Call Tyler 1000
If You Want to Talk to The Bee or to Anyone Connected With The Bee.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Unsettled

VOL. XLV—NO. 269. OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1916—TWELVE PAGES. On Trains, at Hotel News Stands, etc. 5c SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

GERARD TO SEE GERMAN RULER AT WAR FRONT

Jagow Calls on American Ambassador for Talk on General Situation and Will Return for Another.

LANSING SAYS ALL IS SAME

American Ambassador Will Be Received by Kaiser at His Field Headquarters.

PROBABLY WILL DISCUSS NOTE

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Secretary Lansing announced late today, in response to questions, that the situation between the United States and Germany was unchanged.

BERLIN, April 27.—Foreign Minister von Jagow called on Ambassador Gerard at the American embassy at 10 o'clock this morning for a talk on the general situation and declared his intention of returning later in the day.

BERLIN, April 27.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—James W. Gerard, the American ambassador to Germany, will leave Berlin tonight for the German army headquarters, where he will be received by the German emperor.

Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German imperial chancellor, who up to the present has been at the army headquarters, is expected to come to Berlin tomorrow to prepare Germany's answer to the latest American note.

Problem Most Difficult.

LONDON, April 27.—The most difficult problem of diplomacy which Germany has been called upon to solve since the war began is that presented by the American note on submarine warfare, says a semi-official telegram from Berlin to the Cologne Gazette, as forwarded by the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Amsterdam.

"The semi-official telegram says the answer to the American note will not be given before the end of the week," the correspondent telegraphs, "as the decision to be arrived at is the most difficult since the outbreak of the war."

Crabtree Favors Racks for Chewing Gum in the Schools

MADISON, Wis., April 27.—The State Educational Bulletin, issued today, comments favorably on a suggestion of President J. W. Crabtree of the River Falls Normal school that there should be a gum rack in schools.

"Pupils have a right to chew gum," President Crabtree is quoted as saying. "Teachers do it, but they know when, where and how. Why not teach these conventionalities to the pupils? Permit the pupil to chew gum on the playground and on the way to and from school. But what will the poor child do with his gum while in the recitation or assembly room? If he keeps it in his mouth he is sure to forget himself and before he is aware of it be chewing at a lively rate.

"A gum rack at the entrance of the room containing a number and a peg for each pupil solves the problem."

Lieutenant Miles Returns from Russia

SEATTLE, Wash., April 27.—Lieutenant Sherman Miles, U. S. A., son of General Nelson A. Miles, has arrived here with Mrs. Miles from Petrograd, where he has been military attache at the American embassy. He will remain only until he receives orders from Washington, which were expected today. Lieutenant Miles praised the work of Dr. Eugene T. Hurd of Seattle, who is serving as a surgeon with the Tenth Russian army corps.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Miles returned to the United States, via Vladivostok, on the Japanese-Canadian liner, Empress of Japan, which arrived yesterday at Vancouver, B. C.

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Unsettled.

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour.	Deg.
6 a. m.	42
7 a. m.	42
8 a. m.	43
9 a. m.	44
10 a. m.	45
11 a. m.	47
12 m.	48
1 p. m.	48
2 p. m.	48
3 p. m.	48
4 p. m.	48
5 p. m.	48
6 p. m.	48
7 p. m.	48
8 p. m.	48

Comparative Local Record.

	1916	1915	1914	1913
Highest yesterday	67	62	73	57
Lowest yesterday	42	38	43	30
Mean temperature	55	50	58	44
Precipitation	.00	.00	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature	57
Deficiency for the day	2
Total excess since March 1	194
Normal precipitation	.12 inch
Deficiency for the day	.12 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	1.26 inches
Deficiency since March 1	1.37 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1915	1.17 inches
Excess for cor. period, 1914	.84 inch

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State of Weather.	Temp.	High.	Rain. fall
Cheyenne, part cloudy	32	34	.00
Davenport, clear	44	50	.00
Denver, clear	48	52	.00
Des Moines, clear	42	47	.00
North Platte, clear	42	44	.00
Omaha, clear	42	48	.00
Rapid City, clear	38	44	.00
Sheridan, part cloudy	36	44	.00
Sioux City, clear	42	48	.00
Valentine, clear	34	40	.00

L. A. WELSH, Meteorologist.

THOMAS NELSON PAGE—United States ambassador to Italy, who arrived on the St. Louis with Mrs. Page, on a three months' leave of absence from his post at Rome.

THOMAS NELSON PAGE.

