

T. R. WOULD TURN "WILSON DAY" INTO A DAY OF FASTING

Roosevelt Declares That Democrats Should Make Occasion One of Shame and Humiliation.

TROD PATHS OF DISHONOR

Out of Own Mouth of the President, Colonel Condemns Him of Cowardice.

SCORES INSINCERE WORDS

New York, Oct. 29.—Theodore Roosevelt in an address at the Brooklyn Academy of Music last night, declared that if today is what "our democratic friends" call "Wilson day," it should be "appointed a day of fasting and humiliation."

"For during the last three years," he went on, "the people of the United States have eaten the bitter bread of shame and trod the paths of dishonor under the leadership of Mr. Wilson."

The colonel directed most of his attack against the recent declaration of Mr. Wilson that the present was the last great world war that the United States can keep out of.

"We never have had any candidate for so high an office, who was so utterly indifferent to the reversal of all his professed convictions of principles, and, above all, so indifferent to the flat contradiction between his words and his acts on almost every issue of real importance before the people," he said.

Insincerity and Hypocrisy.

After quoting the president's words in regard to this country and the next war, Mr. Roosevelt said that "never have we had a greater degree of insincerity and hypocrisy than is contained in such a plea for re-election by the president, who has himself practiced the coldest and most selfish neutrality when all these things that he in the abstract condemns were in the concrete committed at the expense of Belgium and of the Armenians and of the Syrian Christians."

Taking up the president's "appeal for support on the ground that he has kept us out of war," Mr. Roosevelt declared that if it was just to keep out of the present war, then it would be just in the future to keep out of all similar wars, and "if the president, on the other hand, is right in saying that we never shall keep out of any such wars in the future, then he condemns himself for keeping out of this war."

"You say, Mr. Wilson, that hereafter America must exert its whole force, moral and physical, throughout the round globe if the fundamental rights of humanity are invaded," Colonel Roosevelt said. "Do you not know that it is abject cowardice to say that this must be done hereafter when you do not dare do it now?"

"If you mean what you say as to the future, then you must mean precisely and exactly that this is your duty in the present. Do it now, Mr. President. It is sheer hypocrisy to shatter ten days before election as to what ought to be done in the future, when throughout your whole term of office, you have failed in the present to do what you now say is your duty."

If the president's words can mean anything, the colonel continued, and "never again are we to be neutral then he is inexorable in having kept us so shamefully unprepared."

Issues of Campaign Discussed by Norris

McCook, Neb., Oct. 29.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator Norris addressed an overflowing audience of over 1,000 persons last night. He talked for three hours on the political issues of the campaign, delivering a most convincing exposition of republicanism, covering the tariff, protection, the Mexican question, the Adamson bill, etc. He criticized the failure of the administration to keep its pledges, and its claim to have kept America out of war.

The senator spoke at some length in defense of his vote against the Adamson bill, which he described as a measure passed without consideration, hastily under force and which he looked upon as being of doubtful wisdom and usefulness.

Miss Warner of Lincoln First Woman County Agent

Seward, Neb., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—The Seward Commercial club gave a luncheon yesterday at its rooms for the members of the Homemakers' association, numbering 174 members and representative women of the farmsteads of this county. Miss Ward of Washington, D. C., head of the home extension work in thirty-three states, was here and made an address. Prof. Pugsley, Miss Davidson, Miss Wilson and Miss Warner of the state farm were also on the program.

F. W. Goehner, president of the Commercial club, made the address of welcome. Mrs. L. H. Diers, president of the Homemakers' association, replied.

Republican Orator Well Received at Scotia

Scotia, Neb., Oct. 29.—(Special Telegram.)—A large republican rally was held at the opera house last evening. O. S. Spellman of Pierce, spoke for two hours to a large and enthusiastic audience with a good natured, eloquent and convincing argument and was frequently applauded.

Are You Looking Old?

Old age comes quick enough without inviting it. Some look old at forty. That is because they neglect the liver and bowels. Keep your bowels regular and your liver healthy and you will not only feel younger, but look younger. When troubled with constipation or biliousness take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are intended especially for these ailments and are excellent. Easy to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere.—Advertisement.

PRESIDENT OF STATE C. E. UNION.



Rev. H. H. Price

The thirtieth annual Nebraska Christian Endeavor union will be held in Omaha from November 2 to 5. Under the direction of Rev. H. H. Price of Friend, state president of the organization, an interesting program has been arranged. Some of the prominent speakers will be: C. A. Mock, president of Union college, Le Mars, Ia.; Bishop W. M. Bell, Los Angeles, Cal.; C. C. Hamilton, Boston; W. R. Hall, Philadelphia; Frank Lowe, jr., Kansas City. Interesting union and missionary exhibits will also be on display.

