

# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER  
FAIR; WARMER

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## SHERIDAN FARM OWNERS SWARM IN CAPITAL CITY

### Visiting Men and Their Wives Given Special Invitation to Hall of House of Representatives.

### Potash Plants Proving Gold Mine in Hitherto Barren Field.

### THOMAS DELIVERS SPEECH

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Sheridan county and Sheridan county farmers and their good wives held the center of the stage today in legislative halls, having been present on special invitation of the house given through Representative Lloyd Thomas of Alliance, their representative.

The delegation was greeted by a little address by Representative Richmond of Douglas to the house calling attention to the presence of so many fine looking men and beautiful women, and after Speaker Jackson had welcomed them without reciting any poetry, Mr. Thomas was called upon to do the real honors of the occasion, which he did in an address calling attention to the rapid development of Sheridan county and the rustling ability of its citizens.

West to Front.

Mr. Thomas said that there were many things which had brought western Nebraska into prominence. Prof. Condra with his motion pictures showing the activities of western counties had done much along this line. The people themselves had done much by their thrift and energy, together with their determination to stick under adverse circumstance, to bring Box Butte and Sheridan counties, the counties of his district, into the limelight. Speaking of a new industry, Mr. Thomas in closing said:

"During the last three years a new industry has been developed in Sheridan county which is of vital agricultural and commercial importance. The state now leads the world in the production of potash, which is used in making fertilizer. In the southern part of the county there are a number of alkali lakes which for many years were deemed of little value until some enterprising young men from the University of Nebraska discovered that they were rich in potash."

New Plants Started.

"There are now four huge evaporating plants in operation, taking the potash from the water in these lakes. The largest of these plants is turning out an average of forty tons per day. Altogether the potash production of southern Sheridan county is now approximately 100 tons per day. At their present rate of production and with potash remaining at its present price, these four plants will turn out during the coming year not less than \$10,000,000 worth of potash—perhaps twice that amount."

Eight Bills Voted Against Alleged Chicago Grafters

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Eight indictments, according to an announcement from the state's attorney's office, were voted today against men involved in the police graft investigation which recently led to the arrest of former Chief of Police C. C. Healey, other police officers and various alleged go-betweens accused of aiding in collecting tribute from the underworld. It also was stated that the October grand jury, which has been hearing witnesses in the graft inquiry, would be dismissed with the return of the indictments. This action was regarded as the outgrowth of the charge that a member of the grand jury had communicated happenings in the grand jury room to former Chief Healey's bondsman.

The Weather

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Temp.	Dir.	Wind
5 a. m.	34	W	10
6 a. m.	34	W	10
7 a. m.	35	W	10
8 a. m.	36	W	10
9 a. m.	37	W	10
10 a. m.	38	W	10
11 a. m.	39	W	10
12 m.	40	W	10
1 p. m.	41	W	10
2 p. m.	42	W	10
3 p. m.	43	W	10
4 p. m.	44	W	10
5 p. m.	45	W	10
6 p. m.	46	W	10
7 p. m.	47	W	10
8 p. m.	48	W	10
9 p. m.	49	W	10
10 p. m.	50	W	10
11 p. m.	51	W	10
Midnight	52	W	10

Comparative Local Records.

Year	High	Low	Precip.
1917	52	34	.02
1916	51	33	.02
1915	50	32	.02
1914	49	31	.02
1913	48	30	.02
1912	47	29	.02
1911	46	28	.02
1910	45	27	.02
1909	44	26	.02
1908	43	25	.02
1907	42	24	.02
1906	41	23	.02
1905	40	22	.02
1904	39	21	.02
1903	38	20	.02
1902	37	19	.02
1901	36	18	.02
1900	35	17	.02

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal.

Normal	1917	1916	1915	1914
Normal temperature	42	41	40	39
Deficiency for the day	0	1	2	3
Total excess since March 1	0	1	2	3
Normal precipitation	.02	.02	.02	.02
Deficiency for the day	0	1	2	3
Total rainfall since March 1	14.82	14.82	14.82	14.82
Deficiency since March 1	12.81	12.81	12.81	12.81
Deficiency for cor. period, 1915	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71
Deficiency for cor. period, 1914	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State	Temp.	High	Rain
Omaha, clear	40	34	0
Des Moines, clear	42	36	0
Sioux Falls, clear	40	34	0
Dodge City, clear	38	32	0
Lincoln, clear	41	35	0
North Platte, clear	39	33	0
Omaha, clear	41	35	0
Sioux Falls, clear	40	34	0
Des Moines, clear	42	36	0
Dodge City, clear	38	32	0
Lincoln, clear	41	35	0
North Platte, clear	39	33	0
Omaha, clear	41	35	0
Sioux Falls, clear	40	34	0
Des Moines, clear	42	36	0
Dodge City, clear	38	32	0
Lincoln, clear	41	35	0
North Platte, clear	39	33	0

Indicates below zero.

