Part One
NEWS SECTION
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THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE

THE WEATHER
FAIR

VOL. XLVI—NO. 4. OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1916—SEVEN SECTIONS—THIRTY-SIX PAGES. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

State Historical Society

FIFTH WILL LEAVE THIS MORNING ON WAY TO THE SOUTH

Last of Nebraska National Guardsmen Receive Their Orders to Entrain for the Border.

GO OVER MISSOURI PACIFIC

Cars Now in Lincoln Yards to Take Men to Their Stations.

HALL REFUSED CAPTAINCY

Lincoln, Neb., July 8.—The Fifth regiment, Nebraska National Guard, will entrain for the border tomorrow. Order to strike tents was issued this afternoon. The first detachment will leave shortly before 9 o'clock over the Missouri Pacific and by 11 o'clock the Fifth regiment will be away. Cars are now in the yards.

Application of Adjutant General Hall for a captaincy has been refused by the War department, it being held that he, a federal distributing officer, must remain in the state.

At noon the Fifth regiment lacked but forty men of the required number. Officers indicated that the regiment might be reported ready for service before night. They admit that they anticipate no delay in orders to entrain once the regiment is reported ready.

Status of Airmen.

The status of the aviation corps is considerably up in the air. After ordering Captain Ralph McMillen to secure a force of forty-five aviators from the Guard for aviation instruction and the captain has secured them and waiting for orders, now it looks as if there would be nothing doing and the boys will have to be sent back to their respective companies. It is this same haphazard manner in which the War department has conducted things that has been instrumental in keeping back enlistments.

The Fourth regiment might have been in camp yet had not the authorities here notified the War department that if they continued their dilatory tactics men would be deserting by hundreds in disgust. When this message reached the department at Washington in less than two hours the order came to entrain.

Officers Up in Air.

Military officers here representing the War department have been as much up in the air as anybody because of the methods used by the War department and have handled the situation nicely in spite of the watchful waiting policy carried on.

The field hospital company, the last to be mustered in, was given the federal oath and was examined today. There is little doubt but that most if not all of them will pass, as the requirements for membership in a company of this kind are not as strict as regards disability as in the regular service.

Under the new law adjutant generals will not be disbursing officers and so General Hall has recommended Major Falconer of Omaha for that position.

Preliminaries Under Way.

Today the men of the Fifth infantry are busy getting wagons over to the loading platforms along the spur tracks in order that as soon as the cars are shoved into the ground that the baggage may be placed thereon as quickly as possible. The wagons will have to be dismantled and packed on the cars as closely as possible.

Louis Brandeis, a Brother of George Brandeis, is Dead

Louis Brandeis, a brother of George Brandeis, died Friday evening in Chicago, following an operation for appendicitis.

George Brandeis was notified of his illness last Sunday by telegram and left immediately with Mrs. Brandeis for Chicago. They were with him when he died.

Louis Brandeis is survived by his widow and two children and three brothers and a sister.

He was president of the Brandeis Auto Sales company, located on Michigan avenue. One of his sons was associated with him in the business.

The Weather

For Nebraska—Fair and continued warmer.

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	70
6 a. m.	72
7 a. m.	74
8 a. m.	76
9 a. m.	82
10 a. m.	84
11 a. m.	85
12 m.	87
1 p. m.	88
2 p. m.	88
3 p. m.	89
4 p. m.	91
5 p. m.	92
6 p. m.	91
7 p. m.	90
8 p. m.	—

Comparative Local Records.

	1916.	1915.	1914.	1913.
Highest yesterday	92	71	85	91
Lowest yesterday	68	61	64	74
Mean temperature	80	66	74	82
Precipitation	.00	.00	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal at Omaha since March 1, and compared with the last two years:

Normal temperature	76
Excess for the day	4
Total excess since March 1, 1916	30
Normal precipitation	.14 inch
Deficiency for the day	.14 inch
Total precipitation since March 1, 1916	5.72 inches
Deficiency for corresponding period in 1915	3.25 inches
For corresponding period in 1914	.67 inch

GIRL ROBBED AND BEATEN BY NEGRO

Miss Blanche Monroe Victim of Aaron Davis, Captured by South Side Posse.