HUGHES PLEDGES ALL PROTECTION IF HE IS ELECTED

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sary duties of his office. It is of little importance that you should have vast appropriations for preparedness or a most competent administration for the spending of public money.

After asserting that he "was a man of peace," Mr. Hughes continued: "Desires World at Peace.

"All my training has been in the school for the settlement of peaceful controversies. I desire to see a world at peace. When the great war ends, nothing will be more important than to secure in the most practical way international co-operation and organization through world courts, tribunals of conciliation and frequent conferences that will cement and make permanent the world peace.

"We are devoted to the ideals of peace. We have no aggressive policies. We do not covet anything. We are not here to exploit anybody. We are here to be exploited. We are here to have the blessing of free institutions, anxious to have that peace alone can bestow. We want peace.

"A vote for me is not only a vote for peace, but a vote for the maintenance of American rights and peace with honor and lasting peace. What a mistake it is to suppose you can conserve your peace and forfeit your self-respect. You live in a world where friendship, our friendship, is desired by all. We desire the friendship of every nation. We have certain rights. Our citizens are understood to have certain rights. It is well known that under the rules and principles of international law the privileges of citizenship should be recognized.

Will Invite Insult.

"What can be thought of any nation, that fails to understand and appreciate the dignity of its own citizenship? It cannot command respect. It is sure to invite insult. It will decay by virtue of the very fact that it is not equal to the proper assertion of its demands. We want courteous and firm insistence upon that to which we are entitled, with a consistency and power which will command the respect of the world.

"If we want peace, we must have the confidence and esteem of other nations. They must respect us. There is no hope otherwise. We shall be driven here and there. We shall forfeit our reputation for competency and understanding of our position if we are not firm in the maintenance of known rights. It is not force that rules the world in our organized society in its constant manifestations of activity. That is to say, it is not force that determines this or that action in peaceful intercourse, but it is force that lies back of organized society, that gives it its sanction and makes peaceful intercourse constant and continuous.

Must Assert Rights.

"There is no basis for the suggestion that we should be drawn into complications. All we need to do is to assert, in a manner that will be convincing, what our rights are, and those just rights, properly asserted, according to correct standards, will be recognized. With it all, however, must be the recognition of courageous spirit which will make our flag the symbol of justice, of power that is not misused, but of security to American citizens, lawfully prosecuting their business wherever they may be."

The anti-dumping provision of the revenue act was characterized as "farfetched, practically unworkable, practically useless."

Mr. Hughes assailed the enactment of the Underwood law with reference to the low duties on agricultural products. "We must never forget that we need in this country," he said, "particularly in the coming years, a more intensive application in agriculture than we have had. We cannot rely upon the lavish bounty of nature to protect us in the competition of the coming days. We do not want our boys to leave the farms and go to the city. We want work on the farm dignified, that there will be prosperity among our farmers, and we want our Agricultural department continued with the highest efficiency, and if I am elected, as I expect to be, nothing will give me greater pleasure."

Induces Sleep.

Take Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey for that hacking night cough, it stops the cough and you sleep. 25c. All druggists.—Adv.

G. O. P. COMMITTEE FEELING CONFIDENT

Chairman Beach at Lincoln Sees Only Signs of Weakened Demo Position.

KENNEDY STEADILY GAINS

(From a Staff Correspondent.)—At the beginning of the last week of the campaign the republican state committee feels confident that the finish will see the republican state and senatorial ticket safely landed.

As far as Hughes is concerned, the committee feels that the state may be counted for the republican candidate. In the opinion of a well known republican, "those who are supporting Hughes are not talking very much. They have been thinking the matter over and will vote right when the time comes."

Sentiment Fixed.

As an evidence of changing sentiment and an indication of how Hughes stands with the business interests of the country, polls of the business blocks of Lincoln show a decided Hughes color, every block so far giving a Hughes majority with the exception of the Young Men's Christian association building, where many students are rooming, which gave Wilson a very small lead.

Probably no business block in the city gives as good an idea of conditions as they exist as the First National bank building. This building was polled yesterday and gave Hughes 84 and Wilson 74; Sutton 91 and Neville 62; Kennedy 111 and Hitchcock 39; Reavis 112 and Maguire 36. The prohibition amendment showed 107 for and 39 against.

Demos Give Up Hope.

