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ress communications relating to news ter to Omaha Bee, Editorial Department.

JUNE CIRCULATION

57,957 Daily-Sunday 52,877

wight Williams, circulation manager of The Bee hing company, being duly sworn, says that the see circulation for the manth of June, 1916, was daily and 55.377 Sunday, DWIGHT WILLIAMS, Circulation Manager, ubscribed in my presence and sworn to before me Subscribed in my pressures and sweet the state of July, 15,6 ROBERT HUNTER, Notary Public.

becribers leaving the city temperarily uld have The Bee mailed to them. Ad-ses will be changed as often as requested.

The glorious Fourth!

If you think you have a message, shoot it.

Noisemakers hold the floor, also the surrounding territory.

Safety First! Be careful on land and more careful in the water!

The best day in the political calendar. All the more reason for putting safety first.

Note how High and elevating the prohibition debate in Nebraska is already becoming.

Absence of noisy demonstration along the border does not imply the absence of the makings.

The great problem of war offensives nowadays is ability to masticate and digest the big and little

Another advantage of the "safe and sane" rule is diminished anxiety about the morning of the The Declaration enters upon its 140th year. It

grows brighter and better with the years, and doesn't look its age. Speaking for Nebraska republicans, The Bee

cordially invites Mr. Hughes to take in our state, too, on his western itinerary. Thoughtful and sober observance of the natal day befits the times. Boisterous hilarity ill-be-

comes a season fraught with national anxiety. With five months' pay as a hold-over more than he expected, Postmaster Wharton will have good

reason to carry his smile along with him into

Railroad rate discrimination against Omaha must not be tamely tolerated. Omaha is entitled to treatment from every railroad equal to that accorded the most favored city.

Concerning Senator Hitchcock, we think fair-minded men will agree that he doesn't play politics with his vote as a senator.—World-Herald (the senator's personally owned organ.)

That's a good one surely, even though a trifle late for April Fool jokes!

It is peculiarly fitting that preparedness ideas ould take deep root in the soil of New Jersey. So thoroughly are the natives being grounded in the spirit of the time that one eminent Jerseyman is rearing a Greek mausoleum as a measure of

Our Nebraska aviation corps is to be sent to Ithaca, New York or to Newport News, Virginia, or training. What's the matter with having an aviation training camp right here at Fort Crook or Fort Omaha where Uncle Sam has ready-tooccupy quarters?

ne watchful friend evidently gave Carranza mich that Colonel Roosevelt and 12,000 men might head southwestward unless the first chief climbed down. Morning dispatches carried the hint. Before evening Carranza climbed down and released the captured troopers. Another vindication for the big stick.

## This Day We Celebrate

Prince Frederick William, eldest son of the Prussian crown prince and heir presumptive to the imperial throne, born ten years ago today. William Farnum, celebrated actor and photo-play star, born in Boston, thirty-nine years ago today.

Joseph Pennell, celebrated artist, illustrator and author, born in Philadelphia fifty-six years

and author, born in Philadelphia fifty-six years ago today.

William B. Phillips, president of the Colorado School of Mines, born at Chapel Hill, N. C., fifty-nine years ago today.

George M. Cohan, celebrated actor, playwright and manager, born at Providence, R. I., thirty-nine years ago today.

George J. Zolnay, one of Amrica's foremost sculptors, born in Hungary, fifty-three years ago today.

today.

General Maraball I. Luddington, U. S. A., retired, was born July 4, 1839, at Smithfield, Pa. He was stationed in Omaha at one time and became quartermaster general before he retired. He is a brother of Dr. Horace Luddington.

G. W. Noble, general agent for Nebraska for the New England Mutual Life Insurance company, was born July 4, 1862, at La Grange, O. He was once county superintendent of Cass county.

He was once county supersheauent of Casacounty.

Louis Slavin, president of the Omaha Plating
company, is just 45. He was born in Odessa,
Russia, and is an electro-plater by trade, having
been steadily is business in Omaha since 1884,

A. C. Van Sant, formerly heading a school
of shorthand, was born July 4, 1832, in Camden,

N. J. He is brother of ex-Governor Van Sant of
Minnesota and for twenty years practiced densistry, at the same time making a study and
practice of shorthand.

Walter H. Rhodes, president of Rhodes-Montcomery Fire Insurance company, is celebrating
as forty-fifth birthday. He was born in Haruss, III, and graduated from Iowa college at
Grinsell.

