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THE WEATHER
—
FAIR

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AMERICA PRODS ALLIES TO REPLY TO MAILS NOTE

State Department Wants to Know of France and England Why They Have Not Answered.

WANTS EARLY RESPONSE
Memorandum Handed Page by Foreign Office Taking Up Certain Complaints.

TO ALLAY IMPATIENCE

Washington, July 21.—Acting Secretary Polk announced today that he had made formal inquiry of France and Great Britain as to why no reply had been received as to the last American note regarding interference with neutral mails and had asked for a response at the earliest possible moment.

At the time Mr. Polk had not heard that Ambassador Page had been handed a memorandum by the British foreign office answering specific complaints made in the American note. This memorandum will serve to allay the impatience of the state department only partially, however, as officials are most anxious to have a definite reply to the general protest against the treatment accorded mails between the United States and neutral countries of Europe.

The understanding here is that the French foreign office has sent to London a draft of a note and that dispatch of the joint reply is being delayed there.

Nebraska Troops Are Comfortable Says General Bliss

Washington, July 21.—Another report today from Major General Bliss to the War department on his inspection of National Guard camps on the Mexican border said he found the camp at Llano Grande, Donna, Mercedes and Harlingen, Texas, in an excellent state of health, with sanitary conditions ranging from good to excellent.

The dispatch follows: "Finished inspection of Minnesota and Indiana infantry brigades and two regiments of Nebraska infantry and auxiliary troops from these states, all stationed at Llano Grande and stations of Texas infantry brigade stationed at Donna, Mercedes and Harlingen. With the exception of one Indiana regiment, which was in shelter tents, the troops inspected today are comfortably sheltered. The large tents for this regiment are coming by express today.

Will Open Auditorium With Musical Festival

Holdrege, Neb., July 21.—(Special.)—A chorus of between two and three hundred voices, drawn from the entire county, accompanied by a large local orchestra, is to be one of the features at the dedication of Holdrege's new auditorium building, which will be completed late in September. Two soloists of national reputation will be secured to assist in the rendition of extracts from favorite oratorios. The matter of a pipe organ for the building is being pushed. The music will be under the direction of Prof. Wallace L. Johnson, formerly of Blair. Carl Swanberg will direct the orchestra. Rehearsals will start this month.

The Weather

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Temperature
5 a. m.	58
6 a. m.	58
7 a. m.	58
8 a. m.	58
9 a. m.	58
10 a. m.	58
11 a. m.	58
12 m.	58
1 p. m.	58
2 p. m.	58
3 p. m.	58
4 p. m.	58
5 p. m.	58
6 p. m.	58
7 p. m.	58
8 p. m.	58

Comparative Local Record.

Date	High	Low
1916	82	52
1915	82	52
1914	82	52
1913	82	52
1912	82	52
1911	82	52
1910	82	52
1909	82	52
1908	82	52
1907	82	52
1906	82	52
1905	82	52
1904	82	52
1903	82	52
1902	82	52
1901	82	52
1900	82	52

COUNT MICHAEL KAROLYI, successor of Kosuth in the fight for Hungarian independence, agitating for immediate peace between Hungary and its enemies.



HANLY IS NAMED ON THE FIRST BALLOT

Former Governor of Indiana Nominated for President by Dry Convention.

SULZER IS POOR SECOND

PROHIBITION TICKET: Frank Hanly of Indiana for president. Ira D. Landreth of Tennessee for vice president.

St. Paul, Minn., July 21.—J. Frank Hanly, former governor of Indiana, was nominated for president of the United States on the first ballot of the national prohibition convention here this afternoon.

Hanly received 440 votes against 181 for William Sulzer, former governor of New York, his nearest contender.

The New York delegation cast thirteen votes for Sulzer and thirty-seven for Hanly. Several states changed their votes after completion of the roll call, most of the changes being in Hanly's favor.

A number of delegates were absent, but about 340 votes were sufficient to elect.

Finley C. Hendrickson of Cumberland, Md., received 51 votes; James Gilbert Mason, New Jersey, 10; W. P. F. Ferguson, 4; Sumner W. Haynes, Indiana, 2; Henry Ford, 1.

