

## CHEERING HOST GREETES HUGHES OVER NEBRASKA

Republican Presidential Candidate Gets Wonderful Welcome by Farmers and Townspeople.

TELLS THEM NOT FOR WAR

Friendly Policies Are His, and They Beget Friendship and Respect.

THOUSANDS GO TO LINCOLN

BY EDWARD BLACK.

Lincoln, Oct. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—At 7 o'clock tonight the city auditorium was jammed full of a surging mass of people, drawn to see Charles Evans Hughes, republican candidate for president, who was scheduled to reach Lincoln an hour later, after his day's tour through Nebraska. Thousands who could not gain admission crowded the streets outside. While waiting to greet Mr. Hughes, the crowd was addressed by Congressman C. F. Reavis.

Demonstration at Fairbury.

York, Neb., Oct. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—The demonstration accorded Charles E. Hughes at Fairbury this afternoon was typically representative of the first day's trip of his third tour of winning the west.

This great gathering of sturdy Nebraska heartened the candidate to his highest purpose, that of dealing with facts which are his honest convictions. He impressed the crowds along the way with his personal force and sincerity. He is not a sentimentalist nor a dreamer. He does not say one thing one day and retract or revise it the next day. He has no catch-penny plays for the gallery, but relies on an abiding faith in deep-rooted convictions.

Asks Nor Gives Quarter.

A hard fighter, Mr. Hughes shows himself neither asking for nor giving quarter. He leaves behind every speech the impression that he has said something worth pondering over.

As a man at Fairbury expressed it, there is nothing much left to say on these issues when Hughes gets through.

Mr. Hughes commanded close attention of railroad men, farmers and merchants alike. He never lacks the right word for the right place. His points have no dramatic ending, but for the sake of applause, but he is so earnest and convincing that his applause springs unbidden.

The Fairbury gathering inspired not only Mr. and Mrs. Hughes, but aroused the interest of the state leaders. Among them on the platform were John L. Kennedy, Victor Rosewater, R. B. Howell, State Chairman Beach, Congressman Reavis and Sloan.

Great Crowd at Fairbury.

The large tabernacle in city park was packed and the crowd extended a considerable distance beyond the seats. Many drove in from Kansas points in automobiles and ate lunches in the park, occupying seats hours before the arrival of the Hughes party.

It was one of the largest gatherings ever assembled in Fairbury.

During the day Mr. Hughes injected vim into consideration of the tariff and the Adamson bill and demonstrated the absurdity of Vice President Marshall's charge that a vote for Hughes meant a vote for war. On the subject of peace and war he won genuine approbation at Beatrice when he said correct policies meant peace, not war.

How War Comes.

"A departure from correct principles leads you constantly into danger or strife," he declared. "If you have a self-respecting policy you will respect. You acquire confidence. You maintain friendship. We are happily situated, so that we can devote ourselves to the ideals of peace. We are a great nation with extraordinary power and there is not a nation on earth but desires to maintain our friendship, as we desire to maintain friendship with all nations."

As the verbatim reports of his speeches show, he delves into analysis of subjects he discusses. He has a direct answer when questioned as to what he would do on a specific proposition.

No Catch Phrase.

He is convincing Nebraska that he is a man with high ideals of peace, but he is not conjuring emotional phrases such as "peace at any price, or 'too proud to fight.' The mind is not intoxicated with grandiloquent phraseology, but substantial mental pabulum is being offered of a type that will sound just as good the day after heard spoken by Mr. Hughes. Such is the consensus of opinion gathered along the way.

Crowds Along Route.

The extra stop at Fairmont brought out a crowd of a thousand with a band. This is the home-town of State Chairman Beach. Mr. Hughes shook hands until he grew weary.

At Seward he was greeted by several thousand people at 7 o'clock. He had only time to say "God bless you all, and good-bye."

Brings Exclamation.

On Board Hughes Special Train. Wynona, Neb., Oct. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—"This is splendid," said Charles E. Hughes when the special train stopped at Falls City and he viewed the crowd of 2,500 people. He appeared on the rear platform beneath two American flags and was cordially received.

The country folks were out early in automobiles and rigs. E. O. Lewis of the executive committee led the contingent with a large flag.

