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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER

RAIN

VOL. XLVI—NO. 8. OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 27, 1916—TWELVE PAGES. On Trains, at Hotels, News Stands, etc., 5c. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

BULL MOOSE MEN ENDORSE HUGHES FOR PRESIDENCY

Progressive National Committee Votes, 32 to 6, to Support the Republican Nominee.

NINE MEMBERS DON'T VOTE

Motion to Substitute Name of Victor Murdock for Colonel Is Lost.

T. R. REFUSAL IS ACCEPTED

New York, June 26.—Charles E. Hughes, republican nominee for president, sent a telegram to O. K. Davis, secretary of the progressive national committee, tonight welcoming the support of the progressive party and arraigning the present administration for its "weakness and incertitude."

Mr. Hughes also gave out a letter he had written to Colonel Roosevelt in which he declared that the nation was indebted to the colonel "for the quickening of the National spirit and for the demand for an out-and-out 100 per cent Americanism."

Chicago, June 26.—The progressive national committee tonight voted to endorse Charles Evans Hughes for president. The vote was 32 to 6, with nine declining to vote on the ground that the committee was exceeding its power in taking such action.

The committee voted down a motion, 31 to 15, to substitute the name of Victor Murdock of Kansas to fill the vacancy caused by the declination of Theodore Roosevelt.

Chicago, Ill., June 26.—The national committee of the progressive party at its meeting here today decided against opening the session to newspaper men by a vote of 35 to 15. John M. Parker led the fight for an open session and George W. Perkins advocated a closed session, at least for a time. Mr. Perkins said he had confidential information for the committee from Mr. Hughes outlining the position which the republican nominee takes on various questions.

When it was voted to keep the door shut a number of the committee walked out. Among them were John M. Parker, Bainbridge Colby of New York, J. M. Ingersoll of Idaho and A. T. Moon of Utah.

Mr. Ingersoll said that those who left the hall were opposed to star-chamber sessions.

At the executive session Chester H. Rowell of California, Raymond Robins of Illinois and James R. Garfield of Ohio related to the committee the impressions they had formed at a conference with Hughes in New York.

The committee then decided to make the meeting an open one, and the fifteen members who withdrew when the report of Mr. Hughes' views was started returned.

The reading of the Roosevelt letter was greeted with applause and at its conclusion William Flynn of Pennsylvania moved that Colonel Roosevelt's declination be accepted. The motion was carried by acclamation without an objecting voice.

George W. Perkins said that the only reason for the closed session was that conversations between the republican candidate and others had been related and it was not thought the proper thing to make those conversations public, they having been given in private.

The committee chairman called for nominations for the vacancy caused by Roosevelt's declination. Bainbridge Colby moved Victor Murdock be nominated. Raymond Robins stated that Murdock had positively refused to accept a nomination. James R. Garfield spoke against a nomination of Murdock.

Five Millions More For Making Cannon

Washington, June 26.—Five million dollars was added to the fortification bill as it passed the house by a senate committee today, to be used for purchase and manufacture of mountain, field and siege cannon. The committee eliminated the $750,000 provision for the purchase of the John Hays Hammond, jr., inventions for wireless control of torpedoes and $417,000 for installation of one of the Hammond plants and substituted an appropriation of $30,000 for investigation of the Hammond inventions.

The Weather

Local Temperatures Yesterday.

6 a. m.	62
6 a. m.	64
7 a. m.	67
8 a. m.	68
9 a. m.	69
10 a. m.	72
12 m.	74
1 p. m.	74
2 p. m.	74
3 p. m.	74
4 p. m.	75
5 p. m.	74
6 p. m.	75
7 p. m.	74
8 p. m.	72

Comparative Local Record.

