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VOL. XLVI—NO. 139.

OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 27, 1916.

News Stand, etc., So.
On Train, at Hotel.

SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

TIGHTER GROWS INVASERS' GRIP UPON ROUMANIA

Mackensen's Army Has Footing on Its Soil and Bulgars Occupy Islands in the Danube River.

DEFENDERS ON ALT FLEE

Bucharest Reports Advance of German Forces Has Been Arrested.

FIGHTING ON SERB FRONT

Bulletin.

Berlin, Nov. 26.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—General von Falkenhayn's troops invading western Roumania from the north and west have effected a junction with Field Marshal von Mackensen's forces that have advanced from the south and crossed the Danube into Roumanian territory, the war office announced today. Driving toward Bucharest, von Mackensen's advance has reached the outskirts of Alexandria, forty-seven miles from the Roumanian capital. The Roumanians retreating eastward are burning towns as they retire, according to the official statement, which also reports the repulse of a Roumanian cavalry division protecting the retreat. The report says von Mackensen's entire army has crossed the Danube under his personal inspection.

Advancing south down the Alt valley, General von Falkenhayn's forces have captured Raminicu (Ramnitza) and Valcea. In Dobruja an attack on von Mackensen's lines aided by a bombardment from warships, was a failure, declares the statement.

London, Nov. 26.—The situation of Roumania continues to be the focus of interest. The forces of Field Marshal von Mackensen have crossed the Danube from the south and have gained a footing on Roumanian soil. Bulgarian troops have occupied islands in the Danube near Orsova and at two other points.

Bucharest announces that the German advance across the Danube at Islaz and Zimnita has been arrested. Roumanian troops operating on the extreme left of their line in Wallachia have extricated themselves, according to a Petrograd report. Roumanian troops have retired on the left bank of the River Alt after repulsing several attacks along the whole front of that sector.

The Roumanian army that extricated itself in Wallachia, destroyed millions of hundredweights in cereals.

Resistance Is Broken.

Berlin says the Roumanian resistance in the lower Alt has been broken and that several towns in Roumania have been captured. Roumanian battalions cut off from the main army in the wooded mountains northeast of Turnu-Severin were still offering tenacious resistance at latest accounts.

Russo-Roumanian armies in the Pygery mountains were repulsed with heavy losses.

Vice Admiral Du Fornet, the entente commander, has delivered an ultimatum to Greece allowing only a short period in which the arms in Athens are to be surrendered. It is reported that the Greek cabinet is about to resign. It is also reported that the provisional government of Greece, headed by former Premier Venizelos, has declared war on Germany and Bulgaria.

Allied Attacks Repulsed.

Violent fighting continues on the Serbian front. Repeated attempts on Ochrinda and Presba were repulsed. The Italian troops endeavored to advance northwest of Monastir and the Serbians east of that city, but failed.

A lull in the operations along the front in France is attributed to bad weather.

Venizelos Regime Has Declared War Against Germany

Salonki (Via London), Nov. 26.—The Greek provisional government, composed of followers of former Premier Venizelos, has formally declared war on Germany and Bulgaria.

Athens (Via London), Nov. 25.—The first delivery of arms demanded of the Greek government by Admiral Du Fornet, commander of the entente squadron, consists of ten battalions of mountain guns. The demand declares that failure to comply with it before December 1 will result in measures being taken by the admiralty.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Fair
Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

| Hour | Temp. |
|----------|-------|
| 5 a. m. | 37 |
| 6 a. m. | 37 |
| 7 a. m. | 37 |
| 8 a. m. | 37 |
| 9 a. m. | 37 |
| 10 a. m. | 37 |
| 11 a. m. | 37 |
| 12 m. | 37 |
| 1 p. m. | 37 |
| 2 p. m. | 37 |
| 3 p. m. | 37 |
| 4 p. m. | 37 |
| 5 p. m. | 37 |
| 6 p. m. | 37 |
| 7 p. m. | 37 |

