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THE WEATHER FAIR

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FIGURES SHOW COST OF LIVING WILL GO HIGHER

Table of Comparative Prices of Chicago Merchants and Producers Indicates the Worst Is to Come.

EVERY PERSON AFFECTED

Canned Fruits and Paper Bags and Women's Shoes, Men's Collars More Expensive:

COTTON AND WOOL ARE UP

Chicago, Sept. 20.—The cost of living this winter will reach an unprecedented scale and will affect every person, no matter what object may be purchased, according to a table of comparative prices compiled here today. Merchants and producers are virtually unanimous in a forecast of further increases in prices which have already advanced alarmingly within the last year.

Food prices, it is said, vary according to quality and quantity, but it is the small purchases at retail which must pay most. Wholesalers say canners throughout the country have informed them that fall and winter deliveries will be only one-third normal, while the last vegetable crop is said to be only half the quantity expected.

Thirty Per Cent Higher.

Canned fruits will be thirty per cent higher and canned vegetables are expected by wholesalers to increase twenty per cent in price. Paper bags in which the housewife carries home her market purchases have increased in cost from 95 cents in wholesale lots to \$1.55. This advance is typical of all paper products.

Cotton goods have advanced between twenty-five and thirty-five per cent. Woollens have kept pace with cottons.

The best lines of women's shoes for fall and winter will cost twice as much as the same article last year, dealers say.

Collars Higher in Price.

Even collars, that two-for-a-quarter staple which men have known for generations, will be a thing of the past. Collars now have been advanced to 1 1/2 cents each and the laundries which have for years laundered collars for two and a half cents, have announced that three cents each will be the future cost.

Cigar jobbers raised their prices this week to between four and five dollars a thousand to the dealer.

Hundreds Killed By Breaking of Dam in Bohemia

Reichenberg, Bohemia, Sept. 20.—(Via Berlin, London.)—The seriousness of Monday's flood disaster caused by the bursting of the Tannwald dam, grows as the water subsides and investigation becomes possible. In addition to the known 250 dead it is feared many other lives were lost.

The property damage cannot yet be estimated with accuracy, but it is certain the number of buildings destroyed will run into the hundreds.

Glass establishments and other industries suffered heavily. In Dessau a wood carving shop was swept away with its entire force of twenty employees and destroyed.

Brooklyn Bakers Want Embargo on Export of Wheat

New York, Sept. 20.—President Wilson will be asked to call a special session of congress to declare an embargo upon the exportation of wheat and federal and state investigations of the increase in the price of flour will be demanded by resolutions adopted by 200 bakers of Brooklyn yesterday. It was asserted that flour would be sold at \$14 a barrel and bread at 20 cents a loaf next spring unless an embargo is imposed.

The Weather

Table with weather forecasts for Omaha, including temperature, wind, and precipitation data for the next few days.

Table with comparative local records for temperature, wind, and precipitation over a long period.

HE HAS HIS FATHER'S HOME

Mrs. E. H. Harriman and her son, W. Averill Harriman, to whom she presented the wonderful estate her husband created for a home in the Catskills.



MRS. E. H. HARRIMAN & WILLIAM AVERILL HARRIMAN

Calder Gaining in Senatorship Race, Gov. Whitman Wins

New York, Sept. 20.—Returns from yesterday's primary election at noon today showed that William M. Calder had increased his lead over Robert Bacon for the republican nomination for United States senator. With 1,005 districts missing out of 5,719, the vote for Calder stood at 125,948, against 117,995 for Bacon, giving Calder a plurality of 7,953.

Calder carried Greater New York, all districts completely by 33,426, the vote being 54,844 for Calder, against 21,418 for Bacon.

Returns from the state outside of Greater New York for 2,635 districts out of 3,690 give Calder 71,104 and Bacon 96,575.

Earlier returns gave the following results: Republican, governor, 1,388 out of 5,719 districts missing; Bennett, 32,472; Whitman, 183,648; democratic United States senator, 1,494 districts missing; McCombs, 77,172; Conway, 38,372.

Second Step Taken in Attack On the Hard Coal Monopoly

Washington, Sept. 20.—Another step in the government's attempt to dissolve the alleged anthracite coal monopoly was taken today when the Department of Justice filed its brief in the supreme court, appealing from the decision of a New York federal court dismissing the anti-trust suit against the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales company and the Lehigh Valley coal company.

