

AERIAL TORPEDO BOAT PROJECTED

Rear Admiral Fiske Invents Device for Carrying Big Bomb by Giant Aeroplane.

RADIO WAVES DIRECT COURSE

WASHINGTON, July 22.—An aerial torpedo boat for attack on ships in protected harbors is projected in patents just issued, it was learned today, to Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, now attached to the navy war college, but former aid for operations to Secretary Daniels.

The plan contemplates equipping a monster aeroplane, similar to a number now under construction in this country for the British government, with a Whitehead torpedo of regulation navy type.

Swooping down at a distance of five sea miles from the object of attack, the aircraft would drop its deadly passenger into the water just as it would have been launched from a destroyer.

Carried on a huge aeroplane, the 2,000-pound weapon would be taken over harbor defenses at an altitude safe from gun fire. Once over the bay, the machine would glide down to within ten or twenty feet of the water, the torpedo rudders would be set and it would be dropped to do its work while the aeroplane rose and sped away.

Aeroplane to carry a ton of dead weight have been perfected by several countries. Russia is said to have several that will carry twenty men and the new British air craft will have a similar capacity.

It is said to be possible that a type of radio-controlled torpedo might be employed, one aeroplane carrying the torpedo and another the wireless machinery to control the missile's flight through the water. It is pointed out that Admiral Fiske secured patents on such a method of control in 1909 when he was lieutenant commander in the navy. They are said to be so broad and far reaching as to underlie all submarine subsequent development of radio control devices.

"My invention," says the application filed by Lieutenant Commander Fiske before the battle of Manila was fought, "is especially applicable to automobile torpedoes and makes it possible to control the movements of a torpedo with great certainty from ashore, from the deck on a ship."

Since the aerial torpedo plan was advanced, reports have stated that German engineers were at work with a somewhat similar scheme. It is proposed to drop from aeroplanes a torpedo that can be guided by radio impulses during its fall and sent with absolute certainty to its mark.

NOTE TO GERMANY ON WAY TO BERLIN

(Continued from Page One.) sideration to eventualities to which the new American note may commit the United States, and he believes it places squarely on Germany responsibility for any act that may cause rupture.

There is now no indication the Lusitania case itself will cause a rupture, but the president has determined to keep that subject in the fore front as a diplomatic issue of first importance to arrange two countries. Pressure for settlement will be renewed from time to time, and if not adjusted by the end of the European war, will continue to impend in the relations between the United States and Germany very much as did the Alabama case in the relations between Great Britain and the United States after the civil war.

Chief Points in Note. 1.—The assumption by the United States that Germany, by declaring its submarine warfare to be a retaliatory measure against the alleged unlawful acts of its enemies, has admitted that the destruction of unresisting merchantmen without warning is illegal.

2.—German submarine commanders already have proven that they can save the passengers and crews of vessels and can act in conformity with the laws of humanity in making war on enemy ships.

3.—The United States cannot allow the relations between the belligerents to operate in any way as an abbreviation of the rights of neutrals and therefore any violation of the principles, for which the American government contends, resulting in a loss of American lives will be viewed as "unfriendly."

4.—The representations which the American government has made in previous notes for disavowal of the intention to sink the Lusitania with Americans aboard and the request for reparation are reiterated with renewed insistence.

5.—The American government realizes the unusual and abnormal conditions which the present conflict has created in the conduct of maritime war and is willing to act as an intermediary between the belligerents to arrange a modus vivendi or any other temporary arrangements which do not involve a surrender by the United States of its rights.

6.—The proposals made by Germany to give immunity to American ships not carrying contraband and to four belligerent ships under the American flag are rejected with the emphatic assertion that to accept such suggestions would be to admit Germany's right to set aside the American contention based on fundamental principles in international law—that neutrals may travel anywhere on the high seas on unresisting ships of any nationality even if carrying contraband.

The note is about 1,200 words long. While nowhere in it is there any direct intimation of the course which the United States will pursue in the event of an other disaster similar to the Lusitania tragedy, there are emphatic statements throughout the communication pointing out that the discussion of the principles involved has been virtually concluded and that future conduct of German submarine commanders will determine the responsibility for friendly relations between the two countries.

