

RECORDS BROKEN BY FAIR ATTENDANCE

Over One Hundred Ninety-Go Through Gates. Three Thousand Persons

BETTER THAN EVER BEFORE FAIR ATTENDANCE.

Table with 2 columns: Day, 1916, 1915. Rows include Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

Total, 1916, six days.....193,173 Total, 1915, seven days.....180,712

Lincoln, Sept. 8.—(Special Telegram).—All previous state fair records for attendance were broken this year when 22,444 people passed through the gate today, the last of the fair. This makes a total of attendance for the six days of 193,173. The total attendance for the last ten years shows:

Table with 2 columns: Year, Attendance. Rows include 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912.

Wednesday Biggest Day.

This year the biggest day was on Wednesday when 53,572 people passed through the gates. At no time has that number been exceeded except in 1911 on Wednesday when 56,887 registered and again in 1912 when again Wednesday brought in 59,385. Thursday of last year came very nearly begin a record when 52,513 passed the gates.

Last year on account of the automobile races the fair ran the full seven days and Friday, more people were on the grounds than today when 26,265 passed through, and Saturday brought in 8,387.

Live Stock Parade.

The live stock parade today was an excellent one. Headed by George Green's band of Omaha, which has been one of the musical features of the fair, the parade left the live stock coliseum and wended its way up the hill to the main street while Dr. Condra with his motion picture machine registered the movements of the heads of horses, ponies and cattle.

Everybody Happy.

The grounds today have been well filled with people insuring a record breaker for the week. The shows have all been well patronized, the stands have done a good business and it would seem that everybody ought to be happy, even the man who has spent his money during the week.

The announcement made that the latter status which has been one of the great attractions of the week at fair building was the display of a private company was an error.

Dairy Interests Unite.

The statue was put in by the Nebraska dairy interests of the state which includes the Nebraska Dairy and Cream Improvement Association, the Nebraska Dairymen's Association, the United States Dairy division and the University Dairy department. These organizations have made the display for the last three years and are working in unison for the best interests of the dairy business of the state as a whole.

Ringer Buys Man.

Frank I. Ringer, commissioner of the Nebraska Manufacturers' association has been one of the busy men of the fair. With an office in the manufacturers' building he has looked after the exhibits in that building and has always been right where he was needed the most.

Notes from Lyons.

Lyons, Neb., Sept. 8.—(Special).—A large barn on the farm occupied by William Seel was struck by lightning and burned to the ground, together with a valuable team of mules and 800 bushels of oats.

Word comes from Rtd Willow, Alberta, Can., announcing the death of Mrs. L. L. Darling, a former Lyons resident. She was 71 years old, and moved from here about seven years ago. Her husband died several years after their settlement in Canada. Mr. Darling was one of the earliest pioneer settlers of Burt county and operated the first threshing machine in this vicinity.

Foot Stuffy? Irritable? Disinclined? You have it in the cause. Clean out your system with Dr. King's New Life Pills. You will feel fine—also. All druggists.—Adv.

St. Paul Laborer Is Instantly Killed

St. Paul, Neb., Sept. 8.—(Special Telegram).—Charles Knight, 27, a workman on the new county bridge, was instantly killed at noon today. His arm caught in the bigger head of the hoister apparatus. His body was badly torn and mangled. He leaves a wife and family, who live here.

Clayton's Place Will Not Be Filled Right Away

Lincoln, Sept. 8.—(Special).—There will be no appointment by the insurance board, according to Insurance Commissioner Eastham, to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of Examiner C. S. Clayton yesterday, until the work becomes of a nature demanding a larger force, the work being taken care of by C. O. De France, Examiner Harry Sprague and R. B. Blays of the office force. Mr. Clayton has not announced what course he will take, except he will amuse himself between now and election time getting the political goats of the two members of the commission, State Auditor Smith and Attorney General Reed, who are candidates for re-election. As the other member, Governor Morehead, is not a candidate this year, Mr. Clayton will postpone the task of gathering the governors' names until two years hence, when the United States senatorship is the bone of contention.