ASSAULT IN BROAD DAY

Less than a half hour after he had assaulted and robbed Miss Blanche Monroe, 17-year-old department store clerk, living at 2308 Harrison street, Aaron Davis, a negro, was captured by police officers at Twenty-third and Polk streets, South Side, at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The assault occurred at Twenty-second and Polk street. Davis followed Miss Monroe from the street car line. She was just returning from the North Side, where she is employed as a clerk in the Brandeis stores.

Attacking the young woman from behind, he snatched her pocketbook and then began to beat her.

A struggle, witnessed by two little girls of the neighborhood, Celia Swoboda, 2421 Drexel street, and Agnes Cormack, 2308 Harrison street, followed. The screams of the two children frightened the negro. He threw the girl to the ground, kicking her many times about the breast and neck. Black and blue marks remained as evidences of his cruel treatment.

Sister Rescues Girl.

Mrs. Cormack, a sister of Miss Monroe, and M. Nelson, 224 Drexel street, were attracted to the scene a few minutes after the negro had fled. They assisted the girl and called the police.

A posse of residents of the neighborhood took up the trail of Davis. A block away they cornered him in a barn, where he held them off until Detectives Gillen and Allen and Officer Bert Hiatt appeared. As the officers came in sight Davis threw away the pocketbook that he had snatched from Miss Monroe.

At the police station a booklet said to have been the property of Harry Templeton, 2318 South Seventh street, was found on his person. The police say that this booklet was taken from Templeton when the latter was robbed on the North Side some time ago. Davis confessed to the theft, as well as five other thefts.

He told the police he had been working the city for some time with a "pal." Detectives Gillen and Allen were sent out in search of the accomplice.

Poison Expert And Undertaker Again on Stand

Waukegan, July 8.—Taking of evidence in the case of Will H. Orpet, charged with the murder of Marion Lambert, was concluded this afternoon. Argument will begin next Monday.

Waukegan, Ill., July 8.—The Orpet jury, referred to sometimes by certain of its members as a class in chemistry, listened today to further questions and answers appertaining to the subject of cyanide of potassium, with which poison Will H. Orpet is alleged to have murdered Marion Lambert. The witness was Dr. Ralph W. Webster, a toxicologist called in rebuttal by the state.

"You testified on direct examination that Marion Lambert died of cyanide of potassium. Have you changed your opinion since?" asked Ralph F. Potter of counsel for the defense.

"I have not," answered Dr. Webster.

Fred I. Wenban, the undertaker who cared for Marion's body and who was the first, according to testimony, to notice the spots on Marion's cloak, was the next witness. There had been insinuations by the defense that the spots, alleged to have been made by cyanide, were placed there by some one interested in the prosecution.

"Did you put those spots there?" asked State's Attorney Dady.

"I did not," replied Mr. Wenban.

Cross examination was perfunctory and brief.

Chafin Starting Boom for Ford for "Dry" Nomination

Chicago, July 8.—Eugene W. Chafin, twice nominee of the prohibition party for president, announced on his arrival here today that he will work for the nomination of Henry Ford for president at the prohibition national convention at St. Paul week after next.

Coincident with Mr. Chafin's arrival, it was announced that V. G. Hipshaw, chairman of the prohibition national committee, has had an interview with Mr. Ford on the subject of the presidential nomination and that Ford's views on the liquor question were satisfactory to the national committee. The Detroit manufacturer is considering the question and will announce his position in a few days. That Mr. Ford will accept the nomination was taken as a foregone conclusion by Mr. Chafin.

"Mr. Ford is a stronger candidate than either Wilson or Hughes and, if nominated, he can be elected this year," Mr. Chafin said.

