GERMAN AIRSHIPS PASS OVER BRITAIN

Arrive During the Night, Dropping Bombs at Many Places as They Pass Along.

LULL IN THE FIGHTING

London, Aug. 3.—German airships have again flown over the eastern counties of England, dropping bombs. An official communication just issued says:

"A number of airships crossed the coast of the eastern counties shortly after midnight. Their objective has not yet been definitely ascertained, as the raid is still proceeding. Some bombs were dropped at various places."

Lull in Fighting.

The armies in the three great centers of recent activity, the Somme region of France, Russia and Galicia, evidently have let up considerably in the violent fighting in which they have been engaged and are indulging in a breathing spell preparatory to further attacks and counter attacks. The official communications dealing with the operations in these theaters Wednesday tell of no single important engagement, nor of any notable changes in the positions of any of the belligerents.

Attacking in echelon on a three-mile line from the Meuse river to Fleury, north of Verdun, the French have captured several German trenches and organized points of support. In the engagement 600 Germans were made prisoners and ten machine guns were captured.

On Russian Front.

On the Russian front Petrograd reports merely artillery duels and infantry attacks on the Stokhod and Turia river fronts and of local Russian offensives on the Stripa river in Galicia, all of which were repulsed.

Attacks by the Austrians against the Italians at various points, including Monte Cimone, Monte Seluggio and Castellatto, have been repulsed with heavy casualties, according to Rome.

The Russians are keeping up their advance against the Turks in the Caucasus region.

Carranza Names Commission to Work With U. S.

Mexico City, Aug. 3.—It was officially announced at the Mexican foreign office today that Luis Caberera, Ygnacio Bonillas and Alberto Panio, have been selected as the commissioners to negotiate with the United States' commissioners regarding the questions at issue between Mexico and the United States. The commission will be headed by Caberera and Juan Brogo will act as secretary.

Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican ambassador at Washington, has been notified of the appointments. If acceptable to Washington the delegation will start for the United States as soon as possible. Senor Bonillas already is on his way to New York.

Means Favorable Reply.

Washington, Aug. 3.—Announcement by the Carranza government of the appointment of commissioners to negotiate with representatives of the United States is assumed by officials here to mean that a favorable reply will be given to the American note accepting the proposal to undertake adjustment of issues between the two countries by a joint commission, but suggesting an extension of the scope of the proposed commission's work.

No official word on the subject had reached the State department late today.

Chief Justice, White Associate Justice Brandeis and Frederick W. Lehman of St. Louis, have been mentioned as likely to be chosen as the American commissioners.

Louis Cabrera is Carranza's minister of finance and leader of the administration party. Yganico Bonillas is under secretary of communication. He left Mexico City, July 31 for New York. Alberto J. Pani is president of the national railways of Mexico.

Nebraska Salesman Is Dead at Fremont

Fremont, Neb., Aug. 3.—(Special.) Telegram.)—James H. Wintersteen, Nebraska traveling salesman, died at his home here this evening following a lingering illness. He was a native of Ohio, born September 4, 1856. He came to Nebraska with his parents at the age of 15, soon thereafter going to work for the Plattsmouth Journal, where he learned the printer's trade. In 1885 he began traveling for W. T. Seaman of Omaha and later was with the Miller, Gibson & Richardson and other Omaha printing houses. For about twenty years he represented the State Journal company of Lincoln, about six years ago quitting the employ of the Lincoln publishing firm and entering the services of the Standard Bridge company

At the opening of the Rosebud reservation Mr. Wintersteen secured a homestead and the last three years made his home on the land he drew. An injury received while riding a horse two years ago is believed to have hastened the end.

A wife, two sons, Don of Winner, S. D., and James, jr., and two daughters, Mrs. Walter Christensen and Prudence of Fremont, survive.

War Summary

THE OPERATIONS along the Somme on the western front are momentarily transcended in interest by the situation at Verdun. Yesterday the French, taking the offensive, made an attack along a three-mile front east of the Meuse, capturing several German trenches and organized points of support. Paris today reports this ground held against a series of German counter attacks delivered last night. Progress by the French in the Fleury sector, northeast of the fortress, also is announced, together with the capture of 1,100 Germans in the fighting on the east bank of the river since August 1.

