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SUFFRAGISTS IN CONVENTION ARE AGAINST WILSON

In Resolutions Adopted, the National Woman's Party Declares for Hughes for President.

POSITION IS COMMENDED Women Voters Urged to Use Their Efforts for Defeat of Democratic Candidate.

TO FIGHT CONGRESSMEN

Colorado, Springs, Colo., Aug. 11.—The National Woman's party in executive conference here today pledged itself to use its best efforts in the twelve equal suffrage states to defeat the democratic candidate for president, congratulate the progressive, prohibition and socialist parties upon their endorsement of suffrage for women by national action, and commended the position of Charles Evans Hughes, the republican nominee.

The statement of policy was contained in three resolutions unanimously adopted, setting forth the attitude of the woman's party, first, with respect to the democratic party, second, with respect to the progressive, prohibition and socialist parties, and finally upon the announced stand of Charles Evans Hughes upon national equal suffrage. The text of the first resolution said:

"Whereas, The present administration under President Wilson and the democratic party have persistently opposed the passage of a national suffrage amendment, and

"Whereas, Each of the other national parties, either by their platform, or through their candidates, are pledged to the passage of a federal amendment enfranchising women. Therefore, be it resolved that the National Woman's party, so long as the opposition of the democratic party continues, pledge itself to use its best efforts in the twelve states where women vote for president, to defeat the democratic candidate for president and the eleven states where women vote for members of congress, to defeat the candidates of the democratic party for congress."

The second resolution read: "Resolved, that we congratulate the progressive, prohibition and socialist parties upon the definite stand which they have taken in their endorsement of suffrage for women by national action."

The third resolution said: "Resolved, that we commend the position of the republican candidate for president, Charles Evans Hughes, for the unequivocal stand which he has taken for human liberty by his endorsement of suffrage for women by national action, and assure him of our appreciation of his statesmanlike position."

Body of the Former Senator Thurston Cremated Saturday

Following the impressive Masonic service at the Masonic temple at 2 o'clock yesterday the body of the late former Senator John M. Thurston was taken to the receiving vault at Forest Lawn cemetery. The body will be cremated today and the ashes prepared for shipment to the congressional cemetery at Washington, D. C. Thurston, the widow will leave with the ashes Sunday morning.

Hedden Named Surveyor General for Idaho

Washington, Aug. 11.—The president today nominated Edward Hedden of Caldwell, Idaho, to be surveyor general of Idaho.

The Weather

Table with weather data for Nebraska, including temperatures at Omaha yesterday and comparative local records for 1916, 1915, 1914, and 1913.

RAIL WAGE ISSUE IS AT DEADLOCK

Employees Refuse to Make Any Concessions and Employers Suggest Only Arbitration.

MAY ASK WILSON TO ACT

New York, Aug. 11.—After deliberating the grater part of the night, Commissioners William A. Chambers, Martin A. Knapp and G. W. W. Hanger of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, were today no nearer a solution of the "deadlock" in the dispute between the four railroad brotherhoods of the country and their employers than they were yesterday.

May Ask Wilson to Act.

A formal request for a twenty-four-hour delay in the negotiations was made by the federal board to the union men today when they assembled to receive the mediators, and it was reported that the board, unless there was an unexpected change in the situation in that time, was prepared to suggest to President Wilson that he intervene.

Mr. Hanger, who asked for the delay, took pains to point out, however, that no particular significance had been attached to the sudden change in their plans.

"It must be remembered," he said, "that the question at issue involves hundreds of railroads and thousands of men and the mediators cannot arrive at a judicious conclusion as to the merits in the case until they have thoroughly assimilated the situation."

Mr. Hanger added that the board expected to continue its deliberations today and might reach a decision by evening as to the time of the next meeting with one or the other side in the dispute.

Men Becoming Restive.

"We do not intend," said W. S. Stone, chief of the Brotherhood of Railroad Engineers, "to wait very long on the mediators. The temper of the men is such that they would not have waited a minute if we had not persuaded them to give the mediators a chance. Personally, I do not care to carry the strike vote around in my pocket for any extended period. It is like a stick of dynamite."

Since its organization in 1913, through an act of congress and up to September 20, 1915, the board has sat on forty-seven controversies between railroads and their employees. In every instance the board has succeeded in securing an ultimate adjustment of the differences, thirty-nine cases having been settled by mediation alone and eight by arbitration.

Italian Troops Occupy the Entire Doberdo Plateau

Rome, Aug. 11.—(Via London).—The Italians have occupied the entire Doberdo plateau, the war office announced today.

