

What Women Are Doing in the World

Booth Tarkington's "Second Name for Vrederburg," Eugene Woods "Neighbors" and Holworthy Hall's "It's Born in Them" will be studied by the Dundee Woman's club under the leadership of Mrs. J. E. Dodds...

Dundee Circle of the Child Conservation League will hold a special meeting Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Fred Elliott, jr. Miss Alice Loomis, head of the home economics department of the University of Nebraska...

George Faulkner's animal stories will be told under the leadership of Miss Agnes McElroy, Thursday, at the public library, when the Wyche Story Tellers' league meets.

Exemplification of ritual by officers and a talk on the educational fund will occupy the meeting of Chapter M of P. E. O. Sisterhood, Saturday afternoon, with Mrs. William Berry and her daughter, Marie, as hostesses.

Miss Ruth Paxson, sister of the leader, Mrs. C. W. Hayes, will be the speaker at the political and social science department meeting of the Omaha Woman's club Monday afternoon...

Miss Ruth Paxson, national student secretary of the Young Women's Christian Association of China, will speak at the vespers service of the local association at 4:30 this afternoon...

Frances Willard Women's Christian Temperance union will meet Wednesday at 2 o'clock in the Young Women's Christian association assembly room.

On Tuesday, election day, there will be a continuous prayer meeting in the Young Women's Christian association assembly room from 10 o'clock till 4. The meeting will be in charge of Mrs. W. C. King, evangelistic secretary of Frances Willard Women's Christian Temperance union.

Woodrow, Mrs. Thomas, Miss Martha Murphy, Mr. Peter Fisher, Mrs. H. C. Richmond and Mr. Lynn Sackett.

University of Omaha Coeds Are Going in Quite Strong for Politics



The co-eds of the University of Omaha are more than enthusiastic over politics just now. For the last three weeks they have been discussing the presidential candidates in a way that would convince the listener...

or a Wilson button. Each one is required to read the daily papers and thus keep in touch with the current political events. In addition to this each one is expected to look up the history of her candidate and the work he has accomplished while in public offices.

The organizations were completed during the early part of this week. Both the Hughes and Wilson clubs elected their leaders. Miss Vernia Jones and Miss Lillian Henderson were chosen to fill the respective positions.

Major Isaac Sadler chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will present a large bunting flag to the Detention home, 310 Bancroft street, Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Park Mothers' circle at the school auditorium Wednesday. Principal Etta Smith and the school teachers were honor guests.

North Side circle, Child Conservation league, will meet Friday afternoon with Mrs. William O. Edholm, 5306 North Twenty-seventh avenue. A literary program will be followed by a social hour.

A business meeting of Chapter E. P. E. O. sisterhood, will be held Thursday at 1:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. G. W. Hervey, 1116 North Fortieth street.

Tennyson chapter of the Chautauque circle meets Monday at 2:30 o'clock in room 316, Young Men's Christian association. Roll call response will be on Roumania, while Mrs. H. F. Curtis leads the lesson on chapters 9 and 10 of "The German

Empire Between Two Wars." Mrs. E. Benedict has charge of the lesson on "Foundations of Modern Europe." Mrs. W. H. Shriver will read a paper on the "American League."

The Evening Chautauque circle, which meets Thursdays at 7:30 o'clock with Mrs. W. B. Howard, will be led by Miss Grace Grant this week. Miss Harriet Frahm will discuss German literature and papers will be read by Miss Wallace and Miss Vera Du Bois.

Husbands and members of the North Side Mothers' club will be entertained at the home of Mrs. Charles J. Ziebarth, 2413 Hartman avenue, on Saturday evening.

"Learning How to Live Within One's Income" will be the subject of a round table discussion at the Central Park Mothers' league meeting Friday afternoon. This will be visitors' day at school.

U. S. Grant Woman's Relief Corps will hold its regular meeting Tuesday at 2:30 o'clock in Memorial hall of the court house. Mrs. A. A. Foster entertained the corps at a Kensington last Tuesday.

South Side Women's Christian Temperance union, headed by Mrs. William Berry, will hold an all-day prayer meeting election day from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. at Wheeler Memorial Presbyterian church.

Omaha Women's Christian Temperance union will hold an all-day prayer meeting Tuesday, beginning at 8 o'clock in the morning, in room 316, Young Men's Christian association. Leaders for each hour are as follows: Mesdames N. J. McKittick, Alice Minick, Olive Smith, W. H. Mick, Julia Lane, G. W. Buck, W. T. Graham, W. F. Lite, E. P. Sweezy, F. A. High, Miss Mary Lunn and Dr. Jennie Callias.