IN THE SOMME REGION the Germans have made renewed attempts to regain the positions they were forced to give up to the French in the Monacu farm sector, near the river, on Tuesday night. These failed, Paris declared, and the new French position between Monacu farm and Hem wood were organized by their captors. Similarly a German attack north of the Somme, near Estrees, was futile.

TO TAKE UP CHILD LABOR LEGISLATION

Measure Is Restored to Its Regular Place on the Legislative Program by Senate.

POWER OF CONGRESS

Washington, Aug. 3.—The senate late today began consideration of the bill to prevent interstate commerce in the products of child labor. The measure was restored to a place on the legislative program for this session at the request of President Wilson, after the democratic caucus once had decided to let it go over until December. Southern democrats are the only opponents of the measure, which will be kept before the senate until it is passed.

Senator Robinson, in presenting the bill on behalf of the commerce committee, told his southern colleagues there was a strong sentiment in favor of it in their states. He read extracts from newspapers in North and South Carolina, Alabama, Georgit, Mississippi and Texas favoring child labor legislation.

Power in Congress.

Answering contentions that the proposed act would effect an unconstitutional transgression of the rights of the states, the Arkansas senator asserted that under decisions of the supreme court the power of congress to regulate commerce is complete and absolute except as limited by the constitution itself; that the only limitation is the Fifth amendment, which provides that no person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law; that the Fourteenth amendment of the constitution imposes the same limitation on the states as hatt imposed by the Fifth amendment on the federal government and that if "the states in the exercise of the police power can suppress evils of child labor, congress, through its power to regulate commerce, can promote the same end by denying the channels of commerce to persons and enterprises in the interest of the public health, morals and safety."

Cites Other Cases.

Senator Robinson asserted that congress could do indirectly a great many things that it could not directly perform.

"The lottery cases and the white slave cases decided by the supreme court," he said, "affirm the power of congress to enact legislation in the nature of police regulations through its power to regulate commerce; that congress has as much power to suppress recognized evils in the conditions surrounding the production or manufacture of commodities through a regulation of commerce as it has to accomplish the same end after transportation has ended."

Railroad Sues to Get Money It Lost Through Own Error

Hastings, Neb., Aug. 3.—(Special.)—The Burlington railroad has started suit in federal court against Dan R. Rogers of Ragan to recover $120, which represents the difference between the amount paid by the defendant for four passenger tickets September 25, 1915, and their actual value.

They were routed over the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, when at the price for which they were sold they should have been sent over the Southern Pacific lines. The railroad company admits in its petition that a mistake was made, but it now hopes to recover the difference in the price of the two routings.

The government, through District Attorney Allen of Lincoln, has started proceedings against the St. Joseph & Grand Island Railroad Co. in federal court on the charge that the defendant company has violated the national law prohibiting a trainman working sixteen consecutive hours without an eight-hour rest period.

The government brings seven different counts against the railroad company and alleges that the violations were committed on October 26, 1915, and March 1, 1916.

Davis Elected Supreme Vice Chancellor of Pythian Knights

Portland, Ore., Aug. 3.—Charles H. Davis, of Denver, elected supreme vice chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, received eighty-four votes.

John J. Brown of Vandalia, Ill., present supreme vice chancellor, was elected supreme chancellor without contest, it being the custom of the supreme lodge to elevate the vice chancellor.

The supreme lodge probably will decide the next convention city tomorrow, Chicago and New Haven being among the cities which have invited the Pythians to favor them.

Hottest Day of Year at Superior; Rain Is Wanted

Superior, Neb., Aug. 3.—Today has been the hottest day of the year and with a hot wind blowing from the southwest. The prospects for corn crop gets slimmer every day, no rain has fallen in this vicinity for some time, and corn cannot stand the drouth but very little longer.

Big Day at Superior.

Superior, Neb., Aug. 3.—(Special Telegram.)—One of the largest crowds that ever assembled in Superior gathered here today for the big watermelon feed and trade day given by the Superior Commercial club. Roy Cram, a Santa Fe brakeman, drew the automobile.

American Association.

										R.	H.	E.
At Columbus—												
Indianapolis	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	6	8	1
Columbus	0	1	3	0	4	0	0	0	*	8	12	1
At Minneapolis—										R.	H.	E.
St. Paul	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	10	2
Minneapolis	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	2
At Toledo—										R.	H.	E.
Louisville	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1	9	11	0
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	13	3
At Kansas City—										R.	H.	E.
Milwaukee	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	2
Kansas City	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	*	5	7	3

Batteries: Boggs and Gossett; Curtis and Pratt.

