

HUMAN HEART IS SWINGING BACK TO GOD'S THRONE

Studied Reserve Marks Evangelist "Billy" Sunday in His Sermon on the Saloon of the City.

MOVE AWAY FROM ATHEISM Makes a Powerful Plea for More Prayer and Gives Strong Illustrations.

KNOWS HE WORKS TOO HARD

SUNDAY PROGRAM.

8 p. m.—"Billy" Sunday at the Tabernacle. Subject, "The Hour Is Come."
7:40 p. m.—"Billy" Sunday at the Tabernacle. Subject, "The Ten Commandments." If there is an "overflow" of several thousands unable to get into the Tabernacle, Mr. Sunday will preach a second time following the first session as soon as the Tabernacle can be emptied and filled.

A studied reserve seemed to mark "Billy" Sunday's sermon yesterday afternoon. He said: "To perdition with the saloon" instead of his usual "shorter and uglier." "To hell with the saloon."

He prefaced his sermon with the declaration that the pendulum of the human heart is swinging back to God and away from atheism today as it never was before.

"When college presidents, captains of industry and political leaders are lining up and begging for religious revivals; when cities like New York, Chicago and Boston are pleading for a great evangelistic awakening, I tell you it's something to thank God for. Nothing has been known like it before. It's marvelous."

His sermon was a powerful plea for more prayer, illustrated with marvelous instances of answers to prayer.

Repeated waves of applause greeted his denunciation of the "whiskey gang" of Omaha.

"Some of the rottenest, black-hearted, whiskey-soaked lumps and pinks on the continent are right here in Omaha," he cried, "and I'll cram it down their dirty throats! They're the meanest, lowest-down lumps this side of hell. Why, if they spoke well of me I'd know I was wrong."

Speaking of prayer and the great lack of it in and out of the church, he said: "If you're too drowsy lazy to plow and plant the seed, you'll starve to death. One kernel of corn will produce 1,000 kernels of corn on the average. That's the way God answers in the natural world. That's the way he'll answer if you pray to him in the spiritual world. If you don't pray, you're that blessing. He gets what he sows. Heaven is a square deal to the Christian."

Talks of Wilson. Speaking of the privilege of speaking to God in prayer, he mentioned President Wilson and his request for the recall of Ambassador Dumba, and said:

"We would consider it a privilege to speak to President Wilson, and I'm glad to acknowledge him one of my best friends and I'm glad to tell that Austria to just beat it, we've no further use for you."

There was the note of the martyr in his voice when he declared:

"I wouldn't be wearing out my life, cutting my life short by twenty years, the doctors tell me, working like I do, if I didn't believe that I am called and directed by God to do this work. And I can tell you I'm going to preach harder from now till I die than I ever did before."

"Body" opened the meeting by leading the singing, and then asked for prayer by the audience. He and Mrs. Asher sang a duet and then "Body" made the opening prayer. It was very short.

"Billy" looked out over the crowd of about 4,000 people just before he began to preach, and said:

"I guess we'll have to give the palm to Omaha for crowds at the beginning of the campaign. Of course, in Philadelphia they filled the tabernacle at every service, even the afternoons, but Philadelphia is in a class by itself."

AUTO GOING OVER BANK CAUSES DEATH OF TWO

MARION CITY, Ia., Sept. 11.—(Special Telegram.)—John B. Beach and son, August, were killed in an automobile accident last night near Whittemore. The automobile went over the embankment and the men were caught beneath.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Showers; continued cool.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour	Deg.
6 a. m.	60
7 a. m.	60
8 a. m.	60
9 a. m.	60
10 a. m.	60
11 a. m.	60
12 m.	60
1 p. m.	60
2 p. m.	60
3 p. m.	60
4 p. m.	60
5 p. m.	60
6 p. m.	60