The railroad company is charged with monopolizing production, transportation and sale of anthracite coal from mines along its lines and with having attained this "command, not through "conspicuous efficiency," but by acts "wanton and unlawful" in themselves.

Roumanian Officials Clean Bulgar Cities Instead of Governing Them

Berlin, Sept. 20.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—"It is reported from Sofia," says the Overseas News Agency, "that the Russian army which entered eastern Roumania had with it a whole brigade of officials who were to administer conquered Bulgarian cities. These officials were captured and are now at work cleaning the streets of the same cities which they were to govern."

NEARLY MILLION HOMELESS BY BIG FLOODS IN CHINA

Area Estimated at 20,000 Square Miles in Province of Anhui

ALONG THE HWAI RIVER

Reports to Washington of Disaster Say Appeal for Aid Will Be Made.

COVERS EIGHT DISTRICTS

Washington, Sept. 20.—Nearly a million people have been made homeless by one of the greatest floods in record in that section of China where the American Red Cross already has spent \$600,000 for flood protection and where the \$30,000,000 loan for reclamation work which was postponed by the war, was to have been spent. Reports to the State department today from the American consul at Nankin said the Hwai river had inundated an area of about 7,000 square miles in Anhui province. Appeals for aid have been sent out. All the autumn crops were destroyed.

Large Lake Dammed.

The flood occurred in an alluvial section, where the north-south passage of the Grand canal had dammed a large lake and allowed the Hwai river too little space to carry off the excess water. Today's delayed advances described conditions several weeks ago, but officials believe there has been little improvement.

The State Department issued the following:

"The department has received from the American consul at Nanking dispatches giving detailed information regarding recent extensive floods along the Hwai river, in Anhui province. The inundation is equal to, if not greater than, the one of 1909. An area of some 2,000 square miles was submerged under from three to fifteen feet of water, and from July 11 to July 21 the waters reached such a height as to submerge all except very high ground in an area estimated at 7,000 square miles.

Ten Large Cities.

"The flood extended throughout eight districts in northern Anhui. There are ten cities of considerable size in these eight districts, with a total population estimated at from 800,000 to 1,000,000 people. The total population of the flooded region is approximately 2,500,000 people.

"While it is thought that comparatively few lives were lost, crops and personal property have been destroyed and there are thousands of destitute people, nearly all of whom are now objects of charity. The supply of foodstuffs on hand will be inadequate to feed the people and practically all of the autumn crops in the eight districts have been entirely destroyed. Appeals for relief have come in from the various affected districts.

In the flood of 1909, nearly one million lives were lost. Soon afterward C. D. Jameson, an American engineer, was sent to China to work out a reclamation system. In 1914 Colonel Siebert of the Panama canal headed a Red Cross commission which approved Jameson's plans, and the Chinese government began arrangements for a \$30,000,000 loan to put them into effect. The European war, however, made it impossible to raise the capital.

Health Board Secretaries Draw Less Than \$800

(From Staff Correspondent) Lincoln, Sept. 20.—(Special.)—Dr. Lucien Stark, treasurer of the secretaries of the State Board of Health, filed his annual report with State Superintendent Thomas, indicating that a total of \$3,178 was collected in fees by the board for examinations given applicants for licenses.

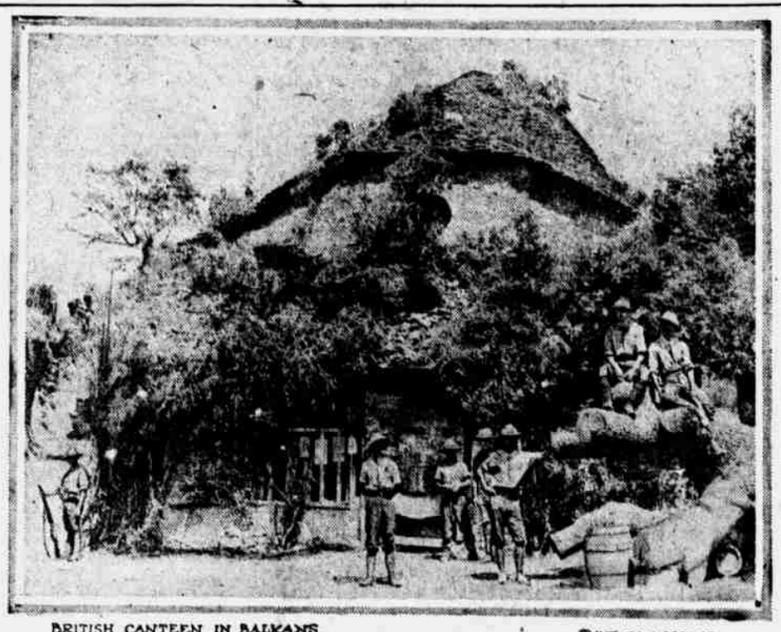
More Than One Hundred For Needy of Ireland

