PRESIDENT AND KAISER CONFIDENT

Poincaire and William Tell Respective Armies Victory is Sure to Come.

TEXT OF NEW YEAR ADDRESSES

PARIS, Jan. 2.—"Nineteen hundred and sixteen will be our year of victory," says President Poincare in a message to the officers and soldiers of France, which was being distributed along the whole front last night. The message which is one of great simplicity, expresses the confidence of the entire nation in its defenders.

The letter follows:

"Like you, my noble friends, I have read with emotion in the army bulletin messages addressed to you on the eve of the new year by the mayors of our large cities. The same language is used by all these French cities and it is easy today to draw from these numerous expressions the unanimous sentiment of the country.

"Everywhere you have seen maintained without effort this sacred union spontaneously established seventeen months ago under the menace of the enemy. Why would not the civil population follow the example of the agreement and harmony which you give it? In the trenches and on the battlefields you hardly think of considering your personal opinions. Civil discord does not disturb the fraternity of arms, which, with its common perils and identical duties, binds one and all. You have your eyes fixed on an ideal which constantly diverts your attention from secondary objects and you know that your patriotic mission cannot be performed by others.

"While you are thus sacrificing everything to the salvation of the nation, is it not natural that those Frenchmen whose age, health or duties prevent them from meeting at your side the fatigue and perils of war work should at least repel harmful suggestions of hatred and conserve the public peace?

"The mayors of France have spoken of some of the charitable works resulting from the successful joining of hearts. Most of these institutions are destined to aid you, your aged parents, your children, your wounded or imprisoned brothers. In cities farthest from the front, your condition thus remains constantly present in all minds and concentrates the thoughts of those who might be inclined to forget. The mourning which has darkened the home of so many families, moreover, imposes on those who have been less severely afflicted the pious obligation of meditation and gravity. All the French people feel the same affliction, and there is not one who does not listen with respect to the stern lesson of the day—a lesson of courage, of patience, of will, of calm, of confidence and of serenity."

Kaiser Congratulates Army.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's says that Emperor William, according to a dispatch, has sent the following New Year's address to the army, the navy and the colonial troops:

"Comrades: Another year of severe fighting has elapsed. Wherever a superior number of enemies have stormed our lines they have failed before your loyalty and bravery. Wherever I have sent you into battle you have gained a glorious victory. Thankfully we remember today, above all, our brethren who joyfully gave their blood in order to gain security for our beloved at home and imperishable glory for the fatherland. What they have begun we shall accomplish with God's gracious help.

"In impotent madness, enemies from the west and east, from the north and south, still seek to deprive us of all that makes life worth living. They long ago buried the hope to conquer us in honest fighting. On the weight of their masses, on the starvation of our entire people, on the influences of their campaign of calumniation, which is as mischievous as it is malicious, they believe they can still reckon. The plans will not succeed. Before the spirit of determination which imperturbably unites the army and those at home the hopes will be miserably disappointed. With a will to discharge the duty to the fatherland to the last breath and determination to secure victory we enter the new year with God for the protection of the fatherland and for Germany's greatness."

Superintendent Has Figures on State's Educational System

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—The state superintendent recently completed the compilation of some interestin statistics concerning the schools of the state. A little later the Department of Public Instruction promises a more complete survey of all of Nebraska's educational interests in order that the people may be able to more fully appreciate the condition of the schools. The following figures tell their own story:

School districts	7,228
School houses	7,586
Male teachers	1,556
Female teachers	10,749
Average monthly salary of males	372.87
Average monthly salary of females	351.56
Paid male teachers	$1,012,079.41
Paid female teachers	5,205,713.04
Total salaries of teachers	6,217,797.45
Paid for buildings and sites year closing July, 1915	985,394.44
Paid for repairs	397,906.65
Paid for fuel	407,387.26
Library books	19,981.86
Text books and supplies	441,443.66
Furniture	153,254.76
Paid for all other purposes	1,496,392.89
Total expenses for year	10,221,558.45
Amount in hands of district treasurers	1,580,436.43
Value of school district property	23,587,503.36
Total indebtedness	7,507,053.09
Children of school age (5 to 21)	387,322
Total enrollment	290,876
Average daily attendance	212,049
Cost of education per pupil on enrollment	34.79
Cost of education per pupil on daily attendance	47.72

The report shows that 4,501 students are pursuing normal training in the high schools of the state. There are twenty-three agricultural schools of the Shumway variety. The accredited schools have been increased from 240 to 270, while more than 100 new village and rural high schools have been added by means of consolidations and the formation of high schools in the open country. This does not include a large number of districts which have added ninth and tenth grades upon their own resources.

