SIOUX CITY PACKING HOUSE STRIKE ENDS

Men Vote to Accept Raise of Two Cents Hour, with Guarantee of 80 Hours Every Two Weeks.

BUSINESS MEN AS WITNESSES

SIOUX CITY, Ia., March 2.—The Sioux City packing house strike, involving 2,500 men, was settled this morning at a mass meeting of the strikers.

The vote to return to work was nearly unanimous. It followed the report of a committee of twenty-five, which was appointed yesterday, to consider the proposition of returning to work with the understanding that the business men of the city were witnesses to the agreement that the packers had made verbally with the strikers.

Business Men Are Witnesses.

The meeting of the strikers opened at 9:30 o'clock. The men evidently had been assured by the speeches of business men yesterday that a written agreement with the packers was not necessary, inasmuch as the business men themselves were witnesses to the scale of wages offered by the packers. The men had declared they would not return without the written agreement.

The strikers go back to work on a new scale, based on a minimum of 21 cents an hour for all laborers, and an agreement that a minimum of at least eighty hours' work will be provided every two weeks for every regular employe. Before the strike laborers were getting 19 cents an hour, with no agreement as to the amount of work they would receive.

The receipt of the news of the settlement of the strike was welcomed throughout the packing district, especially in the stock yards and among business men uptown.

The strike has been conducted in an orderly manner. The leaders of the men had urged against violence at all times.

Teddy Withdraws His Name from Illinois Ballot

NEW YORK, March 2.—Theodore Roosevelt's determination not to allow the use of his name as a candidate for the presidential nomination in the spring primary elections was emphasized today by the announcement that his secretary, John W. McGrath, has directed the withdrawal of Mr. Roosevelt's name from the Illinois primaries.

This is the fourth state in which Mr. Roosevelt has refused to allow the use of his name. The others are Nebraska, Minnesota and Michigan.

Mr. Roosevelt is now on a trip to the West Indies.

General Argumendo Condemned to Death by Court-Martial

TORREON, Coahuila, Mexico, March 1.—(Delayed.)—General Benjamin Argumedo, leader of the opposition to the defacto government in Durango and the Lagunda district of Coahuila, was court-martialed yesterday at Durango City and ordered executed today at noon, according to a report received today from the American consul at the Durango capitol.

Reddy Goes to Miami To Consult Bryan

SHENANDOAH, Ia., March 2.—(Special.)—To consult with William Jennings Bryan on the democratic situation in Iowa James J. Reddy left Wednesday morning for Miami, Fla., friends of Mr. Reddy state. He will be gone several days and then will go to Des Moines, where he will have charge of the state headquarters of the "insurgent democrats."

Swallows 35 Cents Trying to Kill Self

CHICAGO, March 2.—Morris Ginsberg, held at a local police station on a charge of attempting to kill his wife with an ax, attempted to take his own life today by swallowing 35 cents in change. Ginsberg has recovered both his money and his health.

SOFT COAL MINERS AND OPERATORS IN DEADLOCK

NEW YORK, March. 2—Bituminous coal miners and operators from the middle west are still apart today on the matter of agreeing on an increase in wages for the miners. When the subcommittee of employes and employers met neither side had anything definite to offer and adjournment was taken until tomorrow to permit further conferences among the various groups of operators.

While the soft coal operators and miners wer holding informal conferences the anthracite employers and employes came on the scene and began their negotiations for a new contract to go into effect April 1. The ten demands of the United Mine Workers have been referred to a subcommittee of operators and miners under the chairmanship of Alvin Markle of Hazleton, Pa. Six of the eight members constitute the anthracite conciliation board.

After an hour's conference the anthracite wage conferees adjourned to meet here next Monday. The adjournment was taken to permit the union officials to resume their negotiations with the soft coal operators.

To Prevent the Grip.

Colds cause Grip—Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. Grove's signature on box. 25c.—Advertisement.

Blast Injures Three.

QUINCY, Mass., March 2.—An explosion of a compressed air tank on the new super dreadnaught Nevada today injured three men. The battleship itself was not damaged. Dennis McCarthy, a tester of tanks, was the most seriously hurt.

Avalanches Kill Twenty.

LONDON, March 2.—A dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that twenty persons have been killed and many injured by avalanches in the southern Tyrol.

INTERNATIONAL PRESIDENT OF ROTARIANS HONOR GUEST.

ALLEN D. ALBERT.