On the Glorious Fourth.

The nation's birthday finds the country in strangely anomalous position. Technically at peace with the world, but actually under arms, the people calmly await developments that will determine our course as to the delicate situation along the southern border. The portent, happily, is not so ominous as it was a few days ago, and hope for amicable adjustment of the pressing affairs with Mexico is fully warranted. However, the public is well prepared for whatever may

The Fourth of July is marked by events that are inspiring to the utmost degree. Vicksburg and Gettysburg, and Santiago shed their luster on the day, and make even more sacred the proceedings at Philadelphia 140 years ago. It was then this nation was born, most solemnly dedicated to the cause of human liberty. Its battles since have been fought for mankind, with nothing of selfish purpose or sinister design following the victorious armies that pressed on to widen the bounds wherein man should be free as his Maker intended. No stain of conquest mars the beauty of its banner, and under it lives no slave save him who is held in bondage by ignorance, prejudice or passion

The eternal principles enunciated on July 4 1776, are still a guiding light for humanity, and a goal to which all enlightened endeavor tends. On them rests our government, and under it liberty continually has new birth, and each day sees a free people rededicate itself to the perpetuation of the faith of the fathers. America must always be an example for all governments, an inspiration to all peoples, and a safe and sure support for right and justice.

### New Gems in Mars' Diadem.

The long advertised drive of the Entente Allies, now in progress, has turned the spotlight for the moment on two new figures. Sir William Robertson, chief of staff of the British army, who has succeeded to the duties laid down by Kitch-ener, is not entirely anknown. His share in planning the present offensive move has been great, and Kitchener's fame will suffer none by reason of the credit that must go to his successor. The other great figure is General Sir Douglas Haig, actual commander of the British forces in the field.

This is another illuminating example of the "ellent man" in military annals. Haig was very little known, outside the army, till he was called upon to take up his present work after Sir John French had demonstrated the necessity for a change in command. His fitness for the place is now admitted, for he has shown the capacity for detail that is the true mark of genius. His qualifications as a strategist will be proven by his present undertaking. War on the magnificent scale of operations in Europe requires imagination as well as tactics, and the test will show if Haig has the requisite amount. Selected for the most difficult task of the war, he has gone about his business in orderly fashion, and is striving to make good on England's expectations.

These new gems in Mars' ruddy crown are shining just now with vivid luster, and bid fair to win places alongside those held by von Hindenberg and Joffre.

## As To Street Signs.

Omaha is woefully deficient in furnishing information as to street names and directions needed by strangers and the Commercial club is on the right track in urging the city authorities to proceed without delay in marking the streets. There is room for disagreement, however, with the added specification that the name be "stencilled either on the poles or on the curbing at street intersections." All our experiments with stencilled street signs have been either makeshifts or disastrous failures and we should do something more permanent, at least upon the main thoroughfare. If the street names are to go on the curbing or sidewalks, the letters should be of substantial material that will be legible for a reasonable time, for everyone knows sidewalk stencilling does not last more than a few days, and that painting on poles is not much better.

Most up-to-date cities have neat and attractive enamelled or glass street signs attached to their street lamps. Some cities have similar signs hung from the street railway trolley at the center o each street intersection, which if done in Omah would cover the most important thoroughfares, though by no means all of them.

Inability to find one's way around the city is about the only com nt that comes from strangers visiting Omaha and the cause of this complaint should be removed when the rem edy is so easy.

## Still Wedded to Its Folly.

That remarkable literary document sent out from the St. Louis convention as the platform of the democratic party is emphatically clear on some scattered points. One of these is the unqualified endorsement of the administration shipping bill, now pending before congress. That this measure was rejected a year ago does not lessen the de votion of the president and his secretary of the treasury to its provisions, and they will make all efforts to secure its passage. As at present pend ing the measure does not in any material way differ from the one that failed in the last congress It provides for the appropriation of \$50,000,000 to be invested in merchant vessels for the seagoing trade, these to be sold or leased to private owners with the provision that the government has prior claim upon their services in event of war.