\$30,000,000 HEIRESS AND MAN SHE WILL WED—Miss Catherine Barker and Howard Spaulding, jr., of Chicago, whom she will wed. Miss Barker, who is 19, has been attending school in the east and was bridesmaid at the Stewart wedding in Council Bluffs last month.



HOWARD SPAULDING JR. & MISS CATHERINE BARKER

RUSSIAN FORCES IN POLAND ARE IN GRAVE DANGER

(Continued from Page One.) such as they cannot take away, driving cattle and other live stock before them, and leaving for the invader a ruined and desolate waste.

All Courland has been laid waste, and Windau, in flames, sent up a glow visible many miles away.

The British public is following with great anxiety the campaign in the east, hoping that Grand Duke Nicholas may stem the Austro-German tide, or at least extricate his armies and continue in further retreat, the cohesion he has been able to maintain thus far.

Front Eight Hundred Miles Long. Eliminating the stroke against Riga, the operations in Poland occupy a front of roughly 800 miles, divisible into three principal areas—the first along the Narw, north and west of Warsaw; the second, the center on the Vistula, between Warsaw and Ivangorod; the third, in the vicinity of Lublin, where the Austrians and Germans are fighting the railway. The situation, as the British press sees it, is critical, and the papers editorially remind Russia that as it checked the Germans at the gates of Warsaw last fall and drove them back within eleven miles of Lublin, so it should now hold them.

Coincident with dispatches from Russia saying the spirit of the army is unbroken and the belief in ultimate victory is strong, comes the report that the feeling is growing that Russia is doing more than its share in the war, bearing at present almost the entire burden. These complaints, according to special correspondents, are not confined to the rank and file. Russian newspapers contrast the colossal battle in which their nation is engaged with the comparative inaction along the western front.

French Official Statement. PARIS, July 22.—(via London).—The following communication was issued today by the French War department: "Relative calm prevailed generally along the front."

"There are some artillery actions in Artois, in the Argonne, between the Meuse and the Moselle, in the neighborhood of Eparges, and in the forest of Apremont."

"During the nights of July 20 and 21 and the day of 22 there was extremely fierce fighting on the heights of Little Reichackerkopf to the westward of Muenster (in Alsace, ten miles west of southwest of Colmar). An attack was followed by nine German counter attacks, despite their heavy losses. Two battalions of chasseurs holding our positions held the enemy's troops and inflicted heavy losses upon them. We captured and held a trench in the neighborhood of 100 miles in length and maintained all our positions. North of Muenster our forces organized the positions they had conquered in the conquest of La Lingue. In this fighting we took 107 prisoners."

"Our aviators dropped eight bombs of 50 and four of 100 millimeters on the station of Autray to the northwest of Elmarville (in the Argonne)."

"In the Lardanelles, quiet has prevailed, since our success of July 19 and 20."

CASS COUNTY PIONEER DIES AFTER LONG ILLNESS

ATLANTIC, Ia., July 22.—(Special).—J. Q. Greenleaf, a resident of this city and county since 1862, died here Tuesday morning at 11:30 after an illness which had extended over a period of seven or eight years and had held him bedfast for the last three weeks. Mr. Greenleaf was born in Springfield, Mass., on January 8, 1838, and on March 26, 1863, was married at Crystal Lake, Conn., to the wife who survives him, whose name was Paulina Slater. They came to this county, locating in Lewis in 1862, and with the exception of a few years spent at Council Bluffs and Omaha, had lived here ever since. Increased in survived by three children and his wife.

TWO DEAD, 6 HURT IN STRIKE RIOTS

(Continued from Page One.) the men to keep order and to bring an end to the strike. He rushed up to the rioters when the melee was at its height and commanded the men to desist. He was greeted with jeers and left the scene.

Later it was announced that Sheriff Kinkaid asked for troops and companies from Newark and Redbank were alerted soon to be on the scene, as all preparations had been made for a call.

Sheriff Kinkaid's call was made direct to the governor by telephone and later he dispatched a written order. In a statement regarding his call for troops, Sheriff Kinkaid said:

"I telephoned to the governor that it was necessary to call the militia. The men are not amenable to reason. They don't seem to be able to distinguish between my men and the men paid as guards. The situation is beyond my control and I have asked the governor to send men at once."