Fourteen Mexicans Killed in a Fight Near Anapra, N. M.

El Paso, July 8.—Fourteen Mexicans are reported to have been killed in a battle with three Americans not far from Anapra, N. M., according to a report received here today.

RUSS CONTINUE TO PRESS BACK GERMAN LINES

Slavs Win Further Successes in Sector of Czartorysk, Occupying Several More Towns.

WIN IN GALICIA, TOO

Capture More Than Thousand Men in Action Against Bothmer Army.

MANY AUSTRIANS SABRED

Petrograd, July 8.—(Via London.)—The Russians have pressed back the Germans further in the sector of Czartorysk, occupying several more towns. More than 2,000 men were captured yesterday.

In Galicia the Russians have made further progress against the army of Count von Bothmer. In this war theater the Russians captured more than 1,000 men yesterday.

The announcement follows:

"In the region of the lower Styr, west of the Czartorysk sector, we are closely pressing the enemy. After the battle yesterday we occupied the Gorodok-Maevichi station, Okonsk-Zagroovka-Gruziatyn line. In yesterday's combat seventy-five officers and 2,000 men were taken prisoners in the zone of the railway line and the Gruziatyn region.

"In the region of Optevo a great number of Austrians were sabered during pursuit of the enemy after a cavalry charge. More than 600 men, five cannon, six machine guns and three machine gun detachments with equipment were captured.

"Prisoners continue to arrive in masses. We have taken possession of a great quantity of arms, stores of provisions and other articles.

"According to latest information we have occupied the villages of Letchnierka and Griva, north of the market town of Gorodok and ten kilometers from the Stockhod river.

"East of Monasterzyska (Galicia) we took possession of the village of Gregorov, carrying off more than 1,000 prisoners."

Tony Volanuk and Mary Rehachky Are Happy Despite War

The armies of Nicholas, czar of all the Russias, and Franz Josef, emperor of Austria, are locked in mortal combat, hating and trying to kill each other.

But Tony Volanuk and Mary Rehachky, former subjects of the czar and emperor, respectively, do not hate each other.

They were joined in the "bonds of holy matrimony" by County Judge Crawford at high noon.

What care they, in this land of the free and h. of the b. for the struggles of their old world rulers. They are Americans.

They did the affair up right, Mary being attended by a bridesmaid and Tony having a best man. There was also a little flower girl and extra man as supernumerary.

"Married," cried Mary as they came out, and she danced down the corridor. Tony caught up with her and put his arm about her.

Then the elevator came and swallowed these former subjects of hostile nations.

And the music of the wedding bells and coings of doves rose above the thunder of cannon.

Two Hundred of De Facto Soldiers Are Killed by Yaquis

Nogales, Ariz., July 8.—From 200 to 300 Carranza soldiers and camp followers were massacred by broncho Yaquis early this week in lower Sonora, according to stories told today by arrivals from that part of Mexico. Those of the de facto detachment not killed by gunfire, it is said, were burned at the stake.

While reports place the number of dead at 300, conservative estimates made known disposal of troops near the scene of the massacre, put the loss at 200.

News of the disaster to the Carranza force has caused excitement and unrest among the Yaquis. While it is known that large numbers of Yaquis have joined the de facto army, there has been general disbelief that the entire Indian nation, including the broncho or wild Yaquis have made peace with the Mexicans. For that reason the reports of the massacre generally are credited.

General Estrade has had several thousand troops in the Yaqui valley holding back the Yaquis and it is believed the opportunity for the reported massacre came about when Estrade moved his main command north to Hermosillo and Magdelana in the course of mobilization maneuvers.

Alleged Axeman is On the Way Back to Iowa in Motor Car

Topeka, Kan., July 8.—Governor Capper today issued extradition papers for William Mansfield, held in Kansas City, Kan., in connection with the axe murder of a family at Villisca, Ia. Mansfield was rushed from here in an automobile following the issuance of the papers. At the hearing today Mansfield endeavored to establish an alibi, showing that he was not in Iowa at the time of the murders.