## Omaha Anxiously Waits to Welcome Republican Choice for President.

Charles E. Hughes, With Mrs. Hughes, Will Be Royally Received by Prominent Citizens on Arrival.

TO BE NO FORMAL DINNER

Charles E. Hughes is to arrive in Omaha with the Hughes special, coming from Fremont, at 5:45 Monday evening. Mrs. Hughes and a party of thirty-eight are with the special train.

The republican candidate for president of the United States will be greeted at the Union station by hundreds of republicans and a large committee of local women.

The special committee consisting of N. P. Dodge, Jr., C. M. Tunison and Mrs. C. M. Wilhelm has worked up the program in great detail.

A reception committee of some 400 persons is to be at the station with many automobiles. Republicans all over the city have very generally offered the use of their automobiles for this occasion.

In the reception committee the old soldiers of the civil war are also to be represented. The officers of the high school battalion are also to be there to assist in the details of handling the crowd. Green's band has been engaged to play at the station. The colored republicans of the city have requested the committee to allow them a representative at the station, and they will be there with a band of their own.

Chairman N. P. Dodge, Jr., of the Hughes Alliance, Mr. and Mrs. Hughes, Mr. Farnham, manager of the Hughes special, and a secret service man.

G. W. Wattles, Gould Dietz, W. G. Ure and others of the committee who have volunteered their cars, will carry the thirty-eight members of the Hughes party in ten automobiles.

Following these will be the other automobiles with the remainder of the committee.

The committee on arrangements for the reception and meetings of the Hughes Alliance Women's Special will be at the station also. This is a committee of the following women: Mrs. C. M. Wilhelm, Mrs. Victor Rosewater, Mrs. N. P. Dodge, Jr., Mrs. A. C. Smith, Mrs. W. G. Ure, Mrs. Ward Burgess, Mrs. Gould Dietz, Mrs. R. B. Howell, Mrs. George Prinz, Mrs. E. H. Scott, Mrs. H. H. Baldrige, Mrs. J. L. Kennedy, Miss C. L. Dodge of Council Bluffs, Mrs.

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HUGHES IS FOR PEACE, TELLS NEBRASKANS

Presidential Candidate Says Only Correct Policies Can Keep U. S. From War.

COUNTRY IS ON STIMULANT

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 14.—Charles E. Hughes today characterized as "preposterous" the declaration that a vote for him meant a vote for war.

"I am a man of peace," Mr. Hughes said. "Who wants war? I don't want war."

Correct policies, Mr. Hughes said, would keep America out of war.

"That sort of thing we have been having will not keep us out of war," he said. "It will embroil us in difficulty."

In the six addresses which marked the opening day of his presidential campaign in Nebraska the nominee discussed nearly all the issues of the campaign. He characterized as temporary and abnormal the present prosperity of the country and urged support of the republican party so that a protective tariff might be enacted to fortify American enterprises in post-bellum days against unequal competition.

Living on Stimulant.

"The country," he said, "was living on the stimulant of the European war and would not long have the stimulant."

"You might as well talk to a drunken man of the bliss of intoxication," Mr. Hughes said. "Our opponents instead of making political capital out of the present prosperity, which came up through the European war, out to be thinking of what they did to the country with their policy, put in force through the Underwood bill. There may be those who enjoy the contemplation of that sort of thing, but they will have a rude awakening."

The nominee assailed the Adamson bill as "a gold brick," handed to labor.

This declaration was made before an audience of railroad employees who crowded around his car at Wynona.

Speech at Fairbury.

In his speech here the nominee went into detail on his views with respect to the international consideration of peace and the organization of peace. At Fairbury he replied to the charge that a vote for him meant a vote for war.

"I have heard it said since I came into Nebraska that somebody has been going through the state saying that a vote for me meant a vote for war," Mr. Hughes said.

"Did you ever hear a more preposterous proposition to present to men? I am for peace. I have been spending my life in maintaining the institutions of peace. I desire in that way to promote international peace. Who can think without horror of the ravages of war. Who can desire war? I do not desire war. I do not desire petty wars. I do not desire war in Mexico to satisfy a personal vindictiveness against a disliked ruler. I don't like that kind of war."

Likes Correct Policies.