This means the investment of public money is enterprise into which private capital hesitates to venture. The absurdity of the whole thing climaxes in the fact that it is the serious proposa of a party that has always pretended to shrink from subventions of any kind, especially from the payment of subsidies or bonuses. It is also part of the record of the democratic administration that it forced American ships to pay tolls through the Panama canal, a concession to the shipping interests of Europe. A further anachronism is that the measure will open American coastwise trade to foreign built vessels, thus compelling the direct competition of our merchant marine with the world in the only field of profit that has been

preserved to it by protective laws. Objections to the Wilson-McAdoo shipping bill have often been stated, and do not lose any weight because of the inclusion of the measure is the St. Louis platform.

This month of July will conclude two years of the great European war. Were there any of us who were not cocksure at the outset that the war could not possibly be ended short of two years?

Despite Carranza's hesitancy as a correspondent, there is no sign of manana in the daily output of hot stuff for home consumption.

Thought Nugget for the Day. The strength of a nation, especially of a republican nation, is in the intelligent and well-ordered homes of the people.

—Mrs. Sigourney.

One Year Ago Today in the War.

French declared attacks of Germans north of Arras repulsed with heavy loss. Berlin reported the capture of 2,500 men and much ordnance equipment in the Argonne.
German aeroplanes dropped bombs on forts
at Harwich, England, and Nancy, in France.
For the third successive day the Turks made

a desperate attack on the allied positions at the Dardanelles and were driven back with heavy

Today in Omaha Thirty Years Ago.

The picnic of the Omaha Turnverein took place
in Brandt's park. The first prize for the 100-yard
dash was won by Samuel Stevenson and the secdash was won by Samuel Stevenson and the second prize by D. E. Fletcher, while the prize for
the running long jump was won by E. B. Whalen.
A party of six newspaper men, composed of
Messrs. W. C. Gregory and E. C. Snyder of the Republican, George Eddy of the Excelsior, Harry



Merriam of the Watchman and Robert Hunter of The Bee spent the Fourth in Lincoln, where they were entertained by Landlord W. Kitchen of the

Hon. Joel Foster of Montpelier, Vt., is in the city visiting his two sons, G. R. and G. W. Foster, both of the Omaha National bank.

Valentine's Shorthand institute has removed from the northwest corner of Thirteenth and Douglas to the Exposition building, Capitol avenue, near Fourteenth. The marriage of

The marriage of Sigismund Herschberg and Rosa Klein took place in Germania hall, Rabbi Benson officiating. The groom was attended by A. Klein, while the bride was attended by her sister, Miss Eva Klein sister, Miss Eva Klein.

Company A of the Second Infantry, which has been detailed to take the place of the Fourth infantry in this department, has arrived in the city and taken up quarters at Fort Omaha. The company is commanded by Captain Mills.

Uncle Sam's Birthday Certificate.

July the Fourth today commemorates the 140th birthday of the nation. The original "birth certificate," written by hand on parchment, now much worn and faded, is preserved carefully in an air-tight and light-proof case in the library of the Department of State. Only facsimiles are exhibited today, the original being far too precious to risk in the light and air.

The history of this certificate is of considerable interest. In the second continental congress in Philadelphia Richard Henry Lee of Virginia on June 7, 1776 introduced the preliminary resolution, seconded by John Adams. Consideration was postponed and on June 11 Thomas Jefferson. John Adams Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman and R. R. Livingston were appointed to prepare a preamble. This committee, known as the Jefferson committee, submitted a draft of the declaration on June 28. On July 2 the resolution itself was adopted by congress and the declaration was considered in committee. 2 the resolution itself was adopted by congress and the declaration was considered in committee, being again taken up the next day, July 3. On July 4 the declaration was agreed to by the committee of the whole, reported to congress

and adopted.

The independence of the United Colonies was

The independence of the United Colonies was thus declared and thereupon congress ordered the declaration authenticated and printed and distributed to all state assemblies and to the commanding officers of the army.

Accordingly the declaration was issued as a printed broadside on July 5, headed: "In congress July 4, 1776. A declaration by the representatives of the United States of America in general congress assembled."

On July 19 congress resolved "that the declaration passed on the 4th be fairly engrossed on parchment, with the title and stille (style) of The unanimous declaration of the thirteen United States of America, and that the same when engrossed be signed by every member of congress."

On August 2 the declaration, engrossed and compared, was signed by the members; those not present on August 2 affixing their signatures at later dates, all but one before January 18, 1777. It has been ascertained that of the fifty-six

signers more than one-fourth were not present on July 4, 1776, and seven—Thornton, Williams, Rush, Clymer, Smith, Taylor and Ross—were not members on that date. On the other hand, seven members on that date. On the other hand, seven members on that date—George Clinton, John Alsop, R. R. Livingston, Henry Wisner, Thomas Willing, Charles Humpreys and John Rogers—had not the privilege of becoming "signers," for the membership of all but one had ceased prior to August 2.