Stop the Child's Cough. It's Serious.

Croup and whooping cough are children's ailments. Dr. King's New Discovery is what you need—it kills the cold germs. All druggists.—Advertisement.

HENRY FORD HOME WITH VIEW PEOPLE TO BLAME FOR WAR

(Continued from Page One.)

sonal glory, gain or advertising. I have more money now than I can use, and I feel I am simply custodian of what I have. It was entrusted to me by the people, some of whom are today fighting in the trenches."

Commenting on the preparedness issue in President Wilson's message, Mr. Ford said:

"I am against preparedness, as preparedness means war. No man will arm himself unless he means to attack. Even when he takes a fork in his hand he is preparing to attack an oyster or a beefsteak."

Should Ask People.

"It would be better for the administration to find out first if the people themselves want armament. If they do, they will eventually get what Europe is getting now. As to the other features of President Wilson's message, especially with reference to trade and a greater merchant marine, we are all with him on that."

At the request of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, Collector of the Port Dudley Field Malone arranged for Mr Ford, a member of the naval consulting board, to be taken off the Bergensfjord on a special customs cutter as soon as the ship cleared quarantine. Mrs. Ford, their son, Edsal Ford, W. A. Livingstone, a freind, and Mrs. Samuel Marquis of Detroit, whose husband returned with Mr. Ford, went down the bay to meet him.

Arlington Couple Celebrate Golden Wedding Anniversary

ARLINGTON, Neb., Jan. 2.—(Special)—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frederick William Reckmeyer of this place celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding day here last Tuesday at the home of their son, William Reckmeyer. Relatives and friends were gathered to congratulate them and partake of the golden wedding cake. A program of music and readings and addresses in English and German was given.

Both were born in Germany. They met and were married in Quincy, Ill., in 1865. Mr. Reckmeyer served in the union army during the civil war and was mustered out a sergeant.

The couple came to Nebraska in 1884, living at Fremont, then at Arlington. They then returned to Fremont and later to Arlington, where Mr. Reckmeyer with his son is engaged in the hardware trade.

Those attending were:

Mrs. Hammang, Vern Reckmeyer, Mrs. A. T. Hutchinson, Wilma Couffer, Mrs. A. L. Hughes, A. M. Ludwig, Christine Reckmeyer, Rev. C. Steinel, Thea Steinel, Homer Dorbecker, Ruth Dorbecker, Gilbert Nibbe, Edgar Nibbe, Willie Nibbe, Leonie Nibbe, Arthur Nibbe, Mildred Ludwig, Margaret Reckmeyer, Therio Reckmeyer, Frances Reckmeyer, Luella Reckmeyer, Messrs. and Mesdames: Wm. Reckmeyer, Sr., H. Reckmeyer, John Nibbe, J. H. Dorbecker, Wm. Reckmeyer, Jr., E. L. Whitcomb, W. J. Ludwig, Rev. Geo. M. Couffer, A. G. Ludwig, Edw. Ludwig, H. L. Andrews, E. F. McGuire.

The names of those from out of town are as follows:

Mrs. A. L. Hughes, David City; Mrs. A. T. Hutchinson, Norfolk; Mr. and Mrs. E. T. McGuire, Mead; Vern Reckmeyer, Fremont; Zella E. Worley, Harvard; Emma Ludwig, University Place; Edith Grassmueck, University Place; Walter Grassmueck, Nebraska City; Mrs. Theo. Amende, Fremont; Clarence Reckmeyer, Fremont; Margaret Whitcomb, Fremont; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Reckmeyer, Fremont.