Comparative Local Record.
1916, 1915, 1914, 1913.

| | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Highest yesterday | 58 | 57 | 57 | 59 |
| Lowest yesterday | 34 | 47 | 46 | 46 |
| Mean temperature | 47 | 48 | 57 | 48 |
| Precipitation | .00 | .00 | .00 | .01 |
| Temperature and precipitation departure from the normal | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Normal temperature | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| Normal precipitation | .14 | .14 | .14 | .14 |
| Excess above normal March 1 | 232 | 232 | 232 | 232 |
| Deficiency for the day | 02 | 02 | 02 | 02 |
| Total rainfall since March 1 | 16.07 | 16.07 | 16.07 | 16.07 |
| Deficiency since March 1 | 12.18 | 12.18 | 12.18 | 12.18 |
| Deficiency for period 1915 | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.82 |
| Deficiency for period 1914 | 3.88 | 3.88 | 3.88 | 3.88 |
| Deficiency for period 1913 | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.82 |

FIVE DOLLARS FOR ONE HEALTHY BOY

Welding Future Man Into an Efficient Doer of Good Is Scout Idea.

LADS LIKE THE TRAINING

By A. R. GROH.

Boys take to the Boy Scout idea like ducks to water. They like to be scouts; it's good for them to be scouts and it is good for others that they are scouts, for a Boy Scout "must do at least one good turn to somebody every day."

Respond to Signals.

Look! A scout is "wig-wagging" a signal. (Imagine him, please, on some distant hill, instead of only ten feet away). His signal is spelled out, "H-e-l-p m-e w-i-t-h b-r-o-k-e-n-l-e-g." Four other scouts rush to his assistance. They make a stretcher with two long sticks stuck through the arms of their coats. They remove the "victim's" shoes to help "restore circulation." Then he is quickly loaded on the improvised stretcher and carried to camp.

Page Christie demonstrated in masterly manner the application of a head bandage, explaining sagely about fractures and contusions, as he wound the bandage round and round the head of another boy. His father couldn't have done it better. Another scout demonstrated the "handkerchief bandage."

Fire Without Matches.

Now, our scouts, in the midst of an imaginary forest, far from civilization, must prepare food, for they are furnished by their exertions and forced marches. Apparently their matches have been ruined in swimming rivers and wading through marshes. But this does not dismay a boy scout. A dry piece of wood, a pointed stick and a bow are quickly contrived and then they produce fire by friction, in the manner of primitive man. The boys actually produced the fire, too.

Just at this point in the demonstration help arrived in the person of Advertising Manager Kothen of the Brandeis stores, who announced that lunch was ready in the Green Room. And our intrepid band of warriors marched away to an eminently "civilized" meal.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week a campaign will be made to raise \$15,000 for the scout movement in Omaha. "Three thousand boys for \$15,000. Will you invest?" asks the committee.

Percentage of It.

There are several Boy Scout troops here now, but there will be a lot of new troops of the khaki-clad, healthy, full-of-life kind, helpful, useful lads. There will be a scout council and a local headquarters. There will be a scout executive to train the scout masters. A court of honor will be established in Omaha, full records will be kept and the whole movement will be organized thoroughly.

The scout law consists of twelve articles, which command the boys to be trustworthy, loyal, helpful, friendly, courteous, kind, obedient, cheerful, thrifty, brave, clean and reverent. A scout "must not take pay for being helpful or courteous. He may work for pay, but must not receive tips for courtesies or good turns."

International Society.

The Boy Scouts are organized in twenty-seven different countries. There are local councils in as many cities of this country. Over 6,000 scout masters are registered, having charge of over 300,000 boys in the United States. In Germany the boys have taken to the movement in such numbers that the Prussian and Bavarian authorities have given them financial aid.

Eight boys constitute a "patrol," one of them being chosen leader. Three "patrols" make a "troop," and a scout master, generally a young man, leads the troop.

