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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Fair

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OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1915—TWELVE PAGES.

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ARTIST MATINEE OF SAENGERFEST MOST PLEASING

Enthusiastic Music Lovers Thunder
Applause as World-Famed
Soloists Render Pro-
gram.

ALMOST DOUBLE BILL SUNG
Gala Artists, Forced to Respond to
Numerous Encores, Render Great
Composers' Masterpieces.

OMAHA GIRL MAKES A HIT

A splendidly filled house greeted the gala artists' matinee of the saengerfest at the Auditorium yesterday afternoon. It was an audience of enthusiastic music lovers who thundered their applause as one after another of the world-famed artists rendered the masterpieces of the great composers with splendid effect to the accompaniment of the magnificent orchestra under direction of Theodor Rudolph Reese.

None of the artists was allowed to go without giving at least one encore number. Nor was it the first time that the splendid acoustic qualities of the auditorium for solo work demonstrated, a pleasing fact which several of the soloists have commented upon.

"The Huguenots" was splendidly rendered by the orchestra as an overture and then Miss Christine Miller, greatest American concert contralto, sang Tschakowsky's "Farewell Forest" with great charm and effect.

Although Makes Debut.
Paul Aulthouse, the heroic tenor of the Metropolitan Opera company, made his saengerfest debut with an aria from Mozart's "The Magic Flute" and his clear tenor of great range was magnificently effective, being even more so in his encore number with piano accompaniment.

Miss Marie Rappold-Berger, dramatic soprano of the Metropolitan Grand Opera company, sang an aria from "Tannhauser" with that grace which marks the consummate and finished artist.

Miss Corinne Paulson, who has only recently completed her education in Europe and made her debut here with the New York Symphony orchestra, played the piano solos, "The Franciscan" and "March Rhapsody" from the fifteenth Hun-
dred Russian rhapsodie and was greeted with applause that fairly shook the building. The fine tone of the Haddorf piano added much to this artist's splendid execution.

Henri Scott, Metropolitan Opera company bass, sang an aria from the opera "Euryanthe" and scored a great success as he has on his two previous appearances before Omaha audiences.

Voices of Tremendous Volume.
Miss Julia Clauson, the contralto of the Philadelphia-Chicago Grand Opera company, charmed the audience with three selections from Wagner, "Der Engel," "Traume" and "Schmerzen" and even these were not enough to satisfy her delighted hearers, and she rendered an encore. The grace of her presence and the ease with which she sings, though her voice is of tremendous volume and clear as a bell, were the secrets of her charm.

Other orchestra numbers on the program were Brahms' "Hungarian Dance No. 3" and the prelude from "Lohengrin." The first musical humor.

It was a fantasy, a humorous attempt to demonstrate how various great masters would have treated in their characteristic manners the well-known German folk song, "Come a Bird a-Fly-ing," the air being a theme. It was then played in the styles peculiar to the various composers, Beethoven, Bach, Mozart, Chopin, Brahms, Strauss, Verdi, Gaviotto, Weber, Wagner and in the military march style and the funeral style of Mendelssohn.

Never before artists sung in one program in Omaha and the people of Omaha and the visiting guests at the saengerfest testified their approval in no uncertain style.

Last Concerts Today.
This is the last day of the musical portion of the twenty-sixth national saengerfest.

(Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity
Fair; warmer.
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hours	Deg.
5 a. m.	52
6 a. m.	54
7 a. m.	56
8 a. m.	58
9 a. m.	60
10 a. m.	62
11 a. m.	64
12 m.	66
1 p. m.	68
2 p. m.	70
3 p. m.	72
4 p. m.	74
5 p. m.	76
6 p. m.	78
7 p. m.	80
8 p. m.	82
9 p. m.	84
10 p. m.	86
11 p. m.	88
12 m.	90

Comparative Local Record.
1915, 1914, 1913, 1912.

Year	Highest	Lowest	Mean	Precipitation
1915	81	34	52	1.1
1914	81	34	52	1.1
1913	81	34	52	1.1
1912	81	34	52	1.1

GERMAN UHLANS advancing for a charge "Somewhere in Russian Poland."



Sketch of marshy and flooded ground

HEYN BREAKS HIS SHOULDER IN RELAY

Rider Bearing Message Out of
Omaha Goes in Ditch When His
Light Goes Out.