HOLLY ANCIENT DECORATION

Origin Lost in the Dust of Ages—Many Varieties Are Grown.

The custom of decorating with holly at Christmas is an ancient one. By some it has been regarded as a survival of the usages of the Roman Saturnalia and by others it has been thought a development of an old Teutonic practice of hanging the interior of dwellings with evergreens as a refuge for the spirits of the woods from the inclemency of the weather. That the custom had some such origin is indicated by the superstitions which still exist in certain localities regarding the use of holly.

In the English county of Rutland it is deemed particularly unlucky to introduce the evergreen into the house before Christmas eve. In some English rural districts the prickly and the nonprickly sorts are distinguished as "he" and "she." And in Derbyshire the tradition is current that, according as the holly is smooth or rough, the wife or the husband will be master. The holly that has been put to sacred uses, as the adorning of churches in parts of England, is much esteemed and cherished, the possession of a small branch with berries being supposed to bring a lucky year. At one time a notion was prevalent in Germany that a twig of consecrated holly hung over the door would ward off evil spirits.

There are about 170 different varieties of holly, though comparatively few varieties grow in North America. Its greatest development is found, not in Europe, where its use seems to be more general, but in Central and South America and in Asia, especially the Chinese-Japanese area. The Hulver, or common holly, is, however, largely grown in England and is abundant in France, particularly in Brittany. It is found generally in forest glades or in hedges and does not flourish under the shade of other trees. In England its size is usually small, but a tree may attain the height of sixty or seventy feet. One tree at Claremont is said to measure eighty feet and some of the trees in Shropshire are asserted to be fourteen feet in girth at some distance from the earth. The berries of the English holly are much redder than those of the American variety.

WOMAN WHO NEVER DRANK WATER IS DEAD IN FRANCE

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)

ROME, Dec. 8.—The story has come from Lucisa Valdarno, near Florence, that a woman, Paolina Pellegrini, has just died in the house of the village priest at the advanced age of 107 years. She was the curiosity of the village, for she professed to have never drunk water all her life, confining herself when thirsty to wine.

RAIN PREVENTS FREEZE IN CALIFORNIA CITRUS BELT

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 2.—Rain which weather bureau officials described as unusually timely in that it prevented a threatened disastrous freeze in the southern California citrus belt, was falling here tonight.

The precipitation during the day was light, but it increased as night approached and prospects were favorable for the rain to continue through tomorrow, according to weather bureau official.

WASHINGTON SEES GRAVE SITUATION

If American Rights Violated in Torpedoing of Persia, Relations Threatened.

DETAILS ANXIOUSLY AWAITED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Official Washington tonight anxiously awaited details of the torpedoing of the British steamship Persia, on which American citizens were known to have embarked.

While it was realized that reports expected from consular and diplomatic representatives might show that the submarine commander was justified in sinking the vessel, officials were not inclined to minimize the gravity of the situation confronting the United States should it develop that there has been a violation of American rights. New dangers, it was admitted, threatened the relations between the United States and the central powers which seemingly had just been placed on the road to satisfactory adjustment by the assurance contained in Austria's reply to the second Ancona note.

Vienna Has Chance to Explain.

Should it develop that the submarine was of Austrian nationality, as there apparently is ground for believing, the Vienna government will be given every opportunity to explain. Meantime, the State department desires that it be determined definitely whether the Persia tried to escape; whether the torpedo was fired at it after or before it had stopped; whether warning was given; and whether the passengers had sufficient time in which to leave the vessel.

Only two official dispatches concerning the sinking of the Persia were received by the State department today. These were from Consul General Skinner at London and the information they contained virtually was identical with that in press dispatches. Copies immediately were transmitted to President Wilson at Hot Springs, and the department dispatched requests for information to its representatives at Alexandria, Egypt and other points where survivors must be landed or details of the attack must be available from other sources.

May Plead Lack of Time.

