

DENIALS FLYING THICK AND FAST

Former Assistant Secretary of War Says Never Spoke About Postscript Matter.

DR. BAILEY INSISTS HE DID

New York, Oct. 30.—Democratic national headquarters made public last night the following telegram sent by Henry C. Breckinridge, former assistant secretary of war, to the Philadelphia Ledger in reply to statements made in a speech by Senator Lodge quoting him in reference to the alleged elimination of a postscript from the second Lusitania note.

Mr. Breckinridge's telegram, filed at San Mateo, Cal., as given out by the committee, follows:

"Anyone who quoted me to Senator Lodge as represented in your telegram as quoted is a scoundrel. No member of President Wilson's cabinet ever threatened to resign any subject. The only thing that would seek for partisan advantage to emaculate the potency of one's government in a vital international affair by the peddling of backstairs gossip is beneath contempt."

Houston Sends Denial.

Another denial of Senator Lodge's assertion was contained in a message received at democratic headquarters from David F. Houston, secretary of agriculture, who said:

"I have received a telegram from the Philadelphia Public Ledger, reporting Senator Lodge as having said at Brooklyn that after the second Lusitania note had been read the president added a postscript informing the German government that the words 'strict accountability' and other strong phrases were not to be taken seriously and that I threatened to resign if the postscript was added. Of course, this is a fabrication pure and simple. The president would have been incapable of conceiving such a crooked course."

Never Heard of It.

"I never heard of such a postscript and did not threaten, and have at no other time, threatened to resign."

"I would have been astounded at the reported statement if I had not noted other irresponsible, unpatriotic and disloyal utterances of republican leaders, especially those raising and dealing with sectionalism. Surely the republican leaders are very desperate and in sad need of issues when they lend themselves to such things."

Wilson Is Silent.

Long Branch, N. J., Oct. 29.—Renewal of assertions by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts that President Wilson had eliminated a weakening postscript from the "strict accountability" note in connection with the sinking of the Lusitania brought forth no statement from President Wilson tonight, officials here taking the position that denials by cabinet members were sufficient.

The president was informed that former Assistant Secretary of War Breckinridge had denied the truth of an interview with him, which Senator Lodge gave as the authority for his charge.

Garrison Also Mum.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Former Secretary Garrison declined tonight to comment on Senator Lodge's speech or the telegram of Mr. Breckinridge, his former assistant secretary.

Mr. Garrison asked whether Mr. Breckinridge had denied the statement attributed to him, but declined to discuss the matter further.

"I am not being interviewed on any subject," he said. "I have no statement of any kind to make."

Bailey Stands Pat.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 30.—A reaffirmation of the truth of his statement that Henry Breckinridge, former assistant secretary of war, had told him that President Wilson had eliminated a postscript from the second Lusitania note after several members of his cabinet threatened to resign if it were included, was made today by Dr. Charles H. Bailey, a professor at the Tufts Medical school.

Dr. Bailey was quoted last night in a letter read at a political meeting in Somerville by Senator Lodge as having had a conversation with Mr. Breckinridge on a train from San Francisco, last July, in which the former assistant secretary of war made the alleged assertion regarding the postscript.

According to a statement issued by the republican state committee, Dr. Bailey replied tonight to an inquiry he has received from the Philadelphia Public Ledger that his letter as read by Senator Lodge was "a fair and not at all exaggerated" report of his conversation with Breckinridge.

Part Not Denied.

The committee's statement added: "Dr. Bailey said in his reply that he expected there would be denials all around, but that he affirmed the truth of his letter, and called attention to the fact that Breckinridge had made no denial of the most important feature of the letter which said that President Wilson without the knowledge of any member of his

NO RELIEF FROM INTENSE ITCHING

Tells of "Wonderful Cure" by Resinol.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 26.—"I had eczema in the worst way for six months. A small pimple on my right wrist kept spreading until it was up to my elbow. It came out in spots and some places were like water blisters. The itching was intense and I had no relief whatever. My fingers were all covered with cracks and pained me very badly. My hands and arms were all scales. The burning was so bad it felt as if I had been turned to a blister and the blister rubbed off. I tried everything I could hear about, including many prescriptions, but had no relief. As a last resort I tried Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment. The itching STOPPED AT ONCE. Before I had used Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap three days the redness had all gone. I could sleep nights—no itching or burning—and I felt like a new woman. People who knew me when I had this trouble were surprised at the wonderful cure." (Signed) Mrs. J. B. Walker, 97 Bartlett St., Charleston.

All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. For free samples, write Dept. 6-9, Resinol, Baltimore.

ENGLISH RECALL AID GIVEN DEWEY

Debate in House of Lords Brings Out Interesting Matter of History.

AS RELATED BY ADMIRAL

(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 30.—During the discussion in the House of Lords Monday last regarding the operations of the German submarine U-53 off the coast of the United States, Earl Grey gave an account of a conversation he had had with Admiral Dewey as to the action of Captain Chichester of the British navy in Manila bay at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war.