Woodrow Wilson is honorary president of the Boy Scouts of America, ex-Presidents Taft and Roosevelt are honorary vice presidents.

Many of the ministers will mention the Omaha campaign today in their churches.

Knowledge Gained.

You know boys, when you first join the scouts, you are a "tenderfoot." Then you learn things. You learn how to make a fire without matches; how to swim at least fifty yards; how to signal, track, give first aid; how to use a knife, hatchet and axe; how to cook in the open without utensils; how to make maps and sketch; judge distance, height, number, size, weight. You learn the sixteen points of the compass, so you can't get lost even in a big forest. When you have become proficient in such things you are "first class scout."

Take Step to "Stop The War" Campaign

New York, Nov. 26.—Further steps in a national "stop the war" campaign designed to crystallize sentiment so that any peace move which may be made by President Wilson will receive the support of the nation, were taken here today by the organization of the New York branch of the American national conference committee. Similar branches are to be established through the country.

Hamilton Holt is chairman of the committee and the vice chairmen are Miss Jane Addams, Governor Arthur Apper of Kansas, Prof. Irving Fisher, John Hays Hammond, Dr. John Harvey Kellogg and Dr. George W. Kirby. Rebecca Shelly is secretary.

TIDE TURNING TO VILLA, ATTACKS FROM THE NORTH

Cutting of Telegraph Wires to Border Indicates Bandit Is to Strike From This Side.

SAFE FROM HEAVY GUNS

Carranza Officials at Juarez Say Rumor Capital Has Fallen Untrue.

SIERGE IS STILL CONTINUING

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 26.—High army officers here tonight declared their belief that indications were that the tide of battle at Chihuahua City was turning in favor of Villa and his forces after he had been defeated and driven off repeatedly during the past two days.

The fact that the telegraph line is cut is considered significant by these army officers, who are closely watching developments in Mexico. This, they say, indicates Villa's force is north of the capital and far removed from the artillery on Santa Rosa hill, and other eminences. The side having the greatest supply of ammunition will win, one officer declared tonight.

Still Holds City.

Juarez, Mex., Nov. 26.—Rumblings of cannon reported to the telegraph operator at Sauc station by refugees and relayed to General Gonzales at military headquarters here convinced the civil and military authorities that General Trevino, Carranza commander, still held Chihuahua City last night at the close of the three days' siege by Villa and his bandits.

Aside from this information the commanding officers in Juarez was as much in the dark as to the day's developments in the state capital as the Americans on the border. The federal telegraph line which runs into the military headquarters at Juarez has been silent since 10 this morning when communication with Chihuahua City was interrupted soon after Trevino sent a personal message to Mrs. Trevino assuring her of his safety.

The telegraph line is in operation from Juarez to Sauc, the first station north of the capital, but Carranza officials said it had been cut between that station and Chihuahua City.

Villa North of City.

The station agent at Sauc was ordered by General Gonzales to send a runner into the city tonight and ascertain the developments of the day and to report them over the military line upon return of the courier. The suspension of wire communication with Chihuahua City is considered by Carranza military authorities to indicate that Villa has moved around to the north and northeast of the city and is attacking from that side in the hope of avoiding the curtain of fire which the Carranza artillery has been pouring into the ranks of the bandits.

Americans familiar with the topography of the city, say Villa will be able to make his way into the city proper from the north without encountering artillery fire. This part of the city is said to be less strongly fortified than the south, east and west.

Becomes General Attack.

Before the telegraph line was cut brief reports of the three days' battle for possession of Chihuahua City received here, told of the preliminary skirmishing just before dawn, which developed into a general attack at 4:30 o'clock.

The battle opened with the rifle flashes of the artillery men in the first line trenches. The machine guns, mounted on elevations protecting the main roads to the city took up the refrain soon after daybreak and the heavy artillery on Santa Rosa hill added its rumblings to the symphony at sunrise. The assault became a general one at 7 o'clock with the bandits attacking from all sides, according to the dispatches received here. A repulse of Villa was reported soon after 9 o'clock after which nothing of the battle was received until the telegraph line was cut.