It is rumored, and it comes from a very reliable source, that the democratic state committee has given up hope of landing the state ticket, with possibly one exception. It is also well known that the polls taken by democrats in all parts of the state show a great falling off in Hitchcock support and, of course, a corresponding gain in Kennedy strength. It has been apparent to those who have been watching the situation closely that the Hitchcock crowd gave up hope of winning two weeks ago.

Look Out for Roorbacks.

Chairman Ed Beach of the republican state committee urges the voters of the state not to be switched by any campaign stories sprung when there is no chance to refute them. Generally speaking a campaign story against any candidate sprung in the closing days of the campaign may be counted upon as false and delivered with the one purpose of causing a stampede to a defeated candidate. Mr. Beach therefore urges the voters to be careful.

Beach Is Amused.

Mr. Beach was highly amused this morning in reading that Henry Morgenthau, chairman of the democratic national finance committee, had reported that \$500,000 more money was needed to make the election of Wilson assured. "I thought they had already put him across," said the republican state chairman, "but it looks as if they were not so sure of their ground. I think it the best evidence I have seen that they know they are beaten, as we have known it for some time. I am glad that they have at last taken a tumble to the real conditions. It may save some of the demonstrators of the country who are so anxious to bet on Wilson's election a little money."

MACKAY ANSWERS SEVERE CRITICISM

(Continued From Page One.)

how best to deal with the liquor problem. I have not yet seen any attempt to refute the logic of my argument in favor of high license. Instead, my opponents resort to vile personal abuse and this, in a country where freedom of speech is a cardinal tenet of the constitution.

"What is truth? This question put by Pontius Pilate to Jesus, remains unanswered to this day. Of opinions of truth there can be no dispute. I always said that the saloon is an evil and I favor its restriction. I am as much against drunkenness as any man. Raise the license of the saloonist every few years and limit their numbers. I would have only one or two saloons in the city, if my wish prevailed.

Quotes Ireland.

"I agree with Archbishop Ireland, who says, 'Legislation should be construction of good as well as destruction of evil. The saloon is the poor man's club.' If I could find a few wealthy men to build a big club house downtown for the benefit of the poor man, I would willingly give the reformation of this church, because in such a club could reach more men.

Temperance is the work of the church of Jesus Christ.

"Temperance is the work of the church of Jesus Christ. Think you that the spirit of Christ actuates those who assail me and members of my family with vile abuse? It does not. Personally, I would rather take my chance of salvation with the poor drunkard, with the man who is unclean of mind and body and even with the man who robs widows and orphans to grow rich, than with the men or women who wrote those letters to me.

Refused Money.

"When I wrote that defense of high license, I was asked how much I wanted for it. I replied that there was not enough money in the state of Nebraska to pay me for that argument, if the opinions set forth therein were not my firm convictions. Next I was asked if I would allow my name to be signed to the article. 'Certainly,' I replied, 'I always stand publicly by my opinions.'

Mr. Mackay chose as his text the clause from St. Paul's epistle to the Romans: "Unless a man has the spirit of Christ, he does not belong to Christ."

It was announced that next Sunday All Saints' day, will be observed at the church with special services. Communion services will be held at 7:30 and 10:00 o'clock in the morning. There will be prayer and special service at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Burkett Speaks in Seward.

Seward, Neb., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—Senator E. J. Burkett spoke in Seward county yesterday. He addressed the veterans of the Soldiers' home in the afternoon and a large audience listened to him at the Seward court house last evening.

FROM EPISCOPAL TO CHRISTIAN CHURCH

(Continued From Page One.)

reading scripture. The Episcopal church practiced immersion until about the fifteenth century. Why did it change and why does it want to change the ten commandments now? Silent on Moral Issues.

"The Episcopal church is not evangelical and is to a large measure silent on the great moral issues of the day."

"A full scriptural gospel cannot be preached from an Episcopal pulpit. Dogmatic ecclesiasticism prevails above everything else in the Episcopal church and comparatively speaking its clergymen are not noted for prophetic or intellectual genius with the ministry of today."

"The American principle of liberty forbids men of attainments and conviction in spiritual matters to submit to a bishop, who may be minus on these lines."

"Dr. George C. Richmond, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church of Philadelphia, Pa., and a very close friend of mine, says: 'Casuistry, diplomacy and vanity have a higher value with bishops than moral boldness or prophetic genius.'"

"Dr. Richmond is now before the courts of the Episcopal church for speaking against his bishop and the ecclesiastical authority, yet this clergyman is known in Philadelphia as the poor man's friend and is a devout advocate of the rights of the workingman, for which he is now on trial. An Episcopalian minister in Iowa said:

"By the authority of the archbishop of Canterbury I am sent to preach the word, and I don't care a rap about the New Testament scriptures."