	1916.	1915.	1914.	1913.
Highest yesterday	75	86	94	86
Lowest yesterday	62	68	75	75
Mean temperature	68	77	87	86
Precipitation	1.10	.00	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

	Deg.
Normal temperature	74
Deficiency for the day	6
Total deficiency since March 1	29
Normal precipitation	.17 inch
Excess for the day	.93 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	5.22 inches
Deficiency since March 1	4.10 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1915	2.46 inches
Excess for cor. period, 1914	.28 inch

Station and State of Weather.	Temp. 7 p. m.	High-est.	Rain-fall.
Cheyenne, clear	74	74	.00
Davenport, clear	78	84	.00
Denver, clear	74	86	.00
Des Moines, clear	74	78	.08
Dodge City, clear	86	92	.00
North Platte, cloudy	72	78	.02
Omaha, clear	74	75	1.10
Rapid City, cloudy	73	76	.00
Sheridan, part cloudy	58	82	.02
Sioux City, clear	76	76	.26
Valentine, clear	74	78	.00

L. A. WELSH, Meteorologist.

MUSTERING MAKES PATRIOTIC SCENE

Blood Courses Faster as Men of Signal Corps Take Federal Oath of Service.

EXCUSED MEN COME BACK

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

No Order Yet Given to Move State Troops

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, June 26.—(Special).—Just when the moving of troops will begin is yet unsettled. Governor Morehead has not yet notified the war department that any part of the Guard is ready.

Mobilization Camp, Lincoln, June 26.—(Special.)—The man who would not feel the blood of patriotism tingling in his veins when watching the mustering in of a company of Nebraska Guards would be lacking in many things which make up an American citizen. The ceremony is not a long one, but if the same things occur which took place this morning when the men of the signal corps, hailing form Fremont, were mustered into the United States service by Captain Tupes, it is not at all strange that many of the men, who have gone to Governor Morehead and asked for discharges have asked that they again be mustered into the service.

It was an imposing sight when the signal corps, composed of seventy-five fine looking young men marched to the place assigned and were lined up in one long rank for the mustering in ceremony.

As their names were called each one answered "Here," and stepped ten paces to the front. Then at the command of Captain Henry Jess, the company commander, they uncovered and with the right hand raised in the air, the left holding the hat over the heart, listened to the oath and responded to the question with an "I do."

Cheer for President.

Then three cheers were given for the president of the United States and the company marched to their quarters fullfledged United States soldiers.

As the boys stood ready to take the oath, an old gray haired man wearing the little bronze button which showed that he too had stood in line fifty or more years ago and took the same oath, approached and with sober counttenance watched the men sworn in. He was P. H. Wintersteen of Fremont, and to him the swearing in of that body of men had a more than passing interest, for sixth down the line was his own boy, a fine looking young soldier with the bearing of a true American, one who had thrown up a fine position with the Northwestern railway company to listen to the call of his country. The name of Sargeant Glen D. Wintersteen was called and with a firm "Here" he stepped to the front and took his place in line.

However, there was one man who did not answer to the call. When the name of Sargeant Bogard was called, no one made response. It is said that he had been called home to the bedside of an aged mother, seriously ill, and if he returns before his company goes to the front, he will be mustered in in time to go with them. Otherwise someone else will take his place.

What happened this morning regarding the signal company will probably happen each time a body of Nebraska soldiers is mustered into the service. Some anxious father or some fond mother, wife or other relative will watch the ceremony with beathing heart, praying silently to God that the dear one may return safely when war's grim call to battle shall have passed away and the boys come marching home again from the border.

Wind Causes Trouble.

The heavy wind last night paid its compliments to many cook tents on the grounds. Among the number which went down in the storm were those of companies A, C and D of Omaha. Company B believing in preparedness lowered their tent before the storm struck and thus escaped the trouble of picking up the tent poles this morning.

Company I of the Fourth, from Gordon, commanded by Captain Joe Leedom, has among its number five Sioux Indians. Last night at the grand stand these Indians entertained a crowd with Indian dances and other things. During the exhibition, Frank Koces, one of the number, delivered a speech in the Indian language, later interpreting into the English. He was listened to attentively and received a hearty round of applause. He said that many years ago the white men and the people of his tribe had fought each other, but now "we are all going in together and with the help of God and the United States, we are going to lick them Mexicans."

Some companies are found with men who heretofore have not taken the oath of allegience. There are about a dozen Greeks distributed around, and one company has a full-blooded Corean. This young man, 20 years of age, appears as anxious to get to the border as any of them.

Captain McMillen of the aero company has been given authority to select ten men from the companies for aeroplane service, and he is busily engaged selecting the men who have the nerve to fly.