"I believe in correct policies. They will keep us out of war. The sort of thing we have been having will not keep us out of war. It will embroil us in difficulty. It will embroil us in difficulty in Mexico."

"We wish well to all people; we desire to have prosperity throughout the world, but we have a particular care here. Unless we develop the great opportunities of the United States we will serve no one whatever. I am for America first, and America efficient."

"Our friends on the other side seem to think that everybody who disagrees with them wants war. Well, that would be a very cheerful way for a blind man to consider the situation."

No Monopoly on Peace.

"Our friends on the other side certainly have not got a monopoly on peace. Let us look a little at the record. They tell us they are so strongly for the preservation of peace that if anyone criticizes what they have done, he must be a militarist."

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KENNEDY TALKS BEFORE HUGHES

Republican Candidate Addresses Great Crowd That Packed Fairbury.

ENTHUSIASM AT HIGH PITCH

Fairbury, Neb., Oct. 14.—(Special.)—"The Stars and Stripes Forever," was the common wish of republicans and democrats alike in Fairbury today, where thousands gathered to extend a welcome to Charles E. Hughes, republican nominee for the presidency of the United States.

All day the city was filling with people from the country for miles about and great cavalcades of automobiles came over into this state from Kansas. Mr. Hughes spoke in the tabernacle in the city park, where thousands gathered early to hear John L. Kennedy of Omaha, republican candidate for United States senator, who arrived here with his party from Hebron at noon. Frank Rain, county attorney of Jefferson county, presided and introduced Mr. Kennedy. R. B. Steele of Fairbury was head of the reception committee.

Mr. Kennedy prefaced the coming of Charles E. Hughes by explaining to the voters of Fairbury the character of the vicious press attack which had been made on Mr. Hughes for the last six weeks and he explained that Mr. Hughes is not a knacker as characterized by the democratic press, but a fearless and constructive statesman.

Mr. Hughes and party arrived here at 2 o'clock and were conveyed immediately to the tabernacle, where they were received with long and wildly enthusiastic cheering.

Over 13,000 posters advertising the meeting had been distributed over a radius of at least fifty miles in every direction from Fairbury. Nearly ten automobiles travelled the country all week advertising the meeting. When the first advertising car out of the city arrived at Washington, Kan., thirty miles from Fairbury—the boosters found that every available car in that city had already been engaged to take loads to Fairbury, Saturday. And this was about the kind of assurance they received everywhere.

Body of Murdered Mexican Is Found

Beatrice, Neb., Oct. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—The body of Cosme Rodriguez, a Mexican laborer, was found today near Ellis by section men, who were burning off the Rock Island right-of-way. The body was burned almost beyond recognition.

Coroner Reed was called and found that the skull had been crushed with a blunt instrument. It was brought to Beatrice this evening and buried.

Two weeks ago, Frank Gonzales and Cosme Rodriguez, who were working on the Rock Island near Ellis, disappeared. One of them had \$100 on his person and checks for \$201 each had been drawn for them, but are still unclaimed.

Today blood stains were found in the bunk car, where it is believed the Mexican was murdered and then dragged about 100 yards from the car, where it was covered with grass.

Coroner Reed will make a thorough investigation of the case.

Wearing Clothing of Soldiers Means Jail

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 14.—A campaign to stop the sale of army equipment has been started by officers of the Department of Justice, with the result that several civilians arrested here were out on bail today after hearings before United States Commissioner Edwards.

The mere possession of army hats, shirts, uniforms, leggings or shoes is prima facie evidence of the violation of the federal statute prohibiting either purchase or sale of such articles, which provides a maximum penalty of two years in jail and \$500 fine.

What the Democratic Donkey Has Done

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VICTORY CLAIMED BY THE GERMANS

Four Hundred Prisoners Taken in Advance Against Allies Around Ambos Wood.

FRENCH CRUISER IS SUNK

Berlin, Oct. 14.—The battle between French and German troops for the town of Ablaincourt, south of the River Somme, has been revived with German successes, says the official statement issued today by the German army headquarters staff. The Germans have gained a portion of Ambos Wood and have taken 400 prisoners.

