duties in time of peace as he was gallant and successful in time of war. It is just such men that give the service distinction and the nation a just pride in those who serve it."

Patterson, Omaha Boy in

The Navy, Gets Promotion

D. C. Patterson, jr., son of D. C. Patterson of Omaha, has received a promotion in the United States navy. His father received a letter from him yesterday stating that he has been appointed flag lieutenant to Admiral Knigh of the Asiatic station at Shanghai. He has accepted and will sail some time in the spring.

Young Patterson is a graduate of the Annapolis Naval academy and has been in the naval service since 1904. He was executive officer on the destroyer Samusson, and is at present in Atlantic waters around New York. He indicates that he is likely to sail for Shanghai in February or March and says that at any rate he will be in Omaha to visit home folks before he goes on to assume his duties in the orient.

Supt. Clemmons and Normal Heads Reverse School Policy

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, Jan. 17.—(Special.)—Rural high schools rather than consolidated rural schools, and normal training only as post-graduate high school work has been urged on the house educational committee by State Superintendent Clemmons, and President W. S. Cohn of Wayne Normal, President R. I. Elliott of Chadron Normal and President George S. Dick of Kearney Normal. The committee met with these officials in the state superintendent's office Tuesday afternoon.

Two Wolves Killed.

Avoca, Neb., Jan. 17.—(Special.)—A wolf hunt was held near this city Monday and two wolves were killed; several escaped. A scope of country five miles square was taken in by the hunters and over 200 men participated in the roundup.

Text of New Allied Note Telling Why Peace Impossible

(Continued From Page One.)

the near east was a scheme which, had the sultan been sincere and the powers united, could ever have been realized. It certainly cannot be realized now. The Turkey of 'union and progress' is at least as barbarous and is far more aggressive than the Turkey of Sultan Abdul Hamid. In the hand of Germany, it has ceased even in appearance to be a bulwark of peace and is openly used as an instrument of conquest.

"Under German officers, Turkish soldiers are now fighting in lands from which they had long been expelled and the Turkish government controlled, subsidized and employed by Germany has been guilty of massacres in Armenia and Syria more horrible than any recorded in the history even of those unhappy countries. Evidently the interests of peace and the claims of nationality alike require that Turkish rule over alien races shall if possible be brought to an end; and we may hope that the expulsion of Turkey from Europe will contribute as much to the cause of peace as the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France, or Italia Irredenta to Italy, or any of the other territorial changes indicated in the allied note.

Provide no Security.

"Evidently, however, such territorial rearrangements, though they may diminish the oceans of war, provide no sufficient security against its recurrence. If Germany, or rather those in Germany who mould its opinions and control its destinies, again set out to dominate the world, they may find that by the new order of things the adventure is made more difficult, but hardly that it is made impossible. They may still have ready to their hand a political system organized through and through on a basis; they may still accumulate vast stores of military equipment; they may still persist in their methods of attack, so that their more pacific neighbors will be struck down before they can prepare themselves for defense. If so, Europe when the war is over will be far poorer in men, in money and in mutual good than it was when the war began, but it will not be safer; and the hopes for the future of the world entertained by the president will be as far as ever from fulfillment.

Germany Stands Above.

"There are those who think that for this disease international treaties and international laws may provide a sufficient cure. But such persons have ill learned the lessons so clearly taught by recent history. While other nations, notably the United States of America and Great Britain, were striving by treaties of arbitration to make sure that no chance quarrel should make the peace they desired to make perpetual, Germany stood aloof. Her historians and philosophers preached the splendors of war; power was proclaimed as the true end of the state, and the general staff forged with untiring industry the weapons by which at the appointed moment power might be achieved. These facts proved clearly enough that treaty arrangements for maintaining peace were not likely to find much favor at Berlin; they did not prove that such treaties once made would be utterly ineffectual. This became evident only when war had broken out, though the demonstration, when it came, was overwhelming. So long as Germany remains the Germany, which without a shadow of justification overran and barbarously ill-treated a country it was pledged to defend, no state can regard its rights as secure if they have no better protection than a solemn treaty.