Tag day with the socialists was attended with what was considered pretty good results, tags netting \$105.09 having been sold. The tag day sales were under the direction of the socialists, young women selling on the prominent street corners. The proceeds of the sales will go to fund a fund raised by the socialists to aid the widows and orphans of Irish revolutionists.

Dan Thomas Not Strong Enough to Stand Operation

Dan Thomas, 4616 North Twenty-sixth street, was so badly hurt in his fall down Hotel Castle's elevator shaft Tuesday that the amputation of his right leg could not be made. Dr. P. J. Schleier, the attending physician, says Thomas is too weak to stand the operation. Amputation will have to be postponed until the man gains strength.

BRITISH ON BALKAN FRONT TURN OLD MONASTERY INTO CANTEEN—This picture, taken on the Balkan front in Macedonia, shows the ruins of an old monastery which British ingenuity has converted into a first class canteen. The foliage and earth plentifully spread over the roof, render it invisible to enemy airmen.



BRITISH CANTEEN IN BALKANS. (WIRE PHOTO SERVICE.)

RUMOR CHIHUAHUA IS TAKEN BY VILLA

Second Assault On City Said to Have Been Preceded by Mutiny of Garrison.

GARCIA DENIES THE REPORT

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 20.—A number of rumors were current here today that Chihuahua City was captured by Villa in a second attack last night. General Francisco Gonzales, commandant at Juarez, and Consul Garcia declared the reports were without foundation.

According to reports the attack was preceded by mutiny of a large part of the garrison. The bandits were said to occupy the municipal and federal palaces, the penitentiary and two fortified hills.

Consul Garcia and General Gonzales maintained that although wire communication had been hampered messages received early today indicated quiet in Chihuahua City.

May Cut Communications.

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 20.—Belief that Francisco Villa will soon cut the Carranza line of communications between Chihuahua City and Juarez, if he has not already done so, was suggested by Major General Funston today after he had a report on Villa's Chihuahua engagement received from Brigadier General Bell at El Paso.

Stories gathered by General Bell from persons reaching El Paso from the interior indicate that General Trevino's forces were driven out of Chihuahua City in Villa's Saturday attack and that they took station on a large hill outside the city from necessity and not from choice, as previous reports said. From this hill they succeeded by the use of artillery in dislodging the Villistas.

Funston Withholds Details.

General Funston refused to give out all details of the report for publication, but he said that it confirms previous accounts of the battle and indicated even more serious conditions than were admitted by the Carranzistas.

General Bell's report said that Villa's force last Saturday was estimated at from 500 to 700 men. General Funston believes that this force has grown since the Chihuahua battle. He said that in this case the logical step for Villa to take would be the severing of the line of communications between Chihuahua and Juarez. This would give him control of the Mexican Northwestern railroad and, the general added, "the garrison to the north would have to look out."

Flat Denial by Trevino.

Later, when wire communication was restored to normal, General Gonzales announced he had received a message from General Jacinto Trevino, sent at 11 a. m., which said that the border rumors were absolutely without foundation, that work of clearing the wreckage created in the Hidalgo day attack was progressing quietly and that all reports in the state capital indicated that Villa's band is still in the Sierra De La Silla, near Santa Ysabel.

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Ak-Sar-Ben Dates

- Sept. 26 to Oct. 7 Ak-Sar-Ben Festivities, including car nival and Nebraska Statehood Semi-centennial celebration
- Oct. 3 Industrial parade.
- Oct. 4 Electrical Pageant.
- Oct. 5 Historical Pageant.
- Oct. 6 Royal Coronation Ball.
- Oct. 7 Masked Court Ball.

