

ORAH ACCUSES NATIONAL GUARD HEADS OF GRAFT

Idaho Senator Startles Congress with Charge that Eight Millions Set Aside Yearly Wasted and Embezzled.

ASSERTS OFFICERS GET IT ALL
Speaker Declares He Brings Indictment Without Qualifications.

LODGE DEFENDS THE ARMY

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Senator Borah, republican, attacking federal pay for the National Guard, aroused the senate today with a charge that the \$8,000,000 a year now appropriated by the government for the National Guard was "shamefully wasted" and some of it "embezzled."

"That's a pretty serious charge," said Senator Pomerene, democrat, interrupting.

"Well, I make it without any qualification," Senator Borah replied, and he read from War department reports to show that most of the fund had been utilized by officers of the National Guard for themselves, and that enlisted men had practically no benefit of it.

They Will Hesitate.
"If senators here will examine the record of these appropriations," Senator Borah continued, "they will hesitate about appropriating \$8,000,000 for the National Guard, as it is now proposed to do. The way the officers of the National Guard have been utilizing the federal fund to themselves to the exclusion of enlisted men is perfectly shameful and cannot be defended except for political exigencies."

Senators Pomerene and Reed staunchly defended the National Guard, declaring that if there had been irregularities there were remedies at law.

Senator Lodge defended the regular army and declared it was time to stop casting aspersions upon it.
"The regular army has fought and won all our battles and is fighting for us in Mexico today," he said, "and I am sick and tired of hearing it attacked."

On a vote Senator Sutherland's amendment was defeated.
Senator Cummins, republican, said he was shocked at Senator Borah's statements.

"I do not believe the charges that National Guard officers have misappropriated the nation's money—stolen it—there is no moral difference," said he. "I think consideration of this bill should be halted while the senate ascertains whether officers of the guard are guilty of such charges."

The Amount Spent.
Senator Borah in support of his charge said:

"I find, according to the report of the War department, that in the Ohio national rifle match in 1911, \$12,392 was expended on the state rifle team, all of whom were officers. In the period from July 2, 1911, to September 23, 1911 an officer, a colonel, drew pay to the amount of \$1,411. In the period from July 1, 1911, to September 15, 1912, another officer, also in the same state, a colonel, drew pay to the amount of \$1,760. In the period from July 20, 1911, to September 1, 1913, a third colonel in the state drew pay to the amount of \$1,250. So the entire appropriation or allotment to the state of Ohio for this year practically went to the officers and there is no report that any portion of it is going to the enlisted men."

Senator Borah stood by his statements. In spite of a rush of senators to defend the guard of their own states.

"I do not know that there are any officers of the National Guard whom I would distrust personally," he said. "I call the attention of senators that I have said that the money appropriated under the Dick law has been shamelessly used and not used as it would have been if the officers drawing it had been paying the taxes creating it."

"Let them disprove the figures and if they do I am not too proud to apologize, but I will say now that the more they are disposed to delve into the record of the last eight years the less they will be inclined to censure their findings on the floor of the senate."

Another McKelvie Club.
CLAY CENTER, Neb., April 15.—(Special Telegram.)—A number of McKelvie admirers met here Friday evening and organized a McKelvie club, with L. F. Fryar as president, and R. A. Byrkit as secretary.

Still Unanswered

When you asked for the votes of republicans for national committee-man four years ago, Mr. Howell, you made this declaration over your own signature:

"While I am a great admirer of Senator La Follette, I am a warm supporter of Colonel Roosevelt. However, I am first a republican and whoever nominated will receive my support if I am chosen as committee-man."

In spite of this solemn pledge of yours, Mr. Howell, you insisted on staying on the committee while fighting the party's standard bearers whom you were in honor bound to support; you contributed money to the campaign fund of another hostile party; you tried strenuously to prevent republicans from having even a chance to vote for their presidential ticket.

Forgetting the past, except as a guide to the future, where do you stand today, Mr. Howell? And what will you do in the next campaign, if again commissioned as general manager of the republican party campaign in Nebraska?