Pierce Woman Sues Two Saloon Keepers

Pierce, Neb., Sept. 8.—(Special).—Mrs. Margaret Anderson, wife of Andrew Anderson, a farmer living north of Pierce, has filed suit against W. F. Smith and N. H. Neuen, two saloon-keepers of this city, and their bond company, the Southern Surety company, for \$10,350 damages. The woman alleges that while driving to her farm home on the evening of August 19, her husband, who was intoxicated from liquor furnished by the defendants, struck her and her child and pushed them from the rig. Both were run over by the wheels, and the woman was unconscious for some time. They were found on the road by another farmer about 10 o'clock that night and brought to Pierce.

Republican Candidates Start on Speaking Trip

Lincoln, Sept. 8.—(Special).—Beginning next Monday, September 12, republican candidates for state office will start an automobile speaking trip. The auto will carry R. W. Devoe, republican candidate for attorney general; W. H. Reynolds, candidate for state treasurer, and H. P. Shumway, candidate for lieutenant governor. They will speak each night at the following places, visiting the towns between during the day for an hour or so at each place: Monday, "Sleeping Water," Tuesday, Nebraska City; Wednesday, Falls City; Thursday, Pawnee City; Friday, Tecumseh.

Dement's Files Withdrawal As Candidate for Judge

Lincoln, Sept. 8.—(Special).—Secretary of State Pool today received the withdrawal of the name of Edwin P. Clements of Ord as a candidate for district judge on the nonpartisan ticket in the Eleventh judicial district. He also received the withdrawal of F. E. Dodson, populist candidate, of Stratton, from the Sixty-ninth district.

L. J. Keene of Curtis Dies on Way to Hospital

Llewellyn J. Keene, 51, rural mail carrier, of Curtis, died while being brought to an Omaha hospital yesterday. Mr. Keene was born in Pennsylvania November 8, 1864, and had been a resident of Nebraska many years. The body will be taken to Curtis for burial. He suffered from appendicitis.

News Notes of Alma.

Alma, Neb., Sept. 8.—(Special).—The petitions asking for the submission to the voters of a change in county government from the supervisor to the commissioner system have sufficient signers to permit a vote on the question, and will be filed with the county clerk as soon as they are assembled.

An effort is being made to have the Torrens title system adopted, and thus do away with the abstract every time a piece of real estate changes hands.

What Congress Has Accomplished During Its Nine Months of Session; Nearly Two Billion Dollars Appropriated; Highest Mark Ever Reached; Summary of Most Important Action Taken and Measures Made Laws

Washington, Sept. 8.—The first session of the Sixty-fourth congress, which adjourns today, was concerned chiefly with national defense.

When the gavel fell congress had directed reorganization and equipment of the army and navy defense of the country at the unprecedented cost of \$655,000,000 with authorizations that will increase the total in three years to nearly \$800,000,000. With all other expenditures, appropriations were brought to the grand total of \$1,637,583,682, the greatest aggregate in the country's history and exceeding that for the last fiscal year by more than a billion dollars.

Expenditures, necessitated by preparedness and the calling into action of military forces to meet the Mexican emergency demanded revenue legislation in the closing days of the session. Congress responded by doubling the normal tax on incomes, creating an inheritance tax, munitions tax and miscellaneous excise taxes to raise \$205,000,000 and by directing sale of \$130,000,000 Panama canal bonds.

New Boards and Commissions.

Congress established a tariff commission; a government ship-building board; to rehabilitate the American merchant marine; a Workman's Compensation commission to administer a new uniform compensation law; a farm loan banking system; a child labor law; enlarged the system of self-government in the Philippines and enacted many other important laws which had been contemplated by the administration.

The session was disturbed throughout by frequently recurring threats of foreign complications from the European war and imminence at one time of a diplomatic break with Germany; interference with American mails and commerce, invasion of American soil and killing by Mexican bandits, and danger of actual war with Mexico.

Crisis with Germany.

The crisis in congress over the international situation followed Germany's naval order to sink armed belligerent merchant ships without warning. Introduction of resolutions warning Americans to keep off-armed merchantmen caused President Wilson to halt diplomatic negotiations and go to the capitol to demand a showdown. The result was tabling of the Gore resolution in the senate by a vote of 68 to 14 on March 3, and of the McLemore resolution in the house by a vote of 276 to 142 March 7. Immediately afterward the president sent to Germany and read to congress a note threatening to sever diplomatic relations unless the German government "immediately effected a modification of its methods of submarine warfare."