Batteries: Leifield and Meyer; Dumont and Owens.

Batteries: Middleton and Williams; Bedient, Bailey, Strand and Wells.

Batteries: Faeth and Dilhoefer; Reagan and Berry.

Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey.

For your cold and bronchial cough, use Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It cuts the phlegm; relieves congestion. Only 25c. All druggists.—Advertisement.

The Get Away

CASEMENT HANGED FOR HIGH TREASON

(Continued from Page One.)

quick lime in the prison yard, but probably no decision as to the burial will be made until after the inquest.

Group of Irish Pray.

An affecting incident took place outside the prison wall as the execution was in progress. At the back of the prison a little distance from the jeering crowd about the gates was a group of about thirty Irish men and women. When the dull clang of the prison bell announced that the doomed man had paid the last penalty, this little group fell on their knees and with bowed heads remained for some moments silently praying for the repose of the soul of their dead fellow countryman.

Casement Shows No Concern.

Casement showed not the slightest concern over his fate. He ate well and chatted freely and cheerily with the warders of his condemned cell. After a hearty late supper he divested himself for the last time of his convict clothes and went to bed. He was notified that he would be allowed to wear his own civilian clothes for the execution, though he would not be permitted to wear a collar.

All the members of Casement's family were Protestants, and he was brought up in that faith, but became a convert to Roman Catholicism within the last few weeks. On June 29 he was registered as a member of the Roman Catholic church and since that time Fathers McCarrell and Carey of Eden Grove church, near the prison, have been ministering to him. He received his first and only communion at 7 o'clock this morning when he assisted at mass in his cell. One of his attendants said that his land was most striking. According to this attendant, the last words of the condemned man, apart from his prayers, were: "I die for my country." Father McCarrell said that he found Casement to be a beautiful character and that he never instructed any one in his religion who showed himself a quicker and more promising learner.

One More Martyr, Says News.

The morning papers mostly deal in the briefest and most matter of fact way with the execution of Casement. The only editorial reference is in the Daily News, which says: "We cannot but reaffirm our contention that the government exhibited grave unwisdom in exacting the death penalty. No evil results could have followed a commutation of the sentence. The hanging gives the disaffected section of Ireland another martyr, embitters feeling throughout the island, alienates a large and important body of American opinion and enables Germany to play off the death of Casement against the death of Fryatt."

MANY EFFORTS AT CLEMENCY

Petitions for Mercy Pour in from Many Quarters.

Practically to the very hour of Roger Casement's execution strenuous efforts were made by his friends and sympathizers in the United States and Ireland and even in England to secure a reprieve. Petitions for mercy poured in upon the British government and efforts were made to obtain action by President Wilson. Repeated attempts to pass a resolution through the United States senate requesting the president to urge Great Britain to extend mercy failed. This agitation was finally ended on July 27, when the senate committee on foreign relations ordered an adverse report on all resolutions proposing intercession by the United States government. The only action taken in Washington was the passage of a resolution by the senate asking the president to use his good offices with the British officials to obtain clemency for Irish political offenders in general.

Many prominent men, both here and in Great Britain, interested themselves in Casement's behalf, including George Bernard Shaw and the Irish poet, William Butler Yeats. The hopes of the condemned man's friends were extinguished when Lord Robert Cecil, minister of war, announced on Wednesday that the British government was determined not to grant a reprieve. Lord Cecil declared that Casement was much more "malignant and hostile" to Great Britain than were the leaders who took an actual part in the Sinn Fein revolt and that there was no ground which could be brought forward in mitigation of his offenses.

Wilson May Visit St. Louis Next Month

Washington, Aug. 3.—President Wilson may go to St. Louis to attend the convention of the National Association of Life Underwriters September 19, 20 and 21. An invitation was received at the White House today and the president is seriously considering accepting it.

Prepare for Labor Day.

Hastings, Neb., Aug. 3.—Preliminary plans for what is hoped to be the most successful labor day program ever given in Hastings were put under way at a meeting of local union men last night. Organized traveling men have been invited to participate.

The National Capital.

Thursday, August 3, 1916.