The Italians also have captured Rubbia and San Martino del Carso. They have reached the line of the Vallone river. The Austrians have retired to the east of the town of Vallone.

By their new victories the Italians appear to have taken an important step toward clearing the salient formed by the bend of the Isonzo, below Gorizia. The Doberdo Plateau was the scene of heavy fighting early in the war, but the Austrians obstinately refused to allow the Italians to win this important position. This fighting took place on a front some distance below Gorizia, the capture of which enabled the Italians to push forward in the direction of Trieste in this region. San Martino del Carso is six miles southwest of Gorizia. It is about twenty miles from Trieste.

Russians Take Stanislaw

Petrograd, Aug. 11.—(Via London).—Stanislaw, an important railway center south of Lemberg, capital of Galicia, has been occupied by Russian troops. The capture of Stanislaw is announced in the official statement given out this evening.

The capture of Stanislaw gives the Russians another gateway through which they can march toward Lemberg. Like Brody, Stanislaw is an important railroad center. Railroads radiate from it in five directions. It is eighty-seven miles southeast of Lemberg and is situated between two forks of the Bystrzyca river, both miles south of the Dniester. Stanislaw was a manufacturing city and agricultural center before the war and had a population of 33,000.

Officers and I. W. W. Have Mix in Fight

Crosby, Minn., Aug. 11.—Rioting broke out on the Cuyuna range today. Working miners were badly beaten by industrial workers of the World pickets, and when deputies arrived they were met by shots. The deputies retired and obtained reinforcements. Returning, they fired upon the pickets, but no one was killed so far as is known.

Fenton General Freight Agent of Omaha Road

Duluth, Minn., Aug. 11.—Albion M. Fenton, assistant general freight agent of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad at Minneapolis, has been appointed general freight agent of that road, succeeding E. B. Ober, resigned, on account of ill health.

TURKEY REFUSES TO ALLOW RELIEF WORK IN SYRIA

United States Informed That Crops Are Good and Native Christians Are in Need of Help.

MILLER IS TRY AGAIN

Syrians Here Raise Large Sums With Which to Purchase Supplies.

CONTENTION OF THE TURKS

Washington, Aug. 11.—Turkey has refused to grant the request of the United States that a neutral committee be permitted to undertake relief work in Syria, where thousands of native Christians are reported to be starving.

Charge Miller of Constantinople, in a cablegram received at the State department today, said the Turkish government had informed him relief operations in Syria were considered unnecessary because crops there were better than anywhere in the empire. He added that although he was told the decision was final, he had not dropped the subject, but would continue to press for favorable action.

Miller Will Try Again.

On July 5 the department instructed Charge Miller to call attention to the fact that there had been no action in this matter and to say to the Turkish foreign office that continued failure to grant the request would put a severe strain on the relations between the United States and Turkey.

Turkish officials contended, Mr. Miller said, that while food shortage existed to some extent in all neighboring countries, there was no serious famine condition in Syria; that the outlook for fall crops was good and that locusts had damaged only fruits.

Funds Already Raised.

Syrians in the United States have raised considerable funds to purchase relief supplies for their countrymen, and have been waiting for months for permission to have them distributed.

It was said at the State department today that Abram Elkus, the new ambassador to Turkey, who leaves for his post August 17, probably would take up the Syrian question personally upon his arrival at Constantinople.

Bryan Defends His Efforts to Reward Deserving Demos

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 11.—William J. Bryan, former secretary of state, replied here today to criticism of his attitude toward civil service, made by Charles E. Hughes, the republican presidential nominee, in a statement in which he said he had "enforced the civil service law to the letter."

Mr. Bryan challenged the republican nominee to state whether he had given appointments to "deserving republicans" while governor of New York.

The statement was made in answer to recent speeches of Mr. Hughes, which quoted a letter Mr. Bryan had written to Receiver of Customs Vick in Santo Domingo, inquiring as to what positions could be obtained "in reward of deserving democrats."

Mr. Bryan admitted the letter as it had been quoted.

"I am not ashamed of it," the statement read. "The letter was written to an appointive officer, whose office was not under the civil service and the inquiry was made in regard to offices which were not under civil service. There was nothing in the letter to indicate a desire or intention to select men who were incompetent. On the contrary, inquiry is made as to what is requisite."