L. A. WELSH, Meteorologist.

## House Members Forestall Lobby That Drove Them Wild in 1915

### House Adopts Motion Showing Itself in Favor of Extending Terms.

### MOTION MADE BY DEFOE

Lincoln, Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—The bill to make the terms of county officers four years will pass if an expression taken this morning really reflects the feelings of the members. The vote was taken in order that the lobbyists might know whether it would be necessary to come to Lincoln or not. The vote stood 87 yes to 7 no.

When the question came to a vote, the only ones found opposing the proposition were Neal, Gormley, Keegan, Lovely, McAllister, Mosley and Stuhr. Those absent and not voting were Greenwalt, Leidigh, Mills, Murty, Osterman, Schneider and Stearns.

Mr. Taylor, speaking for the Dafeo motion, said he wanted to save county officers the trouble of coming to Lincoln and lobbying members of the legislature. Mr. Leary wanted a provision making them ineligible for reelection after one term of four years, but he did not press the motion.

How the senators' representatives were hounded by lobbyists' lobby two days ago as told by Mr. Friebe, who said, "This will help me."

The motion was by Mr. Dafeo and was as follows:

"I move that he be declared the sense of this house that we favor the enactment of a law fixing a four-year term for county elective officers and that such law shall not affect the terms of office of present incumbents."

The vote showed 86 for the motion and 7 against.

Confirmation for Omaha Man for Position on Board of Control.

### TWO ONLY VOTE AGAINST

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—E. O. Mayfield, named by Governor Neville for the Board of Control, was confirmed by the senate after a long session this afternoon. Only two senators, Sandall, republican, and Oberlies, democrat, voted no. The first vote came on a motion to suspend action one week. Busher, Douthett, Haase, Hammond, Lahner, McAllister, McMullen, Neal and Sandall, republicans, and Oberlies and Sawyer, democrats, vote for.

On the confirmation of the vote stood 30 for and 2 against, with Spirk absent.

Perkins Makes Statement.

Almost simultaneously with Mr. Willcox's announcement of this plan at the Union League club Mr. Perkins at his home around the corner issued a statement attacking the republican executive committee on harmony but at the same time defending Mr. Willcox.

Mr. Perkins declared that at the meeting of the executive committee yesterday there had been an effort to force Mr. Willcox out of the chairmanship and to place a reactionary vice chairman in his place to prevent Willcox from "liberalizing" the party.

He also called for a meeting of the entire republican national committee to work out harmony plans, declaring that the sub-committee on harmony, of which Mr. Willcox is chairman, was in the hands of the "old guard."

Finally, when he saw that the majority plan proposed by this committee he declared that it had been dictated by Jas. A. Hemenway of Indiana, who he called one of the "old guard."

Mr. Perkins added that he regarded the resolutions "merely as a scrap of paper."

Joint Manifesto Issued.

A statement declaring the charges of Mr. Perkins were unfounded was issued tonight by James A. Hemenway, F. W. Estabrook, and former Governor Gillett. They declared it was endorsed by John T. Adams, Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., and other members of the committee.

Swiss National Body Orders More Men to the Colors

### Bath Pipe Bursts, Miss Stevens Runs, Slips and Sues

It all happened on account of a summer night's bath.

Minnie Stevens, resident, or rather guest, at 2202 South Twelfth street, John Baumann and Marie Baumann own the house.

A \$5,000 damage suit filed against the Baumanns in district court Minnie alleges that on July 29, 1916, while she was splashing about in the bath tub, a defective water pipe broke and flooded the floor.

She hurriedly made a dash for the stairs, intending to go down cellar and turn off the water, she alleges. Some water was also trickling down the steps. Minnie slipped, so she sets forth, and injured herself \$5,000 worth.