Deny Rumor Is True.

When informed of a rumor in El Paso that Chihuahua City had fallen before Villa's attacks, Andres Garcia, inspector general of consulates, said: "There has been absolutely nothing received here to indicate such an event, and we control the only available source of information. From our knowledge of the defenses of Chihuahua City and of General Trevino's resources in men and arms, we do not feel any uneasiness."

New Envoy From Austria Likes Us

Vienna, Nov. 26.—(Via London.)—Count Adam Tarnowski von Tarnow, the newly appointed Austro-Hungarian ambassador to the United States, told the Sofia correspondent of the Pester Lloyd of Budapest, that he welcomed the opportunity of going to America and that he admired Americans.

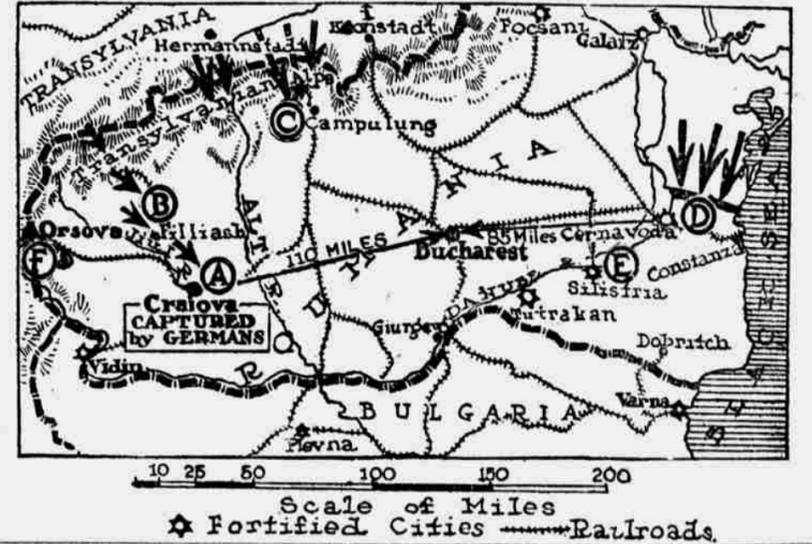
"President Wilson is a mild man who loves his fellow men," Count Tarnow is reported to have said to the correspondent, "and for this reason his efforts toward peace will be successful ultimately."

Medieval Wood Bust of Girl Sells for Thousands

New York, Nov. 26.—A fifteenth century carved and painted wood bust of a girl from the Devanzati palace at Florence, Italy, was sold for \$17,900 today at the sale in the American Art association galleries. The bust is attributed to Bernardo Rossellino, a pupil of Donatello. Five sessions of the sale have brought \$696,605.

HOW VON FALKENHAYN IS INVADING ROUMANIA

This map shows the general strategic situation in Roumania; (a) position of General von Falkenhayn's invading forces at Craiova, the important railway centre of Western Roumania; (b) railway junction at Filias, to which the Roumanians retreated; (c) Campulung, north of which an Austro-German invading army has been held up in desperate fighting; (d) present position of Field Marshal von Mackensen's army, north of the bridge head at Cernavoda; (e) Siliustria bridge head; (f) Hungarian town of Orsova, occupied by Roumanians.



INEZ MILHOLLAND BOISSEVAIN DEAD

Noted Suffragist Leader Meets Death in Los Angeles After Extended Illness.

SHE HAD A STORMY CAREER

Los Angeles, Nov. 26.—Arrangements were completed today to send the body of Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain, suffrage leader, whose death after an illness of more than a month occurred last night at a hospital here, to her home in New York tomorrow night for burial. No funeral services will be held here, it was announced.

Eugen Boissevain, husband of Mrs. Boissevain; Mr. and Mrs. John Milholland, her parents, and Miss Vida Milholland, a sister, will accompany the body east.