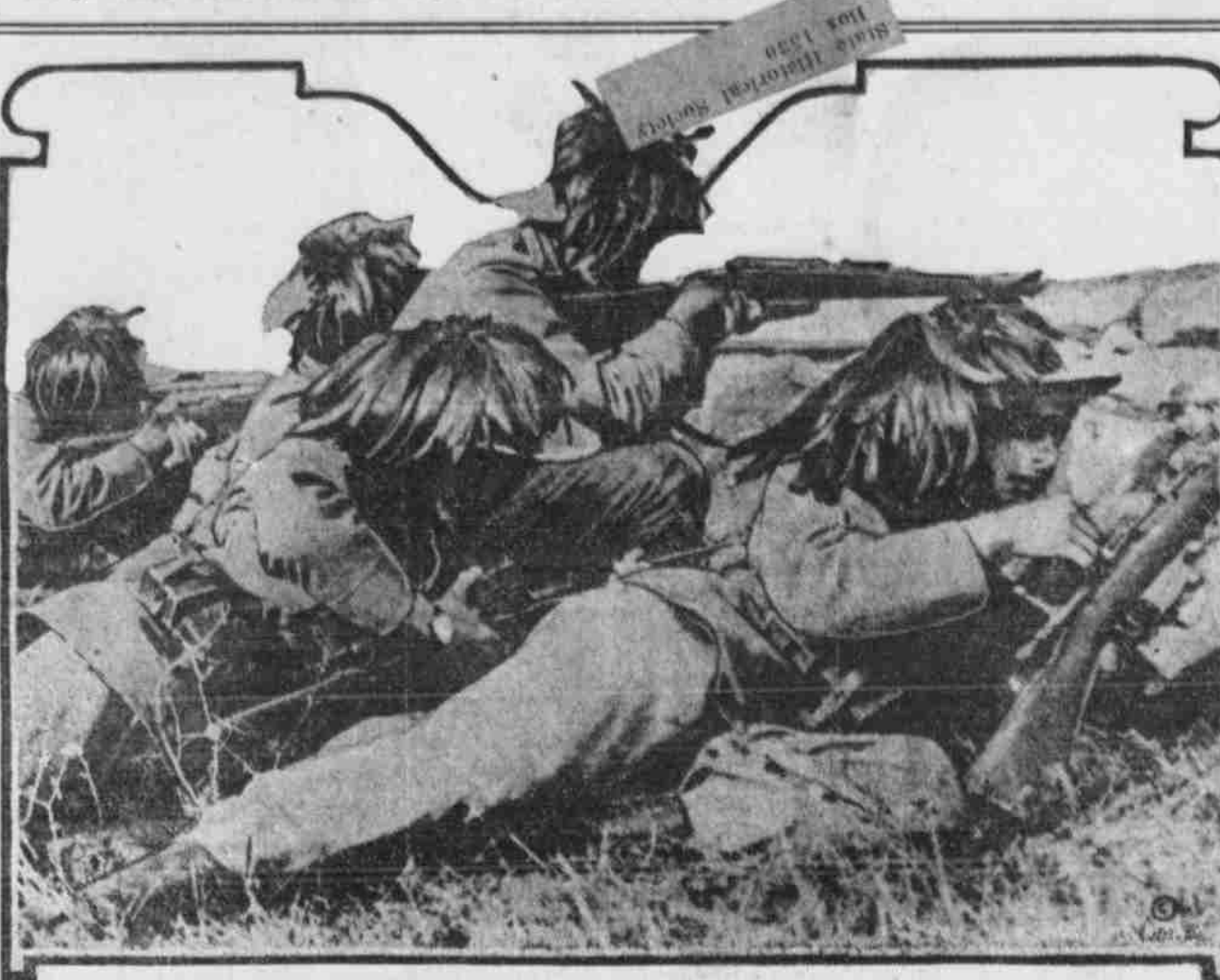
Comparative Local Record:

1895-1914, 1912-1914	1915
Highest yesterday	62
Lowest yesterday	50
Mean temperature	56
Precipitation	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal at Omaha since March 1, compared with the last two years:

Normal temperature	1915	1914	1913
Deficiency for the day	6	7	7
To 1 deficiency since March 1	67	68	67
Normal precipitation	1.18	1.18	1.18
Deficiency for the day	1.18	1.18	1.18
To 1 deficiency since March 1	2.36	2.36	2.36
Deficiency for cor. period, 1914, 4.31 inches			
Deficiency for cor. period, 1913, 4.31 inches			

FAMOUS BERSAGLIERI TROOPS—Entrenched behind a stone wall, awaiting attack. The peculiar feathered hats are the distinctive feature of this branch of the Italian forces.



