

FOURTH REGIMENT MUSTERED IN AND READY FOR TESTS

Physical Examinations Alone to Be Taken Before Nebraskans Are in Shape to Go to the Border.

MAY NEED MORE RECRUITS

Signal Corps Reduced in Number by Medical Officers.

NEWSPAPER MEN IN VAN

(From a Staff Correspondent.) Lincoln, June 27.—(Special Telegram.)—The Fourth regiment of the Guard has been entirely mustered in and will be able to move at any time, unless examinations show enough members excused so that the companies are below the required sixty-five men.

Fourth Now Mustered.

The Fourth regiment of the Guard has been entirely mustered in and will be able to move at any time, unless examinations show enough members excused so that the companies are below the required sixty-five men.

May Go Together.

It begins to look this evening as if the Guard would be able to move to the south in a body instead of in small units of perhaps a battalion.

The fear of the governor and officers that if the regiments went out in small units they would be mixed in with troops of other states and thus lose their identity as Nebraska troops, has to some extent passed away with the mustering in of the entire Fourth and with the mustering in of the Fifth as fast as possible, all can go when the order comes to move.

The signal corps, from Fremont, it is understood, will be several men under physical examination, but may still be able to qualify. When mustered they looked like a body of men physically fit, but the rigid eye of the examiner saw defects which made several step to the rear.

Chafing at Delay. Delays in getting the companies ready are not appreciated by the men, who appear to be anxious to get to the border. Many of them have thrown up a good business or a good position to fight if necessary for the old flag and they do not like to think that the delay might possibly keep them from being among the first to the front.

This is true especially of the supply company from Wisner, commanded by Captain Kelson. In that company, which has as a part of its duty the task of digging trenches, putting in water pipes and such work, can be found men who have accumulated a good amount of worldly goods, but are not at all backward in giving to their country the best that is in them, no matter where the duty calls them.

Wealthy Men in Company. Among them are two doctors; one of them Dr. Riley, is said to be able to draw his check along the six figure line, while the other physician, Dr. Morris, can go to the bank and draw \$50,000 most any day. Another busy toiled in khaki is John Huff, a well to do druggist, while William Kinchel is the leading hardware merchant of the town. Another man, a lumber merchant, is a prospector, and among them are men who are to be found digging trenches, or anything else which calls for the services of the supply company. But do not

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Anti-Saloon League Of America Meets At Indianapolis

Indianapolis, June 27.—The seventh annual convention of the Anti-Saloon league of America was formally opened here today with an address of welcome by E. S. Shumaker, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league in Indiana and response by Rev. Robert L. Davis, superintendent of the league in North Carolina.

Mr. Davis pleaded for freedom in every political party from the influence of the liquor traffic. He said that prohibition would soon drive the liquor traffic out of America.

Mr. Shumaker said the fight in Indiana had brought about a saloonless population in that state greater than in prohibition Kansas and three times as great as in prohibition Maine.

Jail Sentence and Fine for Fisherman Who Used Nets

Crete, Neb., June 27.—(Special.)—"Fug" Darling, arrested here several days ago by Deputy Game Warden John Holmes for fishing with nets, will pay dearly for his methods of dealing with the members of the finny tribe.

The judge fined him \$5 apiece for each fish he caught—eighteen in all—and sentenced him to thirty days in jail.

The deputy game warden was working on the case two days before he caught Darling, who at the time of his arrest had the \$90 worth of fish in his nets.

Piatti Expects to Confer With Secretary of Labor

Washington, June 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Congressman Lobeck will accompany L. J. Piatti to the Department of Labor tomorrow for a conference with Secretary of Labor Wilson, looking to the establishment of a branch of the bureau of immigration in Omaha.

Congressman Lobeck was advised today of the transfer of A. H. Earhart, rural mail carrier at Herman, to the same position at Florence.

COAST TO COAST RATES ARE TOO LOW

Commission Makes Sweeping Order Which Affords Relief To Inter-Mountain Points.

WATER COMPETITION DEAD

Washington, D. C., June 27.—Holding that water competition between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts has been completely destroyed under war conditions, the Interstate Commerce commission today ordered transcontinental railroads to revise their rates from the east to the Pacific coast by September 1, so that they shall not be lower than rates to intermediate points.

The order was a result of the investigation of existing rates on application of the Nevada Railroad commission, the Spokane Merchants' association and representatives of various intermediate cities.

The commission found that the need for lower rates to meet water competition has completely disappeared for the time being and "there is little likelihood of any material competition by water during the present year."

