

WILSON IS NAMED FOR PRESIDENCY ON STATE BALLOT

John G. Maher Files Petition at Lincoln Signed by Nebraska Demos, with Morehead Topping List.

BRYAN NOT AMONG NUMBER

Brother of Commoner Says He Does Not Want to Embarrass the Executive.

MAY LATER AFFIX SIGNATURE

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Woodrow Wilson will be a candidate for the democratic nomination for the presidency, the celebrated Nebraska filing mill having ground out another petition asking that the president's name be placed on the ballot. The petition was filed by Colonel John G. Maher and by other local democrats, among them P. L. Hall, democratic national committeeman from Nebraska. Governor Morehead of Nebraska headed the list of signers.

Bryan Doesn't Sign.
Charles Bryan, mayor of Lincoln and brother of W. J. Bryan, former secretary of state, refused to sign the Wilson petition when invited to do so. He said that he did not wish to embarrass the president, but if the petitioners would wait until he communicated with Mr. Wilson, he might sign.

Following is the declaration accompanying the petition, which was signed by the following: J. H. Morehead, J. H. Broady, John G. Maher, W. M. Jennings, Fred Anthony, John J. Ledwith, C. H. Adams, O. W. Miller, C. H. Ridge, J. W. Cutwright, W. Fenton, Frank D. Eager, William Schroeder, Charles S. Roe, P. L. Hall, Paul H. Holm, Benjamin J. Bailey, L. B. Tobin, J. H. Harty, John Gillman, Thomas Sinclair, A. Lang, J. E. Miller, Jacob North, C. S. Sherman and B. F. Good.

Not Mere Partisans.

"In filing the name of Woodrow Wilson as a candidate for president of our country, we act as more than mere partisans—we feel profoundly that every fibre of our patriotism calls for his re-election to that exalted position. While crises without number have enveloped this government, as a result of the merciless, devastating war abroad, he has held aloft a standard of splendid Americanism, and has wisely and joyfully led this nation into a course of abundant peace, with unchallenged honor.

"In the subordination of things temporal to things eternal in the minds of our people, we feel that Woodrow Wilson will take place with the courageous far-seeing Washington, and with the immortal, God-fearing Lincoln. We feel that American citizenship has a standard by which it measures him, which is above and beyond the confines of party, or sect, or creed, or nationality.

Their Additional Reasons.

"But as presidential contests are conducted on lines practical as well as sentimental, we realize that additional reasons must be given for Woodrow Wilson's election. We believe, in this regard we state the sound, unprejudiced judgment of the country at large, when we say that Woodrow Wilson's administration stands as a guarantee to country-wide prosperity. He has shown unquestionable sagacity in dealing with the practical problems of his term. He has been constructive, not vindictive. He has been firm but broadminded. And he has possessed the sympathy and kindly words which must be combined in the successful administration of our country's affairs.

"So we who file this petition believe that we are proposing for the presidency the man, who in substance and sentiment, is deemed by the majority of the people of the United States to be the wisest work of another term. It is not alone our hope that he succeed, it is our prayer as well, not only that party principles may triumph, but that also the honor and safety of our country shall be maintained."

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE ROAD GAINS BOTH WAYS

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The Louisville & Nashville railroad's statement issued today shows an increase in operating revenue of \$47,182, which is increased to \$24,328 in net as a result of a reduction of \$128,134 in expenses.

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity
Fair; warmer.

Hours	Deg.
5 A. M.	30
6 A. M.	32
7 A. M.	34
8 A. M.	36
9 A. M.	38
10 A. M.	40
11 A. M.	42
12 M.	44
1 P. M.	46
2 P. M.	48
3 P. M.	50
4 P. M.	52
5 P. M.	54
6 P. M.	56
7 P. M.	58
8 P. M.	60
9 P. M.	62
10 P. M.	64
11 P. M.	66
12 M.	68