CANADIAN RAIL MAGNATE IS DEAD

Sir William Van Horne, So-Called Empire Builder, Dies After Short Illness.

NATIVE OF THE UNITED STATES

MONTREAL, Sept. 11.—Sir William Van Horne died at 2:10 p. m. Sir William had been seriously ill at the Royal Victoria hospital for more than two weeks. He went there for an operation for abdominal abscess. The operation was performed successfully and for a time there were indications that he would recover. Grave symptoms, however, developed early this week and since then Sir William had been gradually failing.

Sir William Van Horne was 72 years old. He was born in the United States and virtually from boyhood had been connected with railroad work and its developments, both in the United States and Canada.

Native of Illinois. Sir William Van Horne rose from the foot of the ladder to wealth and fame as one of the so-called empire builders of Canada. Although he was born in the United States, in Will county, Ill., February 3, 1843, and gained railway experience through many years' connection with railroads in the central and western United States, it was after his moving to Canada and becoming general manager of the Canadian Pacific railway in 1882, that he achieved his most notable triumph, by pushing the railway to completion across the continent.

All the rest of his active life he was one of the heads of the Canadian Pacific, being vice president from 1884 to 1888, president from 1888 to 1899, and chairman of the board of directors from 1899 to 1915.

Sir William was the son of Cornelius Covenhoven Van Horne, who was a lawyer at Joliet, Ill. The death of his father left young Van Horne to fight

(Continued on Page Two, Column Two)

William Sprague, War Governor of Rhode Island, Dead

PARIS, Sept. 11.—William Sprague, famous "war" governor of Rhode Island and twice United States senator from that state, died at his residence here early this morning, aged 81. His death was due to meningitis, coupled with the infirmities of age. His wife was at his bedside.

Simple funeral services will be held at the residence in this city, after which the body will be taken to Rhode Island for burial.

Mr. Sprague, at the outbreak of the European war, conveyed his apartment in the Rue De La Pompe into a convalescent hospital for the wounded of all nationalities. He had lived in Paris several years.

SUNDAY DECLINES TO READ MARRIAGE LINES FOR PASTOR

Rev. C. A. Stewart, pastor of the Congregational church in David City, called up "Billy" Sunday yesterday and asked him to perform the marriage ceremony for Dr. Stewart and the lady of his choice. Mr. Sunday gave the pair his blessing and best wishes, but told them that he has an inviolable rule never to perform marriage, baptism or funeral services. If he did this he would have a flood of engagements, and, besides, he considers it would be unfair to the clergymen of the city.

SNOW AND FREEZING IN THE NORTHWEST

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—With snow falling at Helena, Mont.; temperatures near freezing in North Dakota, Montana and northwest Wyoming, the hottest September weather on record in Georgia and heavy rains in the great lakes region, the country's weather today presented a wide variety.

Warm weather promises to continue in the south, but north of Virginia and east of the Mississippi cooler weather will come tonight and Sunday.

SCENES AT MURDER OF CONNELL TOLD

Widow Tells Jury Circumstances Surrounding Crime and Identifies Clothing Worn.

COURSE OF BULLET IS ISSUE

LAS CRUCES, N. M., Sept. 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Dramatically Ralph Connell's widow told the court the facts surrounding the killing—she referred to it as the murder of her husband at Tularosa—at the trial of James L. Porter, charged with murder in connection with the killing of Connell, on June 17, 1914.

"I saw Ralph last alive, when he had ridden away on his sorrel horse to drive the 213 head of beef cattle to the Mescalero Indian reservation in the mountains," Mrs. Connell testified. "Soon after, Florence, aged 10, came running to the house crying and wringing her hands: 'They've killed papa,' she shouted. 'Where,' I asked her.

"In front of Porter's house," she said, as she ran into our house and threw herself on the bed in an abandonment of grief.