Owing to election day being Tuesday, at which time the agricultural room in the court house will be in use, the business women's committee prayer meeting and luncheon will be held Thursday, November 9, instead of Tuesday, as is customary.

Benson Woman's club will meet on Thursday in the Rousey Victrola room. A musical program, led by Mrs. H. Rivett, will be given, with talks on "American Folk Music," by Mrs. C. C. Sawtelle, and "Characteristic Differences in the Music of Nations," by Mrs. F. B. Oliver.

The B. L. S. club of Benson was entertained Thursday at the home of Mrs. Vincent Kenney at a luncheon and card party. About fifty guests were present.

The main object of the vocational guidance section, Association of Collegiate Alumnae, is to help increase the effectiveness of the work of the vocational bureau. The work of the

section is to be done by committees, part of which are already organized as follows: Library committee, chairman, Mrs. George Morton; its work, collecting for the bureau a library which will consist partly of books, but largely of pamphlets and clippings along vocational lines.

bureau, through its manager, Miss Myrtle Roberts, continues to help find places for boys and girls as well as give personal advice and recommend readings along vocational lines. More formal talks along vocational lines are being given in the Central gym in the South High schools.

"You'll Have a Complexion To Rave Over!"



A Way That Never Fails to Produce Wonderful Results in a Few Days on the Complexion and the Hair. Told by the Stage Beauty, Valeska Suratt.

To each one of you, my sisters, I say that never before has there been so easy to make your complexion, no matter how deficient it may be now, even more beautiful than you have ever hoped it to be. And I say more: you can be as sure of it as that the sun will rise tomorrow. I have never seen it fail. Thousands are doing it every day. It's very simple. You mix the following formula yourself at home in a few minutes. It's far more economical than buying prepared creams—and there's no comparison as to results.

BY VALESKA SURATT.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS. MISS ANNA F. M.—He is right. Having hair over the arms while wearing the present styles at a dance is inexcusable. I can understand your fear of using the ordinary superfluous hair-removers. They burn and mark up the skin. I can promise the following will not. Just apply salve solution to the hairs and you will see them dissolve in a wonderful way. It never leaves a mark or red spot. Salve solution can be obtained at any drug store.

her waist and is wonderfully thick and silky. This case is no exception. I have never known it to fall. Here it is: To a half-pint of water and half-pint of alcohol (or a full pint of bay rum instead of water and alcohol) add one ounce of betanquinol. Mix it yourself at home; it's no trouble, and you are sure of results. It costs much less than the prepared hair articles in the stores. Try it and you can bet on it that in a short time you'll look like a different woman, your hair will grow as you never knew it to grow before. You'll be proud of it.

MISS DANDER—I've seen awful cases of dandruff disappear after three or four washes by using eggol. This is a wonderful dissolver of dandruff. You know soap and ordinary shampoos contain alkalis which really hurt hair. Dissolve a teaspoonful of eggol in half a cup of water. You can get enough eggol at the drug store for twenty-five cents to last for over a dozen shampoos. It is a marvelous scalp cleanser.

MISS T. O. R.—Cheer up, girlie. Once I met a young lady, a mighty sweet character with a face so covered with blackheads it looked as though she had been shot at with buckshot. I told her to go to the drug store and get some powdered norexin, sprinkle some on a sponge and rub it on the blackheads. I told her they'd go away in a few minutes. She couldn't believe it, but they did. You try it, and you'll see for yourself, too.

MRS. F. O. R.—Next time it happens that you can't get at the drug store the eggol for the headwash, simply send the twenty-five cents to "Secretary to Valeska Suratt, Thompson Bldg., Chicago," and I will see that it is sent to you promptly.

MRS. MARGARET X.—There's nothing vain about my telling you that the face powder made after my own formula and now sold in drug stores as "Valeska Suratt Face Powder," for fifty cents, in white, flesh and brunette tints, is the most wonderful powder you ever used. I had it made to avoid the chalkiness found in even the highest-priced powders. It is a marvel of fineness and delicacy. You'll use no other when you try it once.