NEBRASKA GUARDSMEN WILL SERVE UNDER HIM ON BORDER—Brigadier General James Parker (left), commanding Brownsville district on border, and his aides, Lieutenants W. D. Crittenberger and P. C. Roborg.

AWAITING WORD FROM CARRANZA

Negotiations Probably Will Be Conducted Through Mexican Ambassador at Washington.

FIGHT WITH BANDITS NEAR

Washington, July 8.—Word of General Carranza's decision as to the form diplomatic negotiations for the settlement of border difficulties should take was expected today at the State department.

It is thought probable that the de facto government will authorize Ellseo Arredondo, ambassador designate here, to talk matters over informally with Acting Secretary Polk.

Officials expect that the Carranza government will again offer the border cantonment plan which first was presented at the El Paso conference with Major General Scott and the Mexican war minister, General Obregon. It was rejected at that time because immediate withdrawal of General Pershing's men from Mexico was stipulated by General Obregon as a condition.

Villa Near Canutillo.

A statement by the War department press bureau today said that more unsupported rumors had been received of the presence of Villa at a place called Canutillo, west of Parral. According to the report, Villa's wounds were caused by a bullet that passed through the back muscles of both sides without striking a bone and that he has recovered sufficiently to walk with a limp and ride with greater ease.

Battle with Bandits Expected.

El Paso, Tex., July 8.—Carranza forces expected to give battle today to the Villistas who raided Jiminez, Chihuahua, according to a report received this morning by General Gonzales in Juarez from General Trevino, commanding the army of the north.

The message said that 1,200 cavalrymen under General Domingo Arrieta, supported by 800 infantry, had overtaken the bandits at Las Nievas, south of Jiminez, about 2 o'clock this morning. General Arrieta wired General Trevino that he intended to attack Calixto Contreras and his followers at daybreak.

Body of Adair is Sent to Oregon

El Paso, Tex., July 8.—The body of Lieutenant Henry Adair, Carrizal victim, was sent to his former home at Portland, Ore., today. That of Dewitt Rucker, the only trooper identified, was shipped to Hartwell, Ga. Those of the six other troopers are being held pending instructions for their disposal.

It was stated at department headquarters that twenty-one of the twenty-three troopers captured at Carrizal and released June 29 probably would be sent to Columbus, N. M., today enroute to their commands in Mexico. The two wounded will be held here for treatment.

The Tenth infantry, Pennsylvania National Guard, detrained today at Fort Bliss.

ALLIES REVERT TO OLD LAW OF SEA

Britons Announce Abandonment of Partial Enforcement of Declaration of London.

NEW ORDER IN COUNCIL

London, July 8.—In accordance with the recent decision of the British government to discontinue the partial enforcement of the Declaration of London, which has reference to the conduct of naval warfare, an order in council was published in the London Gazette under which all orders made under the Declaration of London since the beginning of the war are withdrawn.

The new order declares it to be the intention of Great Britain and its allies to exercise their belligerent rights at sea in strict accordance with the law of nations. On account of the changed conditions of commerce and the diversity of practice, doubts might arise in certain matters as to the rules which the allies might regard as in conformity with the law of nations and it is ordered that the following provisions be observed:

First, the hostile destination required for the condemnation of contraband articles shall be presumed to exist until the contrary is shown, if the goods are consigned to or for an enemy authority, or agent of an enemy state, or to or for a person in the territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy, or to or for a person who, during the present hostilities, has forwarded contraband goods to an enemy authority or agent of an enemy state, or to or for a person in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy, or if the goods are consigned "to order," or if the ship's papers do not show who is the real consignee of the goods.

Second: The principle of continuous voyage or ultimate destination shall be applicable, both in cases of contraband and blockade.