UNCONSCIOUS HALF AN HOUR

Speed demons, carrying the motorcycle message from President Wilson to the president of the Panama exposition, arrived at Columbus at 6:42 this morning, just four hours after they had left Omaha, and after they had had some harrowing experiences. They were scheduled to make the run in three hours.

The ride from Omaha to Columbus was full of thrills. Hugo Heyn with the message was making good time and was leading his companion, John Stehle and Lloyd Jensen, by about forty-five minutes between North Bend and Schuyler, when his lights went out and he was thrown into a ditch with a broken collar bone and a sprained ankle.

Heyn lay unconscious for forty-five minutes, or until Stehle, who had had chain trouble, came up. Heyn was at that time just pulling himself out of the ditch and he was able to mount his machine and proceed, so that he might carry the message the entire relay.

Heyn says that he does not know just how long he remained in the ditch, as it was dark when he was thrown and the sun was shining when he came to. On his return to Omaha he said that he was confident that if he had not met with the accident he would have made Columbus in two and one-half hours, or half an hour better than the schedule. He had made sixty-five miles without mishap, going most of the distance at fifty miles an hour.

Walks Three Miles.

KEARNEY, Neb., July 22.—(Special Telegram)—E. R. Goodwin, transcontinental relay rider, making the relay from Columbus to Kearney, arrived here at 9:21 o'clock, nine hours behind schedule. Mr. Goodwin reported that he rode ten miles on the railroad track, walked three miles and had one bad fall. The other two riders were put out of the running outside of Columbus when they sustained blowouts, the packages being turned over to Rider Goodwin. The three riders left Kearney immediately for North Platte, but will undoubtedly be delayed because of the heavy rains at Lexington last night.

Reach North Platte.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., July 22.—The motorcycle relay, carrying President Wilson's message to the president of the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco, arrived here at 11:45 p. m. The message was delivered by a rider, who left immediately for the next relay at Big Springs.

ARMY OF VILLA AT TORREON MENACED

His Forces Are Threatened by
Enemy from the South
and West.

OREGON'S TROOPS ADVANCE

EL PASO, July 22.—General Villa's main army at Torreon again is threatened, this time from two sides, if reports reaching Carranza agents here are true. Advance guards of Oregon's army have engaged Villa's outposts at La Colorado, Zaca-tecas, sixty-five miles north of Zatecas on the railway, and about twice that distance south of Torreon.

Jacinto Trevino also is reported to have moved westward from Monterey to San Pedro. De Las Colonias, about fifty miles northeast of Torreon, where skirmishing is reported to have taken place.

Expects to Recapture Capital.
WASHINGTON, July 22.—Charles A. Douglas, General Carranza's American counsel, cabled the Carranza agency here today that before General Gonzalez evacuated Mexico City he had distributed to the poor 1,000,000 pesos—enough to aid 40,000 families, and had brought into the capital six cartloads of food stuffs and established 40 distributing depots.

State Department despatches from Vera Cruz say Carranza authorities there predict they will recapture Mexico City within a week. They explain that they were obliged to evacuate to "prevent raiders from the north cutting communication at Ometusco," about half way to Pachuca.

Mr. Douglas is leaving Vera Cruz tonight and expects to be in Washington July 24. He has asked for an appointment to discuss the situation with Secretary Lansing.

Carranzistas Take Santa Cruz.

NOGALES, Ariz., July 22.—Five hundred Carranza troops captured Santa Cruz today, according to reports reaching here. Santa Cruz is a few miles southeast of Nogales, Sonora, where Governor Jose Maytorena, the Villa leader, expects to make his last stand. The Carranza force is said to have captured a cannon, which, it is said, was turned on the fleeing Villa soldiers, two of who were killed.

Alleged Looters Executed.

TWO DEAD, 6 HURT IN STRIKE RIOTS

Situation at Bayonne, N. J., Gets Be-
yond Control of Sheriff and He
Calls for Troops.