The statement, after declaring Mr. Hughes to have "shown himself quite prompt in discharging obligations," declares:

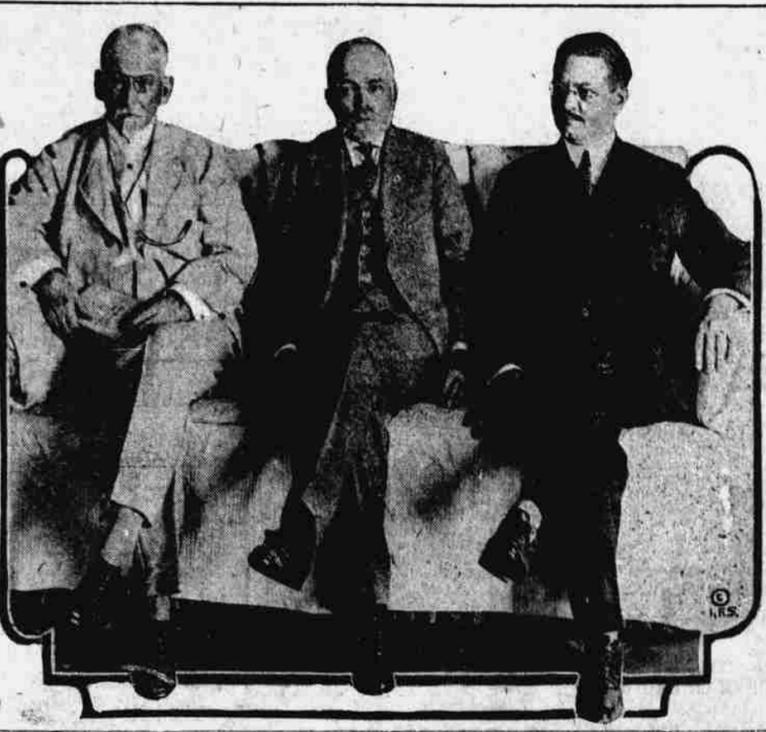
"As an official, I enforced the civil service law to the letter, and upon my resignation, received from the employees in the state department, more than 90 per cent of whom were under the civil service, a watch which I prize as a priceless treasure. But, wherever I observed the civil service law while it was in force, I felt myself free to aid in rewarding deserving democrats wherever it could be done without detriment to the service. My regret is that I was able to reward so few of the multitude who are deserving, measured by their political service, by their capability and by their fitness for the work to be done."

"The 'deserving democrat' is not to be despised—he is as much entitled to recognition as a 'deserving republican.'"

David Kahn, Banker of New York and Paris, Is Dead

New York, Aug. 11.—David Kahn, head of the International banking house of Lazard Freres, whose death in Paris was reported in a cable dispatch today, was an American citizen. He was born in France about seventy years ago, came to this country as a young man and was naturalized. He went first to New Orleans, later to San Francisco, where, in 1884, he established the London, Paris and American bank, which is now the Anglo and London and Paris National bank.

FEDERAL MEDIATION BOARD IN RAILROAD WAGE CASE—Judge W. L. Chambers, Judge Martin A. Knapp and G. W. W. Hanger, the three men who are trying to find a basis for settlement between the four railroad brotherhoods and the committee representing the companies in the dispute over wages and hours of work.



VOTE FOR TAX ON MUNITIONS OF WAR

Senate Committee Substitutes Ten Per Cent Tax on Net Profits for House Section.

UP TO CAUCUS TONIGHT

BULLETIN

Washington, Aug. 11.—Threatened revolt in the democratic senate caucus over reduction of the income tax exemption was averted late today when democrats of the finance committee reconsidered their previous action lowering the exemption from \$4,000 and \$3,000 for married and single persons to \$3,000 and \$2,000, respectively.

Washington, Aug. 11.—A 10 per cent net profit tax on manufacturers of munitions of war was agreed upon today by democrats of the senate finance committee as a substitute for the munitions taxes proposed in the house revenue bill.

The committee completed its consideration of the house bill, for submission to the caucus tonight, the net revenue to be derived from the measure being estimated at \$198,000,000. Specific duties on munitions proposed in the house would have yielded \$72,000,000. Under the senate amendment the revenue to be derived from munitions will be only \$45,000,000.

The proposal to levy a net profit tax on excess profits of manufacturers of all goods sold to foreign governments, as proposed last night, was rejected by the committee after a prolonged fight.

The amendment strikes out all the munitions taxes contained in the house bill, including the much protested copper tax, and provides that every corporation manufacturing gun powder or other explosives, and all munitions of war and articles going to make up munitions, including motor boats and submarines, shall pay for each taxable year a tax of 10 per cent upon net profits accrued from the sale of such goods manufactured in the United States.

The proposed tax would become operative a year after the close of the European war and would be operative from January 1, 1916.