It was realized that should an Austrian submarine have destroyed the vessel, the Vienna government might offer the explanation that there had not been sufficient time for new instructions conforming to the assurances contained in the last Ancona note to reach submarine commanders. It was pointed out that this note was delivered to Ambassador Penfield only Wednesday and that the attack on the Persia occurred Thursday. Whether new instructions regarding submarine attacks went forth from Vienna coincidently with the delivery of the note, or at some previous time, is not known here. Should such an explanation from Vienna be accompanied with proper disavowal and provisions for reparation, it was considered likely that the United States would accept it. Officials of the State department are not inclined to doubt the good faith of the assurances given by Austria in its last note.

Wilson Hears News.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Jan. 1.—President Wilson received the news dispatches on the sinking of the Persia and later the official report of Consul-General Skinner at London, was forwarded by the State department, but he would make no comment.

STRANGEST MART IN MEXICO

Second-Hand Wares of All Descriptions Sold in Thieves' Market.

The so-called thieves' market in San Luis Potosi is one of the curious and characteristic institutions of the city, writes Colonel Wilbert L. Bonney, American consul. It consits of a series of small booths along the side of the public market. In these booths every article known to the hardware, plumbing and novelty trades may be found at second-hand in every conceivable state of preservation or decay. The name of the market is no reflection upon the proprietors nor upon their patrons, but is an implication that thieves sell in his market their miscellaneous plunder.

Here are found tools and implements, knives and pistols, plow points, door knobs, bottles, hings, valves and elbows, chain, bridle bits, razors, religious books from the old Barcelona press, cheap jewelry and occasionally odd pieces of table silver. In fact, any bit of portable and nonperishable merchandise may be bought or sold in the thieves' market. It constitutes a serious competition for the hardware store, for if the householder finds himself in need of a door knocker, a hinge or a pane of glass, his first resort is to this market. Many parts of implements from the plantations find their way to this market. The proprietors are said to deal in more goods, such as precious stones and metals, but these are not shown to the public nor offered to strangers. Antique pieces of brass work, china and silver may sometimes be found, but these should be purchased with the customary caution.

There are no fixed prices. The dealer gets what he can, depending largely upon the patience of the customer. The pawnshops turn over to this market cheap articles in hardware and jewelry which are not redeemed or sold at auction. Carpenters and cabinet makers find here their odd pieces for repair work, such as locks and keys, fancy screws and hinges. American goods are sometimes seen, particularly barbers' supplies, cheap watches, buttons and safety razors. Imported articles in San Luis Potosi are always expensive, and articles of metal, even of native manufacture, are relatively high. Such articles are not discared when worn, but find their way to this market and are used again and again. It is a sort of clearing house of commodities. To an extent it supplies the lack of specialized stores and prevents waste.

ZUELOW'S FRIENDS FILE HIS NAME FOR CONGRESS

SCHUYLER, Neb., Jan. 2.—(Special.)—Republican friends of ex-Postmaster Otto Zuelow filed a petition with the secretary of state requesting that his name be placed upon the primary ballot as candidate for the office of representative from the Third congressional district, and while Mr. Zuelow has not as yet expressed himself his friends are confident that he will file an acceptance

FEELS THE EFFECTS OF WAR

Chinese Railroad Building at Standstill on Account of the Lack of Money.

MANY LINES PARTLY FINISHED

(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)

PEKING, Dec. 20.—Railway construction in China is practically at a standstill as a result of financial conditions brought about by the European war. The Belgians, British, Russians and French all have railway undertakings in China and the virtual suspension of this work is a hard blow to the country which is, as yet, inadequately served by railways and greatly in need of them for defensive as well as commercial purposes.

Efforts have been made to interest American capital in several of the lines. Chinese officials are confident that the European nations would turn over their interests to a neutral country, such as the United States, if American financiers would undertake to complete the lines.

The Chinese themselves are trying to finish the railway between Lanchow, in Kansu province, with the sea at Tungchow, in Kiang-su province. This line is more than 1,000 miles long and is of prime importance as it runs east and west through a rich country and crosses the two important north and south railways. One of these connects Peking and North China with Shanghai. The other connects Peking with Hankow, the great interior commercial metropolis on the Yang-tse river, which city is called by Chicago of China and will undoubtedly be one of the most important commercial centers when adequate railways are provided in the Yang-tse valley.

Road Partly Completed.