TIDEWATER PLANT IS CLOSED

NEW YORK, July 22.—Two dead and six seriously injured, one probably fatally, was the harvest reaped by rioters at the Standard Oil and Tidewater plants in Bayonne today as the result of two attacks on the deputies guarding the property. Two fires also occurred, one in the Standard Oil plant where a watchman's house was virtually destroyed; the other in the yard of the Tidewater Oil company where staves and lumber were stored. This last fire was started by means of burning waste thrown over the walls by rioters. It was speedily checked with a trifling loss.

Those killed in the fighting were Stanley Murefko, 29 years old, and Nicolay Iwaszku, 19, both of whom were shot through the heart by rifle bullets, apparently fired by the guards. The men were killed during an attack on the barrel works of the Tidewater plant, which began at 11:40 a. m. and lasted for half an hour.

A sudden downpour of rain had much to do with stopping this fight. A feature of this attack was the defiance by the strikers of Sheriff Eugene Kinkead, who had labored patiently with

The Day's War News

DESPERATE FIGHTING continues between the Teutonic armies pressing upon Warsaw and the Russian forces defending it, with the issue still in the balance. Advances along all the fronts are claimed in the latest German and Austrian official statements, but Petrograd, which is not denying the close drawing in of the Austro-German lines in some sectors, asserts that these lines are being held stationary or hurled backward at vital points.

ON THE IMPORTANT FRONT south of Lublin a serious breach in what would mean the cutting of the Lublin-Chelm railroad line and the division of the Russian armies to the north and south, the Russian resistance seems to be strongest. The Petrograd statement claims the Teutonic offensive has been arrested there.

COUNTER ATTACKS have driven the Germans back along the line of the River Narw to the north of Warsaw, the Russian declare. They assert also that their lines on the left bank of the Vistula, to the southeast of the city, are holding. The fortress of Novogrodek seems to be giving effective help in keeping Teutons in check to the northwest, for the time at least.

IN THE BALTIC PROVINCES the German advance is progressing, with their outposts barely twenty miles from Riga, the immediate objective.

RUSSIAN FORCES IN POLAND ARE IN GRAVE DANGER

Teutonic Drive Along Lublin-Chelm
Railroad May Cut the Czar's
Great Armies in Poland
in Twain.

COUNTRY IS GREATLY ALARMED

Warsaw is Menaced by Three Great
Attacks from North, West
and South.

ALL COURLAND IS LAID WASTE
WASHINGTON, July 22.—The American consul at Warsaw cabled the State department today that the Belgian consul had left Warsaw and that the American consulate had taken charge of the affairs of Belgium and Serbia.

LONDON, July 22.—While prayers for victory were being said today throughout Russia, the Austrians and the Germans continued their drive at Warsaw from the north, the west and the south. Meanwhile they were reaching further north towards Riga, on the Baltic, from which their advance guard is not more than twenty miles distant.

The tone of dispatches from Petrograd bespeaks plainly that the country is aware of the gravest of the military situation, involving not only the fate of the Polish capital, but the integrity of the Russian army in Poland, the northern and southern sections of which might be cut in twain by a decisive defeat along the Lublin-Chelm railway. It is along this sector that the Russians are now fighting most desperately, for this railway is the sole great artery of communication of Poland with southern Russia, sweeping away from Lublin, and Chelm towards Odessa. Having several times been reported within five miles of the railroad and now, according to Austrian claims, having pierced the Russian front, this section of the Teutonic forces should be within rifle shot of the railway, but no claim has been made of having seized it.

Northwest of Lublin, however, the Teutonic forces have pushed forward to the bridgehead position south of Ivangorod and thence northward. Around the circle which is tightening on Warsaw, they have made steady progress, though meeting with serious opposition along the Narw river, northwest of the capital.

Courland Laid Waste.
Elsewhere, generally speaking, the Russians are falling back, employing the tactics with which they harassed Napoleon in 1812. That is, they are not burning all bridges and destroying roads, but are laying waste the countryside with fire and dynamite, removing such provisions as they can, destroying

Sandford Fleming,
Father of Canadian
Pacific Road, Dead
HALIFAX, N. S., July 22.—Sir Sandford Fleming, scientist and engineer, died here this morning. He was known as the father of the Pacific railway.

Sir Sandford held many positions of high public trust, but his chief work was in connection with his chosen profession of civil engineering and in scientific research.