Coast Rates Are Too Low. "The unprecedented freight rates being paid for ocean transportation between this and other countries," said the opinion, "have attracted practically all of the ships heretofore engaged in coast-to-coast service. In these circumstances coast rates are lower than conditions warrant. The rate adjustment in question was established after exhaustive hearing and careful study and was justified by the conditions then existing. The war and an unparalleled rise in prices for ocean transportation have so changed the situation as to transform a relation of rates which was justified when established, to one that is now unjustly discriminatory against intermediate points."

Many Commodities Affected. The commission's revision order applies to a long list of commodities in westbound traffic, including iron and steel articles from Pittsburgh and canned goods, coffee, meats, cotton and wood products, dry goods, hardware, shoes, twine, paper, oil, etc., from the east generally. It includes eastbound rates from California points via rail and water routes through gulf ports to the Atlantic seaboard.

The opinion says that the rail carriers objected to a change on the ground that present conditions are but temporary and that there is certain to be a return of competition between them and water carriers when these unprecedented conditions disappear.

Representatives of intermediate points, on the other hand, argued that while conditions may not persist for more than a few months, the maintenance of lower rates to the coast cities for that period is unduly prejudicial.

E. J. McVann, head of the local freight bureau, when told of the ruling of the Interstate Commerce commission, said that the entire fabric of rates was built up by the railroads to meet competition on the water. He said that the roads endeavored by lowering the rates to take away that class of traffic which the boats needed to exist, that is, the heavy freight. Mr. McVann says the change will have a direct bearing on rates here as soon as they are adjusted, because now there is some class of freight which is hauled cheaper from New York to San Francisco than it is to Omaha.

ORPET GRILLED WITHOUT MERCY BY PROSECUTOR

Women Hang Heads and Men Are Plainly Uncomfortable as He Tells of Auto Ride With Girl.

GREAT RUSH FOR SEATS

Ninety-Five Per Cent of Audience Hearing Testimony of Fair Sex.

DEFENDANT MORE HIMSELF

Waukegan, Ill., June 27.—Will H. Orpet, charged with the murder of Marion Lambert, resumed the witness stand today. Attorney F. Potter of the defense immediately asked about the water and molasses which Orpet sent to Marion "to relieve her mind."

One of these bottles he sent to her, the other he brought to her on February 9, the day of her death.

"I bought the bottle, of six-ounce size, of Otto Peterson and filled it two-thirds full in my room," he said. He testified yesterday that Marion when he met her in Helm's woods refused to accept it, saying, "that will not do me any good."

Orpet was in better voice than yesterday. He talked with more assurance and more connectedly. Every car was strained as Attorney Potter asked:

"What were your relations with Celestia Youker?"

"There was a tacit understanding between us. I had known her for six years."

"You were engaged?"

"No, there was an understanding. No date was set for marriage, I had not even formally asked her to marry me."

Mr. Potter next asked concerning certain answers Orpet was reputed to have made to various reporters at the time of his arrest. The principal one was this:

"Did you tell Mr. Dady or any one else that you saw Marion take the poison?"

"No, I did not."

Cross-Examination. The witness was then turned over to the state for cross-examination. Interrogation for the state was by Attorney David R. Joslyn, who is assisting State's Attorney Dady. He asked about an automobile ride which Marion and Orpet took last September.

It was on this trip that the relations between the young pair passed the bounds of morality, witness admitted.

"You stopped and went into the woods?" asked Mr. Joslyn.

"Yes."

"What did you say to Marion?"

"I can't remember."

For a half hour questions and answers were of a nature at which women hung their heads and men were plainly uncomfortable, but Mr. Joslyn went on relentlessly. The young witness, faced by his father and mother, turned his head as he replied. There was a sigh of relief as exhibit one, a letter from Orpet to Marion, was called to the witness' attention.

Many of those who attended the forenoon session, and they were 95 per cent women, took positions at the door when the court room was cleared for the noon recess. There they waited for an hour and a half without lunch, to be ready for the rush for seats when the doors were reopened for the afternoon proceedings.

Two More American Troopers Arrested By Carranzistas

El Paso, Tex., June 27.—Two negro troopers, ragged and half dead from hardships, were lodged in the jail at Juarez today after being brought from Guzman, where they were captured by the de facto government troops. They are believed to be survivors of the Carrizal encounter.

Neither their names nor their companies were given out by the Juarez authorities, who announced they would be taken to Chihuahua City and kept with the other prisoners taken at Carrizal, who number twenty-two, including Lem Spillbury, the scout.