SIAM TRESSER—I've known many cases of falling hair worse than yours. One acquaintance of mine was just having a wig made to cover the bald spots when I told her I could make her hair grow as sure as her I was living. She started in using my formula and today her hair reaches below

MRS. "RINKLE"—I never make a decided statement unless I know. I can assure you positively that you will get rid of your "crow's" feet and wrinkles in an exceedingly short time if you will make up the following formula yourself at home and use it faithfully and liberally. You can be sure of it. I've seen the results too often. Just get it at any drug store, two ounces of steryl and mix in half a pint of water with a tablespoonful of glycerine. This makes several times more cream than you can buy in prepared form at the stores and there's no comparison in the results. It is indeed remarkable. Don't fail to use it—Adv.

HUMANITY—AND YOUR VOTE

By HENRY FORD

In this great crisis of our country I am more interested in measures than in men, I am not interested in parties at all. But measures can only be put into force through the men in office. We must therefore make a choice of the man and men who will put the measures in force.

In the first place we should guard against Wall Street influences again securing the control of our Government. They have been rooted out during the last four years, and they are working hard to get back.

The eight-hour day should be extended to all our industries where possible. Women should be given the rights which in justice belongs to them. For years the argument has had some force with me that women should be discouraged from working in factories and stores, and hence, they have been discriminated against in wages, but I have slowly come to the settled conviction that this practice has been unfair, because equal work deserves equal pay. Hence, all women in our employment who do equal work shall receive equal pay.

I regard war as the greatest curse of mankind—that it has done more to retard the progress of the race and its material well-being than any other single cause. We want to see war abolished and we believe it can be done, and we must try to choose the man for the head of our Nation who will do the most for these ends.

ALTHOUGH NOMINALLY A REPUBLICAN ALL MY LIFE, I AM FOR WILSON, AND URGE MY FELLOW CITIZENS TO STAND FOR HIM, BECAUSE OF HIS POSITION ON THESE AND OTHER GREAT QUESTIONS, BECAUSE HE HAS KEPT US OUT OF WAR AND HAS DONE MUCH TO BRING ABOUT THE REMARKABLE PROSPERITY WHICH WE ENJOY, AND BECAUSE WALL STREET IS AGAINST HIM.

He is entitled to be rewarded for his great service to mankind, and the only way we can reward him is by giving him the opportunity to be of still greater service.

The greatest reward for doing a good thing is the privilege to do more, that is why Mr. Wilson wants to be re-elected; in other words, to be paid for what he has done by the privilege of doing more.

I have much admiration for Mr. Hughes personally, but he is surrounded, influenced and advised by nearly all the evil influences of selfishness and greed which I feel have retarded our progress so long. I fear his election would restore the old crowd to power and put back the cause of humanity for fifty years.

In my mind, the most undesirable citizen in the world is the man who will buy another man's vote, and the next most undesirable is the man who will sell his vote—because he not only injures himself and his family, but the community at large.

I AM FOR MR. WILSON BECAUSE WITH A WORLD AT WAR HE HAS KEPT US OUT OF WAR. ALL OTHER GREAT NATIONS ARE BEING CONSUMED AND DESTROYED, BUT WE HAVE PEACE WITH HONOR, AND OUR BOYS ARE AT HOME. SPECIAL INTERESTS ARE DEMANDING WAR AND THE PRESIDENT IS BEING CRITICIZED WITH MANY WORDS, BUT STRIPPED OF ALL UNNECESSARY WORDS THEIR REAL COMPLAINT IS THAT HE HAS NOT PLUNGED THE COUNTRY INTO WAR FOR THEIR PROFIT.

place of their birth. My observation has shown that among the best of Americans are these citizens.

To all these let me say: I know from many conversations with Mr. Wilson his absolute neutrality among all the nations at war, his intense devotion to peace, his deep desire to serve all the peoples of all those countries impartially. Any single act apparently against any one of these countries, is made only in pursuance of his duty as President of the United States and his duty to mankind.

I know positively he bears no ill will to Germany or England, or France, or Austria, or any of those countries at war, but he does understand and is opposing that invisible government, that unseen hand which caused this war. I believe those same selfish forces that caused the war are opposing the President's reelection.

I AM FOR WILSON because he caused to be passed a large number of wise and humane laws, most of which had been promised by the politicians of both parties for many years without fulfillment.

No one class has been favored, no one disregarded. He has served the United States as a whole.