GERMANS TELL OF ATTACK ON SUSSEX

Teutons Taken on Subsea Boat Describe Torpedoing of British Liner.

STORY IS GIVEN OUT AT PARIS

PARIS, April 15.—Inquiries of the ministry of marine concerning the circumstances of the attack on the steamship *Sussex* have developed precise information, which has been given to the Associated Press from authentic sources as follows:

"This information is not based upon suppositions or probabilities, and in that it differs from the statement of Herr Jaxer, (German foreign minister). The facts have been established by a great number of witnesses whose names are known, including the captain of the *Sussex*.
"They establish that the commander of the submarine could not have been ignorant that he was attacking a channel steamer making regular service between France and England. The route of these steamers differs from that of other merchantmen and is perfectly known to all sailors. Moreover, the route between Dieppe and Folkestone is essentially the route of channel steamers, which make the journey at a fixed time, and the *Sussex* was passing by the regular route at the regular time. The commander of the submarine therefore knew he was dealing with a regular channel steamer and it was clearly a premeditated attack against an unarmed merchant vessel without the least warning to permit passengers to escape.
"The torpedoing of the *Sussex* is confirmed by sailors of a German submarine which was destroyed a few days after the *Sussex* attack. Four members of the crew of this submarine made prisoners April 5 have been interrogated and all have confirmed, what was already known, that the *Sussex* was torpedoed and they have given the name of the commandant and the number of the submarine which attacked the *Sussex*. These witnesses seemed to think the entire affair was known, so they had no hesitation in confirming all details of the torpedoing of the *Sussex* by their sister submarine, which was cruising in the same locality.
"Summarizing the information obtained by the ministry of marine makes certain, first, that the captain and other witnesses saw the track of a torpedo and the captain maneuvered his ship to avoid the danger, which establishes the moral conviction that the *Sussex* was torpedoed; second, fragments of a German torpedo found on the *Sussex* and material proof to the moral conviction, third, the testimony of prisoners from the German submarine corroborates completely both the moral conviction and the material proof, and this proves the case, so far as France is concerned, beyond any doubt."

General Funston Uneasy.
SAN ANTONIO, Tex., April 15.—Uncertainty was manifest at General Funston's headquarters today over General Pershing's unbroken silence concerning the fight at Parral. It became known today that General Funston directed General Pershing last night a communication sharply urging him to expedite a report.
General Funston received from the War department a rather long communication, but he refused to discuss its character. There was reason to believe the substance of his late reports to Washington dealt largely with the positions and activities of Carranza troops in northern Mexico and the failure of them and other Carranza authorities to cooperate more effectively with the Americans.
Army officers here and in Mexico have resented the repeated statements that operation was being given when, as they indignantly assert, continued refusal to use the railroads and to permit the transmission of radio messages over land wires has been made. The number of Carranza troops in northern and central Mexico is greater than that of the United States force in Mexico, but army officers here pointed out Villa has no apparent difficulty in passing through their lines when pressed forward by the Americans.

CAPTAIN J. M. FULTON DISMISSED FROM ARMY
WASHINGTON, April 15.—Captain James M. Fulton of the coast artillery at Fort Grant, Panama, was dismissed from the army today for violating an absence privilege. President Wilson approved the court-martial sentence. Captain Fulton is a native of Virginia and was appointed to the army in 1903.

Former Omaha Rector Makes Cross-Country Trip in an Automobile
A test is included in the equipment. Two of the children sleep in the automobile and the others in the tent. The children are: Isabel, 12; Sara, 9; Tucker, 5; Paul, 4; and Tommy, 2. The Rev. Mr. Jones spent several weeks in practical automobile repair work before he started the trip. He says he is prepared for any emergency.
The party expect to make the return trip in two months.
After his departure from the Denver suburb the Rev. Mr. Jones wrote an Omaha friend that he received several letters and telegrams from friends who offered financial assistance. He was positive of St. Paul's in Omaha before he went to Denver. While here Mrs. Jones appeared for a brief period with a local stock company. She might help her husband get out of debt. One of the reports from Denver was that Dean H. Mearns had looked up Mrs. Jones in the apartment where he had a room. It was there that she had appeared on a stage in Omaha.