Third: A neutral vessel carrying contraband with papers indicating a neutral destination which, notwithstanding the destination shown on the papers, proceeds to an enemy port, shall be liable to capture and condemnation if it is encountered before the end of its next voyage.

Fourth: A vessel carrying contraband shall be liable to capture and condemnation if the contraband, reckoned either by value, weight, volume or freight, forms more than half the cargo.

It is further ordered that nothing in the new regulations shall be deemed to affect the order in council of March 11, 1915, for further restricting the commerce of the enemy, or any proclamations declaring articles to be contraband of war during the present hostilities; nor shall the new regulations affect the validity of anything done under the orders in council now withdrawn. Any cause or proceeding commenced in prize court before the making of the new order may, if the court thinks it just, be heard and decided under the orders withdrawn, so far as they were in force when such cause of proceeding was begun or would have been applicable in such cause or proceeding if the new order had not been made.

The order is cited as "Maritime rights order in council, 1916."

Rockefeller Plays Golf on Birthday

Cleveland, O., July 8.—John D. Rockefeller, the richest man in the world, celebrated his seventy-seventh birthday here today playing golf. His birthday dinner, in which his fellow golfers participated, was served at noon. Rockefeller appeared in splendid health.

Weather Reports to Railroads Promise Continuance of Hot Spell

While perhaps it is possible that the present torrid spell is to continue for a time, according to railroads, the end is in sight. The railroads report that all through eastern Wyoming and western Nebraska the weather is much cooler and that the cool wave is working eastward.

The railroads reported light showers at a number of places in central and western Nebraska Friday night, but nothing in the way of a general rain. It is asserted that as a rule throughout the state the weather is just what is needed for harvest, as well as for the growing crops.

GERMAN REVIEW OF BATTLE IN WEST

British Capture Unimportant Section of Trenches East of La Boisselle.

FRENCH OCCUPY BELLOY

BULLETIN.

Berlin, July 8.—(Via London.)—German troops on both sides of the Somme, in the field of the entente offensive along the western front, have repulsed with heavy losses repeated attacks by the British and French, the war office announced today.

Berlin, July 8.—(Via London, July 8.)—Today's news from the western front throws little light on the fighting during the last twenty-four hours, but the advices show that the fighting in the period immediately preceding was most intense at three points, at Thiepval, around Hem and the region eight to ten miles south of the Somme river.

In the Thiepval sector there was a succession of bitter attacks and counter attacks. The British several times succeeded by violent assaults in obtaining a foothold in Thiepval, but each time were ejected from the ruins of the village. Their losses are described as "extraordinarily heavy."

British Gain Unimportant.

The only British success—and this is declared to be unimportant—was the capture of a salient of German trenches east of La Boisselle, only a short distance east of the original German line. From La Boisselle southward the fighting was of a local character.

The Germans have thrown a strong dam around the British flood wave and isolated attempts to break the dam have been unsuccessful.

The capture of the village of Hem was accomplished by the French only after three desperate attempts. The first two onslaughts, although delivered with great force and determination, were repulsed. The third assault gave them possession of the village and enabled them to straighten out their line between Curlu and Feuillers.

French Capture Belloy.

The fighting at Estrees and Belloy En Santerre also was of a house to house and hand to hand character. The wave of battle swept back and forth, with both French and Germans resorting chiefly to the use of the bayonet and hand grenades and fighting with the utmost desperation. The losses, as to be expected in this sort of fighting, were very heavy. The French finally remained masters of Belloy.

The German commanders have prepared for attempt by the French or British to extend the front of the offensive or for a renewed attack at new places on the long front, but as yet no serious endeavor in this direction has been reported.

Bond Proposition For Erection of Art Museum is Broached

Members of the library board intend to introduce in the city council within a few weeks an ordinance providing for the submission to voters next fall a bond proposition in the sum of $250,000 for erection of a public art museum.

The proposed building will house the Byron Reed collection and other historical articles now in the library; also valuable art treasures which will be given by Omaha people as soon as a permanent public building shall have been provided for such purposes.