Several young men who asked for discharges because they had reasons, as they thought, why they should remain at home, have caught the spirit of patriotism from their former comrades and have re-enlisted.

Recruit Third Regiment.

Headquarters in Lincoln opened Saturday for the purpose of enlisting men for a third regiment with

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

BURN AMERICAN CONSUL QUARTERS IN MEXICAN CITY

Civilians Attending Bull Fi[illegible] at Torreon Forced b[illegible] Facto Troops to [illegible] Gringo Demo[illegible].

INCITED AG[illegible]T AMERICA

Mayor and a Carranza Army Band Lead Rioters on Mission of Outrage.

REFUGEES BRING STORY

Eagle Pass, Tex., June 26.—The United States consulate at Torreon, Mexico, was demolished June 18 by a mob of 3,000 civilians led by the mayor of the city and a Carranza army band, according to American refugees arriving here late today. The populace was attending a bull fight, according to the refugees, when the de facto government troops forced the mto join in an anti-American demonstration.

Death to "Gringoes."

The mob rushed through the streets shouting "death to all the gringoes," and upon reaching the consulate, tore up the furniture and destroyed the building. Then the rioters congregated in the central plaza of the town where a mass meeting was held. The mayor and other prominent Mexicans, it is said, addressed this meeting, inciting the populace against Americans, advising that all citizens of the United States be run out of the country.

Who Refugees Are.

Among the Americans arriving here with this story are H. G. Boren, J. J. Martin, J. A. Rogers, F. M. Howard, L. S. Spreckelmyer, E. A. Porter and his son, Willis Lee, W. H. Sturgeon and family, Mrs. Mary Love and her two sons. All these refugees are en route to their homes in various parts of the United States.

Villa Reported to Be Shot by Man He Impressed Into Band

Field Headquarters, June 20.—(By Courier to Columbus, N. M., June 26.)—Francisco Villa was shot from the rear by a Mexican he had impressed into his gang during the battle with Carranza troops at Guerrero, but his fate still is unknown, according to a semi-official account given out here today, obtained from Major Robert L. Howse, who was close on Villa's trail last April.

The officer learned the details of the bandit chief's wounding from one of the Mexicans Villa drafted and who afterwards deserted.

California Guard Officer is Insane

Sacramento, Cal., June 26.—Becoming mentally deranged by the military movements and worry over his business affairs Thomas K. Henderson, first sergeant of Company C, Fifth infantry of Berkeley, a contractor, tried to kill Second Lieutenant Hopkins of Company C of the Second infantry of Fresno today because Hopkins would not obey his orders. His shot missed its mark. Henderson was placed in the insane ward at the county jail.

Hughes Asks T. R. to Dine With Him

New York, June 26.—Charles E. Hughes, republican nominee for president, has written a letter to Theodore Roosevelt, it was authoritatively learned today, inviting him to take luncheon with him.

Mr. Hughes, it is understood, had left to Colonel Rosevelt the matter of fixing a time for their meeting.

KINKAID'S CONDITION IS GREATLY IMPROVED

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Washington, June 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Judge M. P. Kinkaid, who has been ill from a recurance of an old malady, acute indigestion, is very greatly improved and hopes to be in in the house the latter part of the week. At no time during his illness was there any suggestion of typhoid fever, as one newspaper in Nebraska intimated, but on the contrary, Representative Kinkaid's sickness was a return of an old stomach trouble which left him greatly exhausted and needing complete rest and quiet from legislative activities for a time.

Rather alarming reports were sent abroad as to his condition. While still confined to his hotel, the representative from the Sixth was able to take a stroll through the corriders today.

ONE OMAHA COMPANY MUSTERED IN SERVICE

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, June 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Company C of Omaha was mustered into the United service at 7 o'clock this evening with its full quota of men. This is the first regular company mustered into the service. The officers are Captain Irvin V. Todd, First Lieutenant T. R. Kerchner and Second Lieutenant W. F. Bruett.

Captain Todd served under General Funston and hopes to see further service under him. The other Omaha companies will be mustered in probably tomorrow.