"I started to go to the scene of the killing, but was told that they would kill me, too. I insisted upon going and it was only when I was restrained by force that they succeeded in keeping me away from the spot where my husband was murdered."

Mrs. Connell identified the bloodsoaked negligee shirt and gray coat which Connell wore when he was shot and in both of which there were two punctures as if made by a bullet. The hole was in the left shoulder of each garment and the two garments were introduced in evidence against the strenuous objections of the attorneys for the defense. Mrs. Connell also identified a picture of her husband on a horse with his daughter, Helen, in his arms.

On cross-examination, Mrs. Connell told down her testimony regarding the condition of Porter at the contempt proceedings in Alamogordo. She had testified that he was drunk. This, she was forced to admit, was not the exact fact, as she said, she believed he had had a drink, but was not drunk. She said she did not believe that Porter signed the petition which had brought Porter into court on the contempt charge.

Bullets Taken from Body.

Henry Furdy, a member of the coroner's jury, who examined Connell's body following the killing, was also a witness today, and said that Connell's body was on the road on the left side and it was near the Porter residence. Jose Duran was standing beside the body, he said. He said the body had been probed for bullets after the jury was impeded and that pieces of shrapnel bullets had been removed from the body. He said a search of the Porter house was made and only a pistol and a rifle were found and neither had been fired. He said he saw Mrs. Porter and O. M. Tally, but no one else in the porter house following the shooting. He said he had buried the pieces of bullets, fearing they would be taken from him by violence by some desperate man.

Range of Bullets.

Dr. McDaniel, who conducted the autopsy, was also examined, as was Dr. John R. Caloway, a government surgeon from the Indian reservation. A dispute as to the range of the bullet followed as one testified that the range was up, indicating that the firing had been done from the ground, while Connell was mounted, while the other insisted that the course of the bullet was somewhat downward, as if fired from horseback or while Connell was on the ground.

A. J. Buck, the undertaker who prepared the body for burial, also testified that the bullets were found by him and given to an assistant. He said the range of the bullet was not far from transverse. The case was continued over Sunday and will be resumed Monday morning. It is attracting crowds from all parts of New Mexico.

Spy Is Executed in London.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Official announcement has been made that a spy was executed here today. The name of the person executed was not given.

BORDER SITUATION IS UNDER CONTROL

General Funston Reports He Has Enough Men to Patrol River from Laredo to Gulf.

BANDIT BANDS BREAKING UP

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The border situation now is under full control of federal troops, Major General Funston reported today to the War department. The arrival of the Sixth Cavalry brings the force to two full regiments between El Paso, Arroyo and Brownsville, a force sufficient, according to the general, to put down any uprising or trouble by marauding bands.

General Funston reported that with the forces now on the border he could patrol the entire Rio Grande from Laredo to the gulf.

"It is believed," General Funston's message said, "that with the force now at my command, it will be possible in the course of a short time, largely to reduce, if not prevent the activities of armed bands who may be marauding bands from the Mexican side or outlaws and horse thieves from the American side."

"It is well established that heretofore many individuals composing bands of bandits who have given us so much trouble have been made up of persons crossing from the Mexican side and getting arms from concealed stores on the American side and have then started on the attack. When pursued and hard pressed either by sheriff, posse, rangers or soldiers, the bands have broken and retreated into Mexico."

Steamship Sunk by German Submarine in Mediterranean

PARIS, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Havas agency from Algiers says that the steamer Ville De Mostaganem has been sunk by gunfire from a German submarine. Sixteen members of the crew, three of them wounded, have been picked up. The steamer was on the way from Cette, France, to Mostaganem, Algeria. The attack occurred Thursday at a point seventy miles northeast of Mostaganem. The sixteen men rescued made their escape in two boats. They were picked up by a British steamer and taken to Algiers. The three wounded men were injured by bursting shells.

The submarine which made the attack, flew the German flag. Members of the crew are of the opinion that this is the submarine which, flying the Austrian flag, sank the French steamship Aude, a few hours earlier.