General Bell said later he had been informed of the presence of the negro soldiers in Juarez, but had been told they were deserters. He said he would make no inquiry, but would report the matter to General Funston and await instructions.

Movement of Red Cross Kept Secret

New York, June 27.—The War department has placed the movement of the Red Cross under the same cover of secrecy as those of the regular army and the militia. Officials of the Red Cross throughout the country have been advised to be careful as to information they give out, as the disposition of their forces would indicate the points where troops are to be sent.

The Red Cross began to enroll nurses three years ago for emergencies and now has 6,000 who are expected to respond if needed. It was arranged also to provide equipment and personnel for enough base hospitals to care for 40,000 men and to turn these over to the government in event of war.

J. Bruce Ismay Resigns as International Marine Head

London, June 27.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Liverpool says that J. Bruce Ismay has resigned as a director of the International Mercantile Marine and also as a member of its British committee.

CANDIDATE AND MANAGER—This picture shows Charles E. Hughes and William R. Willcox, the new chairman of the republican national committee, coming across on the ferry together on Mr. Hughes' first trip after his nomination to New York city.



CHARLES E. HUGHES & WILLIAM R. WILLCOX. (INTL. FILM SERVICE.)

FRENCH RECAPTURE VERDUN TRENCHES

Paris War Office Reports Additional Ground in Thiaumont Region Regained.

NIGHT ATTACKS REPULSED

Paris, June 27.—The French have recaptured another section of the trenches at Thiaumont in the Verdun sector, according to an official statement issued by the war office today.

The struggle for the possession of the village of Fleury is still progressing. Three allied aeroplanes dropped sixty-five shells on German ships near the Belgian coast.

"On the left bank of the Meuse a night attack with grenades against one of our trenches west of Hill 304 was repulsed easily. The artillery fire on the German lines was especially intense in the vicinity of Somme."

Marked Activity in West. Berlin, June 27.—(Via London.)—Marked activity continued in evidence along the Franco-Belgian front held by the British and the northern wing of the French line. Numerous gas clouds are being employed by the entente forces in the operations, the war office announced today. The artillery fire on the German lines was especially intense in the vicinity of Somme.

A swimming competition in the university pool, a series of naval maneuvers at the Philadelphia navy yard and in the evening a military and naval tournament on Franklin Field were included in the day's entertainment program, which closed with a cabaret under the auspices of the New York club. More than 7,000 delegates from all sections of this country, Canada, Mexico and Europe marched in the parade last night.

George A. Knight, Well-Known Golden State Lawyer, Dies. San Francisco, Cal., June 27.—George A. Knight, former republican national committee man and one of California's best known attorneys, died here today at a sanitarium. Heart trouble was given as the cause. Knight in 1908 made the chief speech nominating William Howard Taft. Knight was born in Worcester, Mass., in 1851.

Villistas Reported Flocking to the Standard of Carranza

El Paso, Tex., June 27.—Evidence that the possibility of war with the United States has healed the breach between the Carranzistas and the Villistas factions in Mexican politics continued to pile here today. More than 100 wealthy Mexicans, who prior to the surrender of the Villista garrison of Juarez last January, had been active in supporting the bandit leader, and who since had been refugees in El Paso, crossed the Rio Grande and apparently were received in good favor by authorities of the de facto government.

Hand bills, printed in Spanish, asserting that Villa himself had pledged to support the Carranza government in the event of a break with the United States were circulated in Juarez and to some extent, in the Mexican quarter of El Paso. All reports indicated, however, that the bandit chieftain has not yet joined the constitutional forces, but with a body of his troops is somewhere in the Rio Florida district of southern Chihuahua, awaiting developments in the crisis.

General Manuel Medinaevista, formerly Villa's chief of staff, and General Jose Yaguel Robles, minister of war in the Guiterrez cabinet, were guests today of General Francisco Gonzalez, commandant in Juarez. It was reported here that they, both of whom have directed extensive military campaigns in northern Chihuahua, are to be assigned to important commands in General Trevino's army of the north.

W. R. WILLCOX HEADS G. O. P. COMMITTEE

Former Postmaster of New York Appointed Chairman of Republican Organization.

TEDDY DINES WITH HUGHES

New York, June 27.—William R. Willcox, former postmaster of New York and later public service commissioner, was today appointed chairman of the republican national committee.

Mr. Willcox was the choice of Charles E. Hughes, republican nominee for president. He was appointed at a meeting today of a subcommittee of the national committee headed by W. Murray Crane of Massachusetts. It was announced that Mr. Willcox had been chosen on the first ballot.