Wyoming Rancher Killed When Struck By Freight Train

MITCHELL, Neb., April 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Joe A. Graham, a well-known rancher of eastern Wyoming, was struck and instantly killed by an eastbound freight this morning at about 7 o'clock while attempting to drive his automobile across a railroad crossing within 500 feet of his home, about four miles west of Fort Laramie, Wyo.

Mr. Graham was alone and the train was in plain sight for more than 100 yards from the crossing, and the engineer stated at the inquest that he was blowing the whistle and fully expected to see the car stop, until too late.

The engine struck the car and knocked it about forty feet, throwing Mr. Graham from the car and breaking his neck and one leg. When picked up by the crew, he had the steering wheel in his hands. Mr. Graham was 45 years of age and leaves a wife and one son about 21 years and a daughter 4 years old.

Stockmen Will Put Pressure On Big Conventions

TOPEKA, Kan., April 27.—A call for a nation-wide convention of stockmen in Chicago, June 6, to take up the fight on railroad rates before the republican convention and endeavor to make their demands a part of the party platform, is being sent out by J. H. Mercer, Kansas state sanitary live stock commissioner and secretary of the Kansas Live Stock association. It is also planned to send representatives to the democratic convention on a similar mission.

The call is the outcome of the recent meeting of live stock shipping interests with the Interstate Commerce commission in Washington.

One of the purposes of the proposed convention will be to get up a uniform live stock contract agreeable to both shippers and railroads. Demands to be made are:

Increase in maximum declared value of live stock and that the Iowa case concerning maximum values be reopened.

Swiss Troops Open Fire on a German Plane Along Border

GENEVA, April 26.—(Via Paris, delayed in transmission.)—Swiss territory has again been violated by a German aeroplane. The machine flew over the region of Porentruy at dawn today and was bombarded by Swiss troops all along the frontier.

The air craft dropped bombs on the French town of Delle, eleven miles southeast of Belfort, and then crossed the Swiss frontier a second time, finally disappearing in the direction of Alsace.

Agrees to Modify Exclusion Clause

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The senate immigration committee today agreed to modify the Asiatic exclusion section of the pending immigration bill to eliminate reference to the Root-Takahira agreement restricting immigration of Japanese laborers.

OBREGON WILL MEET SCOTT AT EL PASO, IT IS ANNOUNCED

Scott, Funston and Obregon Will Meet in Either [illegible] Mexican [illegible]

AMERICAN [illegible] LEAVE FOR LINE

Official Announcement Made Conference Will Be Held There or at Juarez.

BAKER GIVES INSTRUCTIONS

BULLETIN.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., April 27.—The conference between Generals Scott, Funston and Obregon will take place at El Paso or Juarez, it was definitely announced at departmental headquarters today. Generals Scott and Funston expect to leave for El Paso tonight.

EL PASO, Tex., April 27.—The conference between Generals Scott, Funston and Obregon will be held in El Paso, Juarez or "this vicinity," according to the statement of army officials today. This was confirmed by Mexican Consul Andres Garcia, who said that "General Obregon is coming to Juarez."

Consul Garcia could not state when General Obregon would arrive.

General Obregon's exact location was not divulged by Mexican officials, but from other sources it was learned that he probably was at or nearing Chihuahua. The run from Chihuahua to Juarez under ordinary conditions consumes from ten to twelve hours. General Obregon might, therefore, reach Juarez by tonight.

It is not regarded as likely, however, that he will leave Chihuahua until he learns that Generals Scott and Funston are well on their way to El Paso.

That the American representatives at the conference were in ignorance of Obregon's movements was evidenced late last night when they were in communication with El Paso by long distance telephone, asking as to the whereabouts of the Mexican minister of war.

Baker Sends Instructions.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Secretary Baker today telegraphed Generals Scott and Funston to proceed from San Antonio to El Paso for the conference with General Obregon.

Consul Silliman at Saltillo wired that General Obregon had left Torreon last night for Juarez. General Obregon changed his plans to go first to Piedras Negras, opposite Eagle Pass. By going direct to Juarez by way of Chihuahua, Obregon risked a possible interference from Villa followers.

Officials expected General Obregon will reach Juarez tonight. General Scott and General Funston are expected to reach El Paso late today or tomorrow.

Guggenheim Sues His Four Brothers For Ten Millions

NEW YORK, April 27.—A suit for $10,000,000 for alleged damages, with William Guggenheim of the Guggenheim family of copper mine owners as plaintiff, against his five brothers, was argued in the supreme court in Brooklyn today. The defendants, Isaac, Daniel, Solomon, Morris and Simon Guggenheim, contend through counsel that there was insufficient proof and asked for a judgment under which the action would be dismissed.