Many messages of sympathy were received today by members of the family from friends, prominent workers in the woman suffrage cause and associates during the life of Mrs. Boissevain in her "different fields" of activity.

Mrs. Boissevain's death followed a sudden change yesterday in her condition after she had seemed to be slowly gaining strength following a crisis in her illness more than a week ago. Several times during her illness, which was diagnosed as aplastic anemia, blood transfusions were resorted to in an endeavor to strengthen her, the last being made yesterday.

Taken Ill in October.

Mrs. Boissevain collapsed on October 23 while making a speech here in connection with the presidential campaign. She fainted during the speech, was revived and concluded the address, but the following day she was unable to leave her apartment and later was taken to a hospital.

Mrs. Boissevain had been for many years widely known for her activity as a woman suffragist, a social worker, an advocate of socialism, and a practicing lawyer.

As a student in Vassar college, 1905-9 although known as the college beauty and possessed of wealth and position, she shunned society as such, and shocked the more conservative college opinion by her radical social views. One of her acts during this period was to hold a suffrage meeting in a graveyard at night when permission to hold the meeting in the college chapel had been refused her. She also made a name for herself.

(Continued on Page Two, Column Three.)

One Man Fatally, Others Dangerously Hurt in Car Wreck

Butte, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—By the overturning of an automobile at Spencer Friday evening Bruno Boettcher was fatally injured and two others, August Ehrlich and John Kaczor, severely hurt. Boettcher was pinned under the steering wheel and crushed internally. Ehrlich had a collarbone broken and shoulder dislocated, while Kaczor escaped with bad bruises. The men were taken to the hospital, where the doctors pronounced Boettcher beyond help. It is said the automobile was going at high speed when the corner was turned.

Slight Gain Made By the Diet Squad

Chicago, Nov. 26.—There was a net gain of five pounds in the aggregate weight of the twelve members of the diet squad today after their fourth day of living on a prescribed menu limited to cost 40 cents a day. The dozen, who are combating the high cost of living by trying to demonstrate that nourishing and satisfying meals can be supplied for that amount began a two weeks' test last Wednesday morning and today were strong in the belief that they already had passed the contention.

Tomorrow's menu will comprise: Breakfast—Stewed apricots, cornmeal mush, butter, toast. Lunch—Macaroni au gratin, Harvard bread and butter, cottage pudding with chocolate sauce. Dinner—Celery soup, cannonball of beef, Turkish pilaf, bread and butter, apple cobbler and vanilla sauce, tea.

Cash Register Open; Stranger Helps Self

An unidentified person stepped into the store of Levi Bloomfield, 2605 N. street, Friday evening between 5 and 7 o'clock and eluding the eyes of the proprietor helped himself to the open cash register. Bloomfield reported to the police that \$45 in cash and a check on a local bank for \$10 were missing.

MRS. TANNER DIES FROM HER INJURIES

Severely Burned Last Thursday Morning When Dress Catches Fire.

HERE FORTY-TWO YEARS

Mrs. J. M. Tanner, a prominent Omaha woman and a resident of this city for more than two score years, died yesterday evening at the home, 3333 Pine street, as the result of burns suffered last Thursday morning, when her dress caught fire as she was telephoning, with her back to a gas stove, the oven door of which was open. She was conscious yesterday forenoon, but her condition rapidly became worse and she died shortly after 6 o'clock in the evening.

Those in the family who survive Mrs. Tanner are the husband, State Senator Tanner; two sons, Joseph W. Tanner, city editor of the Kearney (Neb.) Times, and Hubert J. Tanner, who is employed in the office of the United States collector of customs in Omaha, and a daughter, Mrs. Frances Millie Haselmir, 2821 South Thirty-third street.

Mrs. Tanner had no immediate surviving relatives.

Lived Here Over Forty Years.

The daughter of Patrick O'Byrne, a pioneer Omahan, Mrs. Tanner was 58 years old November 6. She was married to Mr. Tanner in Omaha and at the time of her death had lived here forty-two years.