Nominating Speeches Begin. Nominating speeches, begun after the adoption of the party platform, were still in progress this afternoon.

An enthusiastic demonstration followed the placing of Mr. Hanly's name in nomination. Briefer demonstrations resulted when William Sulzer, former governor of New York, and Finley C. Hendrickson of Maryland were placed in nomination.

The party platform was adopted after the addition of a plank declaring in favor of the initiative, the referendum and recall.

Hanly's Name Presented. Nominating speeches were limited to ten minutes and seconding speeches to five minutes.

Alabama yielded to Indiana, and Sumner W. Haynes began his speech nominating J. Frank Hanly, former governor of Indiana. At the conclusion of Haynes' speech there was a noisy demonstration. Delegates waved flags and banners and stood on their seats and shouted. The Indiana delegation marched through aisles and over the platform, singing patriotic songs.

After a twelve-minute demonstration.

Young Crawford Man Is Held for Horse Stealing

Crawford, Neb., July 21.—(Special Telegram.)—Clarence Sluder, about 25 years of age, of Crawford, was arrested today near Ardmore, S. D., and charged with horse stealing. At the time of his arrest he had three stolen horses in his possession. The horses were stolen off the military reservation about 8 o'clock Wednesday night and were the property of different parties in Crawford.

Food Riots in Belgian Cities; People Expelled From Lille

Rotterdam (Via London), July 21.—Food riots which broke out in Belgium and northern France have been suppressed by the German military authorities, according to reports received here from reliable sources. The rioting was especially severe at Liege, Verviers, Roubaix, Renaix, St. Nicholas, from Lokeren and Termonde.

Rotterdam, July 21.—The shortage of food which resulted in the riots, according to the relief agencies, was due to the shortage of tonnage which is not likely to be corrected, as the German government definitely has refused to consent to the plan to use interned German ships to bring relief food, and because of the embargo which the German authorities have placed on the import into Belgium and France of native Dutch food supplies, which, especially meats and

SENATE PASSES BILL TO CREATE A GREATER NAVY

Measure for More Powerful Sea Power Carries in the Upper House of Congress by 71 to 8.

EXCEEDS HOUSE BUDGET

Amendment by Senator Cummins Regarding Dreadnaughts Voted Down.

KENYON'S LOSES ALSO

Washington, July 21.—The naval appropriation bill with a three-year building program including the immediate construction of four dreadnaughts, four battle cruisers and fifty-eight other craft, passed the senate late today by a vote of 71 to 8. It carries \$315,826,843, or \$45,857,388 more than the total as the measure passed the house.

Senator Cummins' amendment to reduce the number of dreadnaughts to be constructed in three years from ten to two and battle cruisers from ten to four was rejected—60 to 14. Three democrats—Senator Lane, Thomas and Vardaman—voted for it.

An amendment by Senator Townsend of Michigan to reduce the number of dreadnaughts from ten to four also was rejected. The vote was 58 to 15.

Senator Kenyon's amendment to make the number of battleships six, four to be built at once, was defeated—58 to 17. Senators Lane, Thomas, Shafroth, Overman, Underwood and Vardaman, democrats, voting for it.

Without debate, the senate rejected an amendment by Senator Thomas, democrat, to substitute the house provision for five battle cruisers for the senate capital ship program. The vote was 65 to 12.

Another amendment by Senator Cummins to provide for two dreadnaughts and four battle cruisers, all to be begun at once, was beaten, 61 to 19. Senators Lane, Thomas, Shafroth, Overman and Underwood voted for it.

An amendment by Senator Shafroth to extend the building program from three to five years was voted down, 57 to 21.

The senate late today adopted by a vote of 61 to 5 the construction section of the naval appropriation bill, providing for a three-year program, including four dreadnaughts and four battle cruisers, to be constructed at once.

John M. Thurston Is Critically Ill at St. Joseph Hospital

John M. Thurston, former senator from Nebraska, is critically ill at St. Joseph hospital, where he has been since Sunday. He was delirious all yesterday and the attending physician, Dr. Schleier said last night that he expected the turning point inside of forty-eight hours.