The first official issue bearing the names of the signers was printed as a broadside in Balti-more under the resolution of January 18, 1777, ordering copies sent to each of the United States. and only four of these are now known to exist, one being in the library of congress at Washing-

contrary to popular opinion, therefore, the declaration was not signed on July 4, the day it passed, but between August 2, 1776, and January 18, 1777, and then only by fifty-five members. The name of Thomas McKean, not in the printed copy, was added later—possibly not until 1781, making the fifty-sixth signer.'

Today in History.

1817—DeWitt Clinton, governor of New York, broke the first ground for the Eric canal.

1825—General Lafayette laid the cornerstone for the Apprentice's library in Brooklyn.

1826—John Adams, second president of the United States, died at Quincy, Mass. Born at Braintree, Mass., October 19, 1735.

1845—The Texas congress passed resolutions for annexation to the United States.

1848—Cornerstone of the Washington monu-

1848-Cornerstone of the Washington monu-

1886—Cornerations of the Mark was guar-ment laid. 1850—The integrity of Denmark was guar-anteed by England, France, Prussia and Sweden. 1866—Fire in Portland, Me., destroyed \$15,000.

1866—Fire in Portland, Me., destroyed \$15,000,000 worth of property.

1874—Completion of the Eads bridge across the Mississippi at St. Louis.

1880—Bartholdi's statue of Liberty formally delivered to the American minister in Paris.

1891—Hannibal Hamlin, vice president during Lincoln's first term, died at Bangor, Me. Born at Paris Hill, Me., August 27,1809.

1894—The Hawaiian republic was proclaimed.

1898—French occan steamer La Bourgoyne collided with British ship Cromatryshire sixty miles south of Sable island, and 560 lives were lost.

Timely Jottings and Reminders.

Timely Jottings and Reminders.

Cleveland's magnificent new city hall is to be formally opened today.

The biggest event of the year among the Indians of Kansas will be the Independence day festival to open today on the Kickapoo reservation near Powhattan.

The magnificent new building erected in Washington to serve as headquarters of the American Federation of Labor will be dedicated today with interesting exercises.

A big patriotic parade in which sailors and marines of the Atlantic fleet and soldiers from the forts will take part will feature the celebration at Newport, R. I.

The sixtieth anniversary of the battle of Black Rock—the first skirmish of the civil war—is to be celebrated with elaborate exercises today at Baldwin, Kan.

Baldwin, Kan. Saldwin, Kan.

A monument to the memory of the men who perished in the steamboat Sultana disaster on the Mississippi at the close of the civil war will be unveiled today near Knoxville.

# The Boe's A

Omaha, July 3.—To the Editor of The Bee: The Fourth of July is the one day in the year when the good citizen should take a day off. To every one I say, take your vife and children out under the trees; lay on the grass; throw care away; the God that you live in a free country; try an realize what it means to be an American realize what it means to be an Americanleosen up your purse strings and give the
boys and girls what they want for firecrackers, torpedoes, etc. Get young again and
shoot a few crackers yourself; you will grow
old fast enough. Be sure and have a fisz
There is only one fing for the glorious
Fourth of July—The Stars and Stripes.

W. W. BINGHAM.

Good Word for the National Guard.

Good were for the National Guard.

Omaha, July 2.—To the Editor of The
Bee: There has recently been a certain
mount of unfavorable criticism of the Nereaks National Guard, a large part of which
believe is unjustifiable. This criticism evilently comes from uniformed persons, or
hronic fault-finders.

I was a member of the Nebraska National Guard for four years, and, aithough I have not been a member since 1913, I am atill familiar with its conditions, and I know

familiar with its conditions, and I know personally many of the officers and men.

When discussing the National Guard those inclined to be over critical should not forget that militamen are not professional soldiers in any sense of the word. Members of our militia are recruited from every occupation, and military duty is really only a side line with them, undertaken, in almost every case, because of patriotic motives. During fifty weeks of the year militiamen serve without pay, and the other two weeks are specific. without pay, and the other two weeks are spent in camp under strict military regula-tions. Each militams must give up one evening each week to drilling, several days extra each year for parades and spe

an occasional sunday for the same process, and only when he is actually in camp or at maneuvers does he receive any more substantial benefit than the feeling that he is doing his best for his country.