Among these laws are: THE FEDERAL RESERVE LAW, which wrested from Wall Street its monopoly of finance, released credit, forbade usury and dispelled the fear of money panics which hung over every business. It has done away with the concentration of money in the hands of a few men in Wall Street, and distributed it among twelve Government controlled reserve banks throughout the country. The passage of this law alone, from the viewpoint of the honest business man, should entitle Woodrow Wilson to reelection.

THE EIGHT-HOUR LAWS—The eight-hour day issue has suddenly sprung into great prominence.

I say to you from experience and not from guess work, that the eight-hour day will help both employer and employees. We have had the eight-hour day in force in the Ford factory for nearly three years and it has been a complete success from every point of view.

I AM FOR WILSON because he favors the eight-hour day. The President has declared that he is in favor of the eight-hour day in all kinds of business, except a very few in which it is impracticable, as for instance, farming.

The President has been criticized for the passage of the Adamson eight-hour law, which applies to railroads, but that law averted the wholesale ruin which a universal railway strike would have brought. A strike had been ordered. It meant the closing of factories, violence and the enforced idleness of millions of persons and the loss of millions of dollars. Neither side to the struggle took into consideration the one hundred million people who would have to bear the burden. Every business man in the country was trembling with fear. The President acted as the representative of all the people and the strike was prevented and the principle of an eight-hour day endorsed. Seventy-four Republican Congressmen voted for the bill and no word of protest came from the Republican candidate, although the law was under consideration for several days.

Mr. Wilson showed great wisdom and courage in preventing this strike, which would have paralyzed the nation.

The Commission which has been appointed to study the effect of this law will, I hope, report that with increased efficiency the railroads will not need higher rates. But in any case this action is, I believe and hope, the first step towards the government ownership and operation of railroads.

THE RURAL CREDITS LAW, under which the farmer is enabled to borrow long time loans on small payments, at low rates of interest; and it promises an annual saving of \$150,000,000 to farmers who were formerly the hopeless victims of loan sharks. These rural credit banks are now being established by the Commission in various parts of the country.

THE CHILD LABOR LAW, which prevents employment of young children in factories and stops the coining of dividends out of the lives of little children. There is no factory and no institution that can possibly give any care equal to a mother's care.

A WISE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAW, providing compensation to those injured while in the service of the government, which measure will lead to "safety first."

THE LAW CREATING THE NON-PARTISAN TARIFF COMMISSION, which will go into effect very soon, and which has taken the tariff out of politics and placed it in the hands of a commission of different parties, so that tariffs can be altered as conditions change.

THE GOOD ROADS LAW, which provides \$75,000,000 for improving highways throughout the United States under adequate safeguards, which will facilitate transportation. This will help the country feed the city.

The farmer will be greatly benefited by not being compelled to waste his energies on bad roads. Fruits and vegetables today are rotting on the farms from lack of good roads.

THE INCOME TAX LAW AND THE INHERITANCE TAX LAW, which readjust the burdens of taxation, compelling the wealthy to bear a fair share of the load which has hitherto rested all too heavily on the backs of the poor.

THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION LAW, which provides an annual appropriation for the direct education of the farmer, in order that the farms of the land may be worked with greater efficiency and upon a sound and scientific basis and produce larger crops for the benefit of all our people.

THE ALASKAN RAILWAY LAW, which provided a railroad built and operated by the government, and which has opened up the resources of that great territory in the interests of the PEOPLE, not for the benefit of the few.

THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION LAW, which creates a non-partisan Board to arbitrate commercial disputes, to prevent unfair competition and to stand as a barrier between the consumer and extortion.

THE GRAIN ANTI-GAMBLING LAW, which provides better grain storage facilities, and enables the farmer to obtain certificates on which loans may be secured. He is thus enabled to borrow on the products of his labor—and is not compelled to sell during unfavorable times.

THE SAFETY-AT-SEA LAW, through the passage of which ships now carry more life-saving equipment, and the general living conditions of sailors at sea have been improved.

THE COTTON FUTURES LAW, which prevents gambling in cotton in stock exchanges and establishes standards for cotton. I hope the President will find some way to pass a law to prevent all speculation in stocks.

THE CLAYTON ANTI-TRUST LAW, which does away with interlocking directorates, prevents railway looting, ends the abuse of the injunction, and declares the great truth that a "Man's labor is not a commodity but a part of his life."

THE ABOVE RECORD OF PROGRESSIVE LEGISLATION in the interest of all the people and not of the few, far exceeds any ever before known in our history.