SITUATION BELOW BORDER THE SAME, SAYS WAR CHIEF

Baker Asserts Co-operation with Carranza Forces and Expedition at Villa is Still Continuing.

CHANGE IS CONTEMPLATED

State Department Inclined to Think Clash at Parral Overstated by Mexicans.

AWAITS WORD FROM PERSHING

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Secretary Lansing pronounced the Mexican situation unchanged today in any aspect.

Unless official reports to General Funston disclose a more grave situation at Parral, where American troops were fired upon, than is now believed to exist there was nothing to indicate that a change might be expected in the near future.

Secretary Baker said General Funston had not heard from General Pershing directly for three days. That caused no uneasiness at the War department, however, as General Pershing has reported only when he had definite and important information to communicate.

Clash Not Serious.

As time passes without official information of the Parral fighting from American sources, officials are inclined to doubt that the clash was as serious as was indicated in early Mexican dispatches.

Publication in Mexico City of the terms of the Carranza government seeks to impose, limiting any reciprocal troop movements across the international boundary, shed much light on the diplomatic tangle which preceded General Carranza's suggestion that the American troops be recalled from Mexico.

Secretary Lansing declined to discuss the matter. At the time the de facto government suggested that no expeditionary force should exceed 1,000 cavalrymen and not cross a deadline, there were several thousand American troops of all arms in Mexico and they were 300 miles or more south of the border.

Secretary Baker said he still was waiting for a report on the conference between General Pershing and Generals Herrera and Gutierrez.
Eliseo Arrondondo, General Carranza's ambassador here, said today he had no further information of the fighting at Parral nor of reports of a later clash.
A battle at Cuernavaca, the Zapata stronghold, was reported imminent. The advance guard of the Carranza forces was said to be in sight of the fortress.

Baker's Statement.
Secretary Baker of the War department this afternoon gave out the following statement:

"The status of the expedition is as it was at the beginning in cordial co-operation with the de facto government of Mexico. That co-operation continues and the expedition continues. There has been no change either in purpose or in the orders. No change has been made and none is in contemplation."
Reassuring advices from American consuls in touch with interior Mexican points led officials to hope that there is no little danger that news of the recent fight at Parral would arouse resentment among the Mexican people which might lead to further complications.

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No Complaints.
"We have had no complaints of annoyance during the regular playground hours," said the superintendent.
During the discussion of the subject members of the Recreation board believed the who would be to let the Bemis park playground as well there was a sufficient demand for it in this season to warrant retaining this center.
Members of the improvement club believe that parents of children using the park strongly favor this playground, and they estimate that most of

The Recrudescence of Shakespeare



Come on in. Prize Puzzle answers will be received up to April 20 and the awards announced in The Bee next Sunday.

BEMIS PARK SWEPT BY PLAYGROUND ROW

Residents of Select Neighborhood Divided Over Question of Having Spot for Kiddies.

PARK MAY HAVE AN ELECTION

The worst storm since the "big wind" of 1913 has swept over the select Bemis park neighborhood, the disturbance this time being a difference of opinion over the desirability of a public supervised playground within the park. One set of residents petitioned the Recreation board to abandon the playground, on account of alleged disturbances during late evening hours last season, while another group is equally insistent that the playground activities be resumed this season.

The members of the board are in a quandary. They want to do what they believe is best for the community. The situation is an aggravating one, to say the least.

One of the dramatic features of the situation is the fact that this is the first time the residents of this pretty district have dissented upon a public proposition. Bemis park neighborhood has been held up as a model of neighborhood unity.

Established by Request.

The playground in operation last season was established upon urgent request of the Bemis Park District Improvement club, which will hold a meeting this week to discuss the situation. At a meeting of the club a year ago the members were unanimously in favor of the playground and extended a vote of thanks to Commissioner Hummel when he agreed to locate this recreation center in Bemis park.