Belgium an Example.

"The case is made worse by the reflection that these methods of calculated brutality were designed by the central powers not merely to crush to the dust those with whom they were at war, but to intimidate those with whom they were still at peace. Belgium was not only a victim, it was an example. Neutrals were intended to note the outrages which followed on its occupation, the deportation of a portion of its population, the cruel oppression of the remainder. And lest the nations fleetly protected, either by British fleets or by their own

German armies should suppose themselves safe from German methods, the submarine has (within its limits) assiduously imitated the barbarous practices of the sister service. The war aims of the central powers are well content to horrify the world if at the same time they can terrorize it. "If then the central powers succeed, it will be to methods like these that they will owe their success. How can any reform of international relations be based on a peace thus obtained? Such a peace would represent the triumph of all the forces which make war certain and make it brutal. It would advertise the futility of all the methods on which civilization relies to eliminate the occasions of international dispute and to mitigate their ferocity.

Terrorism by Land and Sea.

"Germany and Austria made the present war inevitable by attacking the rights of one small state and they gained their initial triumphs by violating the treaty guarantees of the territories of another. Are small states going to find in them their future protectors or intertreats made by them a bulwark against aggression? Terrorism by land and sea will have proved itself the instrument of victory. Are the victors likely to abandon it on the appeal of neutrals? If existing treaties are no more than scraps of paper, can fresh treaties help us? If the violation of the most fundamental canons of international law be crowned with success, will it not be in vain that the assembled nations labor to improve their code? None will profit by their rules, but powers who break them. It is those who keep them that will suffer.

RAIDER SINKS TEN VESSELS IN SOUTH ATLANTIC

(Continued From Page One.)

masts, and probably was of high speed.

Philadelphia, Jan. 17.—The British steamer *Georgic*, Philadelphia for Brest, reported sunk by a German raider, had in its cargo 1,200 horses for France. A large quantity of cattle feed, 98,000 bushels of wheat, 10,000 barrels of lubricating oil and 430 cases of rifles were destined for Liverpool.

The cargo of the *King George*, Philadelphia and Wilmington, Del., for Manchester, also reported sunk, carried 1,199,100 pounds of powder from the Dupont powder works, valued at \$957,000, and included in the general cargo was 40,000 bushels of wheat.

Dr. Reitman Is Given Six Months in the Workhouse

Cleveland, O., Jan. 17.—Dr. Ben Reitman of New York today was found guilty of distributing birth control literature after the jury had deliberated thirteen hours. Police Judge Cull fined Reitman \$1,000 and sentenced him to six months imprisonment in the workhouse. He was held in jail under \$2,500 bail. A motion for a new trial will be heard January 20.

Douglas County Members Have New LawsUIT Plan

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, Jan. 17.—(Special.)—Lovely and Keegan, two Douglas county representatives, are advocating a change in the law which will enable a poor man who has not the money to put up to start a suit, to have the papers drawn, filed and the case prosecuted, the costs of such to be taken from the judgment rendered in the case before settlement is made.

The bill is one of eight introduced jointly, all of them covering matters pertaining to legal courts in Douglas county.

Veteran of Civil War And Physician Is Dead

York, Neb., Jan. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—Dr. B. Farley died here from an attack of pneumonia. He had practiced medicine in York since 1885 and was very successful, and was a highly esteemed citizen. Dr. Farley was a veteran of the civil war with a splendid record as a soldier.

HEARING OF "LEAK" CHARGES DELAYED

Members of Committee Unable to Agree on Counsel to Direct Inquiry.

ARE GIVEN MORE TIME

Washington, Jan. 17.—Members of the house rules committee in conference late today were unable to agree on counsel to be employed to direct the leak investigation. It was announced that there would be no public hearings tomorrow and probably none until counsel had been chosen.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The leak investigation was interrupted today while the house extended the time of the investigating committee thirty days and authorized it to employ counsel. This foreshadows extending the inquiry to its broadest aspects. Taking of testimony will be resumed tomorrow, probably with J. P. Morgan and other financiers in the witness chair.