WOMEN'S WORK FOR THE SOLDIERS—Who may go into Mexico has already begun. Many of the girls of the New York social set have begun making bandages at the headquarters of the American Red Cross, among them Miss Mimi Scott and Miss Dorothy Lee Mills, both leaders in the younger set.

MISS MIMI SCOTT & DOROTHY LEE MILLS. ©I.P.S.

ROOSEVELT WILL SUPPORT HUGHES

Colonel Declines Nomination and Asks His Followers to Support Republicans.

DAVIS READS HIS LETTER

Chicago, June 26.—Theodore Roosevelt, in a letter read to the progressive national committee in session here today, finally declined to accept the presidential nomination of the party and strongly urged the bull moose organization to support Charles E. Hughes. The colonel's letter was read by Oscar King Davis, secretary of the committee.

The meeting of the national committee of the progressive party was called to order by Matthew Hale of Massachusetts, vice chairman, in the absence of Victor Murdock of Kansas, chairman of the committee.

The message from Colonel Roose-

(Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

Governor Decides an Extra Sesion Will Not Be Necessary

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

Lincoln, Neb., June 26.—(Special Telegram.)—According to Governor Morehead, after a conference with General Hall this morning, there will be no extra session of the Nebraska legislature for the purpose of appropriating funds for expenses of mobilizing the guard. "In the first place," said the governor, "we do not know how much we would have to have and in the second place the government will probably pay most of it." A Lincoln banker called on the governor soon after General Hall left and said that the state need not go to the expense of an extra session, for his bank would let the state have all the money necessary and take a chance on the legislature.

Aviator Niles Dies of Injuries

Oshkosh, Wis., June 26.—Charles Niles, the aviator, who fell here yesterday while looping the loop in a war monoplane, died this morning at 6 o'clock at St. Mary's hospital. Hemmorhage of the brain due to his injuries caused his death. He was 26 years of age and was born at Rochester, N. Y. Niles was married six weeks ago at Seattle to Miss Lucile Godard of La Gastic, Philippine Islands.

Lead Member of South Dakota Guard Drowns

Camp, Hagman, Redfield, S. D., June 26.—David Poppleton of Lead, company C., South Dakota National Guard, drowned here yesterday while swimming in the James river. He was seized with cramps and his companions were unable to rescue him. A military funeral was held last evening.

AUSTRIANS RETREAT ALONG WIDE FRONT

Italian Official Report Says the Enemy is in Flight in the Trentino District.

VIGOROUS PURSUIT IS ON

Rome, June 26.—A general retreat of the Austrians in the Trentino district over a sector about twenty miles in extent is announced in an official statement issued by the Italian war office today. The statement says that the Italians are pressing the pursuit vigorously.

The text of the statement follows:

"The enemy, incapable of overcoming our defense and under the energetic pressure which we have been conducting for several day., has been forced to begin a retreat north of the Mandrielle road. We have captured the positions of Castel, Gamberto, Meletee, Mount Longara, Gallio, Asiago, Czeuenga and Mount Cengo. Our advance continues vigorously close to the heels of the enemy."

Rumor of Another Clash in Mexico is Not Confirmed

Columbus, N. M., June 26.—A report was in circulation here today that another clash of American and Carranzista troops had occurred in the vicinity of Villa Ahumada, but army officers here have not confirmed it.

El Paso, Tex., June 26.—Mexican officials in El Paso and Juarez said today they had heard nothing of any fighting at Villa Ahumada or any other point.

Dynamite Bomb Found in New York Federal Building

New York, June 26.—What had the appearance of being a bomb with nine sticks of dynamite was found today behind a door of an entrance of the federal building. The bomb and the dynamite were wrapped in a package, the paper of which was slightly scorched. Inspector Eagan of the bureau of combustibles said the dynamite found in the package was a powerful brand, sufficient to blow up a dozen buildings.

Byron Farmer Killed In Motorcar Upset

Deshler, Neb., June 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Hubert Fintell, a young farmer residing near Byron, was instantly killed about 9 o'clock last evening when his car turned turtle on the county seat highway, five miles east of Deshler. He was driving at a high rate of speed and started to turn to one side of the road. He lost control of the car and it whirled over, crushing him under one side of the car and fracturing his skull. Three other men in the car were thrown out, but were not hurt.