Former Austrian Soldier Leader. Of the wounded in today's fighting John Surgen, said to be a former Austrian soldier, who led the fighting in the first attack which was made early today on the Standard Oil plant, probably is mortally wounded. He was shot through the abdomen. Until the men got out of hand today Sheriff Kinkaid had every hope that he would bring about a settlement of the differences of the Standard Oil strikers, who went out late last week and Monday following a demand for 15 per cent increase in wages. The Tidewater plant was shut down because of the disorder. The sheriff with a committee had consulted with Standard Oil officials and expected to have another conference with them late today.

He also telephoned to Washington for conciliators and two were on their way to Bayonne when the disorder was resumed and the sheriff departed.

A force of deputy sheriffs and policemen guarded the plant throughout the night and today. The establishments of the Standard Oil company and the Vacuum and Tidewater Oil company were closed, and about 1,000 workmen were either on strike or unable to work because of trouble.

Sh-iff Calls for Troops. TRENTON, N. J., July 22.—Sheriff Kinkaid of Hudson county has requested Governor Fielder to call out troops to cope with the situation at Bayonne.

The request for troops was made to the governor at his law office in Jersey City. The governor at once communicated by telephone with Assistant General Wilbur F. Sadler in Trenton, and General Sadler at the governor's request left at once for Jersey City to consult with the governor.

It is understood that Sheriff Kinkaid has expressed the fear that the swearing in of deputies would aggravate the situation in Bayonne and for that reason asked for troops.

Water Fight in Court. PIERRE, S. D., July 22.—(Special Telegram).—A fight for water has brought the strongest array of legal talent from the Black Hills to this city, and with them a number of ranchers and farmers who have an interest in the fight which is being made by the Oro Hondo Mining company to appropriate the waters of Elk and Bear Butte creeks. The company is represented by Congressman Gartha, with United States District Attorney Stewart looking after the interests of the government in the water needs of Fort Meade on Bear Butte creek and attorneys for several mining companies and ranchers protesting against the appropriation the ranchers themselves entering personal protest. The hearing will be in the office of the state engineer.

Interest Fight Ends in Court. PIERRE, S. D., July 22.—(Special Telegram).—A friendly suit, entitled, state ex rel. Frank M. Byrne against A. W. Ewert, state treasurer, involving a good-sized sum, was filed in the supreme court today. The issues in the case are a claim that interest received on daily balances in state funds on permanent and income of the school funds should be paid into the school fund instead of the general fund.

ARTIST MATINEE OF SAENGERFEST MOST PLEASING

(Continued from Page One.) saengerfest and it is filled with attractions that will fill the Auditorium to its capacity.

This afternoon at 2:30 o'clock the second matinee concert will be given and in addition to great solo numbers there will be the singing of the children's chorus of 250 voices, which Prof. Stedinger has been drilling and singing by the chorus of the Nebraska Saengerbund. The complete program is as follows:

- SOLOISTS. Mrs. Julia Clausen, Contralto; Ed Boehmer, Tenor; Enrico Palmetto, Tenor; Louis Schmauber, Violinist. CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA. Chorus of the Nebraska Saengerbund. Grand children's chorus from the Omaha public schools. Omaha Festival orchestra, Theo. Rud. Reese, director.

Entrance of the Knights from the opera "Boschil." Mosakowski. Omaha Festival Orchestra. On the shores of Weser River (Fresell), arranged for male chorus by Theodor Kelle, Director. Nebraska Saengerbund.

Songs for Contralto: (a) "Die Lorelei" (Schubert). (b) "The Blacksmith" (John Brahms). (c) "Loving for Home" (Hugo Wolf). Miss Christine Miller.

"Fantasia Appassionata." Viennese. Louis Schmauber. Soprano. "Oh, Heavenly Time, O Blissful Time." Franz Ries. Grand Vaude Concert. Thaler. Omaha Festival Chorus.

(a) "Aus Meinen Grossen Schmerzen." Franz Lehmann. (b) Song from the opera "Evangeline." Enrico Palmetto. (c) "Mader with Rose." Kiesel. Enrico Palmetto.

(a) "Der Freund." Hugo Wolf. (b) "In der Ferne." Leo Braun. (c) "Das Kraut Vergessenheit." Leo Braun. Solo Fiedl-Mime. Julia Clausen. Medley of American and German songs compiled by Prof. Ferd. Stedinger and arranged for chorus by Theo. Rud. Reese. Children's chorus of 200 voices and orchestra.