ADAMSON LAW IS BLOW TO ENTERPRISE

Mr. Hughes Says "Surrender to Force" Will Lead to but One End, Civil War.

SPEAKS IN WISCONSIN

Green Bay, Wis., Sept. 20.—The pathway of "surrender to force," Charles E. Hughes told an audience here today, in renewing his attack on the administration for the Adamson law, leads to but one end, "civil war." Mr. Hughes referred to the action of the administration as "unpardonable."

The nominee also declared that nobody could embarrass him by talking about Americanism.

"I am for the United States first, last and all the time, without regard to anyone or to anything else," he said.

"I speak with added emphasis as the friend of labor," Mr. Hughes said in discussing the Adamson law, "when I say that the serious blow delivered recently at labor and enterprise in this country was unpardonable, that blow being the surrender of the principle of arbitration and the yielding of reason to force."

Means Uncertain Future.

"We look forward in this country to a future very uncertain unless we have peaceful settlement of grievances by a careful examination and open-minded consideration of the facts."

"When A does not agree with B they are not allowed to fight it out in the public square. They have got to come into a court of law and fight it out there, not on the public square. We have had times when railroad companies refused absolutely to arbitration of grievances. But we have had public sentiment develop greatly since that time. We have a new spirit in this country. I firmly believe. All we have to do is to stand firmly for principle and we can get justice done."

"The other way simply means the run of strength. There is only one end to that path and that end is civil war."

Mr. Hughes then went into detail as to his views on the tariff. He spoke from a platform on the court house steps to an audience standing in the yard. Afterwards he held a brief public reception.

Speeches at Other Points.

In previous addresses today, at Sheboygan and Manitowish, where large crowds turned out with brass bands to greet him, the nominee sketched his views on the issues of the campaign. He also talked on Americanism. His audiences were composed largely of persons of foreign extraction.

The nominee left Green Bay at 1:15 o'clock for Appleton, where his program called for a rear-platform address.

To Round Off the Corner of Fortieth and Hamilton

The City Planning commission will round off the southeast corner of Fortieth and Hamilton streets by moving the corner back thirty-three feet and establishing a wide turn, which will improve traffic conditions. The inside of the arc will be parked. This corner adjoins the Walnut Hill water reservoir.

ENTENTE LOSES HALF MILLION MEN

Berlin Says Small Slice of France is Regained at Price That is Appalling.

WEST FRONT NEARLY QUIET

Berlin, Sept. 20.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—British and French losses in the battle of the Somme have reached about 500,000 men, the Overseas News agency estimates.

"Recent local successes obtained by the British on the Somme are heralded by the English press as great victories and even occasioned a special message from King George to the British commander, General Sir Douglas Haig," says the news agency.

It is said the British occupied the villages of Fiers, Martinpuich and Courcellette in the first day's fighting, although it had been planned to take them in the course of four days of battle.

"Nevertheless, the British were enabled to make this advance only after eleven weeks of the most desperate efforts. The result of the battle of the Somme should be gauged by considering the amount of French and Belgian territory occupied by the Germans, which amounts in all to about 50,000 square kilometers. Of this 29,000 is Belgian and 21,000 French. The efforts made by the French and British have resulted in the recapture of only 1,500 square kilometers, or 3 per cent.

"The price paid for this territory is appalling. According to a conservative estimate the British lost 350,000 men up to September 15. This together with the French losses brings up the total to about 500,000 men.

Germans Take Trench.

Paris, Sept. 20.—Determined attacks were made by the Germans last night on the French positions at hill 76, north of the Somme. The Germans gained a foothold at some advanced points, the war office announced today, but subsequently were ejected.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—(Via London.)—In a hand grenade attack on the British troops near Fiers on the Somme front, the Germans yesterday gained some success, says the official statement issued today by the German army headquarters. In the Verdun sector the Germans drove the French out of a small trench on the western slope of Deadman's hill.

Small Gains by British.

London, Sept. 20.—British troops south of Arras yesterday captured 200 yards of German trenches, says the official statement issued today by British army headquarters.