The Senate.

Continued debate on District of Columbia appropriation bill.

The House.

No session; meets Friday.

Naval conferees resumed hearings on proposed personnel changes in the navy bill.

Hair Often Ruined By Washing With Soap

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is just ordinary mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure and greaseless), and is better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use.

One or two teaspoonfuls will cleanse the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at any pharmacy, it's very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.—Advertisement.

SOCIALISTS FAVOR FREEDOM OF SEAS

Conference at The Hague Ends After Adoption of Resolution Urging Free Trade.

ATTENDANCE IS SMALL

The Hague, Netherlands, Aug. 3.—Two men and one woman were the entire audience at the closing public session of the International Socialist conference here today. It was announced at the meeting that the Norwegian delegates had now received promises of safe conduct from the German government, but they were too late and that the Spanish delegate was held up in London by other causes.

The conference adopted a resolution condemning an economic war after the war and favoring free trade and freedom of the seas. The delegates recorded their protest against the sentence of Dr. Karl Leibnecht, the German socialist leader, and others who had suffered punishment for their anti-war convictions.

Fifteen Drowned By Cloudburst at Tazewell, Tenn.

Middlesboro, Ky., Aug. 3.—Between fifteen and twenty-five persons were drowned and enormous property damage was sustained by a cloudburst on Blair's Creek, near Tazewell, Tenn., last night, according to information received here today. Telephone messages say about 100 persons lived along the creek and of these only a few have been accounted for.

City officials and citizens of Tazewell have organized rescue parties. The region is very rough and communication has been practically cut off. Nine bodies have been recovered.

Bliar's creek is ten miles long and it is estimated that 150 persons lived in this neighborhood, although only 100 of them are supposed to have been directly in the path of the cloudburst and endangered by the waters of the creek overflowing its banks.

Judge Advises Man To File Charges Against His Wife

Four divorces were granted in the district court. Frank Chilman was granted a divorce from Lucy Chilman on the charge of abandonment. Rose Estelle Leidig was granted a divorce from Winfield S. Leidig for abandonment. Hattie A. Glenney was granted a divorce from Robert P. Glenney on the grounds of cruelty.

August J. Bruegmann was granted a divorce from Myra N. Bruegmann in the court of Judge Leslie, who admonished Bruegmann to go before the county attorney and file charges against his wife and one Frank Jackson, with whom Bruegmann declares his wife has been living for some time, and with who he alleges she is still living. Bruegmann promised to file the charge.

Trunks for the School Girl

To stimulate August sales we are offering 36-inch fibre covered trunks built with first-class 3-ply veneer lumber, massive hardware, sturdy locks and hinges, one deep tray divided into convenient compartments, one extra dress tray, all nicely cloth lined.

A Thoroughly Reliable Trunk.

Price $14

Freling & Steinle

"Omaha's Best Baggage Builders."

1803 Farnam St.

Benson Folks Win Prizes for the Best Kept Yards and Lots

Prizes offered by the Benson Woman's club for the most highly improved back yards and vacant lots in the village during the summer have been awarded by the clubwomen. For the best looking back yards prizes were won by:

Mrs. Roy Marshall,	Mrs. G. H. Norquist,
Mrs. W. D. Croman,	James C. Peterson,
Albert H. Petersen,	Mrs. E. Porjer,
Austin Taylor,	W. W. Mellvaine,
Mrs. Henry Beal,	P. F. Head.

Vacant lots were improved to the best advantage by:

G. W. Pate,	Arthur Van Horn,
W. W. Mellvaine,	Amos Hanely,
Mrs. J. L. Corbaley,	Mrs. Al F. Snyder,
G. W. Pate,	C. N. Danferth,
E. W. Johnson,	Ed Burkhardt.

The prizes were useful articles donated by Benson merchants, lawn mowers, paint, subscriptions to agricultural magazines, tons of coal, etc.

Four Hundred Are Dead in Ontario Fire-Swept Zone

Cobalt, Ont., Aug. 3—Conservative estimates tonight place the number of dead in the fire-swept area of northern Ontario at 400.

A recurrence of the fires and the destruction of other settlements is feared. Reports from Boston creek, state that the fire is burning on both sides of the railroad track and raging feircely to the southwest, and especially between Redwater and Tomika.