William Guggenheim alleges that his brothers concealed from him certain details about the affairs of the Chile Copper Mining company and that he suffered a loss to the amount of $10,000,000.

Justice Benedict reserved decision on the motion made by the defendants.

To Withdraw Draft Bill in Parliament

LONDON, April 27.—A bill providing for extension of military service was introduced in the House of Commons today, but aroused such opposition that the government withdrew it.

Walter Hume Long, president of the local government board, placed the bill before the house, saying it was the intention of the government to enlist every unmarried man between the ages of 18 and 41. It is understood the bill, embodying aspects of proposals outlined in the report of the secret session at which recruiting was taken up, had been approved by the ministry and army council. The measure met with severe criticism from all sections of the house. Premier Asquith announced that in view of this feeling the government would not press it.

Compulsory military service for single men was provided for in a bill passed in January. The application of the measure has been limited, however, by the existence of many classes of exemptions.

WITH ONE OF OUR OUTPOSTS IN MEXICO—This picture, taken "somewhere in Mexico," shows two of the colored soldiers of the punitive expedition, on outpost duty in a tree, signalling information to another outpost.

SIGNALLING "SOMEWHERE IN MEXICO" ©INT. FILM SERVICE

BOMBARD FRENCH VERDUN POSITIONS

Small German Assault North of Fort Vaux Is Repulsed by Artillery Fire.

GERMAN AEROPLANE SHOT DOWN

PARIS, April 27.—French positions before Verdun were bombarded heavily last night, but the Germans made no strong infantry attacks. A small assault north of Fort Vaux was stopped immediately by French artillery, the war office announced this afternoon.

Several German patrols were encountered north of the Aisne and were repulsed in the fighting with hand grenades. A German reconnoitering party east of Le Mesnil was dispersed.

A German aeroplane was brought down in Spincourt wood by a French pilot.

The text of the statement follows:

"North of the Aisne several German patrols were repulsed with hand grenades.

"In the region of Verdun there was an intense bombardment of the redoubt of Avocourt and of our organizations on the Cote Du Poivre. A small enemy attack directed upon an element of our trenches to the north of the Vaux fort was immediately stopped by our curtains of fire.

"In Lorraine we dispersed a German reconnoitering party which attempted to reach our position to the east of Le Mesnil.

"On the rest of the front there was no event of importance to report beyond the usual cannonading."

GYPSIES CHARGED WITH ROBBING ARKANSAS BANK

HOXIE, Ark., April 27.—While two gypsy women endeavored to persuade the cashier of a bank at Almira to look into the future by having them read his palm, a package of currency containing $20 disappeared from the counter and county officers say it was taken by a 7-year-old girl confederate of the women. The child ran to the front door of the bank and tossed something to a man on horseback, who escaped. The women and girl were placed in jail here pending an investigation.

Gypsies made a similar attempt last week to rob a bank at Stuttgart, but the child in that case was detected as she seized a roll of bills containing $300.

British Envoy Gives Copies of Orders

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Copies of the British admiralty's orders to merchant captains, which the German government contends provide for attacks on submarines, were delivered to the State department today by the British Ambassador Sir Cecil Spring Rice. They are said to correspond with those announced recently in London and will be published later with a statement from the state department.

MAN KILLED BY FALL FROM FREIGHT TRAIN

ABERDEEN, S. D., April 27.—(Special Telegram.)—While stealing a ride on a Milwaukee west-bound train, a mile west of Groton this morning, John McCafferick of Milbank fell from the train and was instantly killed. Though his body was terribly mangled, a bottle of whisky he had in his pocket was not broken.

One Year Ago Today in the War

German offensive at Tirna definitely stopped.

British aeroplanes gassed by Germans at Tirna to be avenged.

American oil tank steamer Outlaw damaged by German submarine's bomb in North Sea.

Allies advanced on Gallipoli peninsula, landing armies and occupying several fortified positions.

Munitions Embargo Conference Begins Its Propaganda

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Senator Husting, democrat, told the senate today that the American Embargo conference had conducted a campaign in Wisconsin to induce him to support an embargo resolution against shipment of war munitions to Europe. He submitted a thousand letters from Wisconsin citizens, which he said all emanated from the Chicago headquarters of this organization.

U. S. MAKES DEMAND ON GREAT BRITAIN

Lansing Sends Note Insisting On Release of Germans Taken Off Steamship China.