"The Episcopal church does not burden itself with an aggressive desire to bring men and women into a right relationship with Jesus Christ."

"It has submitted a creed, which the apostles never saw and dogma which they never knew, for plain New Testament teaching."

"It considers its ritual of more importance than the preaching of the gospel, yet the ministers of Christ are commissioned to preach and not merely to read a man-made liturgy."

Back to First Love.

"Mrs. Maudie E. Buxton, a devoted wife to me and who labored faithfully in assisting me in my ministry, was a member of the Christian church, and by her persuasion I was immersed when a lad of 18 years of age. Hence in making this change I am but going back to where I first started in the Christian ministry. Mrs. Buxton opposed my coming into the Episcopal church and we had planned to leave it when I was urged to accept St. Paul's parish here in the west."

"I am willing to suffer the wearing of rags to preach the gospel, although I may have had a beautiful salary in the Episcopal church. Of course, in this day and age everybody cannot understand such a conviction and I presume my aristocratic Episcopalian friends will make light of it, as the bishop did."

Thanks the Parishioners.

"I want to express my sincere thanks to the parishioners of St. Paul's parish and to Bishops Morrison and Longley for their kindness to me and my family while domiciled in St. Paul's rectory, and I pray that God will lead them into larger visions concerning the greatest interrogative of the human soul, 'What must I do to inherit eternal life.'"

"Let us remember, dear friends, that we will some day meet again when the story of life and our earthly journey come to an end. My best wishes and prayers are that God will abundantly bless you and that he will bring us together as His children, to be numbered with those who love Him and behold His glory. I expect to receive some rebuttals to what I have said and for what I am going to do, but, God helping me, I intend to fight for the truth as it is in Jesus. I care not what suffering may come to me for preaching His word, if I can but care for my little family and labor until I shall lay my armor by, and then if it please Him whom I love and serve, and the harvest shall and the vintage shall be gathered, to give me and mine but a humble disciple's reward, we will feel that our efforts in telling men of the Christ, have not been made in vain."

"To one and all, and especially to those who love and seek for the truth, I bid, Dominus vobiscum (The Lord be with you)."

Moves From Parsonage.

Rev. Mr. Buxton spent yesterday afternoon receiving his friends at the Episcopal parsonage. All of the floors were bare and the guests picked their way through boxes and crates. All of the furnishings were ready to move out today. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Buxton have taken rooms on the second floor of the Kate Riley building at the corner of Broadway and Glen avenue, where they will remain perhaps during the winter.

Rev. Mr. Buxton asserted yesterday that he had received numerous calls to other Episcopal churches with larger salary and larger opportunities than here, but he had turned them all down, having deliberately made up his mind to enter the ministry of a church, less hampered by dogmas and creeds. He said he had chosen the Christian church for the greater intellectual and spiritual freedom it afforded and said he wanted to interpret the scriptures himself, and not be compelled to accept without dissent the interpretations of others.

Rev. Mr. Buxton comes from a long line of Episcopal clergymen. His father and several grandfathers were priests in the English church, and he has been preaching ever since he was twelve years old.

GERMANS ASSERT TROOPS MOVE ON

Central Power Army in Roumania Declared to Be Going Forward.

BUCHAREST SAYS HOLDING

Berlin, Oct. 29.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The Austro-German troops have made further progress in the region south of Kronstadt and in the direction of Campulung, army headquarters announced today. The situation in Dobruja is reported unchanged.

Bucharest, Oct. 29.—Along the Roumanian-Transylvanian front the Roumanians and Russians are more than holding their own against the Austro-German armies at some points, according to today's war office announcement. Retirement of the Teutonic troops has been forced in one sector north of Campulung and along the Jul valley, where two howitzer batteries were captured by the Roumanians.

AMUSEMENTS.

SMASHING SUCCESS PATHE'S The Shielding Shadow The Wonder Serial featuring Grace Darmond Leon Bary Ralph Kellard At These Theatres NOW Rohlff Theater TODAY 26th and Leavenworth Don't Miss It Produced by ASTRA Film Corp. Released by PATHE EXCHANGE

BOYD 25-35-50-75c. Mat., 15-25c. Comedy With Music KATE ELINORE 'My Aunt From Utah' The Greatest Laughing Show on Earth. Matinee, Tomorrow, Wednesday THREE NIGHTS, BEGINNING THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2 Matinee Saturday William Elliott F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present THE MOST WONDERFUL PLAY IN AMERICA EXPERIENCE By George V. Hobart 9 Months in New York 7 Months in Chicago 5 Months in Boston 10 BIG SCENES COMPACT OF 52 A Love Story of Youth, His Trials and Temptations SEATS NOW SELLING Nights 50c-\$2, Mat. 50c-\$1.50