The Lanchow-to-the-Sea line is already partly completed through the section between the great north and south railroads, and its managers are carrying on the work toward the west on a loan provided by the Chinese government. The work is fitful, however, and there is little prospect of completing the line without foreign assistance.

Work has been suspended on the British railroad, projected between Nanking and Sinyang. This line is about 250 miles long and connects Nanking with the Shanghai and Peking main lines and with the Peking-Nankow line at Sinyang. Only nine miles of earthwork has been completed on this project. The entire route, however, has been surveyed and all plans perfected, but the loan for financing it had not been negotiated before the outbreak of the war.

Surveyors are still at work on the projected British railway southwest from Nanking to Ping Hsiang, a distance of about 500 miles. The survey will be completed next spring, but at present there is no money in sight for the building of the railway.

Funds Running Low.

The Chinese are continuing the extension of the railway from Kalgan, northwest of Peking, to the Yellow river in Mongolia through money that has been raised by a local loan, but the funds are insufficient to complete it. The original plans provide that this line shall connect with the projected Russian line across Mongolia to touch the Trans-Siberian railway near Lake Baikal in Siberia.

Work has been suspended on the International railway designed to connect Hankow with the heart of Szechuen province, to the westward along the Yang-tse river. Americans are interested in this line together with the English and Germans. The American section extends from Ichang, in Hupeh province, to Wan Hsien, in Szechuen province, a distance of 200 miles. R. W. Randolph, the American surveyor in charge, is at Ichang, but most of his staff has returned to America and work has been suspended until after the war.

The Szechuen railway will tap a territory of over 60,000,000 inhabitants who are now without means of communication with the rest of China except through the Yang-tse river, which, through its upper reaches, is filled with gorges and rapids which make navigation impossible for anything but very small boats.

Many other lines which have been projected and partially surveyed have also been abandoned temporarily because of war conditions.

Plague of Rats in Lines of British

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)

LONDON, Dec. 8.—There is a plague of rats along the British and French lines in Flanders and France. A soldier describes the invasion as "worse than the Germans" in a letter which adds:

"Trenches, communications, fields, woods, houses, cellars and barns are choked with them. We have them holding congresses at night in the busiest roads and giving concerts by day in the most crowded villages. We literally march on top of them. They breed and breed and launch themselves into assaults on the cantonments like Germans on the Yser by battalions en masse.

"They are beginning to be tortured by hunger, and the shortage of food makes them capable of anything. The other morning I saw a cyclist whose tires had been half devoured by a platoon of rats. The other night some of our men had their surgical first-aid packets, which they keep in a coat pocket, attacked and carried off. Woe to the man who goes to sleep with a morsel of chocolate in his trousers! He will wake up to find himself without his chocolate and almost without his trousers."

The writer goes on to describe the methods of warfare that are being used against the new enemy, particularly some of the ingenious giant traps devised by the soldiers for catching the rats on a wholesale scale.

A "For Sale" or "For Rent" Ad placed in The Bee will accomplish its purpose.

DEAD ON HIS FEET

GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will bring new life and quickly relieve that stopped-up congested feeling. They will thoroughly cleanse and wash out the kidneys and bladder and gently carry off the ill effects of excesses of all kinds. The healing, soothing oil soaks right into the walls and lining of the kidneys and expels the poisons in your system. Keep your kidneys in good shape by daily use of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules and you will have good health. Go to your druggist at once and secure a package of this time-honored, world-wide remedy. It is not a "patent medicine." It is passed upon by U. S. Government chemists and declared pure before coming into this country. GOLD MEDAL is the pure, original Haarlem Oil, imported direct from the ancient laboratories in Holland where it is the National Household Remedy of the sturdy Dutch. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box. Accept no substitute. Your druggist will gladly refund your money if not as represented.—Advertisement.

PRICE MURDER CASE TO BE CALLED TODAY

Minneapolis Man Will Be Arraigned On Charge of Throwing Wife Over Cliff.