Alluding to the question put by Baron Charles Beresford to Viscount Grey, the foreign secretary, with regard to the German submarine operations, Earl Grey said:

"My Lords, before the secretary of state for foreign affairs answers the question, I should like to be allowed to ask a supplementary question—namely, whether there is any truth in the statement in the press of Tuesday, October 10, that the commander of the German submarine U-53 asked the commanders of American destroyers Denham and Macdougall to clear out of the way so that he might have room to blow up the ships he was attacking, and whether it is true that the American destroyers promptly acceded to the German request? I sincerely hope the noble viscount will assure the house that there is no truth in the statement that American destroyers deliberately moved out of the position in the open sea in order to enable the German submarine to sink the merchant vessels."

Departure From Tradition.

"Such action on the part of the American war vessels would involve a startling departure from the old traditions of mutual service between America and England in the cause of humanity. The custom of both British and American sailors in all parts of the world to go spontaneously to each other's assistance in moments of difficulty has been so invariable that I had learned before the war to regard American and British ships as practically ships of one united fleet for the purpose of safeguarding and promoting the highest interests of mankind."

"I hope I may be permitted to quote one illustration of the day in which this spontaneous mutual service has been far-reaching effects in promoting good will between America and England. In 1905 I had the honor of meeting Admiral Dewey and some distinguished members of the American senate at dinner in Washington."

Manila Incident.

"On that occasion Admiral Dewey narrated to me in a voice and with gestures eloquently suggestive of the utmost gratefulness the story of the way in which he had received invaluable assistance from Captain Chichester at Manila at a time of great anxiety. Admiral Dewey informed me that the presence at Manila of the German cruisers with heavier displacement than that of American ships caused him to realize the grave character of the danger menacing his country in the event of the German ships beginning the hostile action, of which he at that time had reason to be apprehensive. He described how the whole American fleet watched in silent anxiety the visit of the German admiral to Captain Chichester's ship and the intense relief with which they saw, shortly after the German admiral's return to his own ship, his majesty's ships under Captain Chichester's command hoist their anchors and shift their anchorage to a position which placed them in the direct line of fire between the German and the American ships."

"No action has ever done more to promote the friendly feelings of one

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL HAS ANNIVERSARY

Edifice in Which George Washington Worships Observes Day.

METHODISTS CELEBRATE

New York, Oct. 30.—St. Paul's Chapel in lower Broadway, in one of the busiest parts of New York, where George Washington worshipped, began its 150th anniversary celebration yesterday. A service arranged for tomorrow, it was announced, will be attended by a representative of the president of the United States, the governor of New York and the mayor of the city, as well as members of historical societies and other bodies.

The edifice has been elaborately decorated for the celebration, which will last through the present week.

The pew which Washington occupied is draped with four large American flags and bears the Washington coat of arms.

Prominent clergymen and laymen today also attended Trinity church, at the head of Wall Street, in whose parish St. Paul's chapel is situated. The occasion was the annual service of the association which is promot-

ing inter-communion between the Anglican and eastern orthodox churches. The Russian, Greek, Serbian, Syrian and other churches were represented.

Transfer of Censors Not Due to Protest

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"It is not true that these officers were transferred to other duty as a result of requests of any foreign government or persons," said Admiral Benson. "I took the initiative without consultation or direction from any other authority."

The admiral declined to say for what reason the officers were transferred. It was said that only questions of administrative details were involved.

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Germany Likes New "Summer Time" and Wants More of It

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CUT THIS OUT

OLD ENGLISH REMEDY FOR CATARRHAL DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES.

If you know someone who is troubled with head noises, or Catarrhal Deafness, cut out this formula, and hand it to them, and you will have both the means of saving some poor sufferer perhaps from total deafness. Recent experiments have proved conclusively that Catarrhal Deafness, head noises, etc., were the direct cause of constitutional disease, and that salves, sprays, inhalers, etc., merely tampered with the complaint and seldom, if ever, effect a permanent cure. This being so, much time and money has been spent of late by a noted specialist in perfecting a pure, gentle, yet effective tonic that would quickly dissipate all traces of the catarrhal poison from the system. The effective prescription which was eventually formulated, and which has around the belief that deafness will soon be extinct, is given below in understandable form, so that anyone can treat themselves in their own home at little expense. Secure from your druggist 1 oz. Paragol (Double Strength), about 10¢ worth. Take this home and add to it ¼ pint of hot water and 4 oz. of granulated sugar, stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day.

The first dose should begin to relieve the distressing head noises, headaches, dizziness, cloudy thinking, etc., while the hearing rapidly returns as the system is invigorated by the tonic action of the treatment. Loss of smell and mucus dropping in the back of the throat, are other symptoms that show the presence of catarrhal poison, and which are often entirely overcome by this efficacious treatment. Nearly ninety per cent of all ear troubles are directly caused by catarrh; therefore, there must be many people whose hearing can be restored by this simple home treatment.

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