Mrs. Tanner was a member of St. Peter's parish, and took an active part in the affairs of the parish. She was well known and was highly popular as a woman who entertained extensively a woman whose home was at all times open to the young people of the neighborhood.

Besides being well known for her hospitality, Mrs. Tanner was prominent in social club affairs and was active in the work of several organizations.

The tragedy which cost Mrs. Tanner her life, occurred at 8:30 o'clock Thursday morning. She had been using the oven of the gas stove and was in the act of using the telephone with her back to the stove, when her skirt caught fire. She was alone in the house at the time. Her husband was out of the city.

Mrs. Tanner was burned about the limbs, hands and back, becoming unconscious at the time of the accident.

Twenty-Eight Freshmen Girls Pledged by Greeks

Lincoln, Nov. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Twenty-eight freshmen girls of the University of Nebraska, including one Omaha co-ed, were pledged by the university sororities here last night, following the close of the second rushing season of the year.

The list follows:
Achoy—Roberta Chippierfeld, University Place.
Delta Zeta—Mildred Goodwin, Sterling.
Alpha Chi Omega—Not pledged.
Alpha Delta Pi—Helen Whelan, Harvard; Ruth Holton, Burwell.
Alpha Omicron Pi—Kather Chamberlain, Nelson.
Alpha Phi—Ruth Anderson, Wahoo; Helen Casper, York; Mildred Goodwin, Sterling; Geraldine Hutton, Lincoln.
Delta Gamma—Elizabeth Brown, Lincoln; Edna Fitzsimmons, Lincoln.
Delta Zeta—Grace Southwell, Gering.
Gamma Phi Beta—Ella Bickett, Superior; Helen Haggart, St. Paul.
Kappa—John Thela—Margaret Harmon, Lincoln; Jean Priest, Battle Creek.
Kappa Kappa Gamma—Ocell White, York; Geraldine Johnson, Omaha.
Phi Beta Phi—Alice Redwick, Newcastle, Wyo.; Susie Scott, Kearney; Mary Bea Fairbury; Jeanette McBride, Elgin.

MEXICANS STILL SHOW SOME DOUBT

Not Disposed to Agree to Protocol Unless Troops Move at Once.

DIFFERENT VIEWS TAKEN

Queretaro, Mex., Nov. 26.—High Mexican officials who are here to attend the constitutional convention are still awaiting the full text of the border control protocol signed in Atlantic City last week and the full text of Secretary Lansing's statement defining in part the policy of the United States government toward Mexico before they will make any comment on either.

There is seemingly satisfaction that an arrangement has been reached for the withdrawal of the American troops from Mexico and for the control of the border, but this is replaced by the feeling that Secretary Lansing's statement will require deep consideration. The terms of the protocol mentioning a delay of forty days for the withdrawal of the troops, if conditions permit of such action, is adversely commented on.

It is known that certain leaders have vigorously opposed any agreement that would permit the pursuit into Mexico of bandits by the American troops, as outlined by Secretary Lansing, it being stated that such a suit can only be regarded in the light of an invasion. Other influential men, however, have made the declaration that the signing of the protocol is the beginning of an understanding that will wipe out cause for disagreement between the two countries.

Ships Are Scarce! Yacht of the Spanish King Bears Freight

New York, Nov. 26.—The extraordinary demand of commerce for ocean tonnage which has already called in to merchant service vessels of war and army transports and has virtually swept the world's shipyards bare of everything that will float and carry cargo, has now laid toll on the erstwhile private yacht of a king.

Today arrived here the Spanish steamship Alfonso XIII, formerly the royal yacht of the present king of Spain. It once was the North German Lloyd steamer Havel and was bought by Spain during the Spanish-American war. The furnishings and luxurious apartments of the ship pleasing the eye of King Alfonso XIII, he commanded it on his occasion as the private yacht of the royal family and it was used on numerous excursions of state.