Pan-American Republics Will Not Offer to Mediate Now

Washington, June 26.—South and Central American republics will not offer mediation to the United States in the Mexican crisis at this time. This announcement was made late today by Minister Calderon of Bolivia after a conferenc. with Secretary Lansing.

Minister Calderon said Secretary Lansing had indicated that the United States considered this was not the time for mediation. The minister added, however, that the Latin-American countries might consider the subject again after the United States had received a reply to its note to the de facto government of Mexico.

Spain is Much Interested.

Paris, June 26.—The Madrid correspondent of the Temps says the following:

"Public opinion here is greatly impressed by the Mexican situation. Despite the talk of intervention by King Alfonso in favor of peace between the United States and Mexico, no official move in this respect has been made so far. The feeling in Spain is that it is of the greatest importance and urgency that order be re-established in Mexico. It is pointed out that there are 300,000 Spainiards in Mexico who would be unable to carry on business, and many of whom would be virtually ruined.

"Intervention by the United States, it is asserted, would not be regarded unfavorably by Spain, because early in the Mexican revolution Spanish fugitives were effectively aided by the United States, the Spanish government being unable to act directly."

GUARDSMEN BEGIN MOVING SOUTHWARD

Speeding Up of Mobilization Reported to War Office from Nearly All States.

NEW YORK STARTS FIRST

Washington, June 26.—Speeding up of the mobilization of National Guardsmen was reported to the War department today from nearly all states, and word was expected momentarily by the National Guard division that the first contingents had started for the border.

Major General Leonard Wood, commanding the eastern department, reported that he expected several New York and Massachusetts regiments ready to start during the day.

More than 1,000 Missouri Guardsmen were reported to have been mustered into the federal service. They were the first to actually take the United States oath since one company of the Oregon Guard qualified.

Troops Have Right of Way.

General Scott, chief of staff, said elaborate and smoothly working machinery was in operation to expedite transportation of the National Guard to the south. Their troops and supply trains have the right of way even to the sidetracking of limited passenger trains.

The quartermaster general has charge of the transportation aided by railroad agents of the American railways stationed constantly at the War deparment.

Physical examination and lack of equipment is delaying militia in some states. It is pointed out that state authorities and not the federal governmen are responsible for any shortage of uniforms, rifles and other materials, the regulations requiring that sufficient quantities be on hand at all times to equip militia units up to their peace strength.

Kansas and Ohio Ready.

The militia division was advised today that the Illinois Guard was two-thirds enrolled, that Kansas Guardsmen were mustering with practically all in camp, and that Ohio's complement would be mobilized complete, having received further orders to hasten. The Wisconsin Guard was reported not yet mustered.

Others state forces reported mobilized today include Minnesota, Indiana, Michigan, Wyoming, Colorado, South Dakota and Idaho.

The War department has received many requests from separate organizations, not identified with the National Guard, to be recruited.

Citizens of German, Polish and other foreign parentage, are organizing separate companies. Army heads explained today that such organizations could not be accepted unless they should answer a call for volunteers.

As far as the War department is concerned, said Secretary Baker, "there is only one nationality recognized—American."

Thousands See Boys of Glenwood Start for Camp

Glenwood, Ia., June 26.—(Special.)—Company I, with eighty-one men, left Glenwood on time Sunday morning. Women of Glenwood were at the armory at 4:30 to see that the last meal of the boys in their home town should be as nearly home-like as it was possible to arrange at the armory. The town was crowded Saturday night with people from over the county. Standing room in the business section was at a premium. It is estimated that 7,500 people heard the continuous band concert and saw the final preparation of the company for its leaving at 6:40 yesterday morning. The fire siren made the final announcement of the train's arrival, and 3,500 people flocked to the station. The train crew, from their decorated engine, posed for many photographs and the engine whistle blew a continuous welcome and farewell The many pathetic goodbyes, the hundreds of moist eyes, were followed by the hope and prayer that those in authority would be able to keep the boys on American soil. The last wedding in the company was Corporal Ernest Boyce and Marie Elizabeth Lehse.