Gas Company Re-Elects Its Officers and Directors

Stockholders of the Omaha Gas company re-elected directors and the following officers: Frank T. Hamilton, president; G. W. Clabough, vice president and secretary; Lewis Lillie, treasurer; I. W. Morris, assistant secretary and L. W. Weymuller, assistant treasurer. W. H. Taylor continues as manager.

Jerome Weinel Gets Pen For Forging Bad Check

Jerome J. Weinel, pleading guilty to passing a forged check for \$5 on the Brandeis stores, was sentenced to one to two years in the penitentiary when arraigned on a continuance before Judge Sears of the district court.

Kugel Wants Law Changed So Citizens Who Fear May Tote Guns

"Is there no danger that this privilege would be abused," was asked the superintendent of police.

"That will be up to the individual. If you are arrested with a concealed weapon and cannot give a reasonable explanation then you will be liable under the ordinance," said Mr. Kugel.

The purpose of the ordinance was to provide means for prosecuting on a city rather than a state complaint.

Many citizens have asked Chief Dunn for permits to carry "smoke wagons," but the chief has steadfastly refused to issue permits.

The penalty to be imposed under the new ordinance will be a fine of \$100 or imprisonment for three months.

PERKINS WAVES WAR CLUB AGAIN AT G. O. P. MEET

### Issues Manifesto Saying That He Is Not Pacified by Anything Done by Chiefs.

### STATEMENT BY WILCOX

### Republican Leaders Give Out Communication Stating Their Side of the Case.

### NOT SLAP AT MOOSERS

New York, Jan. 16.—Efforts to bring about harmony between republicans and progressives here today produced as their first conspicuous result a stormy protest from Geo. W. Perkins and Everett Colby, progressive leaders, that republican leaders were not acting in good faith.

Chairman Wm. R. Willcox of the republican national committee called together a sub-committee of the republican executive committee appointed yesterday to devise a plan of co-operation between republicans and progressives. The result of this meeting was the issuance of resolutions adopted for the purpose of forming a supplemental committee to be composed of republicans and progressives to have a voice in party affairs. This would take the place of the joint republican progressive campaign committee which went out of existence after the election.

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## Admiral Dewey Dies After Illness At His Home in National Capital

### 'Hero of Manila Bay.' Who Sunk Spanish Fleet in Philippine Waters Is Dead.

### WAS BORN IN MONTEPELIER

Washington, Jan. 16.—Admiral Dewey, hero of Manila Bay and by priority the ranking naval officer of the world, died at his home here at 5:55 p. m., today in his eightieth year. He had been ill for a long time, but the serious nature of his illness was not made known until a few days ago.

Native of Vermont.

Admiral George Dewey of the United States navy, the "Hero of Manila Bay," was born in Montpelier, Vt., December 26, 1827, the son of Dr. Julius Demans and Mary (Perin) Dewey. He was a descendant in the ninth generation, of the first Dewey who came to Dorchester, in the Massachusetts bay colony, in 1633, from Sandwich, England. The admiral's father was a deeply religious man and founded Christ Episcopal church in Montpelier, where his son George was baptized, went to Sunday school and was confirmed.

The first funeral which took place there was that of George Dewey's mother, when he was but 3 years old.

It was a rather odd coincidence that the ancestral arms of the Deweys bore the motto, "A Crown the Conqueror is Due," and that when George was but a little chap his father proudly used to call him his "little hero." George was a manly boy, full of vitality and inborn courage and ever fond of action and adventure.

George Dewey received his first education at the Washington county grammar school in Montpelier, which had obtained a rather unenviable reputation through the mischievousness and rebelliousness of the pupils.

Young Dewey formed no exception, but soon became a leader of the rebellious set. But when a new teacher, after Major Z. K. Pangborn, came to the school, who insisted upon strict discipline and administered young Dewey a severe whipping, the former leader of the mutiny.

(Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

### DEMOS PROPOSE BIG BOND ISSUE

### Revenue Program Embraces Among Other Features a \$289,000,000 Loan.

### RAISE INHERITANCE TAX

Washington, Jan. 16.—Ways and means committee democrats today and formally agreed on a revenue program embracing a bond issue of \$289,000,000, an increase of the estate or inheritance tax to produce \$22,000,000 and an 8 per cent tax on excess profits above 8 per cent on capital of corporations and partnerships.

In addition temporary certificates of indebtedness may be decided upon to \$100,000,000 to run until June 30. The president, Secretary McAdoo and Chairman Kitchin have agreed to that program.