Highest yesterday, 1915, 1914, 1913, 1912.
Normal temperature, 47.
Normal precipitation since March 1, 38.14 inches.
Deficiency for the day, .08 inch.
Precipitation since March 1, 38.14 inches.
Deficiency since March 1, .08 inches.
Deficiency cor. period, 1914, .88 inches.
Deficiency cor. period, 1913, 4.54 inches.
Station and State Temp. High—Rain—
of Weather. T. p. m. cor. fall.
Chicago, clear, 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70
Cleveland, clear, 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74
Denver, clear, 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62
Des Moines, clear, 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70
Dodge City, clear, 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74
North Platte, clear, 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74
Omaha, clear, 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70
Rapid City, clear, 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74
Sioux Falls, clear, 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74
St. Louis, clear, 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74
Valentine, clear, 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74

BARON EI-ICHI SHIBU SAWA, the Japanese money king, now in New York to strengthen commercial relations between this country and Japan. The aged banker, 76 years old, and known as the "John D. Rockefeller" of Japan, visited Omaha a few years ago.



BARON EI-ICHI SHIBUSAWA

PASSPORT GRANTED TO HENRY FORD

Head of Peace Party Gets Permit to Visit Norway, Denmark, Sweden and Netherlands.

EXPEDITION TO START ON TIME

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Henry Ford was granted a passport by the State department today to visit Norway, Sweden, Denmark and the Netherlands. A representative brought his application from New York.

The citizenship department of the department by noon had issued more than 125 passports to peace advocates who will sail from New York tomorrow on the steamer Oscar II. None made application to visit any other than neutral countries.

Ship Will Sail on Time.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The Scandinavian-American liner Oscar II, on which Henry Ford has taken passage for his peace expedition to the Hague, will leave New York Saturday afternoon on schedule time, according to agents of the line. Mr. Ford has engaged his first and second cabins for his peace voyage. In addition, 40 passengers going home to Norway, Sweden and Denmark for the holidays will occupy the third class quarters. All passports will be examined at the pier and it is said no person will be permitted to go aboard without one. Havert Jacobson, the liner's manager, says the Oscar II should be at Christiania by December 14 or 15. Concerning the possibility that British warships might take the steamer to Kirkwall he said that few of the line's steamers had been taken recently, as the British government has been content with stopping the vessels off the north coast of Scotland and sending an officer on board to examine the passenger and cargo manifests.

Ban Placed on Peace Pamphlets.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—The French section of the Woman's International League for Permanent Peace has been ordered by the Paris police authorities to discontinue the circulation of peace pamphlets. The officers of the French section were summoned before the commissary of police today to explain their activities. The women maintained that they were acting according to their philosophical convictions. The police are continuing their inquiries.

Schlank Buys Lease On Douglas Street Site for a Theater

Jake Schlank of the Hipp theater has purchased the equity in a ninety-nine year lease on a sixty-six-foot frontage on Douglas street between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets and contemplates the erection of the biggest and most costly exclusively moving picture theater in Omaha on the site. The Douglas street frontage is now occupied by the Cole-McKay undertaking parlors, a large frame dwelling and a small store house in the rear. The tenants of these buildings will move at once and work on the big movie house will start as soon as possible. The land is owned by Mrs. Lillian Maul of Omaha. Mrs. Maul leased the land about three or four years ago to an Omaha syndicate and it was from this syndicate Mr. Schlank purchased the equity. The site is 122 feet deep. The deal was made through George & Co.

South Dakota Uni Head's Wife Dead

VERMILLION, S. D., Dec. 3.—Mrs. Gertrude Helmann Slagle, wife of Dr. B. L. Slagle, president of the University of South Dakota, died here today after a long illness.

BRITONS NOT READY TO DISCUSS PEACE

More Fortunes of War Turn Against Them Less They Seem Inclined to Listen to Peace Proposals.

ALL WANT TO FIGHT IT OUT

(Continued from Page 1.) Nov. 23.—Speculation about the possibility of peace that seems to come from Switzerland, Rome, Madrid of America, always vague and usually negative, strikes no audibly responsive chord in London.

The more the fortunes of war appear to turn against the allies, the less the British seem inclined to listen with patience to any suggestion that peace can come through other means than military achievement.