Troops of the central powers have gained ground in the vicinity of the frontier passes of Budenland in Transylvania. Three hundred Roumanians were taken prisoner and six machine guns captured.

The small French cruiser Rigault, built as a submarine destroyer, was sunk in the Mediterranean Sea on October 2 by two torpedoes fired by a German submarine.

German submarines October 4 sank the French auxiliary cruiser Gallia, with Serbian and French troops on board bound for Saloniki. About 1,000 were drowned.

"The British wireless service states that German seaplanes which attacked Constanza, Roumania, recently, dropped poisoned sweets and bombs infected with cholera bacilli," says the Overseas News agency.

"The shamelessness and meanness of such statements can be surpassed only by the credulity and stupidity which the British attribute to their allies."

Claims by the French.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Germans delivered a strong attack last night on Ablaincourt, south of the River Somme, and recaptured part of the village, as well as trenches northeast of it, it was officially announced today.

The French immediately launched a counter attack. By this move they recaptured all the ground which had been won by the Germans.

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North of the Somme the French made progress on Malassise ridge north of Bouchevaines.

King Ferdinand to Front.

Bucharest, Oct. 14.—King Ferdinand of Roumania, it was announced today, will personally take supreme command of the Russian and Roumanian armies.

Considerable Russian reinforcements are expected to arrive in Roumania. A commission of French officers, including General Berthelot, a military strategist, is coming to Bucharest.

Increase in Auto Exports Shows Gain

Washington, Oct. 14.—Exports of American automobiles during the year ending June 30 reached the great total of \$144,626,719, exceeding by \$67,700,000 the previous record made in 1915. Figures made public today by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, show that while export sales were made in seventy-six countries, they were chiefly concentrated, probably because of the war, in England, France and Russia.

Large increases in South America were noted. India, Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand and British South Africa, also developed important markets for American motor cars and parts.

End of High Prices At the Ball Games

New York, Oct. 14.—Exorbitant prices for admission to future world series base ball games will not be tolerated, says President B. B. Johnson of the American league.

"The world series as conducted at present," said Johnson, before leaving yesterday for Chicago, "threatens to jeopardize the fair name of the game in public opinion. Some house cleaning is to be done and it's going to start where there is the most dust of discontent."

Governor Hughes' Efforts Being Appreciated More

"I have been all over the east and have traveled in many western states recently, and I tell you the sentiment for Hughes is rapidly growing," said C. S. Hemingway, representative of the Byron Weston company of Dalton, Mass., when in Omaha yesterday.

"Especially is this sentiment growing since people are beginning to understand what Hughes has done to better the conditions of labor while governor of New York. That is a matter that ought to be brought out more."

## Hughes' Time Table For Nebraska.

Sunday, October 15—All day in Lincoln.

Monday, October 16—Hastings, morning. Grand Island, noon. Columbus, afternoon. Fremont, afternoon. Omaha, evening.

Hughes' special train will reach Omaha at 5:45 Monday evening.

## One New Member Every Four Minutes Is Committee's Mark

One hundred new members in six hours is the goal and the time limit set by the Commercial club in a membership campaign along new lines, starting next Tuesday afternoon.

To achieve this result one hundred Commercial club men will work in twenty teams for two hours Tuesday afternoon, repeating the program on Wednesday and Thursday afternoons.

By Thursday evening H. O. Wilhelm, the new chairman of the membership committee, expects to see 100 new members enrolled. This will push the membership up to a point enabling the committee to reach the 2,000 mark before the end of November.

Many members of the executive committee of the club, together with scores of laymen, have volunteered to aid the membership committee in its "big six-hour drive." The teams will organize at the Commercial club rooms Tuesday noon and canvass a carefully prepared list of prospects divided into prescribed routes in the business district.

Republican Leaders Gather in Lincoln For Hughes Meeting

Lincoln, Oct. 14.—Prominent republican leaders and rank and file members of the party gathered in Lincoln today to greet Charles E. Hughes, who reached here at 8 o'clock this evening to speak and spend Sunday. A parade of bands and torches met the candidate at the station to escort him through the streets. At 8:30 Mr. Hughes spoke at the city Auditorium. Former United States Senator Burkett presided.

Mr. and Mrs. Hughes will spend Sunday resting at a hotel. An automobile will be at their disposal, but they will hold no receptions.