In the early sixties Sir Sandford did his first important work when he conducted a survey for the first link in a railway which would extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific within British territory. This railway was the Intercolonial and he was chief engineer during its construction.

In 1871 he was appointed engineer-in-chief to carry on the Pacific railway surveys and the railroads that travers this region today are a monument of the successful preliminary work he did there. The railway across the island of New Foundland is also in large measure due to his work. Sir Sandford is gratefully remembered in Canada as the dean of its engineering profession and the "father of the Pacific railway."

Literature and scientific research occupied the later years of his life. He was elected chancellor of Queens university in 1890 and was many times re-elected to that office, which he filled for more than thirty years.

NOTE TO GERMANY ON WAY TO BERLIN

It Puts Burden of Any Break in
Diplomatic Relations Upon the
Kaiser's Government.

WILL BE PUBLISHED SATURDAY

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The new American note to Germany is on its way to Berlin. It cleared from Washington over the telegraph wires during the night and today was being flashed over the cables to London and thence to Copenhagen, where it goes overland wires again to the German foreign office. It should reach its destination tonight or early tomorrow.

Secretary Lansing announced that the text of the note would be given out here Friday afternoon for publication in morning papers of Saturday.

Concerning future conduct of German submarines the note does not necessarily call for an answer, as it announces the intention of the United States to regard any further violation of international law resulting in the loss of American lives as unfriendly.

On the other hand, the American demands for disavowal of any intention to sink the Lusitania and the request for reparations are renewed in the new note, and very likely those, with other points, such as the willingness of the United States to act as an intermediary between the belligerents to adjust rules of maritime warfare will be the basis for further discussion by Germany.

An answer is not expected for at least two or three weeks on those phases. It is generally agreed among officials here, however, that any loss of American lives in the meantime would in itself raise the question of action, irrespective of any formal reply from Germany.

Final Statement of Principles.
The American note is in the nature of a final statement on the principle involved, in which the United States takes the unalterable position that the accepted rules of international law must govern the rights of neutrals, irrespective of retaliatory measures of the belligerents against one another. What action would be taken by the United States in the event of further violation of American rights is not disclosed in the new note, nor was it officially commented on otherwise here today, but a general understanding prevails that another disaster, such as befell the Lusitania would mean the immediate assembling of congress.

President Wilson has given careful consideration to the note.

Remington Plant
Machinists Given
Written Contract
BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 22.—John A. Johnston, vice president of the Structural Iron Workers, today announced that he had been advised by J. J. Keppler, vice president of the International Association of Machinists, that a "written agreement," which would settle the strike of the machinists in the plants of the Remington Arms and Ammunition company and various sub-contractors, had been secured.

According to Mr. Johnston, the vice president of the machinists telephoned from New York and requested that Thomas J. Savage, a member of the general executive board of the machinists, be asked not to contradict any more statements regarding the settlement. Mr. Savage denied last night that he knew anything of a settlement after Mr. Keppler had announced that the strike had been declared off and the men would go back to work Monday.

Mr. Johnston said Keppler would return to Bridgeport with the written agreement this afternoon. Mr. Johnston said he also understood that the girls who walked out at the Union Metallic Cartridge plant of the Remington company had voted to return to work, having been promised an increase of about 2 cents a day.

IVANGOROD IS INVESTED BY THE GERMANS

Russians Have Retreated Into Fort-
ress, Fifty-Six Miles South-
east of Warsaw, Berlin
Reports.

SLAYS RETREAT ON VISTULA

They Discontinue Useless Attacks on
the Narw, According to
Statement.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE TAKEN
BERLIN, July 22.—(Via London.)—The war office today announced that the Austro-German forces, which are driving at Warsaw from the south had compelled the Russians to retreat into the fortress of Ivangorod, about fifty-six miles southeast of the Polish capital. The fortress is now closely invested.

The text of the statement follows: "To the west of the Argonne our troops are further progressing. Vigorous artillery combats took place between the Meuse and the Moselle. South of Leintra French attacks collapsed before the obstacles in front of our advanced positions.

"In the Vosges yesterday the enemy attacked six times southwest of Reims, but was repulsed with sanguinary losses by the Bavarian troops. Counter attacking we recaptured a portion of our trench, which was in the hands of the enemy, taking 17 Alpine-troops prisoners, among them three officers. In the evening we repulsed an enemy attack near Bondernach.