This is the program as now arranged: Inheritance or estate tax to produce \$22,000,000. Tax of 8 per cent on all over 8 per cent net profits on business of corporations and co-partnerships with income of \$5,000 a year and over to net \$24,000,000.

Bond issue on account of Mexican border and other expenses to produce \$289,000,000.

Probably \$100,000,000 certificates of indebtedness, a temporary expedient to take care of the treasury until the present year's income tax returns flow in.

The estate tax would increase to 1 1/2 per cent the 1 per cent tax on the minimum taxable estates from \$50,000 to \$100,000 and increase to 15 per cent the present 10 per cent tax on estates over \$15,000 in value.

The bond issue is to pay \$162,000,000 for Mexican border expenses, \$17,000,000 for the Alaskan railway, \$20,000,000 for the nitrate plant, \$11,000,000 for the armor plant, \$25,000,000 for purchase of Danish West Indies, and \$50,000,000 for creation of a merchant marine under the shipping bill. No decision was reached at the 3 per cent certificate indebtedness under which there is authority to issue \$200,000,000 to run not more than three months. Chairman Kitchin indicated that there might be a decision later to issue \$100,000,000 merely to take care of the treasury between now and June 30, by which time \$200,000,000 in income tax is expected to be in the treasury.

Wyoming Senate Votes to Submit 'Dry' Amendment

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 15.—The Wyoming senate today passed a bill submitting prohibition, as a constitutional amendment, to the people of the state in 1918. The bill now goes to the house.

To Provide a Penalty if Light Bill Not Paid On Time

Corporation Counsel Lambert has prepared for the city council an amendment to the 6-cent electric light ordinance, providing that the light company may bill 5 cent per kilowatt hour in excess of the 6-cent rate, the additional charge to be payable only after ten days from date of bills. This conforms to the rule in practice before the 6-cent rate went into effect.

Cruiser Milwaukee Is Driven Further Inland

Eureka, Cal., Jan. 15.—The cruiser Milwaukee, which stranded near here Saturday, lay high on the beach today, having worked itself further inland during the night. Its tilt seaward was much greater than yesterday. The engine rooms and boiler rooms are flooded.

The submarine H-3, which the Milwaukee undertook to rescue, was high and dry on the sand.

## COURT HEARS HOW THE BANDITS WORK

### Story of Conduct of Assman and Calcord Told Again at Fremont.

### DEFENSE ASKS FOR TIME

Fremont, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—Only fifteen of the twenty-eight witnesses County Attorney J. C. Cook had subpoenaed for the state in the bank robbery case were called upon to testify against Louis Assman, one of the defendants. The state rested its case this afternoon and Attorney Berger asked for time to bring an expert from Omaha who will testify as to Assman's competency. Judge Button adjourned court until 9 o'clock Wednesday morning.

The story of the robbery, the chase of the bandits across Washington and Thurston counties and the subsequent arrest of Assman and Tom Calcord were told by witnesses today. The court room was crowded to overflowing again.

George Voll, cashier of the Winslow State bank, was the first witness called. He testified to the defendants coming into the bank, commanding Assistant Cashier Elmer Ruwe to hand over the money and "do it quick," and then firing shots in the ceiling. Voll said when the bandits took Ruwe to the vault he ran over to a store to call for help. He identified both defendants as the two robbers who raided the bank.

Logan Lambert of Winnebago, to whom the defendants surrendered following their fight with Clint Hoffman, Winnebago marshal, told of the hunt and the capture of the bandits. Lambert said Assman and Calcord came out of the Cashier Elmer Ruwe where they had hidden and throwing up their hands said, "we are through, boys; we give up."

Wilbert Ross, the farmer who hauled Calcord and Assman to Winnebago after the car the defendants were driving broke down, told of the fight with the marshal at Winnebago and the escape of the bandits.

Attorney Joe Berger, for Assman, said today he would need about half a day to introduce testimony for the defense.

Haskell and Gould Will Represent Omaha

Two delegates from the Omaha Builders' exchange are to attend the meeting of the National Association of Builders' Exchanges to be held in Atlanta, Ga., February 13, 14 and 15. V. Ray Gould, president of the local exchange, and Paul A. Haskell, secretary, are the delegates. Mr. Haskell will also attend the conference of secretaries to be held there February 12.