Knights of St. John in Annual Session in City of Detroit

Detroit, Mich., June 26.—A meeting in a local theater this forenoon and a spectacular parade this afternoon, were expected to mark the opening session of the National Association of Knights of St. John, a Roman Catholic order. Several thousand knights were in attendance. The convention will close Wednesday.

It is understood that the convention will discuss plans for a nation-wide campaign to increase the membership of the order. Years ago the national membership was larger than at present, but in the last year a movement to strengthen it has been actively prosecuted. Four new commanderies have been organized in Detroit in that time.

Today's program called for an address of welcome by Mayor Oscar Marx at the opening business session which was called to order after the delegates attended mass at St. Mary's church. Responses were to be made by Supreme President James Dugan of Columbus and Supreme President Theresa Renner of the women's auxiliary.

After the parade this afternoon, in which knights and women were to march, an excursion on the Detroit river was planned. Drill teams are to compete for trophies and purses at Navin field tomorrow. A mass meeting is to be held tomorrow night and Governor Woodbridge N. Ferris of Michigan has been invited to make an address.

ISSUE DEPENDS ON ANSWER OF DE FACTO CHIEF

Carranza Has One More Opportunity to Avoid Armed Conflict with the United States.

REPLY EXPECTED HOURLY

He Must State His Attitude Toward American Army Now Protecting the Border.

STUDY MOREY'S LETTER

BULLETIN.

Washington, June 26.—Secretary Lansing's note to the de facto government reached Mexico City last night and Special Agent Rodgers arranged to deliver it immediately. This was reported in a cablegram from Mr. Rodgers sent last night and received today.

Washington, D. C., June 26.—Whether a state of war shall exist between the United States and the de facto government of Mexico depends upon the formal declaration of policy by General Carranza, expected hourly today in response to the note telegraphed to Mexico City yesterday by Secretary Lansing.

The American government will insist upon the immediate release of the cavalrymen captured at Carrizal, as demanded in the note, but high officials of the administration explain in interpreting the communication that the course of the United States will be determined by Carranza's final statement of his intentions toward the American expedition in Mexico to protect the border rather than on the specific circumstances of the Carrizal incident.

The War department had not received at an early hour the letter from Captain Morey of the Tenth cavalry giving the first official American versions of the fighting at Carrizal.

Study Morey's Letter.

The published text of Captain Morey's letter was construed as indicating that the American force was to some extent responsible for the clash. Officials noted this fact, but said that an official account from Captain Morey would be the basis of judgment rather than the hurried note written by a man who was expecting death and was suffering from wounds and thirst.

It was pointed out, however, that Secretary Lansing's note did not found its demands upon a statement that Mexicans precipitated the fight. Apparently the question has no direct connection with the course President Wilson is pursuing. The Mexican note saying General Carranza personally directed that General Trevino resist any movement of the American troops in Mexico except on retirement toward the border is the real issue.

The Washington government construed this action as a formal avowal of deliberate hostile action. It demands that if this is Carranza's purpose he should so state through regular diplomatic channels.

Congress Is Informed.

Members of congress were informed of all phases of the situation during the day by the chairman of the foreign affairs committee, who had a long conference with the president last night. The president then indicated that he might desire to address the house and senate soon, but no steps toward arranging for a joint session will be taken until the Carranza reply is received. It is understood that Mr. Wilson plans to tell congress, if Carranza adheres to his present avowed policy, that the de facto government of Mexico is waging war against forces of the United States employed in protecting the American border.

Virtual Embargo Exists Upon All Trade to Mexico

Washington, June 26.—A virtual embargo on commerce between the United States and Mexico, pending determination of their future relations, is being planned by the administration.

Customs inspectors along the border have been holding up shipments into Mexico since Saturday, and for weeks no arms and ammunition have been permitted to pass. Now it is proposed to extend the restrictions so as to prevent the movement into Mexico of any goods which might be used in military operations against the United States.

KEEP IN MIND THIS FACT

For the 17th consecutive week Bee Want-Ads have made a gain of over 1,000 PAID ads over same period of 1915.

1336

MORE PAID

Want-Ads for the Week just ended 6-24, than same week one year ago.