Anglo-French Forces Take Bulgarian Post

Paris, Aug. 11.—An attack by Anglo-French forces on the Bulgarians at Doiran, forty miles northwest of Saloniki, is reported in a Havas dispatch from Saloniki. The allies occupied the Doiran railway station and a neighboring hill.

London, Aug. 11.—Reuter's correspondent at Saloniki telegraphs that the artillery duel on the Balkan front has been renewed. The height captured by the Anglo-French forces is Hill 227, south of Doiran. The railway station lies five miles east of the town.

There have been several small engagements along this front, as well as frequent heavy artillery battles. A general offensive movement on the part of the army of French, British and Serbian troops, based on Saloniki, which is reported to number nearly 700,000, has been expected for several weeks. The engagement near Doiran, however, apparently was a minor affair.

Milk Wagon Drivers At Cleveland Strike

Cleveland, O., Aug. 11.—As a result of a strike of milk wagon drivers of the Telling-Belle Vernon company, largest milk dealers in the city, 300,000 Clevelanders were without their usual supply today. Drivers for the Schneider-Becker Dairy company, second largest in the city, which carries for 150,000 persons, are expected to strike today.

W. D. LINCOLN GIVEN NEW JOB WITH U. P.

Superintendent of Transportation to Become "Outside Man" August 15.

W. A. WHITNEY NEW "SUPE"

William D. Lincoln, superintendent of transportation of the Union Pacific for the last ten years, has been appointed to fill a new position in the transportation department of the road.

Mr. Lincoln will become an "outside man" for the department. His duties will be to check the rolling stock and equipment and keep the cars moving to their capacity. "The heavy freight movements have made it necessary that we have a man on the road to keep the cars moving constantly and with the maximum efficiency," said General Manager Jeffers in commenting on the change.

W. A. Whitney, general superintendent of the Oregon Short Line at Salt Lake City, will succeed Mr. Lincoln as superintendent of transportation of the Union Pacific in Omaha.

Mr. Lincoln has been with the Union Pacific twenty-seven years, the last ten years of which he has been master of transportation. Previously he was with the Grand Island road for ten years.

Mr. Whitney has had thirty years' service with the Harriman lines. He was chief train dispatcher of the Union Pacific at Grand Island, assistant superintendent and later superintendent of the Wyoming division before becoming general superintendent of the Oregon Short Line.

The reassignment of officials will become effective August 15.

Candidate Hughes Talks Americanism While on Way West

Dickinson, N. D., Aug. 11.—All the issues of this campaign, Charles E. Hughes told an audience here today, can be summed up in two words: "Dominant Americanism." The republican nominee defined this phrase as follows:

"America making its institutions work as they were intended to work—for the benefit of the people of this country and to the honor of the American name."

Mr. Hughes made a rear-platform speech here. Short addresses from the rear platform were made also at Bismarck and Mandan, N. D.

Deny Rottwell Plant Damaged

Berlin, Aug. 11.—(Via London).—"On the night of August 7 enemy air men dropped several bombs on Rottwell Wartemburg," says an official statement issued here today. "A dwelling house was hit and several persons were wounded. No military damage was done."

The official French statement of Wednesday afternoon said a French aviator flying 217 miles between 8:30 p. m. and 11:55 p. m. dropped 330 pounds of explosives on the powder factory at Rottwell, causing two extensive fires and several explosions.

Two Hold-Up Victims Lose Small Amounts

While "taking the air" in the Bowery district Jim Miller, 425 South Thirteenth street, was jostled by someone who stole his purse, which contained \$7 in cash and a check for \$750. He reported his loss to the police.

DAHLMAN INVITES WILSON TO OMAHA

Mayor and Congressman Lobeck Urge President to Attend Celebration Here.

WILL CROSS CONTINENT

Washington, Aug. 11.—Mayor Dahlman of Omaha and Representative Lobeck of Nebraska urged the president today to visit Omaha, preferably late in September or early in October, during the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of Nebraska to statehood.

President Wilson practically has decided to make a speaking trip across the continent. No details of the tour have been arranged, but it was understood today that his itinerary would be worked out within the next few weeks.

The president's advisers have been urging him to make a number of speeches, but he has been withholding a decision until the work of congress had progressed further. It was known definitely today, however, that if present plans were carried out, the president would go to the Pacific coast.

Senator Phelan today invited the president to speak in California some time during the campaign, but was told no definite plans could be taken up for at least two weeks.

One of the suggestions for the proposed trip is for the president to review some of the troops on the border, but no decision on that has been reached.