Mr. Willcox will assume his new duties at once.

Other officials will be selected at a later meeting.

Mr. Willcox has been long a close friend of the republican nominee. He is a native of New York state. He began practicing law in this city in 1890. For two years, beginning in 1905, he was postmaster and in 1907 Mr. Willcox, then governor of the state, appointed him chairman of the Public Service commission.

Roosevelt to Dine With Hughes. Theodore Roosevelt has accepted an invitation to dine with Charles E. Hughes at the republican presidential nominee's hotel here at 7:30 o'clock tomorrow night, it was learned here today.

Only the candidate and the colonel, it was stated, will be present at this dinner, which will be held in Mr. Hughes' apartment.

While Mr. Hughes was receiving callers today the national committee's subcommittee which will direct the organization of the new national committee and its executive committee was meeting.

Men who conferred with Mr. Hughes today included E. J. Henning of San Diego, Cal., who on behalf of the Republican Club of California invited Mr. Hughes to visit there during the campaign. The candidate said he was anxious to visit the Pacific coast and the two discussed a suggestion that the presidential speech making tour be put under way in cities in California, Oregon and Washington early in September. Mr. Hughes took this plan under advisement.

Johnson Will Support Hughes. Sacramento, Cal., June 27.—Governor Hiram W. Johnson, one of the leaders of the progressive party, today announced that he will support Charles E. Hughes, republican, for the presidency of the United States, "because I believe his record warrants it."

All senate amendments to the resolution were disagreed to without discussion, including the one striking out the declaration that in the opinion of congress an emergency exists.

Conferees were appointed at once by both houses.

The house naval committee favorably reported the Padgett naval militia federalization bill, providing for retainer pay in times of peace and authorizing the president to draft the militiamen into the federal service as volunteers in time of emergency.

House Rejects All Amendments to the Hay Resolution

Washington, June 27.—The house today, by a vote of 119 to 65, disagreed to the senate amendment to the Hay militia drafting resolution eliminating a million dollar relief appropriation for dependent families of enlisted guardsmen in the federal military service. A conference on the resolution was asked.

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Carranza Willing To Mediate, Avers His Former Counsel

Washington, June 27.—Counselor Polk of the State department today declined to discuss mediation of the Mexican difficulty with Charles A. Douglas, a Washington lawyer, formerly counsel for General Carranza, who called to say he had authoritative advice from Mexico City that Carranza would agree to mediation with the military status quo maintained in the meantime.

Luis Cabrera, minister of finance in the Mexican cabinet, telegraphed Mr. Douglas today that Carranza was willing to enter into such an agreement.

War Time Editor of Sioux City Is Dead

Sioux City, Ia., June 27.—Mahlon Gore, aged 79, editor and proprietor of the Sioux City Journal from November 19, 1864 to May 1869, and one of the early pioneers of South Dakota and northwestern Iowa, died today at his home in Orlando, Fla. Complications incident to old age were the cause of death.

Middle States' Tennis Tournament Postponed

Mountain Station, N. J., June 27.—Mobilization of the National Guard has caused the postponement of the challenge round matches in the middle states tennis championships here. The decision was caused by the fact that Karl Behr, holder of the singles title and also a doubles champion with Theodore R. Pell, has been called to join his New York cavalry regiment.

The challenging doubles team, composed of Dean Mathey and Harold Theobald, will be disrupted as Mathey goes to Cleveland today to play in the clay court championships. Miss Molla Bjurstedt, holder of the middle states women's championship, also is called to defend her clay court championship at Cleveland this week.

MEXICAN CRISIS NOT MORE THAN TWO DAYS AWAY

United States Will Take Definite Action if the Captured Troopers Are Not Released Thursday.

CARRANZA NOW HAS NOTE

Special Agent Rodgers Reports It Delivered to De Facto President on Monday.

TROOPS ARE MOVING SOUTH

Washington, June 27.—There were clear indications today that if American cavalry men, captured by Mexican troops at Carrizal, were not released within forty-eight hours, action would be taken by the United States.

The impression prevailed in official circles that President Wilson would not wait beyond Thursday at the latest and possibly not beyond tomorrow afternoon for a definite reply from the Carranza government to the note demanding the immediate release of the prisoners and a declaration of intentions.

Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City reported in an overnight message that he had delivered the note to the Mexican foreign office yesterday morning.

While the diplomatic aspects of the crisis awaited Carranza's action, the War department drove forward its efforts to hasten mobilization of the National Guard on the border.