Lutherans Plan Memorial Fund

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Sept. 11.—Plans for the commemoration in 1917 of the 400th anniversary of the beginning of the Reformation were discussed today by the members of the general council of the Lutheran church in America. One proposition set forth by a committee on jubilee fund was to raise \$2,000,000 by 1917 and to divide this sum between a ministerial pension fund and missions, but the committee recommended that this might be modified somewhat and that a fund be raised for all church purposes, the exact amount and purposes to be determined in conference with the representatives of other sections of the Lutheran church. October, 1917, is to be made the quadricentennial jubilee month and the entire offerings of the church during that time, it was proposed, should be given to the general council to constitute a special memorial fund, commemorating not only the 400th anniversary of the Reformation, but the fifth anniversary of the founding of the general council itself.

VILLA EXECUTES HIS VASSAL WHO HELD OUT ON HIM

Mexican Chief Puts Urbino to Death Because He Wouldn't Deliver Cashed Five-Million-Dollar Booty.

REPORT HE IS SLAIN HIMSELF

El Paso Hears Pancho and Fierro Killed at Ranch of Minion Who Held Out.

RUMOR IS NOT CONFIRMED

BULLETIN. WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The State department received a dispatch from Parral, Mexico, which transmitted an unconfirmed report that General Villa had executed General Urbino for an attempt at desertion and because Urbino refused orders to report at Torreon and deliver his booty.

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 11.—A report that General Francisco Villa and General Rodolfo Fierro had been killed on a visit to the ranch of General Thomas Urbina at Nevis, near Santa Barbara Chihuahua, was received here today by American officials from sources which they said were worthy of consideration.

General Fierro is said to have accompanied Urbino to the Villa government with force of four hundred men to secure for the Villa government some of Urbino's loot, said to amount to \$5,000,000.

Earlier reports to Villa adherents had caused them to be apprehensive as to their leader's safety, although they thought it possible that the meeting between Villa and Urbino might result in an alliance for guerrilla warfare in western Chihuahua.

While General Villa is reported to have gone to Urbino's ranch to secure for the Villa government more than \$5,000,000 in loot secured by Urbino during two years' service under Villa, it was pointed out that Villa has heretofore been a close friend of Urbino and that it was possible that Urbino, while refusing to give the money to the Villa government, might be persuaded to share in it with General Villa personally in backing irregular operation.

General Villa is known to have taken more than four hundred men with him on his visit to Urbino. Urbino, several months ago disbanded his forces in the vicinity of his ranch and is reported to have told his men that the revolution was over and that it would be each man for himself.

It is said that Urbino has warehouses at his ranch filled with loaded guns and that he had hidden in the mountains many millions in gold, silver and jewelry. The estimate of \$5,000,000 said to be conservative, since in the city of Durango in one visit he secured the \$200,000 from one bank and as much more from civilians, merchants and jewelers.

Says Villa Executed Urbino.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—General Villa's agent here had no report of the attack on his chief, but, on the other hand, had a report that Villa had executed Urbino, whom he charged with an attempt at desertion. The circumstantial detail of the report of Villa's death led many Mexicans here to believe it was true.

Clemency Refused I. W. W. Pair Whose Friends Threaten

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 11.—Governor Hiram W. Johnson announced in a statement here today that industrial workers of the World and other persons had threatened wholesale devastation of the industries of California and even war unless Richard Ford and Hermann Suh, two members of the organization serving life sentences for murder were pardoned by a certain date which has passed.

Admitting that a survey of the entire case might justify a mitigation of the sentences imposed by the governor declared: "So long, as in behalf of these men, the threats of injury and sabotage continue, so long as the preaching exists in their behalf in the state of California, so long as incendiarism is attempted, I will neither listen to appeals for executive clemency, in behalf of Ford and Suh, nor in any fashion consider the shortening of their terms of imprisonment."

The statement came upon the heels of reports from the Sacramento, San Joaquin and other counties in California of widespread incendiarism and other mischief indicating, according to the authorities, the existence of formulated plans.