"An enemy biplane fell down under our fire in the forest of Parroy. In an aerial fight over the Muene valley three German airmen gained a victory over three adversaries, of whom two were forced to descend into the alley of the Rhine.

"Eastern theater: Northeast of Shavli (in Courland) our troops advancing concentrically and victoriously captured 4,150 prisoners, five machine guns and a great quantity of baggage. A movement on the lower Dvina led the advancing troops into the Grynki-Gulstiny district and resulted in the storming of several enemy positions. The Russians are retreating on the entire front from Lake Raklowo to the Nemen.

"South of the road from Mariampol to Kovno, we enlarged the break and gained further ground to the eastward, capturing four officers, 1,210 men and four machine guns.

"On the Narw the enemy discontinued useless counter attacks. "South of the Vistula the Russians were pressed back toward Warsaw on the line running through Bionia, Nadarszyn, and Gora Kalwarja.

"Yesterday, by bold attacks, the troops of General Von Woytsch's army frustrated the final attempts of the enemy to arrest the retreat of his defeated troops before Ivangorod. At noon the great bridgehead position near Lagow and Logawowola was stormed by our brave Silesian troops. In close connection with this, with the assistance of the Austro-Hungarian troops the enemy was thrown on the entire front into the fortress which is now closely invested.

"Northwest of Ivangorod, Austro-Hungarian troops are still fighting on the western bank of the Vistula. Yesterday we captured more than 3,000 prisoners and eleven machine guns.

"Between the Vistula and the Bug, the battle, which Field Marshal Von Mackensen is directing, is proceeding. Southwest of Lublin the Austro-Hungarian troops are further progressing. Between Sienicka and Woia, south of Rejawice, hostile positions were stormed over a wide sector. Lagow is situated thirty kilometers east of Zwolen. Logawowola is ten kilometers northwest of Zwolen."

Movements of Ocean Steamers.
Port. Arrived. Sailed.
NEW YORK.Critic.
GOTHENBURG.Critic.
ST. PETERSBURG.Critic.
GENOA.Critic.
CADIZ.Critic.
LIVERPOOL.Critic.

THE WANT AD WAY.



(All rights reserved.)
Business has started.
It's now on the boom.
His store has enlarged—
He needs lots more room.
He wants a fine auto,
Drives down about nine;
When asked how he likes it,
Says "I like it just fine."
"And now let me tell YOU,
For experience I've had,
You can fill all your wants
With a little WANT AD."
The delicious use of WANT AD
space in THE OMAHA BEE will
cause any business to grow, because
THE BEE goes into the homes of
its readers.
To buy or sell merchandise or
service of any kind, just place an
AD in THE OMAHA BEE. Tele-
phone Tyler 1000 and
PUT IT IN THE OMAHA BEE.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

Premier Botha is Given Ovation
CAPE TOWN, Union of South Africa,
Via London 2:35 P. M.—Premier Botha
arrived here today from the campaign which
ended on July 9 with the surrender of
German southwest Africa. The premier
was cheered wherever he appeared. Busi-
ness was suspended. The city was de-
corated and the people thronged the
streets. On the arrival of Premier Botha
at the government house, 10,000 school
children sang the national anthem.

Prominent Rapid City
Woman Dies Suddenly
RAPID CITY, S. D., July 22.—(Special.)
—Sudden death came to Mrs. Charles
D. Matteson, one of this city's best
known women. She was stricken with
apoplexy at noon and three hours later
passed away without regaining con-
sciousness. With her husband she has
resided here since her early eighties, and
was identified with church and social
affairs.

Free Coupon
For the
Best Movies
By special arrangement with
eight of the leading moving
picture theaters THE BEE is
enabled to give its readers a
combination coupon good for
a free admission to any one
of them on days specified.
In Sunday's Bee

Gideons Gathering
for Convention
DES MOINES, Ia., July 22.—Incoming
trains today brought Gideons from all
sections of the country to attend the six-
teenth annual convention of that organiza-
tion, which was formally opened with
a meeting of its national cabinet. Two
cities are contestants for the 1916 con-
vention, Huntington, W. Va., and Chat-
anooga, Tenn.