At a recent meeting of the Recreation board a signed protest from residents around and near the park was read. Superintendent English of the playground system explained to the board that the protest had been started by one woman, and he added that some of the signers reside several blocks from the park. He declared that the annoyances which were complained of were committed not by attendants of the playground, but by young men who gathered after the playground hours and expressed their enthusiasm of youth in song.

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Nebraska's "Big Four" REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET

For Delegates-at-Large:
Howard H. Baldwin, Omaha.
Frank W. Corrie, Sergeant.
E. B. Garner, Fremont.
R. J. Kilpatrick, Beatrice.
For Alternates-at-Large:
E. B. Bench, Lincoln.
Vachey Buresh, Omaha.
A. Galusha, McCook.
O. O. Snyder, O'Neill.
For National Committeeman:
Charles F. McGrew, Omaha.

Republicans should know that they will find the above names printed on the primary ballot, names of republicans not only devoted to a reunion of the party, but also of tried loyalty and proved zeal for party success.

The protestants are either childless or live several blocks from the park.

The protestants, however, are equally insistent that the playground shall not be resumed this season. Both sides are calling at the park office and the difference of opinion seems to be growing more acute.

May Take a Vote.

It is possible that a vote will be taken of the people of the neighborhood to determine just what public sentiment is on the subject. Commissioner Hummel and members of the Recreation board will be invited to attend the forthcoming meeting of the improvement club of this park district.

The Recreation board notes that several signers of the protest are prominent business men.

"If we could stop the rowdiness during the late evening hours I believe all objections would be removed," stated Superintendent English. The proposed double-shift plan of playground supervisors for this season may please the protestants.

Truck Driver Hurt When Autos Crash

Sam Simpson, 228 Grant street, suffered severe scalp wounds and probably internal injuries when an automobile delivery truck that he had been driving collided with another truck, driven by Art Peterson, 207 Ohio street, at the intersection of Eighteenth and Charles streets, late Saturday afternoon.

Peterson, although caught under the wreckage of his machine, escaped practically unscathed. He was arrested on a charge of reckless driving and is being held by the police pending a thorough investigation as to who was to blame for the accident.

According to witnesses, the cars were running at a fair speed when they crashed together. The delivery truck, driven by Simpson, was hurt over its left side. Both machines were badly damaged.

Currie Declares He Favors Hughes

BRIDGEMAN, Neb., April 15.—(Special Telegram.)—To the Editor of The Bee: Having just gotten my mail on returning from my ranch, I find many inquiries from friends asking whom I favor for President. Please say for me that my preference is Charles E. Hughes and that I regard him as the logical candidate to command the united support of the party and lead a winning campaign that will ensure the rule of our best citizens in state and national government.

NOTE TO GERMANY WILL BE NEARLY AN ULTIMATUM

Kaiser's Government Will Be Informed It Has not Fulfilled the Promises Made to the United States.

CASE SAID TO BE COMPLETE

Note Will Leave Way Open for the Teutons to Avoid Severance of Diplomatic Relations.

GERMAN OFFICIALS PERTURBED

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The United States government today was ready for its next step in the crisis with Germany over submarine warfare. This was the preparation of a communication to be sent to Berlin designed to bring the situation to an issue.

The communication will go forward within the next few days. Indications are, however, that the United States' case against Germany is complete and that Germany will be informed that the Washington government considers it has not fulfilled promises made to this country.

It is made clear that the forthcoming communication although intended as the final word of the United States will still leave the way open for Germany to avoid a severance of diplomatic relations.

German Officials Perturbed.

LONDON, April 15.—The correspondent at The Hague of the Exchange Telegraph company forwards the following: "Considerable perturbation has been caused at the Berlin foreign office by news received by wireless of American disapproval with the recent German note. The chancellor had several conferences with the American ambassador and also discussed possibilities with Count von Burius, Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, who is now in Berlin. Lengthy instructions were sent to Ambassador von Bernstorff at Washington.