Abandoned Baby Was Nearly Starved

The baby boy, 2 months old, deserted Tuesday night by his mother, is hovering between life and death at Clarkson hospital. Authorities there say the infant abandoned was half-starved.

The mother abandoned the baby at the Union station. She asked Mrs. E. J. Kellogg of Craig, Neb., to hold it until she could buy a ticket. When the woman did not return Mrs. Craig gave the little tot to Policeman English. The infant was sent to the City Mission and from there transferred to the hospital.

German Products Go to Japan and British Orient in Large Quantities

San Francisco, Sept. 20.—That Japan, the Straits settlements and British possessions in the Orient are receiving numerous articles from Germany, including perfumes, soap and German hops, shipped from Sweden through a London agency and with the knowledge of the British government was the declaration made here today by George R. Allen, a mining man who arrived yesterday from the Orient.

GENERAL STRIKE IN NEW YORK NOW SEEMS PROBABLE

Men Most Directly Concerned Think Situation Has Now Reached an Absolute Deadlock.

MANY CARS ARE ATTACKED

Windows Broken by Missiles Hurlled from Roofs and Several Passengers Injured.

TWENTY MEN ARRESTED

New York, Sept. 20.—Despite the attempted intervention of a committee of business men, there seemed to be little prospect today of averting a general strike in sympathy with the street railway employees. Labor leaders aver that the proposed general walk-out will involve about 700,000 workers in all trades.

All other efforts having thus far failed, Mayor Mitchell decided today to make a personal appeal to Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit company, and the New York Street Railway to recede from his reiterated intention of refusing to deal with the strikers.

Position of Mr. Shonts.

Mr. Shonts' position—necessary, the traction head says, because of a threat to strike by loyal employes in the event of recognition of the unions—balked the attempt of the public service commission and a citizens' committee to bring about an amicable adjustment.

Although there appeared little hope of a change in the traction company's policy, the mayor arranged for a conference with Mr. Shonts later today. The mayor, it was learned from an official source, expects to propose a new basis of settlement to avert the impending general walkout.

Union leaders have promised to withhold their order for a sympathetic strike until after Thursday, and in the meantime the city authorities and business men will endeavor to find some way to prevent an extension of the labor war which threatens to tie up a considerable part of the city's industries.

Rioting Becomes Serious.

The attempt to operate surface cars last night resulted in the worst rioting since the strike began, but the officials of the transit companies say the service in the daytime is improving steadily. Throughout the night elevated trains, together with subway trains at points where they run on elevated structures, were subjected to almost ceaseless bombardments of bottles and bricks, car windows being shattered and a number of passengers injured.

Today there were several attacks by strikers and sympathizers on surface cars and police reserves were repeatedly called out.

Ask Gompers to Conference.

With the arrival here today of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, to attend the funeral of Seth Low, it was learned that the business interests which are endeavoring to avert a sympathetic strike had invited Mr. Gompers to attend their meeting with labor leaders tomorrow. It was indicated by the union men that Mr. Gompers planned to take more than ordinary interest in the situation. Mr. Gompers held his acceptance of the invitation in abeyance pending talks with union leaders.

Surface Cars Attacked.

During the forenoon attacks on surface cars continued intermittently. The last twenty-four hours have witnessed the most extended disturbances of the strike, police reports today showing the arrests of twenty men declared to be former employees. Fifteen of these are accused of felony in attacks on trains and cars.

Two Car Barns Attacked.

New York, Sept. 19.—The most serious rioting since the transit strike in this city began two weeks ago occurred tonight in various sections of Manhattan when attempts were made to run cars on the Forty-second and Fifty-ninth street crosstown surface lines. Mobs of strikers and their sympathizers stormed two car barns, overpowering the police and putting to flight all railway employes in the vicinity.

Several motormen and conductors who had not joined the strike were beaten. Much property damage had been done before police reserves arrived.

At Forty-second street and Broadway, one of the busiest spots in the city, a great crowd bombarded a car with stones they had gathered from a subway excavation.

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There are a few people who still look upon advertising as an expense. They will cheerfully hand out many dollars in postage to have their selling message delivered to a few hundred people, yet begrudge the expenditure of a few dimes on a Want-Ad that reaches tens of thousands.

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