

NEBRASKA SOLONS FINISH THEIR WORK AFTER TEDIOUS WAIT

Gavel Falls in the House at 3:22 o'Clock and a Short Time Later in the Upper Chamber.

APPROPRIATIONS CAUSE DELAY

National Guard Given Sixty-Seven Thousand Dollars for the Biennium.

DEMO PLEDGES IN THE DISCARD

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, April 13.—(Special.)—

The thirty-fourth session of the Nebraska legislature is a thing of the past, the gavel dropping for the last time in the house at 3:22 this afternoon, while Lieutenant Governor Pearson proclaimed that the senate stood adjourned eight minutes later.

The last minutes of the session were spent in waiting for the last bill to be engrossed. In the house the members remaining were entertained by one of Representative Greenwalt's addresses.

The last report covered the maintenance bill, and while the senate raised the house bill about \$124,000, it receded from its stand sufficiently so that the report showed a cut approximately of \$55,000. The National Guard gets \$67,500, a cut of about \$500 from the last biennium.

The legislature passed in all 308 bills, of which 113 are yet in the hands of the governor and not acted upon.

Last session the legislature passed 309 bills.

Big Appropriations.

The general maintenance bill carries \$2,700,000, while the salaries bill carries \$209,348.

A peculiar condition existed in the work of the session. While the democrats were in the majority in both branches, with a good working majority in each and with a democratic governor to approve their measures, they were able to get enacted into law but one party pledge, and that went through with the help of republican votes, and the measure was so badly butchered up with amendments that there was little left to the original bill but its title, and even the authorship bore the name of a republican. This was the public warehouse bill.

Party Pledge Falls.

The important measure or party pledge that was wanted the most failed miserably. Its failure is due to the fact that being a party pledge too much politics was injected into it. Two bills were introduced for the purpose of carrying out the pledge. One went so far as practically to legislate four supreme judges out of office in that it was so construed that it deprived them of the right to run for re-election. The second went to its death principally because the first one had opened up a fight which the second had to stand for and that, too, went to the bad.

Outside of the Greater Omaha act, probably the legislation along road lines and the Dalbey automobile act, may be considered to be among the leading legislative acts.

Among the concluding acts of the lower house was the adoption of a resolution endorsing the administration of President Wilson and his cabinet.

Vienna Says Russ Offensive is Halted At Several Points

WASHINGTON, April 13.—An official war office bulletin from Vienna received by the Austro-Hungarian embassy here today said the Russian offensive in the Carpathians had been brought to a standstill and that counter attacks had broken the Russian line in several places.

The dispatch follows: "Along the whole Carpathian front there is marked calmness. "Along the western section of the fighting line, where the Russians recently tried to break through with strong forces in the Ondava and Laborza valleys and completely failed with very heavy losses, there has not been any fighting for several days.

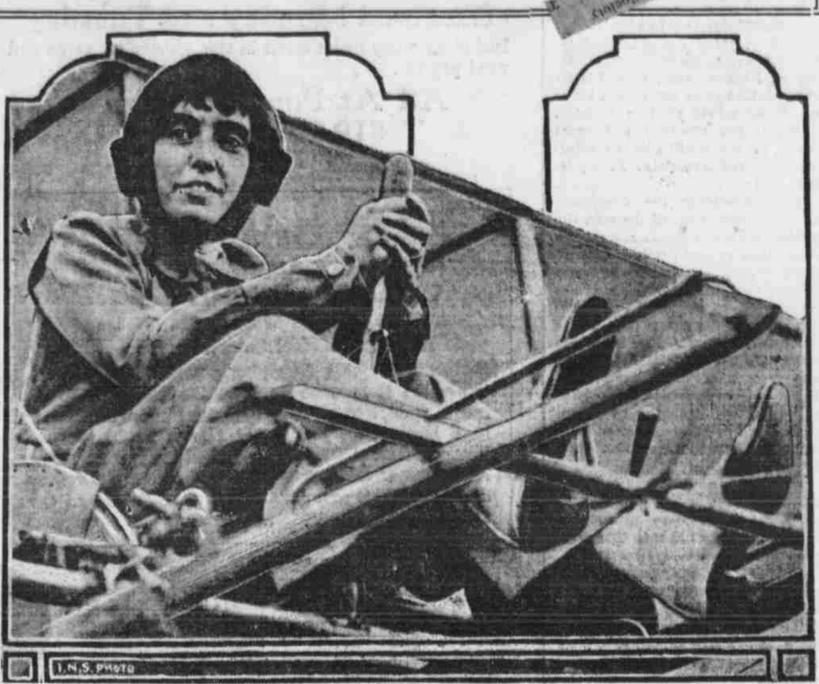
The Russian offensive since the fall of Przemyel, therefore, along the whole Carpathian front has been brought to a standstill and by counter attacks by our troops in several places the Russian line has been effectively broken."