True friends of the National Guard are well aware of its faults, but they can also see the extreme difficulties under which offers and men have worked in the past. Fortunately congress has just passed a bill providing that in the future, officers and men shall receive a nominal payment for services actually rendered. As I understand it, the hill, as passed, contains provisions which federalize the Guard, making the organization much more of a United States government institution than in the past. The time for criticising the Guard will come after the new system has been thoroughly tried out.

I know of many of my friends in the

after the new system has been tried out.

I know of many of my friends in the Guard, both here in Omaha and throughout the state, who have worked hard and made great personal sacrifices of time and money that the organization might be kept in as efficient a state as possible, and I believe they have done as well, considering the difficulties, was any non-professional soldier could have done. "Today" Is a Center Shot.

Hebron, Neb., July 3.—To the Editor of The Bee: Your column "Today" is read with great interest from day to day by me, and I send you a small item, you may use or consign to the waste basket at your pleasure.

DR. F. RENNER.

## EDITORIAL SIFTINGS.

Pittsburgh Dispatch: If the colonel's idea of a rest cure is to chop down trees and write a message to the progressive brethren, what will he do when he gets rightly started

Chicago Herald: Americans who con-tributed liberally to Europe now have a chance to relieve their own country by giv-ing freely to the war relief fund to be ad-ministered by the American Red Cross.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The Ysquis who have not been conquered by Mexicans during hundreds of years of warfare should send a delegation to consult the Sioux and Apaches upon the probability of standing up against the American troops.

Boston Transcript: Men with teeth good enough to go about their ordinary business affairs ought to have teeth good enough for the army. Soldiers no longer have to bite the ends off their cartridges as they did in

Washington Star: Mexicans are said to hate the people of the United States because of their territorial lesses in the past. Comparison of conditions in the territory lost with those in the territory retained under Mexican authority should cause the populace to pause and consider.

to pause and consider.

New York World: One of the things the Federal Trade commission may inquire into, under the senate resolution directing an investigation of higher coal prices, is the increase of \$1.27 a ton during the time that wages increased 55 cents. On the face of it, raising miners' wages would seem to be a highly profitable proceeding for the commanies.

Springfield Republican: The preparation Springfield Republican: The preparations ior a military censorship over news from Mexico and the border will not alarm newspaper men, as they once would have done. The great war has trained them to expect this sort of necessary obstruction and has developed ways of supplying very readable substitutes for the exact and latest word. However, it is to be hoped that the United States authorities have also learned by observation some useful lessons in how not to do it.

## AROUND THE CITIES.

Georgetown, D. C., is 165 years old this

year.

St. Louis boasts of a mill which will consume 100,000,000 feet of lumber this year.
Wichita, Kan., took time by the forelock and disarred Mexicans for their own safety.
Philadelphia is finding employment on nearby farms for school boys eagur to work during the vacation season.

Five hundred Kansas City men solemnly promised Billy Sunday to stop swearing, even in political discussions. This spells some sacrifice for Missourians.

Kansas City is willing to foreso pushing.

Kansas City is willing to forego pushing the hands of the clock shead if some one will donate to the new passenger station a clock which will go the standard way.

Altoons, Wis., a small, sprightly burg, has inaugurated a municipal saloon, with a monopoly of the business, and will use the profits to start municipal waterworks.

Topeka jitney drivers plan to attack a city ordinance excluding them from streets on which street cars operate. A referendum vote on the question is under consideration.

vots on the question is under consideration. Ripon, Wis., wine a large patriotic apot on the map. The city council wired the local congressman to pass up a postoffice building appropriation of \$75,000 and devote the money to military preparedness.

A merry war for Sabbath observance is on among butchers and grocers in Sloux City. Some want their Sunday off, others prefer doing business. The former class invoked the law on the latter and had them pinched last Sunday and fined. Since then the warring classes do not apeak as they pass by.

Every community between Washinston.

Every community between Washington and Richmond, Va., are pulling with the leaders for a solid highway all the way. The main obstacle is the Chopawansie swamp, at miles long, which must be negotiated at considerable extra expense. So far support of the project has reached the cash donation stage.

Tonels is how

tion stage.