"German officials now seem willing to strain every nerve in order to avoid a rupture with the United States, while the press continues in a most flamboyant way to give advice to President Wilson, publishing vituperative articles and cartoons of the president."

American Women Soldiers Vote for Trousers Uniforms

NEW YORK, April 15.—American women soldiers will wear trousers as part of their uniform if they follow the example set by the 20 members of the American Women's League for Self-Defense. These women have been attending weekly drills throughout the winter. The style of uniform came up as a vote last night and was the cause of an animated discussion, in which Mrs. J. Hungerford Milliken, head of the organization, asserted that the suits worn by the women need not necessarily be uniform. She objected to trousers on the ground that such a uniform would be opposed by husbands.

Others denounced dresses as "a curse and burden" to women and advised the women soldiers to get rid of them. "When your husbands go to the front," said one speaker, "you will have to guard your home against marauders. It will be a man's work and you cannot do it in dresses."

The vote for trousers was carried by an overwhelming majority.

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Can it Be the Masonic Order Sanctions This Kind of Electioneering?

ATKINSON A. BISHOP, M. D., CITY NATIONAL BANK BLDG. 712 N. 24th St.

Omaha, Neb., April 15, 1916

E. J. J. McKelvie, Esq., Lincoln, Neb.

My dear brother McKelvie:

I beg to advise you that my mutual friend, Brother Abraham L. Sutton, is a candidate for Governor of Nebraska, on the Republican ticket, and I am writing to my personal friends throughout the state calling their attention to his candidacy and asking them, as a personal favor to me, to do something to help Brother Sutton.

If you are not personally acquainted with my Brother, I am satisfied you know him from reputation, as he has served long and faithfully on the District Bench in Omaha, and I have an abiding conviction he will make an ideal governor.

It also appears to me it would be a compliment to our Order to have a governor selected from the membership of the B. I. and I feel it is a duty we owe to ourselves to boost our worthy Brother into the highest office of this state.

There appears to be another vital reason why we should support Brother Sutton. Since Mr. Ballard, one of the strong republican candidates in the field, has withdrawn in his favor, many of the best citizens of the state have selected Judge Sutton as the logical man. For more than forty years the nation and the localizing influences have polluted state government, and I think the time has arrived when Nebraska should assert her rights and forever put the nation — as it is now constituted — out of existence; and since history teaches us that the nation cannot be always united on an issue of this nature, it becomes transcendently essential that those who stand for the best things in government also unite on one man, and in my humble opinion Brother Sutton is that man.

I am enclosing you a few cards to be distributed among your friends, and if you have the time to boost for him in your locality, and will an advice me, I will be glad to send you a package of campaign material.

With personal regards, I remain,

Faithfully and gratefully yours,
Atkinson A. Bishop

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity

Unsettled, with probably showers.

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Temp.
6 A. M.	45
7 A. M.	45
8 A. M.	46
9 A. M.	47
10 A. M.	48
11 A. M.	49
12 M.	50
1 P. M.	51
2 P. M.	52
3 P. M.	53
4 P. M.	54
5 P. M.	55
6 P. M.	56
7 P. M.	57
8 P. M.	58
9 P. M.	59
10 P. M.	60
11 P. M.	61
12 M.	62
1 P. M.	63
2 P. M.	64
3 P. M.	65
4 P. M.	66
5 P. M.	67
6 P. M.	68
7 P. M.	69
8 P. M.	70
9 P. M.	71
10 P. M.	72
11 P. M.	73
12 M.	74
1 P. M.	75
2 P. M.	76
3 P. M.	77
4 P. M.	78
5 P. M.	79
6 P. M.	80
7 P. M.	81
8 P. M.	82
9 P. M.	83
10 P. M.	84
11 P. M.	85
12 M.	86
1 P. M.	87
2 P. M.	88
3 P. M.	89
4 P. M.	90
5 P. M.	91
6 P. M.	92
7 P. M.	93
8 P. M.	94
9 P. M.	95
10 P. M.	96
11 P. M.	97
12 M.	98
1 P. M.	99
2 P. M.	100