To the west of Elk lake a serious outbreak is feared. The men have been withdrawn from the Miller Independence mine, two miles from Boston creek, and it is reported that many families near Round lake in the same district have suffered severely.

NEW YORK CAR MEN SEND ULTIMATUM

Threat Made to Tie Up All Surface Lines if Union is Not Recognized.

MORE PAY IS ALSO ASKED

New York, Aug. 3.—A strike of street railway employes, tieing up every surface line in Manhattan, the Bronx and Queens county seemed inevitable today. The leaders of the union recently organized among the employes today delivered an ultimatum to the railway companies giving them until 3 p. m. tomorrow to grant their demands, and efforts today by Mayor Mitchel to bring about arbitration failed.

Heads of the various traction companies are reported to be united in a decision to refuse to grant the demands of leaders of the street railway men's union for recognition and increased pay.

Tunnel Under Channel Project Is Revived

(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)

London, July 7.—The old project of building a tunnel under the English channel to connect England with the continent has again been revived. Plans are on foot for a meeting of a large number of members of Parliament to consider how far the scheme can be furthered at present with a view to putting it into execution at the end of the war. The decision of the allies' trade conference to establish rapid land and sea transport services at low cost is said to have a direct bearing on the revival of the matter.

THOMPSON-BELDEN & CO.

— The Fashion Center of the Middle West —

Established 1886.

The August Linen Sale Offers for Friday

Table Cloths

Bleached

$3.75 Table Cloths **$2.89**
$5.00 Table Cloths **$3.89**
$7.50 Table Cloths **$5.00**
$10 Table Cloths **$7.50**

Napkins—Bleached

$4.50 Napkins, **$3.75 doz.**
$6.00 Napkins, **$4.89 doz.**
$7.50 Napkins, **$5.89 doz.**
$10 Napkins, **$7.50 dozen**

A Bargain

Several hundred dozen Turkish Wash Cloths,

2c Each

Meridie Fluffs

Every slender woman will appreciate this Meridie Fluff, which gives an added touch of style to the blouse, besides giving perfect comfort and coolness. Made of fine net—

75c, $1.00, $1.50

Corset Section—Third Floor.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES. SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

THE KEARNEY MILITARY ACADEMY

KEARNEY, NEBRASKA. TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR.

AIM:	To provide thorough mental, moral and physical training at the lowest terms consistent with efficient work. For boys from 9 to 18. Charges: $350.00.
LOCATION:	Two miles from Kearney, in the Platte Valley.
EQUIPMENT:	55 acres of land. Four buildings. Gymnasium, swimming pool. Separate lower school building.
FACULTY:	College graduates with business experience.
COURSES:	College preparatory; commercial law and business methods; manual training; mechanical drawing; agriculture and animal husbandry.
ATHLETICS:	Football, baseball, basketball, track, tennis, swimming, calisthenics.
CATALOGUE:	Address Harry Roberts Drummond, Headmaster.

"EFFICIENCY IS THE TEST OF EDUCATION."

ASSETS, $10,200,000.00

Fairfax, Missouri, April 28, 1916.

Bankers Life Insurance Company,
Lincoln, Nebraska.

GENTLEMEN: I wish to thank you very much for the prompt and satisfactory manner in which your agent, Mr. A. M. Gibbs, today made settlement for my policy No. 20335, which was issued to me on the twenty-eighth day of April, 1896.

Mr. Gibbs, of Tarkio, Mo., today handed me check for $2,021.80, in full settlement of said policy, on which I had made twenty payments for $66.88, or a total of $1,337.60, receiving in cash $684.20 more than I had paid in to the Company.

Again thanking you very much for the prompt and satisfactory manner in which this policy was settled, as well as for the protection which it afforded my family during its term, I am,

Very truly yours,
CHARLES E. SNYDER.

TWENTY PAYMENT LIFE POLICY
Matured in the
OLD LINE BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
of Lincoln, Nebraska

Name.....Chas. E. Snyder
Residence.....Fairfax, Missouri
Amount of policy.....$2,500.00
Total premiums paid Company....$1,337.80

SETTLEMENT
Total cash paid Mr. Synder.....$2,021.80
And 20 Years' Insurance for Nothing.

It's easy to sell Bankers Life Policies. They mature much better than others. Why not try it?
HOME OFFICE—LINCOLN, NEBRASKA.