Brandeis Opposed Because He Is Not Hereditary Bostonian

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—Advocates of the confirmation of the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis as a justice of the supreme court had an inning today before the senate committee investigating charges against Mr. Brandeis.

Newton D. Baker, former mayor of Cleveland and president of the National Consumers' league, had a petition for confirmation from a group of New York manufacturers, labor leaders, publicists and social workers.

Among the signers of the petition are Oscar Strauss, chairman of the New York Public Service commission; Frederic C. Howe, commissioner of immigration, New York; Charles S. MacFarland, secretary of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America; Henry R. Seager, president of the American Association for Labor Legislation; Miss Florence Kelley, secretary of the National Consumers' league, and Owen R. Lovejoy, secretary of the National Child Labor committee.

A. P. French, a Boston attorney, said: "We have an aristocracy of the Boston bar—high-minded men, able and distinguished. They cannot consider with equanimity the selection of any one from their community for this high tribunal, who is not a typical, hereditary Bostonian."

Francis Peabody of Milton, Mass., last of the "character" witnesses for those opposed to Mr. Brandeis, testified that he had talked with more than fifty members of the Suffolk bar and only one gave him the impression that Mr. Brandeis was trustworthy and honorable.

"How far is the esteem in which Mr. Brandeis is held due to his being a Jew?" asked Senator Fletcher.

"I did not know until the last few years that he was a Jew," the witness answered.

When Mr. Baker appeared to present his petition he was asked as to Mr. Brandeis' reputation as a lawyer.

"I do not know his reputation in Boston," he said, "but among public service workers he is known not only as the best lawyer, but a detached, spiritual and high minded man."

Daniel B. Fuller Dies Suddenly at Sioux City, Iowa

SIOUX CITY, Ia., March 2.—Daniel B. Fuller, president of the Hycks-Fuller-Pierson Wholesale Dry Goods company, died in a chair at his home at 2 o'clock this morning. He had fallen and dislocated his shoulder Monday. The accident was followed by an attack of angina pectoris. Death was unexpected.

Funeral services for Mr. Fuller will be held in Sioux City. Burial will be in St. Joseph, Mo., where for years he was engaged in business.

Mr. Fuller came to Sioux City five years ago from Omaha, where he had been connected with the Byrne & Hammer wholesale dry goods firm.

Swedish Steamer Sunk by Mine in Swedish Waters

STOCKHOLM, March 2.—(Via London.)—It has been learned that the Swedish steamer Knippla was sunk about 800 yards inside the limit of Swedish waters.

On February 29 it was announced that the Knippla, a vessel of 531 tons, had struck a mine and sunk south of Falsterbo, Sweden, and that the crew had been rescued.

On the same day a dispatch from Copenhagen reported that, according to a local newspaper, a large German flotilla was engaged in laying mines south of Falsterbo.

HYMENEAL.

Begley-Parks.

SPRINGFIELD, Neb., March 2.—(Special.)—Mr. Glen Begley, cashier in the Farmers State bank, and Miss Allene Parks were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Parks, Rev. H. C. Capsey of the Methodist church, performing the rites. The ring service was used. The groom is well and favorably known, having lived here all his life. The bride is an estimable young woman who lately came here from Randolph, N. Y. The groom was attended by Mr. John Sweenie and the bride by Miss Florence Meisinger. The happy couple left on the morning train for Randolph, N. Y., and will be at home to their friends here after April 1.

Spies-Muller.

NORTH BEND, Neb., March 2.—(Special.)—Mr. John Spies and Miss Marie Muller were married yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the St. Charles' Catholic church with the high mass ceremony, Father Moriarity officiating. The attendants were Landers Landehoff and Miss Anjanette Muller. The flower girls were Angelina and Elmo Reese. A wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Muller. They will live on a farm north of Webster.

Department Orders.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—(Special Telegram.)—Postmasters appointed: Mrs. Lettie Boden, vice Mrs. Doris Howard, resigned, Hynes, Monroe county, Ia.; Mrs. Alice G. Wilson, vice John Wilson, resigned, Howell, Hand county, S. D.

Rural letter carriers appointed: South Dakota, Joseph L. Omar, Watertown; Bird A. Collingwood, Whitewood.

Postoffice at Buena Vista, Clinton county, Ia., discontinued; mail to Dixon.

BIG GUNS BATTER DOWN VERDUN FORT

Amsterdam Dispatch Reports Destruction of Fort Vaux by Shells from Mortars.