Ford and Suh were convicted of second degree murder in the killing of Robert I. Maxwell, district attorney of Yuba county, California, in August, 1913, in the course of rioting in hop fields near Wheatland, which started over demands for more adequate sanitary conditions, better pay and altered conditions of work. When an automobile load of posse officers approached the fields, Ford urged the crowd not to permit him to be taken and a constable and the sheriff were beaten insensate and the district attorney, whose only remark had been a pacific character, was shot dead. The sheriff died a year later, never having recovered. It was stated, however, that two hop pickers were killed and two were wounded.

Chinese Newspaper Plant is Wrecked

SHANGHAI, China, Sept. 11.—A bomb explosion occurred today at the plant of the Asiatic Daily News, a newspaper published in the Chinese language, which appeared yesterday for the first time, having been launched for the purpose of pushing the propaganda for a monarchical form of government in China. The front of the newspaper property was blown in. One member of the staff and two persons who were passing by, were killed by the explosion and five others were injured. Two arrests were made.

KAISER SENDS NOTE ON ORDUNA ATTACK

Document Said to Be Attempt to Justify Shelling of Westbound Passenger Liner.

ARABIC NOTE UNSATISFACTORY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The note delivered to Ambassador Gerard by the German foreign office yesterday, which was believed to be a supplemental communication on the sinking of the Arabic, now is understood to be a note on the unsuccessful attempt to torpedo the Cunarder Orduna several weeks ago.

The note had not been received in Washington early today and the State department had no information of its whereabouts. In circles close to the German embassy, however, it was said that the note concerned the Orduna and that when its contents were known, it probably would be found that the German government claimed some sort of justification for the attack on the liner.

The Orduna was chased and shelled by a submarine after a torpedo had missed its mark by a few yards on July 9. It was on a trip to the United States, carrying as passengers twenty-two Americans. Ambassador Gerard made some inquiries by direction of Washington and the German note, now on its way, is understood to be the result.

Overnight consideration of the note on the Arabic indicates a softening of views among one set of officials, who are inclined to further negotiations with Germany. Their views cannot be stated as being President Wilson's, but their views will be urged on the president before he makes up his mind what to do. While they agree that Germany's reply is disappointing and unsatisfactory, they urge that the Arabic case has come down to questions of indemnity and of fact. The explanations offered by Germany for the sinking of the White Star liner differ materially from the statements in the hands of President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. Those officials who favor further negotiation contend that a proper way to determine which set of facts is correct is to let the case go to The Hague, where the question of indemnity could be arbitrated without endangering the principles for which the United States has contended as governing submarine warfare.

More Unofficial Intimations. There were indications in official quarters today that the United States had received more unofficial intimations that the German government actually had finally accepted the principle that unarmored merchantmen should not be attacked without warning unless they attempted to escape or resisted capture.

The new note the United States will send to Berlin probably will be delayed until the second note from Germany, now on its way, has been received. It probably will point out for one thing that the mere assumption by a submarine commander that his ship is about to be attacked, cannot be accepted as justification for torpedoing an unreluctant merchantman. Such a stand by the United States is not expected to lead to modifications. Officials consider that the future depends on Berlin.

Bernstorff Denies Sending Message by I. F. J. Archbald

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, emphatically denied today the assertion that he attempted to use James F. J. Archbald, the American messenger of Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, Austrian ambassador, as a message bearer to Berlin.

"In view of the repeated assertions by several newspapers that I sent messages to my government by Mr. Archbald," said Count von Bernstorff, "it was to me a surprise to find that Mr. Archbald had sent me a paper or anything else. I thought I made this plain in Washington, but feel a repetition is now needed.

"I did not attempt to use Mr. Archbald as a messenger chiefly because I did not think it safe, and he certainly did not prove safe."

Ex-Governor Foss is Charged With Criminal Label

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—A summons charging criminal libel against former Governor Eugene N. Foss, one of the candidates for the republican nomination for governor at the state primaries on September 21, was issued today by the municipal criminal court today at the request of Dennis D. Driscoll, secretary of the Trade Union Liberty league, a labor organization.

Judge Burke, who heard an application for a warrant on Thursday, issued the summons, but set no date for a hearing. Driscoll alleges that Foss slandered him in a statement given to the newspapers.