WILL GIVE OUT TEXT LATER

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 27.—Secretary Lansing announced today that the United States had sent another note to Great Britain today demanding the release of thirty-eight Austrians, Germans and Turks taken from the American steamship China by a British cruiser off Shanghai. The note was dispatched yesterday and will be given out for publication later.

Great Britain contends that the men were engaged in intrigues and plots against the British government.

GERMAN ARMY OFFICER FROM PANAMA HELD

NEW YORK, April 27.—Conrad Witheim Aufmasser, a reserve officer of a German pioneer regiment, was arrested by secret service officers on his arrival here today aboard the steamship Colon from Cristobal on suspicion that he had been spying upon the Panama canal fortifications.

According to Chief Flynn of the secret service, who examined him, the suspicions proved unfounded. Nevertheless Aufmasser was sent to Ellis Island and photographs and documents found in his possession were confiscated.

Mr. Flynn said he would undoubtedly be released by the immigration authorities, having satisfied them that he was entitled to enter this country as an alien.

Henry Morgenthau Tenders Resignation

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Formal announcement was made at the White House today that Henry Morgenthau, American ambassador to Turkey, had resigned and that his resignation had been accepted. Abram I. Elkus, a New York lawyer, probably will succeed him.

GERMANS DESTROY BRITISH SUBSEA

Official Statement Says Submarine E-22 Has Been Sunk by Teuton Naval Forces.

TORPEDO HITS BRITISH CRUISER

BERLIN, April 27.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The German admiralty announced today that the British submarine E-22 had been sunk by German naval forces.

The announcement also says a British cruiser of the Arethusia class was hit by a torpedo from a German submarine.

Make Announcement.

The announcement given out under date of April 25 is as follows:

"The German naval forces on April 25 sank the British submarine E-22. The Germans rescued and captured two men.

"A German submarine on the same day hit with a torpedo a British cruiser of the Arethusa class."

Pennsylvania Soft Coal Miners Will Return to Mines

NEW YORK, April 27.—The 24,000 bituminous coal miners on strike in district No. 5 in Pennsylvania will go back to work tomorrow morning under an agreement reached today between John P. White for the coal miners and W. G. Fields, for the Pittsburg Coal company and other operators.

Russians Drop Bombs On Constantinople

PARIS, April 27.—A Havas dispatch from Athens says it is reliably stated there that two Russian hydro-aeroplanes operated over Constantinople on Monday night.

THEY MAY ARBITRATE RAIL WAGE QUESTIONS

CHICAGO, April 27.—Proposals that questions involving wages and hours of work be submitted to arbitration will be discussed at a series of meetings beginning June 1, at New York City, it was decided today at a meeting of representatives of the railroads and of the four employes' unions here. The railroads' side, it was announced, will be put forward by a national conference committee of fifteen or twenty officials. Names of representatives of both sides will be announced later.

W. S. Stone, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, acting as spokesman for the union representatives, said they would be represented by one man from each railroad system, totaling

MARTIAL LAW IS PROCLAIMED FOR ALL OF IRELAND

Royal Proclamation Suspending Section One of Defense of Realm Act is Read In London.

SITUATION STILL VERY SERIOUS

Premier Asquith Says There Is Danger of Revolt Spreading to Other Parts of Ireland.

MORE FIGHTING AT DUBLIN

LONDON, April 27.—Official admission today that there were indications of a spread of the revolutionary movement in Dublin to other parts of Ireland, especially in the west, was accompanied by the proclamation of martial law throughout the island. Hitherto only the city and county of Dublin had been under military rule because of the outbreak.

The statement regarding the indicated spread of the revolutionary movement, in strong contrast with the reassuring statements of yesterday, was made by Premier Asquith in the House of Commons today. The Irish situation still presented serious features, the premier admitted.

Rebels Hold Important Points.

In Dublin fighting is still in progress in the streets and the rebels continue to hold important public buildings. It was announced that in addition to troops already dispatched to Ireland to cope with the situation others were being sent.

Major General Sir John Maxwell, formerly in command of the British forces in Egypt, has gone to Ireland to take the situation in hand.

Premier Asquith announced in the house of commons today that the rebels continue to hold important public buildings in Dublin and that street encounters were still in progress.

Revolt May Spread.

Premier Asquith told the house the Irish situation still presented serious features today and that there were indication of a spread of the movements to other parts of Ireland, especially in the west.

The premier announced that Major General Sir John Maxwell, who formerly commanded the British forces in Egypt, was leaving this afternoon for Ireland. The major has been given plenary powers under martial law, over the whole country.