Entente Plans to Cut Berlin And Constantinople Railroad

London, Jan. 16.—The allied army process be stopped and this is the only justification for maintaining our expensive, but hitherto inadequate force in Macedonia. It can only be hoped that the reinforcements that will arrive in 1917 will make it possible by next New Year's day to have got astride of the vital trans-Balkan railroad.

The checking of German expansion in the near east is specified by the correspondent as an even greater end to be aimed at by the allied army. He declares that the Germans plan to establish themselves at Saloniki as a stepping stone to a near eastern empire and that the entente powers must fashion the Balkans so as to "build a Slav dam across the tideway of German ambition."

Only by cutting the railroad,

## LEAK FROBE TO BE INQUIRY INTO STOCK MARKET

### Rules Committee Spreads Drag-net Over Financial District of New York as Result of Lawson's Testimony.

### WITNESS TALKS FURTHER

### Goes Into Detail Regarding Alleged Interview With Chairman Henry.

### WANTED WOMAN MISSING

Washington, Jan. 16.—Spreading a dragnet over the financial district of New York, the house rules committee today extended the peace note "leak" investigation to a general inquiry into the stock market. In an executive meeting the committee considered the advisability of employing expert counsel familiar with financial affairs to conduct the examination of witnesses. It also planned to ask congress tomorrow for an extension of time to report.

As the first step in enlarging the scope of the hearing the committee subpoenaed J. P. Morgan, H. P. Davison, F. A. Vanderlip, Arthur Lipper, Sol C. Wexler and J. S. Bache, New York financiers.

Woman Disappears.

Vying in interest with the summoning of the financiers was the disappearance of Mrs. Ruth Thomson Visconti, who Thomas W. Lawson says told him Secretary Tumulty and "others" had profited in the stock market by the "leak," and that William W. Price, one of the White House correspondents, had acted as the "go-between" in the affair and received \$5,000 for his work. Sergeant-at-Arms Gordon and several assistants tried in vain to find Mrs. Visconti. Mr. Lawson expressed great surprise over the disappearance.

Lawson, whose sensational testimony aroused the committee to go to the depths of the "leak" rumors, occupied the witness stand again today, reviewing, and supplementing his statement.

Attacks Henry's Denial.

At the outset Lawson attacked Representative Henry's denial of his testimony and emphatically declared that he or Henry was guilty of rank perjury. In a characteristic outburst, Lawson shouted his reiteration that "when there is a direct difference of opinion—stronger than a question of veracity," said Lawson, "it is perfectly obvious that one of the other of us is committing perjury, deliberate, rank perjury. Unless your chairman said the things that I have said he did, I am guilty of foul perjury and I am unfit to be here or anywhere outside the bars of a jail."

Lawson again brought the names of Secretary Lansing, Count von Bernstorff and Bernard Baruch into his testimony as the men Chairman Henry had told him he had heard "leak" rumors about, and elaborated on his story told yesterday regarding Henry's alleged statement concerning them.

Never Did Say It.

In that connection, in answer to inquiries by Representative Garrett as to what Henry told him about "a cabinet member, a member of congress and a banker," Lawson said he never had asserted that Henry had told him anything about Secretary McAdoo, the mysterious "Senator O." and H. Pliny Fisk.

The cabinet member Henry spoke of, Lawson said, was Mr. Lansing and the banker, Mr. Baruch. The fact that Baruch is a "speculator and investor" and not a banker had led to a misunderstanding in the committee regarding Lawson's previous testimony. Information Mr. Lawson said he received in regard to McAdoo, Fisk and "Senator O." came from another source, which he did not reveal.

The Boston financier insisted on reciting to the committee in great detail the disputed confidential conference with Chairman Henry. For more than an hour he recounted what he had said to Henry and what he alleged Henry had said to him.

Remembers Something.

With regard to his testimony yesterday bringing in the names of Secretary Lansing and Baruch, Lawson said he had forgotten to add that Henry told him the committee had received information concerning the substance of all of one of Secretary Lansing's alleged conversations with Baruch and part of another.

Lawson was questioned closely concerning the letter he received from Mrs. Visconti, the missing witness, and the conference with her at a local hotel.

When Representative Pou asked him if he had not previously acquitted Secretary Tumulty of any connection with the leak Lawson declared he never had had Mr. Tumulty in mind respecting it until he met Mrs. Visconti. Even then, Lawson said he told the woman her efforts seemed to him to have been actuated by an ulterior motive. She insisted, he said, in the presence of her attorney, that she had no such motive, but wanted to disclose information she