Mr. Thurston had been living at the Rose hotel. Last Sunday night he arose from his bed to get a drink of water and falling, he sprained his right hip. The injury, combined with his age and the intense heat, it is asserted has a tendency to cause friends to fear for his recovery.

Mr. Thurston is one of Omaha's pioneer attorneys. For years he was general solicitor for the Union Pacific and was elected to the United States senate in 1894.

Subsea Freighter Said to Be Waiting For Cargo of Gold

Baltimore, July 21.—Negotiations now said to be pending between the Eastern Forwarding company and "one of the largest American banking institutions" for a big consignment of gold to be sent back to Germany on the submarine merchantman Deutschland, were given as the cause of the delay in the undersea liner's departure from Baltimore, according to an official of the submarine's American agents today.

Paul G. L. Hilken, the junior member of the Eastern Forwarding company, has been absent from his office here for more than forty-eight hours and it was said that he is representing his company in the negotiations for the gold. The amount could not be learned.

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PLENTY OF THRILLS IN FRONTIER SHOW

Harvey Hazen Sustains Broken Leg and Alex Sidel Has a Few Ribs Cracked.

HORSE HAS TO BE KILLED

A cowpuncher with a broken leg, another with some ribs cracked, still another with the breath knocked out of him by a wild steer so that cold water had to be used to restore him, and a fine roan broncho killed, was in a general way the net result of Friday afternoon's Frontier day events at the Douglas county fair grounds.

Harvey Hazen, Douglas, Wyo., had his leg broken at the knee when a broncho threw itself with the rider, who was just starting for a bucking exhibition. Dr. C. W. Hickey of Bennington responded from the audience when a call was issued for a doctor, and the man was carried in an automobile to the Methodist hospital, where he was given attention.

Hazen is an independent rider, in no way connected with the Irwin people, but riding here for the big purse hung up for the winner. He had no immediate friends on the grounds.

"Who's your closest friend here?" Dr. Hickey asked him.

"Well," replied the cowpuncher, gripping his injured knee in both hands, and speaking between clenched teeth, "Shorty will take care of my chaps and spurs."

Anxious About Spurs. When it was observed that the care of chaps and spurs was of more interest to Hazen than getting to a hospital, some of the men took matters in their own hands and ordered a car to take him to the hospital.

Hazen had three vertebrae cracked in a riding contest in Wyoming last November.

Alex Sidel had some ribs cracked in attempting to bull-dog a steer. The steer threw itself upon him, and he had to be helped from the field.

Homer Wilson of Muskogee, Okla., leaping from his speeding horse upon the horns of a fleeing steer, fell into a hopeless tangle with the big brindle animal, and when the steer shook itself free and fled Wilson did not rise. Charley Irwin galloped with a cup of cold water, which he dashed into his face to bring his breath back.

Besides losing his breath, Wilson had his face skinned and his legs so badly bruised that he had to be assisted back to the starter's stand.

Paul Hansen got rough treatment when his steer fell on him and rolled completely over him, directly in front of the grand stand. Hansen was on his feet before the steer, however, and plied the brute down for a fall.

In the bare-backed bucking contests a roan horse broke its leg and the boys promptly lassoed and killed it just back of the Sioux teepees.

"Soapy" Throws an Ankle. Charley Williams, known on the range as "Soapy," in getting off his bare-backed horse, fell, threw his ankle out of joint, and slid on his stomach for a rod or more.

Bugger Red, jr., of Texas rode probably the finest bare-backed bucking exhibition of the afternoon. So peppery was his horse that he might be bucking yet had not Hugh Clark of Cheyenne, Wyo., ridden to the rescue of the Texan and dragged him from the horse to his own mount. Red, too, is independent of the Irwin crowd, and is here riding for the big purse. He won the big money in the bucking at Las Vegas, N. M., recently.

The trick riders, Bill Donovan, Floyd Irwin, Harry Walters, Ray Kivett, Jim Kennedy, Scout Maish and Sam Gaffett, have borrowed just one feat from the Cossacks and in that feat they excel the Cossacks. That is the feat of standing on their heads in the saddle at a gallop. But aside from this they perform feats on the backs of galloping horses that would make the Cossack seek home and mother.