Congress of Melodies. German song medley. Omaha Festival Chorus. Conradi. Accompanist: Mrs. F. DeLano, Mrs. E. R. Zabriskie, Jean P. Duffield, Sigmond Landsberg.

Music beginning at 8 o'clock, is the second mass chorus concert with all the great soloists and the mass male chorus of 2,000 voices. It will, in fact, be the great event of the saengerfest. This is the program:

SOLOISTS. Miss Christine Miller, Contralto; Paul Althouse, Tenor; Henri Scott, Tenor; MAAS CHORUS OF THE NORTHWEST-EIN SAENGERBUND. Theodor Kelle, Director. OMAHA FESTIVAL ORCHESTRA. Theodor Kelle, Director. March and Finale from the Opera "Aida." Verdi.

Omaha Festival Orchestra. "Singers' Onward With Song and Sound." M. Boehme. Mass Chorus and Orchestra—Theodor Kelle, Director. (a) Dedication. R. Strauss. (b) "And Will Thou See Thy Love." H. Wolf. (c) Serenade. Brahms. Paul Althouse.

Overture, "Merry Wives of Windsor." Otto Nicolai. The "Lorelei." F. Liszt. "The Song." F. Schmidt. Mass Chorus and Orchestra—Theodor Kelle, Director. Aria from the Opera "Tannhauser." Wagner. Henri Scott.

Concert Waltz, "Viennese Blood." Strauss. Omaha Festival Orchestra. "Annie of Tiarau." F. Slicher. "Rimeless Song." Th. Orth. Mass Chorus—Theodor Kelle, Director. Aria, "Der Freischuetz." C. M. von Weber. (a) "Tudor the Peewee." H. Wagner. (b) "Farewell Chorus." C. Kistler. Mass Chorus and Orchestra—Theodor Kelle, Director.

Accompanist: Jean P. Duffield, Sigmond Landsberg. Tomorrow will be a day of gaiety and pleasure. In the morning the grand parade will march the streets and in the afternoon there will be a picnic at the German Home and park, 4066 South Thirteenth street.

Boorman May Make Race for Congress

ATLANTIC, Ia., July 22.—(Special).—While the official announcement has not been made, it is understood among his friends that Attorney H. M. Boorman of this city, who was somewhat of a reputation as a railroad lawyer, will be a candidate for the republican nomination for congressman from the Ninth district against Judge Green at next year's primary. Mr. Boorman has been somewhat prominent in local politics in the past, having served as county attorney, and is well known over the district. He has not definitely announced his intention as yet, but the likelihood of his entering the race is of considerable interest.

Nordica's Will Is Admitted to Probate

NEW YORK, July 22.—Surrogate Co-halan today admitted to probate the will of Mme Lillian Nordica Young, the singer, who died in May, 1914, in the far east, following an illness brought by exposure due to shipwreck.

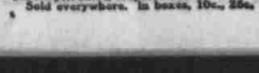
Depositions were read from government authorities of Thursday Island, where Mrs. Nordica made the will asserting that she was in her right mind at the time, contrary to the statements of her husband, George W. Young, who cut off by the terms of the will, contested it.

TIMBER-LADEN SHIPS ARE BURNED BY GERMANS

LONDON, July 22.—The Swedish bark Capella and the Norwegian bark Nordlyset, both timber laden and bound for England, have been set on fire in the North Sea by German submarines. The crew of the Capella was landed at Hull and that of the Nordlyset at Fredericks-haven.

Remember

It is wise to get rid quickly of ailments of the organs of digestion—of headache, languor, depression of spirits—the troubles for which the best corrective is



EXPRESS CHARGES WILL BE INCREASED

Interstate Commerce Commission Decides that Companies Need Additional Revenue.

COMMODITY RATE NOT AFFECTED

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The Interstate Commerce commission decided today that the revenues of the principal express companies of the United States are inadequate and modified its former order to provide additional income.

The fabric of the present express rates is composed of three factors: An allowance of 20 cents for collection and delivery of each shipment which does not vary with weight or distance; a rail terminal allowance of 25 cents per 100 pounds which varies with the weight, but not with the distance, and the rail transportation rate per 100 pounds, which varied with the weight, the distance and the zone.