Modern Woodmen Will Pay Policies of Members Slain

Rock Island, Ill., July 8.—The Modern Woodmen of America will pay the death claims of members who may lose their lives in the military or naval service of the United States, in the event of war with Mexico. This was decided at a meeting of the executive council of the order here yesterday.

BRITONS MAKING A FURIOUS DRIVE ON THEIR SECTOR

They Are Attempting to Catch Up With the French, Who Are Far Ahead of Them.

RUSS CONTINUE THEIR RUSH

Czar's Troops Are Threatening Kovel from Three Directions and Taking Many Prisoners.

TEUTONS ARE RETIRING

London, July 8.—With the aid of innumerable guns and waves of infantry, the British army continues to make slow progress in its effort to bring the front line between Ancre and Montauban on a level with the French line further south, the French having pushed further ahead than their allies.

This effort on the part of th British has led to the most furious fighting, in which the border troops have been engaged. The flower of the German army has been brought forward to oppose them and guns and ammunition are being used lavishly.

According to reports from Holland, Belgium has been denuded of German soldiers to meet the Anglo-French offensive, and the railway stations, even in the larger towns, are guarded by the older reservists.

In London the reports of the British commander, General Sir Douglas Haig, are awaited eagerly, and although the arrival of wounded tells the price which is being paid for the advance, the news of the small gains is being received with quiet satisfaction.

Notwithstanding the enormous call on German reserves for the battle in Picardy, the German crown prince has resumed the offensive at Verdun and yesterday made further repeated attacks near Thiaumont works without meeting any success.

Rapid Progress in East.

In the east things are moving more rapidly. The Russians are making progress in their drives against the important railway junctions at Delatyn in Galicia, Kovel in Volhynia, and Baranovichi, north of the Pripet marshes. Little news has been received in regard to the fighting in the region of Baranovichi. In Galicia and Volhynia, however, the Teutons admit the withdrawal of their line, the retirements having been forced the advance of the Russians in Galicia, and the successful manner in which they dealt with the German counter offensive on the Lutsk sector. According to unofficial reports, Delatyn is surrounded on three sides and the Russians, having cut the easternmost lines of retreat across the Carpathians, are on the flanks of the Austrian new defensive lines, running through Stanislau and Halicz.

General Bothmer may be compelled to fall back even further before he reaches safety.

Advancing all along the line of the Lutsk salient, the Russians are now threatening Kovel from three points. Capture of prisoners continues, and according to Russian estimates the total for a month's fighting is not far short of 250,000.

Russian Official Report.

Petrograd, July 7.—(Via London, July 8.)—The Russian advance in the Czartorysk region, in which the attacking Germans were thrown back yesterday, has been pushed further. The war office tonight announced the capture of the villages of Dolnyca and Gruziayta. The number of Ger-

(Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

Court Says Kearney Right to Remain In Soldiers' Home

Grand Island, Neb., July 8.—(Special Telegram.)—In the injunction case long pending whereby William Kearney seeks to prevent Commandant Walsh from ejecting him and his wife from the Soldiers' home on the ground that they are not dependent, the court has decided, after a full hearing, that the injunction against the commandant will hold until such time as the State board of Control adopts a ruling under which the commandant would have authority to act. Mr. Kearney is said to own considerable property and operates an automobile line between Grand Island and the Soldiers' home.

Every reader of The Bee will find it to his advantage to read and use the "Swappers' Column."

To those who haven't learned what this column can do a little explanation is worth while.

Most everyone has a number of things about the home or office that they would like to trade for something else—doesn't make any difference what it is, household articles, personal effects, books, animal pets, anything—a little ad run in this column of The Bee, telling what you have and what you want will almost always secure the desired exchange.

The Bee makes a special charge for advertising in this column, which is lower than all other want-ad advertising — so small that you won't complain.

Phone Tyler 1000 NOW.