STORY OF ALLEGED ACCOMPLICE

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 2.—Frederick T. Price, a local business man, will be placed on trial in district court here tomorrow for the alleged murder of his wife, Mary Fridley Price, member of a wealthy pioneer family of Minnesota. It is charged that Price pushed his wife over an embankment on the East River automobile road on the night of November 28, 1914, with a view to inheriting a goodly sum of money given to the woman by her father.

The chief witness for the state will be Charles D. Etchison, a traveling salesman of Washington, D. C., indicted jointly with Price on a charge of first degree murder and who, after his arrest in Washington and while en route to Minneapolis, signed a confession in which he said he accompanied Price to the scene of the alleged crime. He further charged that Price had planned to rid himself of his wife several months before her death, and that while he (Etchison) first refused to have a hand in the alleged crime, he finally consented to make the trip to the River Road cliff, for which it was understood that Price was to cancel a note of about $1,300, and in addition give Etchison $3,500 in cash.

Etchison is expected to repeat his story at the trial.

Defense Will Attack Story.

Counsel for Price had not before the day of the trial made known the line of defense. That an attack upon the statement by Etchison will be made, however, was indicated in a statement issued by Price soon after Etchison's arrest. Price declared that "there will be a complete change of public sentiment after the truth has been told about Etchison."

Keen interest has been manifest in the case. Mrs. Price had a wide circle of friends. She married Price against the wishes of her family.

Not satisfied with a story told by Price and Etchison that Mrs. Price had fallen over the embankment while trying to rescue her pet dog, David H. Fridley, her father, after whom the town of Fridley, Minn., was named, placed the case in the hands of a private detective agency. An investigation of more than a year ensued. A few months after the death of Mary Fridley Price, Price married Miss Carrie Olson, who is his fourth wife.

Cuming County Notes.

WEST POINT, Neb., Jan. 2.—(Special.)—Word has been received by relatives here of the dangerous illness of Bernard Gerken, a former resident of this place. Mr. Gerken was suddenly stricken with appendicitis and was operated upon, but his condition is very critical and the worst is feared. His brother, E. A. Gerken, has left for his bedside at Snohomish, Wash.

The village board of Beemer, in this county, at a recent meeting has decided to have the village ordinances revised and codified and brought down to date. Attorney John H. Lindale of West Point has been chosen to do the work.

S. A. Wade and family, who have owned and operated a farm south of West Point for the last two years, have sold their interests here and returned to their former home at Nelson, Nuckolls county, where Mr. Wade will enter into the hardware and implement business.

Cascarets Sell Twenty Million Boxes Per Year

Best, safest cathartic for liver and bowels, and people know it.

They're fine! Don't stay bilious, sick, headachy or constipated.

Enjoy life! Keep clean inside with Cascarets. Take one or two at night and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up feeling grand. Your head will be clear, your tongue clean, breath right, stomach sweet and your liver and thirty feet of bowels active. Get a box at any drug store and straighten up. Stop the headaches, bilious spells, bad colds and bad days—Brighten up, Cheer up, Clean up! Mothers should give a whole Cascaret to children when cross, bilious, feverish or if tongue is coated—they are harmless—never gripe or sicken.

METAL DELIVERY BODIES

Made in various lengths to suit any car. Prices $12.50 and up delivered. Ready to bolt to chassis. Highly finished in enamel baked on. Lettering slightly extra. Carried in stock—quick shipment. Wire specifications at our expense. Also Metal Garages $59.50 and up. Write today.

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1655 West 12th Street, Kansas City, Mo.

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GAYETY
ALWAYS GOOD—USUALLY GREAT
—Devoted to—
Brilliant Musical Burlesque
TWICE DAILY ALL WEEK Mat. Today
COMES NOW
"Your Old Pal,"
AL. REEVES
and His BEAUTY SHOW.
Maude Rockwell, Monarch Comedy 4, Ball & Marshall, Beevesque Beauty Chorus.

DEAR READER:
No season would be complete without Al. and his private electric light plant—those diamonds of his. Their value would carry on the war indefinitely. Anyway, I wish they were mine. He's been doing great biz. all season.
E. L. JOHNSON, Mgr. Gayety.