It is certain that no aggressive military operations can be undertaken until a substantial number of state troops is available to back up General Funston's regulars, who unquestionably would lead any movement.

Will Consult Congress. President Wilson's first step, should he decide to force the issue, probably would be to lay the whole situation before congress in joint session.

Mexican officials here have expressed the opinion that General Carranza would surrender the American prisoners, whatever reply he might make to the demand for a formal diplomatic expression of his purposes. The State department has had no official report today to confirm this view.

Troops Moving South. Every day's delay in what seems the inevitable break in relations with the Mexican government sees the army in better position for the swift action that may follow. This has influenced against pressing matters to an immediate issue.

Advices from General Funston's headquarters indicate that trains loaded with state troops are sweeping southward today from many parts of the country. Additional regiments are entraining or receiving the last necessary equipment. At the War department and in congress hurried measures are being taken to provide supplies promptly for the army ordered to the border.

Another task aided by delay in getting Americans out of Mexico. The number there has been reduced to less than a thousand.

Consular advices during the day from the few State department representatives in Mexico.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

Jordan and Gompers Head of Two Moves To Keep the Peace

El Paso, Tex., June 27.—Dr. David Starr Jordan announced this afternoon he would go to Albuquerque, N. M., tonight and that the other men delegated by the American Union Against Militarism would join him there to hold their conference to maintain peace with Mexico.

It was reported earlier in the day that strong pressure had been brought here to persuade Dr. Jordan to hold the conference elsewhere than in El Paso.

Dr. Jordan announced, however, that he was going to Albuquerque because it "was cooler there."

Washington, D. C., June 27.—Samuel Gompers today telegraphed Luis Marones and other Mexican labor leaders at Eagle Pass, Tex., that the executive council of the American Federation of Labor would be pleased to meet here with a delegation of organized workers of Mexico on Saturday or before. Mr. Gompers' message was sent in reply to one saying Mexican workers wished to meet the executive council for the realization of its "pacifist program."

The shortest distance between you and The Bee office is via the telephone. Telephone your Want-Ads to The Bee—rate is just the same, 1c per word. Tyler 1000

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Unsettled, with probably showers; not much change in temperature.

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

5 a. m.	52
6 a. m.	54
7 a. m.	56
8 a. m.	58
9 a. m.	60
10 a. m.	62
11 a. m.	64
12 m.	66
1 p. m.	68
2 p. m.	70
3 p. m.	72
4 p. m.	74
5 p. m.	76
6 p. m.	78
7 p. m.	80
8 p. m.	82
9 p. m.	84
10 p. m.	86
11 p. m.	88
12 m.	90

Comparative Local Record.

Highest yesterday	84	74	1851
Lowest yesterday	62	67	76
Mean temperature	72	78	86
Precipitation	0.00	0.00	0.00
Temperature and precipitation from the normal:			
Normal temperature	72	78	86
Deficiency for the day	0	0	0
Total deficiency since March 1	0	0	0
Normal precipitation	45	45	45
Deficiency for the day	0	0	0
Total deficiency since March 1	0	0	0
Normal for corresponding period, 1916	4.28	4.28	4.28
Excess for corresponding period	0	0	0

Report from Stations at 7 p. m.

Station and State	Temp.	High.	Low.
Omaha, Neb.	78	84	74
Chicago, Ill.	74	80	70
St. Louis, Mo.	74	80	70
Indianapolis, Ind.	74	80	70
Philadelphia, Pa.	74	80	70
New York, N. Y.	74	80	70
San Francisco, Cal.	74	80	70
Portland, Ore.	74	80	70
Seattle, Wash.	74	80	70
Denver, Colo.	74	80	70
Albuquerque, N. M.	74	80	70
Phoenix, Ariz.	74	80	70
San Diego, Cal.	74	80	70
Los Angeles, Cal.	74	80	70
Houston, Tex.	74	80	70
Galveston, Tex.	74	80	70
San Antonio, Tex.	74	80	70
Austin, Tex.	74	80	70
Dallas, Tex.	74	80	70
Fort Worth, Tex.	74	80	70
Memphis, Tenn.	74	80	70
Nashville, Tenn.	74	80	70
Knoxville, Tenn.	74	80	70
Richmond, Va.	74	80	70
Washington, D. C.	74	80	70
Baltimore, Md.	74	80	70
Philadelphia, Pa.	74	80	70
New York, N. Y.	74	80	70
Boston, Mass.	74	80	70
Washington, D. C.			