GAYETY ALWAYS GOOD USUALLY GREAT Devoted to BRILLIANT MUSICAL BURLESQUE TWICE DAILY WEEK Mat. Today Final Performance Friday Nite. THE QUEEN! IN THE QUEEN! ROSE SYDELL (HER-SELF) Queen of All Burlesque (HER-SELF) With Her Own Company, The LONDON BELLES With Such Notables as Johnnie Weber and Tremont Frances Cornell, Smith & Pullman, in A TRIP TO WASHINGTON BEAUTY CHORUS OF REAL BELLES Dear Reader: These Belles are so ring true: I think it's the best and liveliest show Queen Rose ever brought us. There's a host of surprises and great gobs of vaudeville—and Bill Campbell and Johnnie Weber do that "Old, Pans" thing with the media. OLD MAN JOHNSON, Mr. GAYETY. Evenings and Sunday Matinee, 15c, 25c, 50c and 75c. A Few Day Mats. 15c and 25c at 50c Chew gum if you like, but no smoking. LADIES' AT ANY WEEK TICKETS 10c DAY MATINEE Baby Carriage Garage in the Lobby.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

Michael L. Clark Republican Nominee for Sheriff of Douglas County Promises the people that if he is elected he will devote his entire time to the duties of the office and will have no other interests to prevent him giving his best endeavors to serving the people. His opponent has held the office for five years, and a great many are of the opinion that a change would be beneficial and that the office should be passed around. IF ELECTED Michael L. Clark WILL BE ALWAYS ON THE JOB A Vote for Him is a Vote for Efficiency

Arthur Capper Governor of Kansas Tells About Prohibition and Tax Rates The Nebraska Prosperity League has printed in the newspapers an advertisement containing the following extract from my last message to the legislature: "Kansas, in common with other states, has experienced in the last decade an increase in the cost of government and the burdens of taxation far beyond the increase of population. In 12 years public expenditures have increased 68 per cent in the state, 77 per cent in the county, 153 per cent in the city, 119 per cent in the township and 132 per cent for schools." The Nebraska Prosperity league uses this statement as an admission that prohibition and increased taxation go together. We do not need to go beyond the official records for the truth, the thing most feared by the boose interests. The official government statistics show that while Kansas increased in population from the census of 1900 to that of 1910 from 1,470,495 to 1,690,949, or 15 per cent, Nebraska increased from 1,066,300 to 1,192,214, or 11 per cent. Yet aggregate taxes raised for all purposes in Nebraska from 1902 to 1912 increased 108 per cent, and in Kansas 87.8 per cent. That is, the increase in Nebraska was 20 per cent greater than in Kansas. Kansas' population increased more and Kansas' taxes less than Nebraska's. The increase in taxation in Kansas is not due to prohibition any more than the greater increase in Nebraska or the still greater increase in Washington for the federal government. Between 1902 and 1912 there were 27 states whose aggregate local taxes for all purposes were more than doubled. There were 21 states whose taxes did not double. Nebraska with saloons is in the first group, and Kansas with prohibition, is in the second. The state tax rate in Nebraska was \$6.80 on \$1,000 at last reports at hand, and for the same year the tax rate in Kansas was \$1.20 on \$1,000. Kansas assesses its property at par, Nebraska at about one-fifth. In any case the comparison favors Kansas, the Kansas rate raising \$3,461,548 and the Nebraska rate \$3,269,739. The Kansas tax in all is \$2.04 per capita, and the Nebraska tax \$2.74. The charge that prohibition makes taxes higher is not borne out by the records. Yet it is about all the Prosperity league has for ammunition in its resistance to the rising temperance movement. If it fails to show, and it does fail, that the state, and the towns, and the school districts must have saloon money to continue business, as it claims, or that saloon money helps the community financially and in a business way, and that to wipe out the saloons "hurts business," all of which statements are violently contradicted by the record, what has the Prosperity league left for an argument? Arthur Capper Topeka, Kas. Governor.

Cold-in-head Relieved in one minute. Get complimentary can of Kondon's from your druggist. Or buy a 25 cent tube. If it doesn't do you'll worth of good in a jelly. You can get your 25 cents back from the druggist or from the Kondon Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Use once quick. For colds, catarrhs, coughs, nasal headaches, etc. Be sure it's the kind that's been used 23 years—and by 50 million Americans. KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY