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THE WEATHER FAIR

On Trains, at Hotels, News Stands, etc., 5c. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

WHOLE COLUMNS MOWED DOWN BY TEUTON GUN FIRE

Effect of German Artillery on Somme Battle Terrible, Losses of Allies Being Very Great.

BERLIN WIRELESS REPORT

Dispatch Says Bravery of Kaiser's Men in Big Battle Most Remarkable.

PRAISE FOR THEIR ENEMIES

Berlin, Oct. 17.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—Details of report about the recent fighting on the Somme front show that the attacks between October 9 and 13 are to be reckoned among the greatest actions of the whole Somme battle, says the Overseas News Agency. "The objectives of these great French and British efforts were Bapaume and Peronne. Moreover, numerous hostile attacks of violence were directed against the front from Courcellette to St. Pierre Vaast wood, north of the Somme, and between Fresnes and Mazancourt, and against Chaulnes, south of the river. Of these engagements those north of the Somme were most severe."

October 9, 10 and 11 the main centers of combat were north of Thiépval, north of Courcellette, near Saillly-Saillies, and in the vicinity of the St. Pierre Vaast wood. October 12 a great attack was co-ordinated at attack was launched over the whole front from Courcellette to Bouchavesnes." Speaking of the attacks October 12, the news agency says: "The defenders of the Somme front had thought it impossible that the violence of the artillery fire in the great attack early in October could be exceeded, but nevertheless even this was surpassed. In spite of the hail of iron, the British and French did not succeed in reducing the German positions to such an extent that they could be stormed. French and British infantry in compact waves charged the German positions, but were speedily brought to a standstill by the German curtain of fire. Notwithstanding their heavy losses, they attempted one attack after another. Near Saillly-Saillies six charges were made. All failed completely, with the heaviest losses for the enemy. German infantry left their shelters and, standing in the open, shot down the enemy columns with rifles and machine guns."

The effect of the German fire on the French and British, the news agency says, "was simply shocking." "The accounts continue: "The Germans had not lost their energy and will, notwithstanding the heaviest shelling, lack of sleep and the impossibility of obtaining sufficient food on account of interruption to communications."

"The enemy displayed tenacity, but more remarkable was the bravery of the Germans, who not only had to defend positions against superior numbers, but were called on to make counter attacks and to gain the enemy wherever he succeeded in gaining a foothold in the German line."

Bricks Through the Street Car Windows

New York, Oct. 17.—Violence in the city's transit situation was resumed today, when strikers and sympathizers made several attacks on surface cars in upper Madison avenue. Bricks were thrown through windows and several passengers were injured and a conductor was assaulted and robbed. Police reserves dispersed the trouble-makers. The strikers apparently took advantage of the fact that 2,400 policemen were parading to display their military efficiency acquired at their summer preparedness camps.

One Great Railroad System Is Proposed For the Bush Lines

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 17.—The reorganization plan for the Missouri Pacific and St. Louis & Iron-Mountain railroads was presented today to the state public service commission by B. F. Bush, receiver for the property, and attorneys representing the roads. The plan will undertake the re-financing plan. It was stated that all interests excepting the holders of bonds to the extent of \$3,000,000, supposed to be in Germany, have assented to the plan. The commission was told that one great system, under a Missouri charter, will be made out of the 7,000 miles of the two lines. Paul D. Cravath, New York, asserted that the Missouri Pacific had been forced into a receivership because of bad financing, and not because the road's earning capacity had decreased. He stated that a syndicate had underwritten \$46,000,000 in cash, or as much of that amount as may be needed, to take up the \$25,000,000 of gold bonds and also to pay off \$3,000,000 of interest now due.

Poll of Train Gives Hughes Big Majority

Minden, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—A poll on Burlington train No. 5, out of Hastings, shows Hughes 40 votes, Wilson, 27. Many towns in southwestern Nebraska were represented and every one a Hughes booster. Hughes interest is growing rapidly over here as a result of Mr. Hughes' Nebraska trip.

Miss Huber Goes to Granary And Then Hangs Herself

Menno, S. D., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—Suffering from an attack of religious mania, Miss Regina Huber, in the prime of life, committed suicide by hanging herself in a granary on the farm of her brother, W. C. Huber, some miles from town. She left the house during the forenoon and, not returning within a reasonable time, her brother became alarmed and instituted a search for her, finding her lifeless body hanging in the granary.

Prayers for President Cut Out Of the Episcopal Church Service

Substitute Offered for Safety and Preservation of the Nation.

St. Louis, Oct. 17.—The house of deputies of the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church today voted to eliminate the special prayers for the president of the United States from the morning and evening prayer service and to substitute for them a prayer for the safety and preservation of the nation. The same prayer will be used in both services.

As it is now in the prayer book, the morning prayer asks for the president "in health and prosperity long to live," and that he finally may "attain everlasting joy and felicity." The new prayer as adopted for both services, while asking that the president "and all others in authority" be given "the wisdom and strength to know and to do they will" makes no reference to long life, health, prosperity or eternal felicity.

The house also voted, despite vigorous protests, to omit the words "the governor of this state" from the evening prayer, it being argued that "all others in authority" included the governors.

ADVISES ROADS TO PLEASE PUBLIC

Eastern Rail Magnate Tells Traffic Officers How to Succeed.

LATE DOCTRINE OF LINES

(From a Staff Correspondent.) Washington, Oct. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—"If you have anything to tell the public know about it," said Frank Trumbull, chairman of the board of directors of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway company, today to the American Association of Passenger Traffic Officers, meeting in its sixtieth annual convention at the New Willard.

Mr. Trumbull said many things along the line of publicity that would make the railroad officials of a quarter of a century ago grow cold and have intermittent chills. But 150 representatives of the leading railroads of the United States applauded Mr. Trumbull's plea for a closer relationship between the public and the railroad management on the ground that the day had passed when public utilities could exist in antagonism to public demands.

One of the interesting incidents connected with this meeting is that the Union Pacific is more largely represented than any other trunk line, having present one passenger traffic manager, with three general passenger agents and two general agents, as follows: Gerrit Fort, passenger traffic manager, Chicago; D. S. Spencer, general passenger agent, Oregon Short Line, Salt Lake City; William McMurray, general passenger agent, Oregon & Washington Railroad and Navigation company, Portland, Ore.; W. S. Bassinger, general passenger agent, Union Pacific, Omaha; D. E. Burley, ex-general passenger agent, Oregon Short Line, Salt Lake City; J. B. De Syster, general agent, Union Pacific, New York City; S. C. Milbourne, general agent, Union Pacific system, Philadelphia.

ALLIES LAND MEN IN GREEK CAPITAL

Thousands Parade Athens Cheering for Constantine and Chanting National Anthem.

KING REVIEWS SAILORS

Athens (Via London), Oct. 17.—Marines from the ships of the entente powers to the number of about 1,000 have been landed at Piraeus and have occupied the railway station at Piraeus and several buildings in Athens. Immediately this became known the streets of Athens swarmed with Greeks frantically cheering King Constantine and chanting the Greek national anthem. Great crowds marched through the streets, thousands gathering in the neighborhood of the postoffice square.

The war minister, General Dracos, ordered out Greek troops and marines to guard every approach to the square and in order to prevent any clash between Greek civilians and the French, who occupied that section, establishing a complete cordon about the French and taking all precautions to avoid any incident or accident capable of starting strife.

Tells Farmers to Study the Growing Of Wheat Closely

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 18.—Wheat can be grown more profitably by dry farming methods than by irrigated farming, Dr. F. S. Harris, director of the Logan (Utah) Experiment station, told the delegates of the International Irrigation congress today. Dr. Harris, however, urged the close study of irrigation in wheat growing, as much wheat will always be grown on irrigated farms, he said.

Conscription in Ireland is Not Looked For Immediately

London, Oct. 17.—An indication that the government does not intend to have recourse immediately to conscription in Ireland was given in the House of Lords today by Earl Derby, undersecretary for war. In reply to a question he said that, pending a decision on the whole question, he would make an appeal for voluntary recruiting in Ireland, to which he hoped there would be a worthy response.

HUGHES SPEAKS TO THE FARMERS OF SOUTH DAKOTA

Republican Addresses Farmers at the Mitchell Palace, Attacking Underwood Law.

SCORES UNDERWOOD LAW

Must Have Adequate Protection of Americans Abroad, Candidate Asserts.

MAKES TALK IN SIOUX CITY

Mitchell, S. D., Oct. 17.—Charles Hughes today assailed the administration for the Underwood tariff, which he declared to be inadequate for the agricultural interests of the nation. Mr. Hughes spoke before a crowd of farmers, many of whom had come from miles around to hear him in the corn palace here, saying in part: "Our opponents reaffirm in their platform the principle of tariff for revenue only and endorse the Underwood act." The nominee read the democratic plank in this connection, quoting the phrase applying to the tariff as "providing sufficient revenue for economical administration."

Now, let us look at the figures of imports and of revenue," Mr. Hughes continued. "In the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, under the Payne-Aldrich tariff, our imports were \$1,800,000,000 and our tariff revenue was \$319,000,000. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, under the Underwood tariff, our imports had increased to \$2,197,000,000, but our tariff revenues had fallen to \$212,000,000.

"Think of that! A vast increase in imports and a vast decrease in revenue. Our opponents furnished neither economy of administration nor the revenue for an economical administration."

Must Protect American Interests.

"We must have adequate governmental policies for maintaining control and securing the advantage of our markets. We must have protection of American agricultural interests. Otherwise our plans of departmental regulation will be mere barren forms."

"Our opponents arraigned the republican party for extravagance and then proceeded to make a new American record for extravagance for themselves. Now we propose economical administration of government. We propose that public moneys shall not be spent to pay political obligations, that streams without water shall not be developed for commerce, that there shall be no more pork barrel legislation."

Speaks at Sioux City.

Sioux City, Ia., Oct. 17.—Sioux City Republicans gave a big welcome to Charles Evans Hughes when he arrived from his tour of South Dakota this evening. Party leaders from Iowa, South Dakota and Nebraska took part.

Rights of Workmen Are Above Property, Says A. T. Morey

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 17.—"Our work is to put the rights of workmen above property and right," asserted Arthur T. Morey of the Commonwealth Steel company, president of the National Safety council, opening the fifth annual congress of that body here today. "We have found that safeguarding workmen pays in time and labor saved, but our work is so humanitarian that I believe it would go forward even if it were not true."

Everybody On the Wheat Buying Side

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Wheat prices made an excited leap upward today of 7½ cents a bushel as the result of a general stampede by buyers. It was said export transactions amounted to more than 1,500,000 bushels and that the British government appeared to be making every effort to cheapen the cost of handling American wheat, notably in the direction of cutting down freight rates on the Atlantic.

Robinson Likely to Face White Slave Charge in Kansas

North Platte, Neb., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—Sheriff Kriste of Meade, Kan., has left for Kansas, taking William Robinson, 32 years of age, and 16-year-old Nina Haley, Robinson and the Haley girl left Fowler, Kan., several weeks ago. At Hershey, west of here, the girl wrote her parents of her whereabouts. A warrant for Robinson's arrest was issued and Sheriff Salisbury instructed to hold the couple for the Kansas officers. The pair were arrested in Hershey, where they were living as Mr. and Mrs. Robinson. The girl told Mrs. Salisbury that Robinson had told her he was a rich gambler. She said that it was his promises of costly clothing and a life of ease that induced her to leave her home on the farm near Fowler to go with him. Robinson will probably face a white slave charge in Kansas.

Embarrassing Questions—No. 2



HUGHES LANDS HARD ON WILSON SHAMS

Trade Commission Law Muddles Instead of Clarifying Situation.

FUTURE FOR AMERICANS

Charles Evans Hughes, speaking at the Omaha Auditorium Monday night to an audience as large as the immense building would hold, carefully pointed out blunders made by the democratic administration, and with great clearness and force outlined a constructive policy to be adopted.

He distinctly claimed that he is for war, or that the pursuit of his policies would lead to war. In contrast, he showed how meddling in Mexican affairs has led the country into two ignoble little wars, with no solution from either.

How Wilson Muddles Business.

For the first time he took up one of the bores of the president, made in Omaha, that his administration has clarified the anti-trust laws. This Mr. Hughes denied, and showed that by the introduction of ambiguous phrases into the act creating the Federal Trade commission, and then referring their interpretation to the commission, which has no power to construe its own powers, the administration has opened the way for years of litigation before accurate definition of the obscure passages may be had and the business situation be relieved.

Protection for Americans.

To Americans in business abroad, he promised the support and protection of the powers of the United States, something denied to them by President Wilson. For American industry he promises the protection of an adequate tariff law. The administration's shipping bill he characterized as a needless blunder.

Text of the Speech.

Mr. Hughes was closely followed, and frequently applauded by the immense audience. He said: "Fellow citizens: I have had a very happy day, full of privileges in the state of Nebraska, and from the bottom of my heart, I thank you for this very cordial welcome. (Applause.) It is my privilege to come to you as the candidate of an historic party which was split in two four years ago, but is now united. We have at this time the most serious questions to consider, and I am sure that every thoughtful citizen, whether he is a democrat or a republican, cannot fail at this time to understand the gravity of the problems before us. I am here to say it is for the benefit of democrats quite as well as republicans; for the benefit of all our people, fellow citizens of the United States. (Prolonged applause.)"

Time to Take Account.