The afternoon crowd in the grandstand and bleachers was somewhat larger than the first day, perhaps 3,500. The performance continues Saturday and Sunday afternoon and evening.

Steamer Yzer With Three Americans On Board is Sunk

London, July 21.—Lloyds reports that the British steamship, Yzer has been sunk.

The Yzer sailed June 15 from Portland, Me., for Cetta, France. Its gross tonnage was about 3,300.

Portland, Me., July 21.—Three Americans, George Ivey of Philadelphia, Richard Neigan of Boston and Davis Kossenu of Oldtown, Me., were members of the crew of the British steamship Yzer, reported today from London, as having been sunk. The Yzer carried a cargo of 257,730 bushels of oats and was commanded by Captain William McL. Hunter.

Canadian Militia Minister Acquitted

Ottawa, July 21.—Sir Sam Hughes, minister of militia, is held by the Meredith-Duff Royal commission innocent of responsibility for the negotiation of government fuse contracts with American munitions manufacturers from which they were alleged to have unduly profited. The findings of the commission were announced today.

City Appeals Judgment In Levin Damage Case

Lincoln, July 21.—(Special.)—Rose Levin, administrator of the estate of Isador Levin, who was killed in Omaha by being run over by one of the automobiles by the city, and driven by Roy Furstenburg, will have to fight the case further in the supreme court, the city having appealed to that tribunal this morning.

LEADERS IN MEXICAN REFORM—These men are in a group active for the reorganization of the Mexican government with a purpose to exercise a controlling influence.



ITALY MAY BREAK WITH GERMANY

Decree Places Persons and Property of Germans On Same Basis as Austrians.

CONDITIONS ARE UNUSUAL

Rome, July 20.—(Via Paris, July 21.)—A ministerial decree was issued today placing the persons and property of Germans on the same footing of those of Austrians and Hungarians. The decree does not directly mention Germans, but states that allies of Austria are to be treated as enemies and their subjects and goods are liable to sequestration.

Prior to the war German property and interests in Italy were estimated to be worth \$250,000,000. Their value now is placed at about \$150,000,000. There are only a few German subjects in Italy now, and these will be either placed in concentration camps, or sent across the Swiss border.

There has been a strong agitation in Italy for some time for the breaking off of all relations with Germany. The curious situation caused by Italy being at war with Austria, while nominally at peace with Germany, was emphasized by an agreement between Rome and Berlin, wherein all rights of the citizens of one country domiciled in the other were to be respected.

In July 6 this agreement was denounced on the ground that it was not being observed by Germany.

At the great council of the entente powers, held in Paris last February, the Italian representatives were pressed for an explanation as to why Italy had not declared war on Germany. On February 29, Italy re-announced her neutrality in Italian ports. As a similar action by Portugal had promptly called forth an ultimatum from Berlin which was followed by a declaration of war, it was confidently expected that the same sequel would follow in regard to Italy. As far as is known, however, Wilhelmstrasse did not even make a protest. If war is now declared Italian troops may be sent to the western front, according to the expectations expressed in London and Paris.

Forty Killed During Storm in Mexico

Mexico City, July 21.—Forty persons, including a number of soldiers and women, were killed during a very severe lightning and rainstorm in the suburbs of Mexico City yesterday. Most of the deaths occurred at San Gregorio, Atlapulco and near Xochimilco.

German Subsea Mine Layer Is On Exhibition at London Dock

London, July 21.—The German submarine mine layer which is one of the U-35 class, one of the latest prizes of the British navy, was visited by an Associated Press representative today prior to its being placed on public exhibition in the Thames.

The prize, flying the German naval ensign, surmounted by the British ensign, lay in a naval dock yard on the east coast. The vessel is designed purely for mine laying. The entire forward part is composed of wells, six in number, each containing two powerful mines, which can be released by levers. The ship has no torpedo tubes or other armament except small arms for the crew and is only 100 feet long.