TEUTONS CONCENTRATE AT BUZY

LONDON, March 2.—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News says that Fort Vaux, five miles to the northeast of Verdun, has been destroyed by heavy mortars, according to unconfirmed German reports, but that the Germans cannot approach the fort as the French have brought heavy artillery to bear on the approaches. It is added that a German battery has been destroyed by French shells and that the Germans have concentrated 90,000 men near Buzy, who are to resume the offensive with reinforcements from the Argonne. Buzy is about sixteen miles to the east of Verdun.

French Sacrifice Many Men.

BERLIN, March 2.—(Via London.)—The official German statement of today says the French sacrificed men unsuccessfully in a counter attack on Fort Douaumont, one of the outlying defenses of Verdun, which was captured by the Germans.

The situation on the France-Belgium front, the communication says, is unchanged.

Night Quiet, Says Paris.

PARIS, March 2.—The war office announcement of this afternoon says that there was intermittent bombardment of the Verdun and Woevre front during the night, but that there were no developments of importance.

Bill to Reimburse State for Expense Of Fighting Sioux

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, March 2.—(Special Telegram.)—Representative Sloan today introduced a bill reimbursing the state of Nebraska to the extent of $42,000, money expended on the National Guard for aiding the United States troops in repelling the Sioux invasion in the winter of 1890-91.

The bill also gives a pensionable status to those who participated in the so-called "Wounded Knee" campaign in South Dakota.

Recently a bill passed the house giving a statues to those who had served in the Sioux wars, but the Nebraska troops were cut out because they failed through some technicality to be mustered into the service of the government.

Congressman Sloan, remembering former efforts to give the members of the Nebraska Guard who participated in the Sioux campaign in South Dakota, decided to look up the whole subject, with the result that he found that the federal government owed the state of Nebraska $42,000 for money advanced on behalf of the Guard.

Later Mr. Sloan ascertained that ex-Senator Manderson in 1892 had introduced a bill for reimbursement. It passed the senate and was referred to the war claims committee of the house, where it died.

Believing that Nebraska should be reimbursed for money advanced to aid the federal government in putting down an Indian uprising, Mr. Sloan insists that Nebraska should receive its just due along with other states participating in putting down the so-called Sioux uprising in the bad lands of Dakota.

DEATH RECORD

Mrs. Hannah E. Lyell.

TECUMSEH, Neb., March 2.—(Special.)—Mrs. Hannah E. Lyell, wife of Lucius Lyell, died here Tuesday at the age of 37 years. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Ernst of Tecumseh and was born and reared here. Mrs. Lyell is survived by her husband and three small sons. The funeral will be at the Tecumseh Presbyterian church, of which she was a member, at 1 o'clock on Friday afternoon.

Melcher Peterson.

Melcher Peterson, aged 52 years, of Villisca, Ia., died Wednesday evening at a local hospital, of appendicitis. The body was taken from Swanson's chapel to Villisca for interment.

Robb Garrett.

Robb Garret, 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Garrett, 2305 Lafayette avenue, died Wednesday afternoon at the family residence, after an illness of several days. Funeral services were held yesterday with interment at Forest Lawn cemetery.

William Gilbert.

William Gilbert, aged thirteen months, son of Mrs. and Mrs. Charles E. Gilbert, 2476 South Eighteenth, died yesterday morning after a three weeks' illness with scarlet fever. Funeral services will be held from the residence, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, with interment in Forest Lawn cemetery. Three other children in the family were ill with the same disease, but recovered.

Mrs. Edna Leonhardt.

Funeral services for Mrs. Edna Leonhardt, aged 34 years, who died following an operation at a local hospital, were held yesterday at 3 o'clock from the Dietz Memorial church. She is survived by her husband, Arnold, and one child, living at 921½ South Thirteenth street. The body was taken to Cleveland for interment.

Frank Wavrin.

Frank Wavrin, aged 26 years, son of Captain J. J. Wavrin of engine house No. 12, died Wednesday at Phoenix, Ariz., of tuberculosis. Beside his parents who live at 2973 Dorcas street, he is survived by two sisters and one brother. The body will be brought to Jackson's parlors here Sunday.

Joseph W. Williams.