In accordance with the petition of the companies, the commission modified its order to permit transportation of the firm and second factors. The effect is to increase the collection and delivery allowance 5 cents for each shipment and to reduce the rail terminal allowance at the rate of one-twentieth of 1 cent a pound. As the weight increases the 5-cent increase is gradually reduced, so that on shipments of more than 100 pounds the readjustment will not make any change. Substantially, no commodity rates will be affected. In all events, any change in the rates will, with few exceptions, be substantially lower than those prevailing when the commission established the zone system in February, 1914.

By that means, the express companies are expected to increase their gross revenues about 3.85 per cent. The commission's report shows that the net operating revenues of the four big companies have decreased to a deficit of \$1,323,111 in the year 1914-1915, and in the same period operating income decreased \$2,408,383.

"While the financial condition of certain of the petitioners is more favorable than that of others," says the report, "it clearly appears that as a whole they are operating at a loss."

The commission declined to change the basis of rates in zone No. 1, the territory east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio river.

Lodge Fight at Sidney. SIDNEY, Neb., July 22.—(Special Telegram).—Mrs. Maymo Cleaver of Lincoln granted a charter here tonight for a second Degree of Honor lodge. This has aroused some very strong feeling and the matter will be carried to the grand and superior lodges on appeal. Only one other town in the state of less than 2,000 inhabitants has two local lodges.

FRECKLE-FACE

Sun and Wind Bring Out Ugly Spots. How to Remove Easily. Here's a chance, Miss Freckle-face, to try a remedy for freckles with the guarantee of a reliable dealer that will not cost you a penny unless it removes the freckles; while if it does not give you a clear complexion the expense is trifling. Simply get an ounce of otine-double strength—from Sherman & McDaniel, or any druggist and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of the homely freckles and get a beautiful complexion. Rarely is more than one ounce needed for the worst case. Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength otine as this is the prescription sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

WONDERFUL HOW RESINOL STOPS ITCHING

To those who have endured for years the itching torments of eczema or other such skin-eruptions, the relief that the first use of Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap gives is perfectly incredible. After all the suffering they have endured and all the useless treatments they spent good money for, they cannot believe anything so simple, mild and inexpensive can stop the itching and burning INSTANTLY! And they find it still more wonderful that the improvement is permanent and that Resinol really drives away the eruption completely in a very short time. Perhaps there is a pleasant surprise like this in store for you. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists. For trial free, write to Dept. 30-R, Resinol, Baltimore Md., Excellent for sunburn.

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A Real Hair Soap. Cleans quick—dries quick—leaves no soap in the hair, which goes right back into its old trailing. At druggists or delivered prepaid, 4 oz. 25 cts.; 12 oz. 50 cts.; 32 oz. \$1.00. GEO. H. LEE CO., Laboratories Omaha, Neb.

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Suits For 1915 Dresses

This display is of distinct style-interest to all desirous of accurate ideas of the prevailing styles for the next season.

The Store for Shirtwaists

Silk Sweaters of the famous Kayser's Italian Silk \$12.50 and \$14.50 Also new Petticoat Coat Fashions, exclusive models, \$7.50 to \$15.00

Summer Underwear for Women

Gauze Union Suits, low neck, sleeveless, fitted knee, 35c value, for 25c a suit

Lisle Union Suits, low neck, sleeveless, either fitted or wide knees, an extra good garment at 85c a suit

Gauze Lisle Vests, low neck, sleeveless, plain or fancy tops 35c each

Underwear Section—Third Floor.

NECK RUFFS

A large display of this popular neck dress, consisting of maline, ostrich and marabou ruffs, in natural, white, black and white; also natural and white. Prices, \$2, \$2.50, \$3.25, \$4.75 and up to \$8.25 each.

THE NEW BELTS

The popular striped effects made of leather in combinations of white and black, white and blue, white and green, - - - 50c each

July Sale Plain White Imported Dress Crepes

\$1.25 45-inch White Dress Crepe, FRIDAY, 50c yard

75c 40-inch White Dress Crepe, FRIDAY, 35c yard

Special Priceson Desks

- \$51 Mahogany Roll Top Desk \$42
- \$46 Golden Oak Flat Desk \$37
- \$61 Mahog. Typewriter Desk \$49
- \$112 Gol. Oak Roll Top Desk \$90
- \$43 Gol. Oak Typewriter Desk \$35
- \$50 Gol. Oak Typewriter Desk \$40

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