Later in the session trouble arose in the senate over the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis of Boston to succeed the late Justice Lamar as a member of the supreme court. Weeks of investigation and deliberation by the judiciary committee ended in confirmation of Mr. Brandeis by a large majority.

Held Up by Labor Troubles.

In the week before adjournment congress was occupied with the legislation which prevented a threatened nationwide railroad strike. President Wilson after futile negotiations with officials of the railroads and railroad brotherhoods, submitted the controversy to congress, recommending legislation to prevent the strike and to prevent such emergencies from arising in the future.

After a week of consideration, during which the president visited the capitol daily, conferring with administration leaders, a bill was passed to establish an eight-hour day as a basis for pay of railroad workers, the present rate of pay for ten hours' work not to be reduced and the men to receive prorata pay for work in excess of eight hours pending an investigation by a special commission into the effect of the eight-hour day on railroad revenues.

Most important legislative enactment of the session, exclusive of laws for national defense, included the following:

Government Ship Law: Appropriating \$50,000,000 to operate ships in foreign and coastwise trade when unable to lease them to individuals or private corporations.

Child Labor Law: Denying Interstate commerce to products of mines and quarries employing children under 16 years of age and factories, mills, canneries and other establishments employing children under 14 years.

Rural Credit Law: Establishing a farm loan board in control of a system of farm loan mortgage banks.

Workman's Compensation Law: Providing uniform sick and accident benefits for employees of the federal government, and benefits to dependents in case of death.

Emergency Revenue Law: Providing for doubling the normal income tax on the lowest class; making additional surtax ranging from 1 per cent on that portion of incomes exceeding \$20,000 to 13 per cent on amount of incomes in excess of \$2,000,000; levying a graduated tax on 1 to 10 per cent on inheritances ranging from \$50,000 to \$5,000,000; a 10 per cent net profit tax on manufacturers of munitions, 5 per cent net profit tax on manufacturers of materials entering into munitions; a license tax on corporations capitalized at more than \$99,000; wine, beer and liquor excise taxes and miscellaneous stamp taxes.

Good Roads Law: Providing for cooperative federal aid to the states for construction of highways, and appropriating \$75,000,000 to be spent in five years.

Postal Savings Law: Amendment increasing the amount which individuals may deposit from \$500 to \$1,000 with interest and an additional \$1,000 without interest.

Federal Reserve: Amendments, including amendment to the Clayton anti-trust law permitting officers and directors of member banks to become officers and directors of not more than two other non-competing banks; amendments permitting national banks to establish foreign branches, liberalizing regulations for discounting commercial paper and permitting members banks in towns of 5,000 or less population to act as agents for insurance companies.

Railroad Legislation: Creation of joint subcommittee of senate and house Interstate Commerce committee to investigate necessity for further legislation for railroads and the Interstate Commerce commission, question of government ownership of public utilities and comparative worth of government ownership as against government regulation.

Railroad Eight-Hour Day Law: Establishing eight-hours as the standard for reckoning the compensation of railroad employees operating trains in interstate commerce after January 1, 1917, and providing for a commission of three to investigate the effects of the eight-hour standard, present wages not to be reduced during the investigation, nor be reduced during the investigation, nor for thirty days thereafter, and work in excess of eight hours to be paid for at a prorata rate.

Tariff: Creation of a nonpartisan tariff commission of five members to investigate and advise congress on tariff revision; repeal of the free sugar provision of existing tariff law; amendments increasing duties on dyestuffs to encourage manufacturing dyestuffs in the United States; enactment of an anti-dumping provision to prevent dumping of foreign made

goods at less than foreign market prices; authorization for the president to retaliate against foreign nations prohibiting importation of goods from the United States by laying an embargo against imports from offending nations.

Cotton Futures Act: Providing a prohibitive tax on cotton sold for future delivery in fictitious or wash sales.

Philippines: Law to provide for a more autonomous government of the islands, enlarging self-government, reorganizing election laws, establishing an elective senate and promising independence whenever, in the judgment of the United States the Philippine people demonstrate capability for it.

Enormous Appropriations.

Table with 2 columns: Department, Amount. Rows include Agriculture, Army, Diplomatic and consular, District of Columbia, Fortification, Indian affairs, Legislative and executive, Military academy, Navy, Navy and harbor, Postoffice, Rurary civil, River and harbor, Shipping bill, Territories, Rural credits, Road roads, Floods.