The premier said there would be a searching investigation into the cause responsible for the outbreak. He added that it was obviously necessary to exercise military censorship while martial law prevailed in Ireland. This censorship, however, would be directed merely with regard to the essential military requirements of the situation. All possible latitude in the transmission of news would be allowed.

Irish Leaders Deplore Move.

Sir Edward Carson and John Redmond, who were the leaders of the opposing faction in the Irish home rule controversy, expressed in the House of Commons their abhorrence of the uprising and their desire to support the government.

The troops in Ireland have been and are being strongly reinforced, Mr. Asquith added, and the government was satisfied the force dispatched was adequate to deal with the situation.

The Irish authorities will place themselves at the disposal of Major General Maxwell to carry out his instructions.

Replying to a question whether the government had been warned of a dangerous growth of sedition, Premier Asquith said:

"The first and paramount duty of the government is to restore order and to stamp out rebellion with all possible vigor. That we are doing.

"Behind that there is undoubtedly an obligation which rests upon the government of making a searching investigation into the causes of and the responsibility for these events. That obligation we fully recognize and intend to discharge.

Proclamation of martial law throughout Ireland may indicate an extension of disturbances, details of which the rigid British censorship is withholding. Cable dispatches yesterday and early today gave the impression that the British authorities had the situation in Ireland well in hand.

M'KINLEY CLUB TO HOLD BIG RATIFICATION MEETING

The McKinley club is planning to hold within a few weeks a big ratification meeting at one of the local hotels. This will probably take the form of a reception to all the candidates on the republican ticket and there will be but few speeches. Efforts are being made to have one or two republicans of national prominence here at that time. Many of the successful candidates are now out of the city on short trips resting up, but are expected back in plenty of time for the ratification meeting.

Irish Rebels Represent Only Small Minority, Say Leaders

LONDON, April 27.—Replying to a request from Sir Henry Dalziel, that the House sit on Monday to discuss the Dublin outbreak, Premier Asquith said that debate on the question could only be mischievous.

"Our allies already have been made aware by Sir Edward Carson and Mr. Redmond," the premier added, "that the movement is sectional only and has no sympathy from the representative Irish leaders."

In his declaration concerning the situation in Ireland Sir Edward Carson said:

"I feel quite satisfied with the statement of the prime minister. I will gladly join with Mr. Redmond in everything that can be done to discourage and put down these rebels now and for ever.

"I hope the newspapers will not try during a war of such a character as we are engaged in, to bring about discussions of a political character in relation to the Irish question."

Sir Edward's remarks were greeted with cheers. He was followed by Mr. Redmond, who said:

"May I say a word—although I really think it is scarcely necessary. Perhaps I ought to give expression on behalf of my colleagues of the nationalist party here, and, as I believe, of the overwhelming majority of the people of Ireland, to the feeling of detestation and horror with which we have regarded these proceedings."

London Paper Says Sir Roger Should Be Put in Lunatic Asylum

LONDON, April 27.—Sir Roger Casement, it is reported, has expressed belief that the uprising in Ireland will be a failure on account of his capture. His leadership, he said, was necessary to the success of the movement.

Several newspapers support the theory advanced by A. Conan Doyle a year ago that Sir Roger is insane. The Westminster Gazette advocates that he be disposed of by placing him in a lunatic asylum.

Sir Roger is occupying the cell in which Carl Hans Lody was held a prisoner before his execution as a spy in the Tower of London in November, 1914. Lody was arrested in Killarney, near where Sir Roger was captured.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 27.—That Sir Roger Casement is a "charming fellow, though somewhat erratic," and "rather out of balance" on the Irish question, was the statement made here today by A. Carnegie Ross, consul general here for Great Britain and an intimate friend of the captive Irish knight.

"I first met Mr. Ross when I was British consul at Boma, in Moorobiqua, British East Africa," said Ross. "He was the British consul at Loanda bay, where I subsequently succeeded him. I met him at Delagoa bay during the Boer war. Sir Roger was very pro-British at that time, and his brother, Tom Casement, was fighting with the English in the ranks of the imperial light horse of Johannesburg.

"He made a great reputation in South Africa by the way he managed the natives, of whom he was very fond.

"Ross said that Professor Rogers was looked upon as a brilliant man and was a writer of great merit.

Conscientious Workers---

Bee Want-Ads cost but little for the much they do. They work for results rather than the pay they get. They tell your story in thousands of homes and business places and work night and day. Hire one NOW.