Mayor Bryan, brother of W. J. Bryan, has asked that flags be displayed and that the people unite in extending to Mr. Hughes a non-partisan reception.

Cardinal Germanos Visiting in Omaha

Cardinal Germanos of the Greek orthodox church is in Omaha and will hold services today at St. John's Orthodox church, Sixteenth and Martha streets, with Father Harvalis. He will be the guest of Father Harvalis during his stay in Omaha, which will probably last a week.

Four Killed When Train Smashes Car

Columbus, O., Oct. 14.—Four people were killed; two of them burned to death, when a New York Central train crashed through an automobile, causing the gasoline to be exploded, near this city tonight. The identity of the victims has not yet been established.

Figures Which Speak Volumes

1270 MORE PAID Want-Ads in The Bee last week than same period last year.

42,906 MORE PAID Want-Ads in The Bee first nine months of 1916 than in same period last year.

An average gain of over 1000 PAID ADS per week.

Better Results Better Prices Greater Gains

## ROUMANIANS AT BAY ON BORDERS OF HOME LAND

Make Desperate Efforts to Prevent Forces of Central Armies From Invading Own Territory.

KING WILL TAKE CHARGE

Russian Reinforcements Are Being Hurried to Aid of Hard-Pressed Legions.

FRENCH OFFICERS ON WAY

London, Oct. 14.—The Roumanian troops are fighting desperately to prevent the forces of the central powers from entering Roumania. Russian reinforcements are being rushed to their aid. It is announced that King Ferdinand will take the field at the head of his harassed troops.

In eastern Transylvania and on the southern border, Austro-German forces are making progress. East of Sisk Szereda the advance had not yet halted, and west of the Vulcan pass Roumanian attacks have been checked, Berlin reports.

French Officers Coming.

Northeast of Kronstadt Roumanians have recaptured a Roumanian village southeast of Orso. Bucharest reports the capture of Mont Siguiello and a frontier town in the region of Petroseny. Bucharest also announces that a commission of French officers is on the way to the Roumanian citadel to aid the hard-pressed generals of King Ferdinand. More than 15,000 prisoners, Bucharest says, have been taken by the Roumanians on the various fronts.

Anglo-French attacks on the Somme front have been repulsed. Berlin records the capture of a portion of Ambos wood, north of Chaulnes, south of the Somme. More than 600 prisoners were taken by the Germans.

French Make Progress.

North of the Somme French troops have made progress on the Malassise ridge, and south of the river they ejected German troops who had recaptured a portion of Ablaincourt. London reports no activity for the troops of General Haig.

On the other battle fronts in Europe there have been no important changes. On the Carso the Italians have advanced slightly and gained some additional ground from the Austrians.

The losses of the English, Russian and French armies on the eastern and western fronts since June 1, the military expert of the Overseas News agency at Berlin estimates at approximately 2,000,000 men.

U-53 on Way Home; Another Coming Here

Washington, Oct. 14.—Government officials believe that the German submarine U-53 is now on its way back to Germany and that another is on the way to the American coast.

The nature and source of information upon which the belief is founded has not been disclosed. While disclaiming any information on the subject, many naval officers have been convinced that the U-53 carried out fully a definite program of the German admiralty, which included a sudden raid and return to Germany.

Officials also discredit reports of a secret base on the American coast. Every report of one traced down so far has been without a shadow of foundation in fact.

Christiania, Norway, Oct. 14.—King Haakon has approved an ordinance forbidding submarines of belligerent powers from traversing Norwegian waters, except in cases of emergency, when they must remain upon the surface and fly the national flag. Any submarine violating the ordinance will, according to its provisions be attacked by armed forces.

Mercantile submarines only to be allowed in Norwegian waters in a surface position in full daylight and flying the national colors. The ordinance takes effect on October 20.

Raising Funds for Relief

Of the French War Orphans

New York, Oct. 14.—A fund of \$130,000,000 will be necessary to put into effect the plans of the American Society for the Relief of French War Orphans. This enterprise, incorporated yesterday, is described as the most gigantic philanthropy ever undertaken. It is proposed to raise the sum in the United States. Leaders in business, finance and society are prompting the movement.