Joseph W. Williams, aged 50 years, 2111 Poppleton avenue, died Wednesday evening at St. Bernard's hospital, Council Bluffs, where he had been confined for sometime. He was a resident of Omaha for many years, and was well known in railroad circles. He is survived by his widow. Funeral arrangement have not been definetly decided, but will be held some time Sunday under the direction of St. John's lodge No. 23 of the Masons.

Mrs. O. L. Baker.

COLUMBUS, Neb., March 2.—(Special Telegram.)—Mrs. O. L. Baker, aged 59, a prominent pioneer, died this morning. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon.

Key to the Situation—Bee Want Ads.

WILSON DENIES THE SENSATIONAL CHARGE OF GORE

(Continued from Page One.)

might bring the war to a close in the middle of the summer."

Senator Stone jumped to his feet a second time.

"The president of the United States made no such statement as quoted by the senator from Oklahoma," Senator Stone declared emphatically. "Whatever the president did say is something that I do not care to repeat. Whenever I go to the White House for a conference with with the president what he says to me is sacred. I have not repeated the conversation I had with the president. I have stated impressions the conversation made on my mind. I stated instance my impressions in my letter to the president, which was [illegible]

Question by James.

"The senator from Oklahoma is one of the president's closest friends," said Senator James of Kentucky. "Why did he not go to him and ascertain just what he said. I am sure the president would have been glad to tell him."

"In the first place I had no evidence that I might be taken into the president's confidence or that I might receive his impressions in the matter," Senator Gore replied. "I acted on what seemed to me to be the facts. I have only undertaken to tell of the report as it came to me.

"Whatever may have been the conversation between the president and Senator Stone, I hope the impression received by me and others was a mistaken one.

"Whenever the vital interests of the United States or the essential rights of American citizens are violated or outraged I will go as far as anyone to arm the president with every available power to wage war, whether it be with Germany or any nation under the sun. I have no choice of enemies."

Senator Gore took his seat and for a moment there was tense silence.

The vice president called upon Senator Shields to continue with the water power bill under discussion and the international debate was closed for the day.

While no official statement was given out an authoritative account was obtained of what had happened at the various conferences between the president and members of the senate and the house.

The president declared, it was said, that to warn Americans to keep off armed ships of belligerent nations would be in effect acknowledging justification for attacks on such ships. He contended that unless he was supported by congress and the nation, he might find it impossible so to steer the policies of the government so that the United States would not become involved with other nations.

In reply to questions at one of the conferences the president is understood to have said that following out the notes of the United States government diplomatic relations might be broken off with a nation which caused the death of American citizens in disregard of international law and the stand of the United States.

Might Bring War.

The president added, it was said, that he had been informed that the breaking off of diplomatic relations might precipitate war. He said that he could not certainly predict what might follow, but that despite his earnest efforts to keep the United States out of war he must uphold the rights of American citizens to the freedom of the seas.

The president was said to have been asked at one of the conferences what effect the entrance of the United States into the war would have. He is understood to have replied it might shorten it.

It was denied in well informed quarters that the president had any intention of conveying the impression that he desired the United States to enter the war in order to shorten it, or for any other reasons.

On the contrary, he is said to have urged in the most vigorous possible manner his desire and hope that the United States might keep out of the war.

Far from desiring war or threatening it, it was said the president has pointed out to congressional leaders that war would be more likely to come if the United States did not follow the established rules of international law and should begin attempting to change its rules as a result of varying conditions which have arisen since the outbreak of the world war.

Stone Differs from Wilson.

Senator Stone's statement follows:

"A sharp issue has been defined between Germany and Great Britain as to the status of armed merchantmen. Germany contends that armed merchant vessels are the equivalent of auxiliary war vessels and has announced its policy to be that after March 1 armed merchantmen would be regarded as warships and subject to the rules of war.

"On the other hand, Great Britain contends that under international law merchantmen have the right to be armed for defensive purposes and that armed merchantmen are entitled under the law to the same immunity of unarmed ships, without regard to cargo. It has announced its intention to carry out that policy.

"Now where does the United States come in? In this way: If both persist in these courses, neither yielding to the other, nor to the importunities of neutral nations, and if Germany attacks an armed merchantman and any American citizen is injured, the question is presented to this government what our attitude would be. If no American citizens were on board we should have no cause to interfere unless we proceeded on the altruistic theory of obligations of humanity.

"To my mind this emergency is of high importance. The president, senators and representatives should speak with each other and with the country, free from political bias. We should wear our hearts on our sleeves so we may know our positions exactly.