Although declining to object Representative Cooper, republican, of Wisconsin, criticized the inquiry to date in a short speech. "Thus far," he said, "the results have only confirmed the belief throughout the nation that there is no fine sense of honor in public life. This inquiry has degenerated into a partisan struggle.

Representative Moore of Pennsylvania said that Samuel Untermyer had been suggested as counsel for the committee and declared that Charles Evans Hughes "might be a good man to consider."

Republican Leader Mann then declared: "I am convinced that the employment of either Samuel Untermyer or Mr. Hughes would be an act of such gross impropriety that it would not be considered for a moment by the committee."

Mr. Mann added he hoped and believed "that the investigation will show that no public official in high place has been guilty of that which would be treason to the country and the people through the betrayal of a trust."

Judge Kennedy May Resign From the Board of Control

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, Jan. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—Judge Howard Kennedy may resign his office and return to Omaha, is the latest rumor following the confirmation of Eugene Mayfield for the position on the Board of Control now held by Mr. Kennedy.

It is understood that Judge Kennedy has been offered an opening in the law business in Omaha and that he has been considering the matter for a month. His term would not expire until July 1, and if he resigns it is understood that the governor will name Mr. Mayfield for the place and he will then enter upon the discharge of the duties.

Dairy Building at State Agricultural Farm Dedicated

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—The new dairy building at the state agricultural farm was dedicated tonight. Chancellor Avery of the University presided. The principal address was by President Pearson of the Iowa Agricultural farm. Several of the regents spoke, while J. A. Ollis of the State Board of Agriculture and members of the legislature responded to calls. Dean Burnett and Prof. Franzen made short talks.

Fireman Injured.

Alliance, Neb., Jan. 17.—(Special.)—J. P. Christensen, a Burlington fireman whose home is at Simpson, Kan., was seriously injured in a train accident near Edgemont, S. D., late last night. His engine, which was helping another train, was run into by a light engine from the rear, crushing him between the tank and boiler, breaking his leg and arm and bruising him badly. He was taken to the hospital at Hot Springs on a special train.

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Skirts, Corset Covers, Combinations, Drawers. Sizes 34 to 44.

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Ricksecker Face Powder Special, 15c Thursday Only.

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Fleece Lined Hose, made with double soles; warmth a plenty for these cold days, 29c, 35c and 50c.

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The balance of our stock of new, desirable Negligees, goes on Sale Thursday.

Negligees, priced \$9.75 to \$14.50 \$5.95
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\$ 6.00 Cluny Lace Pieces, \$ 3.00	\$2.50 Madeira Center Pieces, \$1.25
\$ 6.75 Cluny Lace Pieces, \$ 3.38	\$10 Madeira Lunch Cloths, \$5.00
\$ 8.75 Cluny Lace Pieces, \$ 4.38	\$15 Madeira Lunch Cloths, \$7.50
\$10.00 Cluny Lace Pieces, \$ 5.00	\$2.25 Madeira Scarfs - \$1.12 1/2
\$20.00 Cluny Lace Pieces, \$10.00	\$3.50 Madeira Scarfs - \$1.75
\$25.00 Cluny Lace Pieces, \$12.50	\$3.75 Madeira Scarfs - \$1.88
\$50.00 Cluny Lace Pieces, \$25.00	\$4.50 Madeira Scarfs - \$2.25
\$3.00 Oval Madeira Pieces, \$1.50	\$5.00 Madeira Scarfs - \$2.50
\$4.00 Oval Madeira Pieces, \$2.00	\$6.75 Madeira Scarfs - \$3.38
\$5.00 Oval Madeira Pieces, \$2.50	19c Cluny Lace Doilies - 10c
\$1.50 Madeira Center Pieces, 75c	25c Cluny Lace Doilies - 12 1/2c
	50c Cluny Lace Doilies - 25c

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