"We want to have prosperity; we want to have peace; we want to have national honor, and we desire efficient, business-like government, not in the interest of a group or a set, not even of a party, but in the interests of our nation. (Applause.) It is a time for taking account of stock; it is a time for considering what has been done for making an estimate, for comparing action with promises, and ascertaining what really for the best interests of the American people. When we attempt this critical examination, we are met by various phases. I confess that I am not only surprised, but amused at the character of some of these phases. (Continued on Page Two, Column One.)"

BRITAIN WON'T MAKE ISSUE OF RAID BY U-53

Will Not Make Official Representations to United States Over Subsea Operations Off Coast.

VISCOUNT GREY SAYS THIS

Replies in House of Lords to Question Concerning Activities of Diver.

AMERICAN POLICY SCORED

London, Oct. 17.—The British government will not make any official representation to the United States concerning the German submarine U-53, pending an announcement of its attitude by the American government, said Viscount Grey, secretary of state for foreign affairs, in the House of Lords today.

In reply to a question concerning the attitude of the United States toward British patrols, Viscount Grey said that the British ships there to avoid causing any unnecessary irritation and to comply as far as possible with the American request.

"Matter for United States Only." "With regard to the U-53," the foreign secretary continued, "we do not know what steps were taken by the United States for patrolling its waters, or in regard to its coming into port and securing information from newspapers. We do not know whether it is true that American warships got out of the submarine's way. That is a matter for the American government only and we assume that government is making full inquiries. We also assume it will announce its attitude in due course. Pending that, we do not propose to make any official representation on the subject of the submarine."

HITCHCOCK MEN GROW DESPERATE

Trying to Whip Bryan Men Back in Line Whom They Recently Flouted.

REVOLT AGAINST MULLEN

(From a Staff Correspondent.) Lincoln, Oct. 17.—(Special.)—That the Hitchcock managers are desperate is evidenced by reports coming to Lincoln that Arthur Mullen is applying the party whip to the Bryan men, endeavoring to convince them that if they are democrats they must get in line and vote the whole ticket, Hitchcock, Neville and the entire bunch.

Less than six months ago the Mullen crowd went out of their way to insult and question the integrity of the followers of Mr. Bryan, who, under the leadership of Charles W. Bryan, his brother, were endeavoring to wrest the party from the domination of evil influences. Both William J. and Brother Charlie were castigated for every standpoint. The Mullen guns were turned on these two men and columns of newspaper space used in an effort to keep the older Bryan from the national convention and the younger from securing the democratic nomination for governor. Both efforts were unsuccessful and when the returns of the primary showed that both had been defeated, shouts of gladness and paeans of victory were sent up to the democratic god for saving the party from the Bran crowd.

Different Story Now.

Now it is different when they see the then primary victory turning into defeat at the polls in November and the swift of the party lash applied by Boss Mullen and his lieutenants to bring back the men then pillowed, can be heard from the Missouri to the Colorado line. Said one well known democratic today: "Mullen may swing his whip all he wants to, he can't make me forget he and his crowd who are trying to elect Hitchcock and Neville, went out of their way to defeat the Bryans at the primary. They used every questionable method possible to do it. They questioned their democracy and they questioned their political honesty. When a man does that he also questions my integrity and political honesty, for I have supported Mr. Bryan every time he has run for the presidency and when that bunch thinks they can help the democratic party by defeating by delegate the man who put the party on its feet in Nebraska and made it a power in the nation, they have lost my support."

Not Tool of Mullen.

"Mr. Mullen can't fool me. He says that if I am a democrat I will support Hitchcock, Neville and the rest! I am not going to support Hitchcock or Neville, and I defy him or any other boss to show me that they are any better democrats than I am. I voted for democrats before Arthur Mullen was even a voter, and he can't order me to vote for any man. They want to whip us Bryan democrats back into line to help land Hitchcock and Neville, but if they could succeed we would have to take back seats and watch Mullen and his bunch run riot. I won't do it, and there are a whole lot of us who feel the same way."

Bodies of Four Are Found in the Ruins

New York, Oct. 17.—Firemen while combing the ruins of the office building of the Oakes Dye Manufacturing company, destroyed by fire today at Steinyard, in Queensborough, discovered the charred bodies of four persons. It was thought that all the employees had escaped, but the discovery of the bodies led to fears that still others had perished. Late today the fire spread to another plant and a lumber yard and heavy losses were threatened.

Figures Which Speak Volumes

1270 MORE PAID Want-Ads in The Bee last week than same period last year. 42,906 MORE PAID Want-Ads in The Bee first months of year than in same period last year. An average of 1000 PAID ADS Better Results Better Prices