"The president's attitude is this: He supports the contention that belligerent merchantmen have the right to bear arms for defensive purposes, but he does not say, nor do I, and I doubt if any one does, what constitutes defensive purposes.

"Furthermore, if a German warship without warning should attack and sink a merchantman, the president proposes to consider the attack a lawless act. He will be disposed to hold the German government to strict accountability, and, if the German government persisted, he would be tempted to sever diplomatic relations and submit the matter to congress, which, under the constitution, is the war-making body.

"If it must come to this, and I must disagree with the president, and I must disagree with my colleagues, I must not face this as a political question. My duty is clear. I cannot but believe that if a belligerent merchantman is armed, whether for defensive or offensive purposes, if it is transporting war material, it is the equivalent of a war vessel.

"I cannot discuss the question now, but will merely state that in duty to myself, to my constituents and to my country I will discuss it here at length in the near future. The president is opposed to the Gore resolution. He is not only opposed to laws on the subject, but to any form of official warning, keeping people off belligerent ships.

"If I could have my way I would take some step to save this country from becoming embroiled in the European war through the recklessness of some thoughtless citizen.

"The president has written Representative Pou that the resolution has been a source of embarrassment to him in the diplomatic negotiations with the belligerents. I am sure that is so. I have diligently sought to prevent resolutions on this subject being adopted and sought to allay agitation on this subject. Now we are informed that the resolution must be defeated."

Gore Defends His Resolution.

Senator Gore defended his resolution.

"In my judgment any American placing Germany's interest above those of the United States is a traitor," declared Senator Gore. "And there are many traitors of that class in America. I think any American placing Great Britain's interest above ours is a traitor, and there are as many of that class. These two types are equally offensive, disloyal and reprehensible.

"I do not doubt that American ship owners whose ships are flying the allies' flags would like to have the United States police and protect their vessels plying to European ports. I do not doubt that the buyers and brokers of the $500,000,000 allies' bonds sold in this country rejoice to have the United States underwrite their investment. I have no more sympathy with them than I have with any hyphenated American who is disloyal to his adopted land."

An Inside Bath Makes You Look and Feel Fresh

Says a glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast keeps illness away.

This excellent, common-sense health measure being adopted by millions.

Physicians the world over recommend the inside bath, claiming this is of vastly more importance than outside cleanliness, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing ill health, while the pores in the ten yards of bowels do.

Men and women are urged to drink each morning, before breakfast, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, as a harmless means of helping to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible material, poisons, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Just as soap and hot water cleanse and freshen the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the eliminative organs.

Those who wake up with bad breath, coated tongue, nasty taste or have a dull, aching head, sallow complexion, acid stomach; others who are subject to bilious attacks or constipation, should obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store. This will cost very little but is sufficient to demonstrate the value of inside bathing. Those who continue it each morning are assured of pronounced results, both in regard to health and appearance.—Advertisement.

A Single Application Banishes Every Hair

(The Modern Beauty.)

Here is how any woman can easily and quickly remove objectionable, hairy growths without possible injury to the skin: Make a paste with some powdered delatone and water, apply to hairy surface and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and the hairs are gone. This is a painless, inexpensive method and, excepting where the growth is unusually thick, a single application is enough. You should, however, be careful to get genuine delatone.—Advertisement.

Don't Forget—

that when constipation, biliousness or indigestion is neglected, it may cause a serious illness. Act upon the first symptom—keep your digestive organs in good order by the timely use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Don't Let Soap Spoil Your Hair

When you wash your hair, be careful what you use. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain multified cocoanut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff. —Advertisement.

AMUSEMENTS.

Turpin's School of Dancing

Twenty-eighth & Farnam. New Classes. List your name now. Private lessons any time. KARNEY 5143.

THOMPSON-BELDEN & CO.

The Fashion Center of the Middle West.
Established 1886.

Remnants of Curtain Materials ⅓ and More—Less Than Regular

You'll find most every sort of desirable material among these remnants. They include all our short lengths of fancy bungalow nets, scrims, and cretonnes from the finest to the most inexpensive.

Save at least ⅓ and even more by selecting remnants Friday.
Drapery Section—Basement.

The Thompson-Belden $1.00 House Dress
An unusually attractive value in new materials for spring wear.
Basement.