When Charles Trevelyan in the House of Commons last week ventured to express the view that there is nothing inherently disgraceful or humiliating in obtaining by negotiation rather than by fighting the aims for which we are fighting and urging the government to inform the house if any proposals of peace came either from neutrals or belligerents, he was but repeating opinions which led his distinguished and scholarly father to withdraw from the cabinet with Lord Morely and John Burns when war was declared.

Honor Law Calls It Folly.

Moreover, his statement that termination of the war by negotiation would give a guarantee of permanent peace, because less hatred would be engendered, served to emphasize the spirit of the house and the people at large. Honor Law said it was useless folly to pretend to believe that Germany would give up Belgium, Poland and Alsace—he might have added Serbia, until it was beaten. T. P. O'Connor said that such a speech would be forbidden in the French Chamber, the Russian Duma or the German Reichstag, and the discussion closed with the announcement of a third member that Mr. Trevelyan's constituents in Yorkshire had already selected another liberal for his seat as they could not tolerate his opinions.

All observers agree that the peace advocates in Great Britain have dwindled in numbers. The labor element that at one time was inclined to be lukewarm in the support of the war, is now credited with being among its most outspoken adherents, labor leaders having thrown themselves eagerly into backing Lord Derby in his recruiting campaign.

Outlook for Allies Seems Dark.

It is admitted on every hand that the fortunes of war do not at present favor the allies. The Dardanelles campaign, particularly the landing at Suvla bay, is a tremendous disappointment, the advance at Loos has been followed by the general belief that as at Nueve Chapelle, a brilliant opportunity to make the most of a promising opening was lost; the virtual loss of the Serbian territory and the precarious position of the army that landed at Saloniki are not underestimated; the attitude of Greece and Roumania, the disagreements in the cabinet, and other disturbing factors, are all weighed in the balance and contributed to a general appreciation that things are not going well, as Mr. Churchill expressed in his apology. Still the British are not dismayed and the universal belief is that any chancellor which "sounded" Downing street on the possibility of peace would find no welcome. That "men, munitions and money" will win the war is the common conviction that no adversary has shaken.

Deadlock in Demos' Senate Caucus May Delay Organization

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Organization of the senate may be delayed and a joint session of congress Tuesday to listen to President Wilson's address may be prevented unless senate democrats by next Monday agree on a plan. This was the possibility which confronted democratic senators when they resumed, in caucus today, discussion of the proposal to limit debate. The conference had before it today a revised amendment to the rules which would prevent a senator from speaking more than an hour on a measure if the senate decided that filibustering tactics were being resorted to.

Indian Prisoner Jumps from Train

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Dec. 3.—Fred Big Top, full blood Indian, convicted in Wyoming on a statutory charge and enroute to the United States penitentiary to serve twenty years, leaped through the window of a railroad train near St. Joseph, Mo., today and escaped. Government officers stopped the train, but Big Top could not be found. He was over six feet tall and weighed 250 pounds. A few years ago he was a prominent athlete at an eastern Indian school.

Secretary to Late Theodore Peltzer Under Indictment

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 3.—Mrs. Leah Wilson, confidential secretary to the late Theodore Q. Peltzer, whose death revealed irregularities in his business affairs involving over \$500,000 was indicted by the county grand jury today. She is charged with making fraudulent acknowledgments to paper issued by Peltzer's real estate company. Peltzer lost his life in a fall from a window of his office in an upper story of a local skyscraper.

Often-Captured American Ship with Cargo of Beans Now in Swedish Port

LONDON, Dec. 3.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company, filed yesterday, says: "The American steamship Andrew Welch has become a center of attention in Scandinavia. Its history to date follows in brief: "After being chased by British patrol boats in the Atlantic and by British submarines in the North Sea, crippled by a series of storms, it put into Bergen in distress. Norway granted the stranger permission to return to England, but it started for Haelsingstad, Sweden. Again experiencing bad weather it took refuge outside the Skaw, finally arriving at Haelsingstad, where it was found there was no receiver for its cargo of beans valued at \$100,000. "The vessel remained quiet for some days, but last night a steamer arrived from Lubeck to convey it to Germany. A start was made in the night, but a Swedish torpedo boat arrived on the scene and forced the Andrew Welch to turn back to Haelsingstad."