Grand total.....\$1,637,583,682

Much Miscellaneous Work.

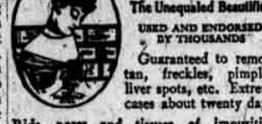
In addition to the total there were authorizations for expenditures in future years including naval, good roads, tariff commission and other expenditures to bring the total to approximately \$2,000,000,000, but these amounts do not properly apply to the appropriations for the fiscal year.

In addition congress enacted an unusually large amount of miscellaneous legislation, including reorganization of the patent office, provision for trial of space system in place of weight system for payment for railroad mail service and leaving to the Interstate Commerce commission determination of the method and rate of pay, creation of a national park bureau in the Department of the Interior, establishing warehouse regulations for cotton and grains and providing a new grain grading law, extension for a year of the government war risk insurance bureau, uniform law making bills of lading negotiable.

Proposed legislation which failed of enactment and has gone over until next winter includes the immigration bill, the corrupt practices act to limit campaign expenditures for election of the president, vice president and members of congress, a vocational education bill passed by the senate, conservation legislation including the public lands water power bill, the Shields navigable streams water power bill which failed in conference, the oil leasing bill including relief for California oil men, a flood control bill which passed the house and a bill to establish citizenship for natives of Porto Rico.

Four treaties were ratified by the

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One particular lot of Fountain Syringes and Water Bottles, comprising more than 1,000 pieces, was purchased at our own price, and, while every item is strictly guaranteed, we shall offer at prices just about one-half regular value.

This was a close-out purchase from one of the largest factories in the United States, and is an opportunity that will not come again soon.

2-quart White "Balkan" Fountain Syringe, with 3 hard rubber pipes, metal shut-off, rapid flow. Regular value \$1.25, sale price 79c

2-quart Maroon "Balkan" Fountain Syringe, cloth inserted, black trimmed, 3 hard rubber pipes, rapid flow tubing, metal shut-off. Regular value \$1.25, sale price, 79c each

2-quart, full capacity "Balkan" Fountain Syringe, all red rubber, embossed bag, 3 hard rubber pipes, rapid flow tubing, metal shut-off. Regular value \$1.50 sale price 89c

2-quart, very handsome "Balkan", bright red Water Bag, safety funnel neck. Regular value \$1.75, sale price 94c

2-quart, full capacity "Balkan" embossed Water Bag, maroon, funnel neck. Regular value 89c \$1.50, sale price

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Corner 16th and Dodge Streets. Corner 19th and Farnam Streets. Corner 16th and Harney Streets. Corner 24th and Farnam Streets.

senate. The most important was the long pending Nicaraguan convention providing for the acquisition of a canal route and naval station rights in the Bay of Fonseca for \$3,000,000, and that ratified in the closing hours of the session providing for the purchase of the Danish West Indies for \$25,000,000. Another was the treaty with the republic of Haiti providing for an American financial protectorate. The much-disputed pending treaty with Colombia after several years of consideration was favorably reported from the foreign relations committee with an amendment reducing from \$25,000,000 to \$15,000,000 the proposed amount to be paid for the partition of Panama. The treaty, however, was never taken up in the senate because of unrelenting opposition to it on the part of

many senators and it remains on the calendar. The committee at the time of adjournment still had under consideration the proposed treaty with Denmark for purchase of the Danish West Indies for \$25,000,000. A treaty with Great Britain providing for protection of migratory birds on both sides of the Canadian border was ratified.

Death claimed four members of the congress during the session, Senators Shively of Indiana and Burleigh of Maine and Representatives Brown and Moss, both of West Virginia. Representative Witherspoon of Mississippi died just before the session began.

Dr. Bell's Fina-Tar-Honey. Honey soothes the irritation, Fina Tar cuts the phlegm, relieves congestion, softens the raw spots. 25c. All druggists.—Adv.



Fall Styles for Men By Sam Peck

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100% larger stocks than ever before, sizes from 31 thin to 46 stout.

\$15.00 to \$35.00

Lightest of Fall Hats

and we have hundreds to show in soft Italian shapes as well as domestic styles in new Fall colors, such as olive, myrtle, ivy, mole and London smoke—

\$2.00 \$3.00 \$5.00

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