Bleached Sheeting
9-4, fine quality, full 81 inches wide, specially priced at 35c a yard.
Basement

SOROSIS
$6 $7 $8
SOROSIS SHOES
$3.95 a pair

A sale to your liking, the finest and newest Spring Styles in patent, dull kid, blue kid, and bronze, both lace and button styles, Cuban and Spanish heels.

All we ask is a chance to show you these values.

We know you'll like them. $6, $7, $8 regularly. On sale now

For $3.95 a pair

New Undermuslin Skirts and Gowns

White Sateen Skirts, made with underlay, good quality, all lengths, full sizes, $1.25, $1.35, $1.75.

La Greque White Nainsook Skirts, made with embroidered flounce, at $1.75 and $2.25.

Women's Gowns, machine-made, hand-embroidered, low neck, short sleeves, $1.65 and $1.75.

Hand-made Gowns, exquisitely hand-embroidered in dainty patterns on fine nainsook, $3.50.

Undermuslins—Third Floor.

SPECIAL REDUCTION ON WATCH REPAIRING AND CLEANING

Mail Orders Solicited. All Work Guaranteed for One Year.

To add one thousand new customers to our watch repairing department, we will clean or repair any part of your watch until March 5 for..... **$1.00**

C. E. Reese Jewelry & Optical Co.
403 South Sixteenth. City National Bank Bldg.

AMUSEMENTS.

Orpheum Phone Doug. 494. The Best of Vaudeville.

VICTOR MORLEY & CO. This Week—Matinee and Night Daily; Ethel Clifton and Brenda Fowler; Stain's Tan Bark Comedians; Pierrie Millership; EXTRA ATTRACTION GERTRUDE VANDERBILT and GEO. MOORE. Frank Crumit; Pietro; Orpheum Travel Weekly.
Prices: Mat., Gallery 10c; Best Seats 25c. Except Sat. & Sun., a few at 50c. Nights, 15-25-50 & 75c.

"OMAHA'S FUN CENTER." **Gayety** Daily Mats., 15-25-50c Even'gs, 15-25-50-75c
Purposely Booked For Merchants' Market Week.
"BLUTCH" COOPER'S Roseland Girls Musical Burlesque
Comedian Solly Ward, head gardener in this beauteous bower of fun and fragrance. Stage wedding Friday night. Principals: Miss Augusta Custer of 1415½ N. 22d St., and Louis Kraus, theater employee. Judge Edward Leeder officiating.
Ladies' Dime Matinee Week Days.
Sat. Nite & Wk.: Max Spiegel's Strolling Players.

BRANDEIS THEATER TONIGHT and Saturday, Matinee Saturday,
HYAMS AND McINTYRE IN MY HOME TOWN GIRL
Evngs., 25c to $2.00; Mat., 25c to $1.50.

TONITE 8:20 **NEW KRUG**
North Brothers Stock Co.
"KINDLING"

Strand 18th & DOUGLAS
Friday and Saturday,
ROSCOE ARBUCKLE,
Supported by Weber & Fields, Sam Bernard, William Collier and Mack Sennett, in
"Fatty and the Broadway Stars"
Dorothy Gish, Owen Moore and Frank Campeau in
"JORDAN IS A HARD ROAD"

MATINEE DANSANT
2 to 6 P. M.
Main Cafe
New Henshaw Hotel
Instructors and Entertainers
Wednesday and Saturday
Phone Reservations D. 1216.

AMUSEMENTS.

She Hated Him

LIKE AN ILL-TREATED SLAVE HATES HIS MASTER.
FATE BROUGHT IN THE OTHER MAN. KISMET—THEY LOVED.
WHAT GOOD THE BITTER TEARS, THEY CANNOT WIPE OUT SIN.
WHAT SHOULD SHE DO?
Conscience said:—
"Tell Him Even Though You Would Lose Him."
But her heart said:—
"What Would Life Be Without Him?"
TELL HER WHAT TO DO.
But you cannot decide what's right or wrong until you have seen this victim of circumstances.

ALICE BRADY ...IN... "The Woman in 47"
BOYD THEATER
Today and Saturday

EMPRESS
Continuous Vaudeville & Photo Plays
"THE YELLOW PASSPORT"
10c—ADMISSION—20c
"Biggest Bargain in Town"

THE FARNAM
1416 Farnam.
TODAY—FRIDAY
"The Winning of Miss Construe," a human interest Society drama. Special feature: Side-splitting comedy featuring the famous comedian Fred Sterling in "Only a Messenger Boy."

THE OMAHA BEE—
—THE HOME PAPER.