Topeks is happlest when regulating things with a police club. Just now great happiness reigns and promises to continue Indefinitely. Plans are being drawn to dim auto headilghts, prevent loy walking and loy driving, requiring numbers on front and rear of autos, a uniform signal system for drivers, safety sones and the employment of huky policemen. After these reforms are effected, other defects in the city will be assarched for treatment.

## LAUGHING LINES.

er benefit."
"Well"
"The next day she left."—Louisville lourier-Journal.

"Politician, isn't he?"
"Oh. no, he's a statesman."
"Well, what's the difference?"
"A statesman, my dear chap, is one who
in politics because he has money. A
solitician is one who has money because he
in politics."—Boston Transcript.

"I see they have just dug up a corner-tone of a library in Greece on which was nacribed '4606 B. C." remarked a student o a Scotchman. "What do you suppose it means?"

"It canna mean bu' one thing," answered
the Scot, solemnly, "Before Carnegia."—
Christian Register.

DEAR MR. KABIBBLE, MY HUSBAND AND I ARE DIVORCED I'M GOING TO AN AFFAIR WHERE HE WILL BE - SHOULD I TREAT HIM COLDIAS Month.

NO -IF YOU TREAT HIM COLDLY, PEOPLE WILL THINK YOU TWO ARE SECRETLY REMARRIED!

"If that bud boy insists on carrying a hip on his shoulder, you shouldn't notice him." I didn't." replied the square-jawed him."
I' didn't." replied the square-jawed youngster, 'so long as he kept it on his shoulder. But when he took it off-and hit me in the eye with it, I had to do something."—Washington Star.

"Mrs. Flubdub says she loves to ex-hange views with intellectual people."
"Works on a liberal basis of exchange, ioo. She will give you ten of hers for one if yours." Cincinnail Enquirer.

he supposed he'd have to dip up some chicken feed for the old heas.—Baitimore American.

"Have you made all your plans for sum-mer?" asked the fashionable man. of modest "Oh, yes." applied the watter will last through the season with reasonable care, the season with reasonable care, I dare any I shall be able to buy the usual quantity of ice."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

"Yes, grandma. I am to be married during the bright and gladsome spring."
But, my dear," said grandma, earnestly, "you are very youns. Do you fool that you are after for married life?"
"I am being fitted now, grandma," explained the prospective bride sweetly, "Seventeen gowns:"—London Opinion.

## HAIL, COLUMBIA!

Joseph Hopkins Hail, Columbial happy land!
Hail, Columbial happy land!
Hail, ye heroes' heaven-born band!
Who fought and bled in freedom's caus
Who fought and bled in freedom's caus
And when the storm of war was gone,
Enjoyed the peace your valor won;
Let interpendence be your boast;
Ever mindful what it cost,
Ever gratful for the prize,
Let its altar reach the skies.

CHORUS.

Immortal patriots rise once more, Defend your lights; defend your lights; defend your shore let no rode fee with implous hand Let no rode fee with implous hand let no rode fee with implous hand levade the shrine where accred lies Of toll and blood the well-carned princ While offering peace, sincere and just, On heavon we place a manuy trust. That truth and justice may prevail, And svery scheme of bondage fail.

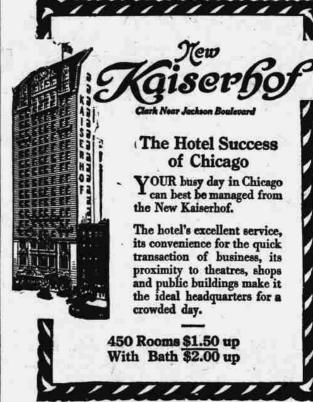
And award the trump of fame!
Let Washington's great name
Hing tho' the world with loud applause!
Ring thro' the world with loud applause!
Let every clims to freedom dear
Listen with a joyful ear;
With equal skill, with steady pow'r,
He governs in the fearful hour
of horrid war, or guides with ease
The happler time of honest peace.

change views with intellectual people."

Werks on a liberal basis of exchange, co. She will give you ten of hers for one if yours. "Cincinnati Enquires.

Little Pitchers—Do you like corn and prayel, Mrs. Gaddy? The core of the virtue, firm and frue, rayel, Mrs. Gaddy? The core of the virtue, firm and frue, the prayel, Mrs. Gaddy? The core of the virtue, firm and frue, the like here are fixed on heaven and you. When hope was sinking in dismay, to you sake that?

L.F.—Because I heard ma say you were coming to her supper tomorrow and ps said



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