KAISER ASKED TO RECALL PAIR OF ATTACHES

Germany Notified Captain Boy-Ed and Captain von Pappen No Longer Acceptable at Washington.

DUF TO IMPROPER ACTIVITIES

Alleged Misuse of Passports and Plans to Cripple Munitions Plant Charged.

PROBABLY WILL QUIT COUNTRY

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The State department announced formally today that it had asked for the recall of Captain Boy-Ed and Captain von Pappen, naval and military attaches, respectively, of the German embassy here, because of the "objectionable activities in connection with military and naval matters."

Secretary Lansing issued this statement: "On account of what this government considers improper activities in military and naval matters, this government has requested the immediate recall of Captain Boy-Ed, the German naval attaché, and Captain von Pappen, the German military attaché, as they are no longer acceptable to this government."

The State department's announcement came soon after the cabinet meeting. Secretary Lansing has communicated to Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, that the attaches no longer are persona gratia to the United States. The usual diplomatic procedure is for the ambassador to dismise them from the embassy. They may or may not leave the country, although they probably will.

Captain Boy-Ed's activities have for some time attracted the attention of the government in connection with alleged misuse of American passports and more recently in connection with disclosures at the trials of officials of the Hamburg-American Steamship line in New York.

Von Pappen in Munitions Incident.
The name of Captain von Pappen, the military attaché, has been brought to official attention in connection with charges of plans to cripple American munitions plants and most recently in connection with the recall of Dr. Constantin Dumba, the Austrian ambassador. Letters seized upon James J. Aronhold, an American war correspondent, which disclosed the activities of the Austrian ambassador, mentioned Captain von Pappen's name.

It was said at the State department that Count von Bernstorff had been notified of the government's attitude and that announcement had been withheld to give the ambassador an opportunity to communicate with his home government. It is understood that Count von Bernstorff has notified Berlin, but so far today had received no reply.

Captain Boy-Ed's activities in the United States since the war began have been the subject of close attention by the State department and the Department of Justice. Several times it has been brought to the attention of the American government that the operation of his naval attaché were objectionable with a view to his recall.

(Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

SENATE PRESIDENCY PRO TEM TO CLARKE

Democrats Re-elect Arkansas After Hot Contest in Caucus Because of His Revolt.

POMERENE LOSES BY FIVE VOTES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Senator James P. Clarke of Arkansas was chosen today president pro tempore of the senate by the democratic caucus. Senator Clarke defeated Senator Pomerene of Ohio after a spirited contest. The vote was 28 to 23. Senator Pomerene was supported by members who urged that the Arkansas senator should not be re-elected, because of his revolt against the ship purchase bill at the last session. After the vote was taken Senator Pomerene moved to make the choice of Senator Clarke unanimous and this was done by a rising vote.

While the caucus ended harmoniously, it seemed probable that the victory of the Clarke faction would endanger the success of the movement to adopt a caucus rule in the senate. The caucus will meet again tomorrow to take definite action regarding cloture recommendations, agreement having been reached to vote by 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Division Sharply Drawn

The division of the Clarke-Pomerene fight was rather sharply drawn. All the democrats who joined with Senator Clarke in his fight against the ship purchase bill stood solidly behind him, and most of the southern senators also supported him. Senator Fletcher of Florida, and Marin and Swanson of Virginia, however, voted for Senator Pomerene. The Florida senator had charge of the ship purchase bill. Majority Leader Kern voted for Senator Pomerene, whose candidacy was most actively championed by Senators Walsh of Montana, and Stone and Reed of Missouri.