Now operated by the Spanish Transatlantic company for merchant and passenger service the Alfonso XIII furnishings have not been disturbed. The regal suite is locked up, but is still ready for use by the king or his family if required. This is the first trip of the Alfonso XIII to an American port.

Railroad Man Crushed Between Locomotives Dies in the Hospital

Ray M. Moran, an employee of the Missouri Pacific railroad, who was crushed between two locomotives in the railroad yards on November 16, died at St. Joseph's hospital yesterday morning. His home was at 2219 California street. He was 27 years old.

Mr. Moran is survived by his widow, three small children and his father and mother, several sisters and several brothers, who live in St. Joseph, Mo. The body will be taken to St. Joseph for the funeral services and interment.

Nearly Five Hundred For Load of Clover Seed

Tecumseh, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Al F. McReynolds, a Johnson county farmer, received \$485.90 for a wagonload of clover seed. He marketed the seed in Tecumseh. Mr. McReynolds had 3,430 pounds in his load, and he received \$8.50 per bushel for it, sixty pounds to the bushel. It does not seem credible that a wagonload of seed could be worth \$500.

WIRELESS WARNS ENTENTE ALLIES' SHIPS OF SUBSEAS

British Cruiser Near Sandy Hook Cautions Vessels Carrying Its Flag to Be on Alert.

UNDERWATER BOATS OUT

American Line Steamer Kroonland Received Warning on Way Over.

PHILADELPHIA USES CARE

New York, Nov. 26.—The British cruiser Lancaster, stationed fifteen miles southeast of Sandy Hook, at 9 o'clock tonight, sent out by wireless a general warning to all steamers flying the flags of the entente allies to beware of German submarines on this side of the Atlantic.

The Lancaster directed the commanders of all vessels to keep a sharp lookout for underwater boats. They were told to show no more lights than were necessary and to avoid so far as possible the regular lanes of steamship travel.

A wireless warning to look out for German submarines off the American coast was flashed at sea to the American line steamship Kroonland, which arrived here today from Liverpool, according to the vessel's commander, Captain Barman.

Passengers on Board the American line steamship Philadelphia, which also arrived today from Liverpool, said that the ship was illuminated last night and the lift boats were swung out ready for a possible emergency. Captain Cady said, however, he had heard or seen nothing of submarines.

Rev. Henri Anet Is Pleading for the Belgian Churches

Rev. Henry Anet, for fifteen years a missionary in Belgium and now a chaplain in the Belgian army, told the congregation of Trinity cathedral yesterday morning of the needs of the churches in Belgium and France. He said that thousands of churches had been destroyed, but despite this religious services had been steadily going on. He made a direct plea for funds, saying that unless help was given to tide the churches over winter they would have to suspend.

Speaking of his people and country, he said: "We are persecuted, distressed and cast out, but we are not in despair for we have not been forsaken by God." He also praised the invaluable aid of Americans whom he declared were responsible for the saving of thousands of lives from starvation.

Rev. Henri Anet is touring the United States under the direction of the Franco-Belgian committee. The committee has under its jurisdiction 439 churches and missionary stations, 135 pastors and evangelists, besides many lay workers and deaconesses. Their total yearly expenditures amount to \$162,300, but because of the war conditions have had a very heavy deficit.

Public School Heads To Form Principals' Club in This City

Principals of Greater Omaha public schools will meet next Saturday noon at the University club for dinner and to consider organization of a principals' club. An organization of that character existed in Omaha years ago, but it went into the discard when the interest lagged.

This meeting will be at the suggestion of Superintendent Graff, who will meet with the principals and address them. Chairman Woodland of the Board of Education also will speak.

The salary increase situation will be one of the subjects to be discussed.

Bryan to Appear As Rail Witness

Washington, Nov. 26.—Presentation of present day railroad problems and plans for their solution was completed today before the joint congressional investigating committee by A. P. Thom, counsel for the railway executives' advisory committee