Leaders Will Decide

Invitations from cities in all parts of the country are before the president, but none will be accepted until they have been gone over carefully by Vance McCormick, chairman of the democratic national committee and other leaders. The possibility that congress may remain in session after September 1 is preventing the president from making any definite campaign plans. He wants to make no long trips from Washington until after adjournment, although he has accepted an invitation for a brief visit to St. Louis, September 20.

Three Regular Army Colonels Are Retired

Washington, Aug. 11.—Three regular army colonels, until recently in command or attached to regiments on the border or in Mexico, have been retired for physical disability on the recommendation of examining boards. They are: Colonel Jacob G. Galbraith, formerly commanding the Tenth cavalry; George H. Hands, formerly attached to the Eleventh cavalry, and Charles W. Penrose, Twenty-fourth infantry.

Explosion of Gun Cotton Kills Three

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 11.—An explosion, which blew out a cylinder on a rehydrating press at the Dupont Powder company's plant at Carney's Point, N. J., today, killed three workmen and injured two others. The press, which contained forty pounds of gun cotton, was blown to pieces and flying bits of steel were hurled in all directions. One piece struck a man who was eating his lunch in another building and killed him.

Omaha Man Licensed to Wed Lincoln Girl at Chicago

Chicago, Aug. 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Arthur L. Swygard of Omaha was licensed here today to wed Miss Charlotte Murray of Lincoln. Swygard is employed in the Brandeis stores and resides at 321 North Twenty-second street.

CZAR'S ADVANCE IS WITHIN EIGHT MILES OF HALICZ

Russian Forces Reach Dniester River at Point Southeast of This Important City.

GREAT DRIVES CONTINUE

Muscovite Army is Also Moving Toward Sereth River in Province of Galicia.

FIGHTING ALONG SOMME

Petrograd, Aug. 11.—(Via London).—The Russians are advancing on the Sereth river in Galicia, the war office announced today. They have also entered the town of Monasterzyska, northwest of Stanislaw. Fighting is continuing in Monasterzyska. The Russians have reached the Dniester south of Mariampole, which is eight miles southeast of the important town of Halicz. They also have advanced to the right bank of the Bystrzyca river, a branch of the Dniester, which joins that river near Mariampole.

In the fighting of August 8 and 9, more than 5,000 Austrians and Germans were captured. The statement follows:

"Fierce fighting is continuing on the River Stokhod, in the region of Mikhliabachy, the village of Valski Lubohevska, the little town of Stobry and the village of Zarochy. "On the River Sereth our troops are advancing as a result of fierce fighting. The enemy is making a desperate resistance, alternating between defensive actions and counter attacks. Notwithstanding the enemy's efforts to stem our advance, our gallant troops, under General Sakharoff, by a series of repeated attacks, pushed the enemy out of villages and woods on the right bank of the river and having reached the ridge commanding the heights they are fighting before the village of Trotsienegroce. We took here 2,500 men and the commander of an Austrian regiment with the entire regimental staff and chaplain."

Brilliant Attack by Cossacks

In a westerly direction our troops reached the left bank of the Zlota Lipa, capturing during the engagement the village of Lazaravka and taking over 1,000 Austro-German prisoners. One of our Orenburg Cossack regiments launched here a cavalry attack, taking more than 200 prisoners and capturing three machine guns.

A German regiment having crossed the River Zlota Lipa near the village of Zandaravka, attempted a counter attack on the position we occupied, but was repelled with enormous losses. Our brave cavalry detachments, having forded the River Zlota Lipa, attacked the repelled enemy and, pursuing him, reached the left bank of the Dniester in the bend to the south of the village of Uszczelone (southwest of Monasterzyska).

The total number of prisoners taken during the battles of August 8 and 9 amounts to 5,000."

Germans Announce Retreat

Berlin, Aug. 11.—(Via London).—Austro-German troops in the region of Monasterzyska, at points on the Dniester and in the Bystrzyca river regions of Galicia, have been com-

Mysterious Signals Believed to Come From the Bremen

New York, Aug. 11.—Wireless observers at short stations near New York were puzzled early today by signals received from an unidentified vessel apparently somewhere off Sandy Hook which was calling the Telefunken wireless station in this city. The fact that the stranger refused to disclose the identity of the vessel led some of the wireless operators to believe they were at last in communication with the long expected Bremen.

Sandy Hook observers trained their marine glasses seaward expectantly at daybreak, but everything beyond a few miles off shore was hidden in a haze and no submarine was in sight. The mysterious signals had ceased.

While in communication with the shore a few hours earlier the strange vessel reported herself only as a collier and the operator on board signed his calls "D. B. U.," which is the private wireless signal of the North German-Lloyd steamer Breslau, last reported as tied up in New Orleans for the period of the war.

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