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday. For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity. Fair warmer. Temperature at Omaha Yesterday. Hours. Dec. 45. 5 a. m. 45. 6 a. m. 45. 7 a. m. 45. 8 a. m. 45. 9 a. m. 45. 10 a. m. 45. 11 a. m. 45. 12 m. 45. 1 p. m. 45. 2 p. m. 45. 3 p. m. 45. 4 p. m. 45. 5 p. m. 45. 6 p. m. 45. 7 p. m. 45. 8 p. m. 45. 9 p. m. 45. 10 p. m. 45. 11 p. m. 45. Local Record. 1915. 1914. 1913. 1912. Highest yesterday 63 68 64 69. Lowest yesterday 26 34 30 37. Mean temperature 45 48 46 51. Precipitation 19.00 00.00 00.00.

Table with 4 columns: Year (1915, 1914, 1913, 1912) and rows for Highest, Lowest, Mean temperature, and Precipitation.

MME. HELENE DUTRIEU, first girl to be made a Legion of Honor in France who is to drive a French motor ambulance. She vainly tried to become a nurse.



ITALY ANOTHER STEP NEARER WAR

Army Officers Are Ordered to Dull Metals on Their Uniforms and Sword Scabbards.

MAY HOUSE TROOPS IN SCHOOLS

ROME, April 12.—(Via Paris, April 13.)—An order is printed in the Military Journal directing all army officers to dull the metal on their uniforms and the scabbards of their swords. This is a measure which usually is adopted on the eve of war.

After receiving a warning from the minister of war that in case of mobilization the public schools would be used to house troops, the municipal council tonight (Monday) to discuss what measures would be taken in such an emergency. It was decided to have school sessions continued in hired buildings, substituting women for male teachers, who would be called to the colors. It also was decided that so far as possible street cars and other public utilities would be operated by women as far as possible provided mobilization resulted in a shortage of male employees.

Turkish Envoys Visit Italy. Carasso Effendi, a member of the Turkish Chamber of Deputies, and Midhat Bey, former secretary of the committee of union and progress, who arrived here last week, have left for Constantinople by way of Venice and Vienna, after interviewing Italian statesmen. They denied emphatically that their mission was in relation to a separate peace for Turkey.

Their mission here, they declared, was to study Italo-Turkish relations in the hope that the common interests of the two countries might be guarded now and in the future. Before leaving, Carasso Effendi said: "Turkey entered the war knowing what it was doing and is determined to go on to the end."

Bond Brokers Made False Statements in Advertisements

CHICAGO, April 12.—William Farson and Roy A. H. Thompson, Chicago members of Farson, Son & Co., who with six others were indicted for alleged conspiracy and use of the mails to defraud, in connection with the sales of Greeley-Poudre irrigation district bonds, were admitted to bail of \$5,000 each today.

The indictment sets forth that the district advertised falsely that its water supply came constantly and in a direct flow from the Laramie river and that it owned a reservoir with a capacity of 300,000 feet and a water supply for 100,000 acres, whereas the only water supply consisted of an irregular flow from a very small amount of flood water, none of it from the Laramie river. A statement alleged to have been made in the advertising that the bonds were approved by the United States district court of Colorado is denied by the government.

Taft and Roosevelt Pall Bearers at Lounsbury Funeral

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 12.—Attended by men of prominence in the literary and public life of the country, including former Presidents Theodore Roosevelt and William H. Taft, the funeral of Prof. Thomas P. Lounsbury of Yale was held from the college chapel today. Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, secretary of the university, conducted the services.