For Clarke

- Bankhead
- Bekham
- Broussard
- Byrd
- Chamberlain
- Gore
- Hardwick
- Hitchcock
- Hughes
- Jones
- Johnson of Maine
- Lane
- Newlands
- O'Gorman
- Shoemaker
- Shumaker
- Smith of Georgia
- Smith of South Carolina
- Tillman
- Underwood
- Vardaman
- Williams—28

For Pomerene

- Ashurst
- Chilton
- Clarke
- Chase
- Hollis
- Husting
- Jones of South Dakota
- Kern
- Lee of Maryland
- Martin
- Myers
- Owen
- Phelan
- Pittman
- Reed
- Sheppard
- Smith of Arizona
- Smith of Maryland
- Stone
- Swanson
- Thompson
- Walsh—23

Senators absent were: Colburn, Lewis, Matine, Lee of Tennessee and Shively.

Republican senators will hold their conference next Monday morning. Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire will be re-elected as chairman of the conference and minority leader.

Son Suspected of Having Knowledge Of Banker's Death

LONGMONT, Colo., Dec. 3.—Rienci C. Dickens, son of William H. Dickens, the aged banker, who was killed in his home Tuesday night by a bullet fired through the library window, was arrested late today by Sheriff Buxter of Boulder county in connection with his father's death. The arrest immediately followed the funeral services, which the senator attended in custody of a deputy sheriff.

Officers and detectives, who have been engaged in an investigation of the case, said that suspicion was directed toward Rienci Dickens through the discovery that, about a month ago he purchased a high power rifle in Denver and also ordered a silencer afterwards received. The officers said that this rifle and silencer had been discovered in young Dickens' garage where it had been concealed.

Young Dickens stoutly maintained his innocence, and declared that on the evening of his father's murder, he was at his home. The prisoner has been engaged in the cattle business and is said to have lost heavily during the last year.

The Day's War News

ACCORDING TO ROME advices it is declared in some quarters there that the Italian expedition in aid of the Serbians is already on the way.

BOMBARDMENT OF WESTENDE, on the Belgian coast, by British monitors is reported by Berlin.

IN VOLYNIA the Germans, under General Von Linsingen, are showing signs of activity. Army headquarters tells of a surprise attack on a Russian division on the Styx.

SALONIKI HAS A REPORT that Russian troops have entered Bulgaria. It is not confirmed.

MONASTIR, THE southern Serbian city whose fate has been in doubt for days, is now apparently in the hands of the Austro-German forces.

MONTENEGRINS ADMIT the evacuation of Plevlje, in northeastern Montenegro.

FOG AND RAIN have halted Italian operations against Gorizia. Rome reports the repulse of surprise attacks by the Austrians.

SNOW IS TEN FEET DEEP in the Caucasus zone of operations, according to a Constantinople official report.

SCATTERED DIVISIONS of Serbians are still offering resistance on Serbian soil southwest of Mitrovlita to the Tenticone drive. In this region Berlin reports the defeat of Serbian detachments, with the taking of more than 1,200 prisoners.

ARCHBISHOP OF CHICAGO—Present auxiliary Bishop of Brooklyn, who is to be Archbishop of Chicago, probably the youngest Archbishop in the world. He was born in New York City on July 2, 1872.



RIGHT REV. GEORGE W. MUNDELEIN

RUSSIAN ARMY ENTERS BULGARIA

Unconfirmed Report from Saloniki of Movement of Czar's Troops Interests London.

MAY CHANGE BALKAN CAMPAIGN

LONDON, Dec. 3.—"News that the Russians have entered Bulgaria has aroused intense interest and there is much speculation as to the next development." Reuter's correspondent at Saloniki telegraphs. "It is expected this move will have a far reaching effect on the international situation of Bulgaria and will modify the whole aspect of affairs in the Balkans."

No direct and specific confirmation has been received in London of this message. It is recalled, however, that last week Emperor Nicholas was said to have promised Premier Patchitch of Serbia the appearance of a Russian army in Bulgaria within a week.

French Take Bulgarian Trench.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—Two thousand Bulgarian rifles were found in a trench taken Wednesday by French troops, according to a Havas dispatch from Saloniki. The French are strongly entrenched before Krivolak, 50 yards from the Bulgarian advanced posts. The British troops also are well dug in their sector.

The correspondent says the Bulgarians have crossed the Great Balkan and occupied Canali, southeast of Monastir, near the Greek frontier.

The Serbs are reported to have retired towards Resna.