Evenings, Sunday & Holiday Mats., 15c, 25c, 50c and 75c.
Week Day MATS. 15c and 25c A Few at 50c
Chew gum if you like, but no smoking.
LADIES' TICKETS 10c AT ANY WEEK DAY MATINEE
Baby Carriage Garage in the Lobby

Biggest Sport Event of Year

INTERNATIONAL Tug-'o-War
AT THE
AUDITORIUM
January 3 to 9
INCLUSIVE
Admission, 50 Cents

Orpheum Phone Douglas 494.
THE BEST IN VAUDEVILLE
Daily Matinee, 2:15—Every Night, 8:15
GERTRUDE HOFFMANN
Other acts this week—James Kelso & Blanche Leighton, Galletti's Baboons, Mignonette Kokin, Sharp & Turek. Orpheum Travel Weekly. Prices: Mat.—Gallery, 10c; best seats (except Saturday and Sunday), 25c. Nights, 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.

DANCING SCHOOL
New Term, January 10th.
Beginners, Mondays and Fridays, 8 p. m.
Advanced, Tuesdays, 8 p. m.
Olsson's Orchestra.
Private Lessons Any Time. W. 5143.
28th and Farnam.
Turpin's School of Dancing

"Tiz" For Tired And Sore Feet

Use "Tiz" for puffed-up, burning, aching, calloused feet and corns.

Why go limping around with aching, puffed-up feet—feet so tired, chafed, sore and swollen you can hardly get your shoes on or off? Why don't you get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" from the drug store now and gladden your tortured feet?

"Tiz" makes your feet glow with comfort; takes down swellings and draws the soreness and misery right out of feet that chafe, smart and burn. "Tiz" instantly stops pain in corns, callouses and bunions. "Tiz" is glorious for tired, aching, sore feet. No more shoe tightness—no more foot torture.—Advertisement.

"GET" FRUIT VIGOR
For Weak Stomachs
Inactive Bowels
BUT FIRST—STOP USING
Physic Pills Mineral Waters
Drugs Oils Enemas

They can neither cure ailments nor prevent them. They are unnatural in action and their effect is to weaken the body nerves and brain. Fruit-Vigor is different—not a medicine, nor a luxury, but a vital necessity. Its fruit-derived elements are the natural corrective for disorders of stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, and its vitalizing upbuilding properties keep the entire digestive system in perfect order—free from ailments.

Any first class druggist or grocer can get Fruit-Vigor for you—$1 per jar. Or for a limited time we will send by parcel post one jar for $1—Four jars $3.50—Six jars $5.00.

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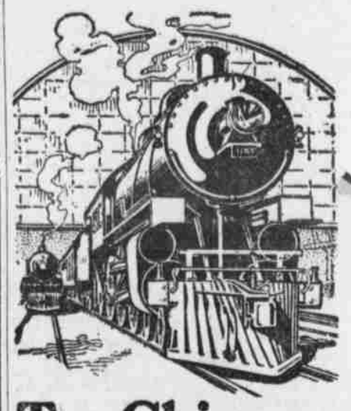

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Travelers experienced in the comparative comforts and conveniences of different roads unanimously declare, "Take the '*Milwaukee*' between Omaha and Chicago."

The reason—perfect service made possible partially from the fact that equipment is company owned and that attendants are company employees.

CHICAGO
Milwaukee & St. Paul RAILWAY
Four fast daily trains
Phone or call for reservations.
Ticket Office: 1317 Farnam Street, Omaha

Persistence is the cardinal virtue in advertising; no matter how good advertising may be in other respects, it must be run frequently and constantly to be really succcessful.

It's Summertime All Winter at MOBILE

Mobile is the headquarters—the starting point—from which the tourist may quickly and conveniently reach all the delightful winter resorts of

The Gulf Coast

with their alluring succession of outdoor sports: golf, tennis, bathing, boating, riding, driving, motoring, fishing, and hunting. Moreover, Mobile is the new gateway to

FLORIDA

Write today and find out about our all-rail or rail-and-water trip to the Southern resorts. Let me tell you about our low-fare circle tour to Mobile, Tampa, Key West and New York.

Free booklet and full information upon application to F. L. Harris, General Agent, Saint Louis