Britain Agrees to Buy Cargo of Wilhelmina and Pay Owners' Losses

LONDON, April 13.—The British government has agreed to purchase the cargo of the American steamer Wilhelmina and to compensate the owners for loss. An agreement to this effect was reached today between the W. L. Green Commission company of St. Louis and the government.

GERMANY IS NOT READY FOR PEACE

Statement Made that Kaiser is Not Party to Peace Negotiations of Any Kind.

WILL PUSH ALL CAMPAIGNS

ROME, April 12.—(Via Paris, April 13.)—Information in this city is that there is absolutely no basis for the report that peace negotiations under certain conditions are being considered in Berlin.

These reports, it is said, are based upon ignorance of actual conditions in the German empire. The assertion is made that both Germany and Austria, particularly the former, have within their borders supplies of everything necessary to prolong the war indefinitely.

Well informed Germans in Rome declare the determination of the central empire to carry the conflict to the end will become apparent soon, when the campaign is resumed with fresh vigor on both fronts, according to plans mapped out by the central staff during the winter. The same sources of information are authority for the statement that can only Germany provide enough food to supply its people, but that it has on hand a plentiful store of supplies for manufacturing arms and ammunition.

Teutons Retaliate, Britons in Barracks

LONDON, April 12.—A dispatch to Reuters' Telegraph company from Amsterdam says: "The German government has decided to make reprisals against British officer prisoners for the treatment that is being accorded the prisoners of German submarine boats in England. For each prisoner of a submarine crew and for the duration of his harsh treatment, which it is contended is contrary to international law, it has been resolved by Germany to treat likewise a British officer without distinction of person."

HUNDREDS KILLED IN FIRE IN JAPANESE COAL MINE

TOKYO, April 12.—A fatal accident in a coal mine near Shimonekeki has resulted in the loss of 236 lives, according to information received in Tokyo this evening.

Annex to Hospital for Insane Burned; 200 Patients Saved

CHICAGO, April 12.—Two hundred convalescent patients of the Chicago state hospital for the insane were rescued today from fire, which destroyed a rambling frame structure used as an annex to the institution at Dunning, northwest of the city. Warned by previous blazes in the building, the hospital authorities had prepared a fire drill which worked without a hitch. Some 2,000 other inmates of the institution were guarded to prevent panic or undue excitement in the main building, a few hundred feet from the fire.

COMING OF THE GERMANS GIVES HUNGARY HOPE

General Staff of Kaiser Now in Charge of Defense of the Carpathians and Two Great Passes Barred.

UZSOK AND BESKID STILL HELD

People of Dual Monarchy Greatly Cheered by Arrival of Prussians Passing Through Budapest.

RUSS SWEEP ONWARD DELAYED

VENICE, Italy (Via London), April 13.—Messages from Vienna say that the passage of a large number of German troops through Budapest on the way to the Carpathians somewhat reassured the Hungarian population, which became alarmed by reports that a Russian invasion threatened.

It is said that the defense of the Carpathians has been largely entrusted to Germans. Viennese journals assert that the German troops have not only succeeded in repulsing the Russians, but have initiated counter attacks and captured large stores of war munitions.

Two Passes Barred.

LONDON, April 13.—Two gateways into Hungary still remain barred despite the tremendous hammering by the Russian forces and as the Beskid pass is the most important of the two strategically, a further advance in to Hungary hangs upon the possession of Uzsok pass where the invaders are meeting with the most stubborn opposition.

Several days ago the Russians captured a position which gave them command of a road leading to the rear of Uzsok pass, but since then the Russian allies have checked the movements in this direction. The importance of the Carpathians operations is indicated by the half-hearted actions reported from the other sectors on the long eastern front, where even the counter offensive in east Galicia, which evidently was planned to divert the Russian efforts from the passes, seems to have been prosecuted with little energy.

Germans Bring Cheer.

The people of the dual monarchy are said to be greatly cheered by the number of German reinforcements passing through Budapest on the way to the Carpathians front to take part in the operations which are now believed to be in charge of the German general staff.

The whole campaign in the east pivots on Uzsok pass, where the Austro-German forces are in such great strength that the efforts of the Russians to reach the Hungarian plains are likely to be prolonged.