A further retreat of the Montenegrins under Austrian pressure, the retrograde movement involving the evacuation of Plevlje is recorded in an official statement from Montenegrin headquarters made public here today, as follows:

"Following the aerial strong columns of the enemy from the vicinity of Prebil and Metalka, our troops on Dec. 2 (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

Penfield Again Asks Austria About Sinking of Ancona

VIENNA, Dec. 2.—(Via London, Dec. 3.)—The American ambassador, Frederick Penfield, today repeated his request to the Austrian government that it make a reply to the American note respecting the circumstances in connection with the sinking of the steamship Ancona in the Mediterranean by an Austrian submarine as a result of which several Americans lost their lives.

The American note was delivered by Ambassador Penfield on November 22. The Austrian government informed the ambassador last week that it desired more time to formulate its reply.

PRESIDENT WILL MAKE ADDRESS AT COLUMBUS, O.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—President Wilson will leave here for Columbus, O., on the night of December 9, arriving in Columbus the next day, to make an address at a luncheon given at noon by the Columbus Chamber of Commerce in his honor.

A reception in the state capitol will be held in the afternoon, and in the evening the president will address the federal council of Churches of Christ.

The president went today to Fort Myer, Va., for the benefit of the Army Relief association.

FALL OF MONASTIR MAY MEAN A BIG FIGHT IN VARDAR

Capture of Last Important City in Serbia Will Enable the Teutons to Threaten the Anglo-Serbian Flank.

AUSTRIAN FLAG OVER THE CITY

Action Believed Intended to Prevent Additional Friction Between Bulgaria and Greece.

ITALY'S MOVEMENTS PUZZLING

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Circumstantial accounts of the occupation of Monastir, in southeastern Serbia, by an Austro-German force and the cutting of telegraphic communication with the city are regarded here as ample evidence that the Macedonian capital has fallen, although no official report to that effect has reached London.

The effect of the capture of Monastir, the last Serbian city of importance to hold out on the position of the Anglo-Serbian forces, is awaited with great interest for the penetration by the invaders of this part of Macedonia may threaten the flank of the allies in the Vardar and Cerna valleys, where they are on the defensive. No important events have occurred there for some time, but with Monastir in the hands of their opponents the allies may soon be engaged in an important battle.

In Montenegro the Austrians continue their advance. Elsewhere in the northern Balkans no heavy fighting has been reported of late.

Italy's Policy Mysterious.

Italy's adhesion to the agreement not to conclude a separate peace welcome news in England, but the failure of Foreign Minister Sonnino to give more than a vague promise of military support to Serbia caused some disappointment. Little light has been thrown as yet on the mystery of Italy's policy in not declaring war on Germany. In this connection it is noted that other nations face a similarly delicate situation. It is reported the Austrian flag, instead of the Bulgarian, was hoisted over Monastir, presumably in an effort to relieve Bulgaria of the possibility of offending Greece.

Except for Russian reports of minor successes on the Dvina in the north and on the Sty in Galicia, no news has been received from the Russian front. Artillery and mining operations occupy the fighters along the western battle line.

Fog and incessant rain are delaying operations on the Austro-German front. Reports from the Dardanelles indicate that the combatants are engaged almost continuously in minor encounters, which do not seem to have any marked effect on their respective positions.

Austrian Flag Flies Over Monastir.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Occupation of Monastir by an Austro-German force at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon is reported by Reuter's correspondent at Saloniki. The correspondent, who says his information was received in a telegram from Florina, Greece, adds that the only flag hoisted when the city was occupied was the Austrian. The Bulgarians did not enter Monastir, remaining at Kenali, south of the city. It is reported, however, that they will march into Monastir today.

Mother Refuses to Permit Operation to Save Infant

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 3.—Rather than have her 6-month-old boy go through life a helpless cripple, Mrs. William Hinton of this city today refused to permit the physicians at Johns Hopkins hospital to operate in the hope of saving his life.

The child was frightfully burned last Tuesday and the doctors today decided it would be necessary to amputate both legs and one arm.

The infant was said to have been mentally normal.

THE WANT-AD. WAY



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