Thirteen bluejackets and five officers comprise the crew of the submarine. According to one of the seamen it made prior to its capture nineteen trips from its base in Germany to the British coast and laid over 200 mines on routes frequented

by merchant vessels. It was on its twentieth trip when it was captured by the British patrol boat. The sailors said that when the submarine was sighted and chased by a patrol boat the crew tried to get rid of its remaining mines, but had not sufficient time. Seeing that capture was inevitable, the officers ordered the abandonment of the ship, destroyed the log and other records and virtually demolished the six-cylinder Diesel engine of approximately 250-horsepower. All of the crew and officers were taken prisoner.

The hull of the submarine is in good condition, but showed a number of dents where it struck obstacles in its underwater voyages. The craft shows signs of rapidity of construction, but appears well fitted for short trips across the North Sea. British naval officers pointed out that the mines carried no apparatus for rendering them harmless if they broke loose from their moorings, as required by The Hague convention.

BRITISH LINE IN FOUREAUX WOOD PUSHED FORWARD

Germans Are Driven Out, But Part of the Position is Regained Again by the Tontons.

FIGHTING ALONG SOMME

French Official Report Says Counter Attacks On Posts Taken Thursday Failed.

ACTIVITY NEAR VERDUN

Berlin, July 21 (Via London).—An attack by British forces against the Germans at Fromelles, north of La Basse on Wednesday, resulted in the loss by the attackers of more than 2,000 men killed and nearly 500 taken prisoners, according to a statement given out by the war office today.

The statement admits that the German line along a front of about three kilometers (two miles) south of Hardecourt was driven from its front trenches into its second trenches, 800 meters in the rear. Enemy forces, the statement says, penetrated into the German salient at the wood of Verdmandovilles.

London, July 21.—The British line north of Basentin and Longueval has been pushed forward in Fouraux wood, the war office announced today. The British drove the Germans from the wood, but lost part of this position subsequently.

The statement says: "The battle continues without intermission between the Leisep redoubt on the west and Delville wood on the east. North of the Basentin-Longueval line the British advance has been pushed to Fouraux wood, from which we drove the enemy.

"During the night the enemy counter attacked after an intense bombardment with gas shells and succeeded in effecting entry into the northern part of the wood, but failed to dislodge us from the southern half.

"Elsewhere there is no change." German Counter Attacks Fail. Paris, July 21.—Positions captured yesterday by the French south of the Somme were subjected to a vigorous counter attack during the night. The Germans charged the French lines south of Soyecourt, but the war office announced today, suffered heavy losses and were driven back in disorder.

A strong German detachment which advanced to the attack in the Chaulnes region was repulsed with the bayonet.

Between Soissons and Rheims the French penetrated a German trench, clearing it of its defenders.

On the Verdun front the artillery was active on both sides in the vicinity of Chattancourt and Fleury. French aeroplanes successfully bombed stations at Conlans.

(Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

Two I. W. W.'s Are Shot by Holdup Men at Fairbury

Fairbury, Neb., July 21.—(Special Telegram.)—In a pitcher battle between several Industrial Workers of the World and four hold-up men, in the Rock Island yards early this morning, two of the former were shot. Norman Pearl, age 22 years, whose residence is in Fairbury, is dying at the Parker house in this city. He was shot in the back. Ed. Carson, age 28, also was shot through the leg.

According to the statement of the men, sixty-five Industrial Workers of the World arrived in the city last evening on Rock Island train 94, from Colby, Kan. They went to sleep in a boxcar and left two sentinels on duty to wake them on arrival of the freight train in Omaha. During the night the bandits attacked the guards and a battle ensued. Five shots were fired.

Sheriff Hughes and his force are looking for the holdup men.

Russ Take Town In Turkish Armenia

Petrograd, July 21.—(Via London.)—The capture by Russian troops of the town of Gumushkaneh, forty-five miles southwest of Trebizond, in Turkish Armenia, was announced today by the war office.

Gumushkaneh, is forty miles northwest of Baiburt, the capture of which was reported by the Petrograd war office on July 16. It is about fifty miles directly north of Erzurum, the objective of the Russian army, which recently took Mamakhatun, fifty miles to the west.

You Don't Know

how many of the good things in life are within easy reach until you read some of the bargains in Bee Want Ads