In the west the French apparently are satisfied with their recent successes between the Meuse and the Lorraine frontier and claim only to have come in contact with the German outposts in this region. Official German reports assert that determined attacks by the French have been repulsed along this sector.

Half Dozen Teams to Start in Alaska Dog Sweepstakes Race

NOME, Alaska, April 12.—The 425-mile Alaskan sweepstakes race for dog teams will start Wednesday, when half a dozen teams each made up from ten to eighteen dogs drawing a racing sled, driven by the most expert drivers in the north, set out on the eighty-hour grind over the snow trail from Nome to Candle and return.

The list of entries is not yet complete, but already four of the most widely known drivers in Alaska have entered the race. These are A. A. (Scotty) Allan, who twice has driven the team owned jointly by himself and Mrs. Charles E. Darling of Berkeley, Cal., to victory; Leonard Seppala, Paul Kjegstad and Fred Ayer, John Johnson, whose team of Siberian wolves set the record of seventy-four hours fourteen minutes and twenty seconds in 1910 and won last year's race in eighty-one hours and three minutes; will not race this year, having taken his dogs to San Francisco.

The purse already amounts to \$2,000, but sum having been raised at a kermis held Saturday night. This sum will be awarded considerably, it is expected, by a speedville performance to be given tonight.

Present indications are against lowering the record set by Johnson five years ago. Light snow is falling and this will have a tendency toward making a slow course.

McAdoo and Williams Preparing an Answer To Riggs National

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Officials of the Treasury department and of the Riggs National bank were busy today preparing for the legal battle to follow the proceedings begun by the bank yesterday to enjoin Secretary McAdoo and Comptroller of the Currency Williams from alleged persecution of that institution.

Mr. Williams was in conference with Postmaster General Burleson, Louis D. Brandeis of Boston and Jesse E. Adkins, a Washington attorney. Officials of the national bank were busy today preparing for the legal battle to follow the proceedings begun by the bank yesterday to enjoin Secretary McAdoo and Comptroller of the Currency Williams from alleged persecution of that institution.

Captain of Wilhelm Asks for Permit to Repair His Ship

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HUGE PEACE FLAG FLOATS OVER SHIP

Jane Addams and Party Sail from New York to Attend Conference of Women at The Hague.

FEAR VESSEL MAY BE INTERNED

NEW YORK, April 13.—Forty women delegates to the International Woman's Peace conference at The Hague, headed by Miss Jane Addams of Chicago, sailed for Rotterdam today aboard the Holland-American line steamer Noordam.

NEW YORK, April 13.—A huge peace flag floated from the masthead of the Holland-American line steamship Noordam today as the forty or more delegates from America went on board to sail for Rotterdam to attend the International Woman's congress at The Hague.

Miss Jane Addams of Chicago, who led the delegation, said she had doubts whether it was permissible to fly the flag, until she received last night a message from a representative who had consulted Robert Lansing, counselor for the State department at Washington. The message said: "Officially the United States can say nothing, as it is a foreign ship. But fly ahead."

The flag was a snow white pennant bearing the word "Peace" in blue letters. It was given by Mayor Mitchell of New York. It was designed by the women delegates aided by agents of the steamship line. Speaking of the flag at a farewell dinner last evening Miss Addams said that "we cannot guess what a foreign submarine will do at the sight of a new flag to attack, but we are secure in our conviction to do what we can for peace."

Friends of the delegates and supporters of the peace movement who gathered at the pier discussed with some concern Miss Addams' intimation in her speech that the voyage might be attended with some danger and that it was possible that the delegates might never reach The Hague. "The ship may be interned in some harbor and never reach Rotterdam," she said.

Among the delegates were Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, the English suffragist; Miss Alice Carpenter, Miss Mary Chamberlain, Mrs. Frank Cothran, Miss Madeline Z. Doty and Miss Leonora O'Reilly from New York; Mrs. George Rublee of Washington; Miss Sophronia Breckenridge of Chicago; Miss Grace Abbott, Dr. Alice Hamilton, Miss Rebecca Shelly, Miss Grace Wales of the University of Wisconsin; Mrs. Napierolsky of Chicago; Miss Grace De Graff of Portland, Ore.; Madam Aino Malmberg, member of the Finnish Parliament; Mrs. Marian Craig Wentworth; Mrs. Louis Post, Miss Annie Mulloy of Boston, representing the Telephone Operators' union, and Mrs. Rose French of San Francisco.