RUSSIANS TAKE 5,000 PRISONERS IN SOUTH GALICIA

Third Success for Muscovites in This Section is Reported by the General Staff at Petrograd.

GERMANS ACTIVE IN CENTER

Russians Recognize Defense of Railroads to Capital is Still a Vital Problem.

WEST COMPARATIVELY QUIET

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Another success on the south Galician front, resulting in the capture of 5,000 men, is announced by the Russians. Even the Petrograd newspapers, however, admit that this section of the fighting area is not of the most vital importance, since Field Marshal Von Mackensen is still hovering along the line of minor forts which form the last remaining defenses in the way of complete control of the railroad system desired by the invaders.

The Russians declare that the initiative in the isolated engagements on the southern wing is gradually passing into their hands. Nearer the center of the line von Mackensen is still pushing his way vigorously through the Tripel marshes toward Plhak, North and south of his headquarters strong offensive movements have been developed near Grodno and on the road to Rovno.

Other Fronts Are Quiet. On the other fronts there is not as much action as in the east, so far as the official reports indicate. Sharp fighting is in progress along the Austro-Italian battle line, but no fresh news has been received from the Vosges and the Argonne, where the Germans have launched heavy attacks against French trenches.

The only new feature of the near eastern diplomatic puzzle is the assertion from Bulgarian sources that Sofia feels its past neutrality is a sufficient reward for Turkish concessions.

German Losses in Argonne Heavy. PARIS, Sept. 11.—The violent fighting in the Argonne on Wednesday and Thursday was the result of an effort of the army of the German crown prince to break through the French lines. An attempt was made with powerful artillery and a large number of troops. Apparently it had no appreciable result.

The Germans were able to penetrate the French trenches on a portion of the front, but were checked immediately. They renewed their attacks again and again, but with such severe losses that they gave up the effort.

This offensive movement, it is said on good authority, has not modified the situation in the Argonne. In making it the Germans have had greater losses, according to the French official figures than they have inflicted.

The army of the crown prince has attempted several times in previous months to break through the French front, but so far has scored no definite success. The statement is made here that this army has lost upwards of 100,000 men, one corps alone losing 40,000 from the ranks which are being continually depleted and refilled.

The Day's War News

HEAVY ARTILLERY combat on the front in France has been resumed. No infantry engagements are reported.

CONSTANTINOPLE war office says the Turkish left wing on the Gallipoli peninsula is gradually advancing, taking trenches which the forces of the entente allies have occupied.

RUSSIANS HAVE WON another success on the south Galician front, Petrograd reports, but the Germans are pressing strongly on the lines to the north and making headway toward completing control of the great strategic railway system centering on Vilna and Reest-Litovsk.

FRENCH FREIGHTER Ville De Mostaganem has been sunk in the Mediterranean by gunfire from a German submarine. Three men were wounded, while thirteen other members of the crew were picked up.

NOTE DELIVERED by the German foreign office to Ambassador Gerard in Berlin, although not yet received in Washington, is understood there to relate to the unsuccessful attempt made on July 9 by a German submarine to torpedo the Cunard liner Orduna.

Week Beginning Sept. 13.

FREE MOVIE COUPON

Admitting to the Following Picture Shows

This Bee Coupon entitles bearer to a free ticket to any one of these high class Moving Picture Theaters on the days named. Present at Box Office with regular price of one adult paid ticket and get additional ticket free.

BESSE 25th and W. South Omaha. "The Buckle of South Omaha's Amusement Belt." Coupon good for Men and Thursday nights if accompanied by a paid admission.	GRAND MONROE 2585 Farnam. All Feature Film Theater. Good for Tuesday when accompanied by a 10c paid admission.
HIPPODROME 2514 Cumine St. Always the Best Picture Obtainable. This Coupon good any Monday night if accompanied by a paid admission.	ARBOR 3rd and Arbor. Your Favorite. Good on Mondays and Thursdays with one paid ticket.
SUBURBAN Where Your Entertainment is First Consideration. When accompanied by a paid admission, this Coupon is good any Monday night.	LOTHROP 24th and Lothrop. The Family Theater. Good on Monday evenings with one paid admission.