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Damage to Liner Minnesota is Small

SEATTLE, Wash., April 13.—The Great Northern Steamship company was advised today that its liner Minnesota, which ran on soft ground in the Inland Sea of Japan yesterday and bent several plates, is only slightly damaged. It is leaking in No. 1 hold, but the pumps have made by keeping the water down. Emergency cargo will be lightered to float the vessel, which will be docked at Nagasaki.

ALLIES INCREASE PRESSURE UPON WESTERN FRONT

Movement Against Germans in France and Belgium is Developing on Large Scale.

RUSSIANS CONTINUE ADVANCE

Rumor that Emperor William is Directing Operations in Carpathians Not Credited.

SEA FIGHT RUMOR UNCONFIRMED

EFFORTS OF THE ALLIES to drive back the German wedge in the Meuse-Moselle region continues unrelentingly, both the official communications from both Paris and Berlin indicate that the German lines are holding.

FRENCH BATTLESHIP, with the aid of sea planes, attacked a Turkish camp in the vicinity of Gaza, in southern Palestine, near the Egyptian border.

GERMAN ATTACK on the Russian forces in the north, near the Prussian frontier, was resumed yesterday and another battle is in progress for the possession of the important Russian fortress of Osawetz.

FIVE INDEPENDENT Austrian armies are operating along the Carpathian front. Several newspapers publish semi-official details concerning the campaign to the effect that the various Austrian armies are under direction of the German staff.

HEAVY FIGHTING is in progress in Bukovina, according to a Bucharest dispatch to Paris.

"HIGHEST GERMAN AUTHORITY" in Rome has denied reports that Germany is considering peace negotiations.

ITALIAN MILITARY authorities have ordered their officers to dull the metal on their uniforms and scabbards.

LONDON, April 13.—Field Marshal Sir John French's message to his countrymen at home that "I know when the time comes for us to make our great move; we can break through the Germans," and the British eye witness statement of yesterday that there are plain signs of the "gradual weakening of the German resistance," are accepted here as an intimation that the present steady pressure on the western front shortly will develop into events of vast scope. It is thus expected that the next three months will be especially memorable in this war.

Allies' Warships Use Mexican Bay as Base of Supplies

SAN DIEGO, Cal., April 13.—Verification of reports that British, Japanese and Australian warships and auxiliaries were using Magdalena bay, Lower California, as a coal and supply base was made here today by Captain A. Sommella of the auxiliary cruiser Eusebiada, which reached port late yesterday from Magdalena, via Turke bay.

"Warships of the allied fleet in the Pacific have been using Magdalena bay as a base for a number of months," said Captain Sommella. According to the natives, there have been at times a fleet of foreign warships and auxiliaries, mostly British and Japanese, at anchor in the bay. The warships were all stripped for action and looked as if they had been steaming on long voyages.

The Eusebiada entered Magdalena bay early in March. At that time a two-funnelled cruiser, painted lead color, and with decks cleared for action, was anchored about two miles from the entrance of the bay. It flew no ensign, but from its appearance it looked to be a Japanese vessel. It remained forty-eight hours and then in the dead of night steamed out to sea. Later the Japanese cruiser Citous entered Magdalena, coaled from British collier and proceeded to the Japanese cruiser Amami is still aground on the pinnacle on which it became impaled December 31. Attempts to salvage the cruiser have been going on without interruption since it struck, but the work was stopped about a week ago to await the arrival of a salvage steamer.

During the operations a fleet of British and Japanese warships was anchored in Turke bay, their crews assisting in the salvage attempts. The cruiser Idzumi and lotawa steamed for Honolulu a week ago.

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Advertisement for the Omaha Gate City of the West. Text: "STOP OFF IN THE OMAHA THE GATE CITY OF THE WEST. Omaha has one of the finest, best equipped and centrally located Y. M. C. A. buildings in the country and the same is true of its beautiful Y. W. C. A. building. The activities of these institutions invite the careful attention of visitors."

Advertisement for The Omaha Bee. Text: "Telephone Tyler 1000 THE OMAHA BEE 'Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads'"