



SAY BRITONS MAY SINK NEUTRALS

Berlin intimates this means will be taken to embroil Germany with United States.

GERARD FEARS NO TROUBLE

BERLIN, Feb. 16.—(By Wireless to London.)—An official statement, reading as follows, was issued in Berlin today: "In so much as it is to the interest of Great Britain that conflicts arise between Germany and neutral powers, it is thought in German shipping circles that English submarines, in order to bring about this end, may purposely sink one or more neutral ships. It is known also in the shipping circles that Great Britain has laid large quantities of mines against German submarines."

GERARD FEARS NO TROUBLE. BERLIN, Feb. 16.—(Via London.)—The Lokal Anzeiger today publishes an interview with James W. Gerard, the American ambassador to Germany, which reads as follows: "I regard the relations today between our two countries calmly and with confidence, and I believe pending questions will be solved in a manner mutually satisfactory. Men at the head of the governments in Berlin and Washington are not permitting themselves to be influenced either by the press or by public criticisms. The public in the United States, as well as in Germany, should await developments quietly."

Great Britain Can Solve It. The Cologne Gazette, commenting today on the diplomatic situation which has arisen out of Germany's declaration of a marine war zone around England says that the American note to Great Britain contains a demand the granting of which would at once remove or reduce to small proportions all danger of American shipping. If Great Britain abandoned the use of the Stars and Stripes, few ships would carry this banner into the war zone waters. To recognize a ship as American would be equivalent to knowing it as a neutral.

The Cologne Volkszeitung says Germany must await patiently and show that February 18 will be a day of bitter earnest.

Mayor Harrison's Wife Takes Stump

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—Mrs. Carter H. Harrison, wife of Mayor Harrison, today took her husband's place on the stump and addressed several meetings of workers, urging them to vote for her husband and nominate him next Tuesday as the democratic candidate for mayor. Mayor Harrison, because of illness, was unable to fill a number of his engagements to speak and Mrs. Harrison volunteered to take his place.

Rent room quick with a See Want Ad.

BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING BADLY WRECKED BY FIRE

(Continued from Page One.)

Without taking any action looking to repairing the old building or building a new structure. Nothing in this direction will be done until after the loss is adjusted by the insurance companies.

The officers of the building company are: W. H. Koenig, president; Fred J. Adams, vice president; E. M. Morsman, Jr., treasurer; Lucile C. Harding, secretary; who with Casper, E. Yes, J. H. Millard, Jay D. Foster, George B. Frins, C. B. Stone and Fred W. Kayser, constitute the board of directors.

There are some eighty stockholders, who are among the wealthy people of the city. They include such persons as the officers and directors, Thomas Kilpatrick, Gottlieb Storz, E. M. Morsman, Mrs. E. L. Stone and others.

Many Prefer to Rebuild. It is understood that a majority of the directors and many of the stockholders are strongly in favor of tearing out the old building and erecting a modern structure on the site, one suitable for a first-class business house with offices on the floors above. The future of the building is to be determined at a meeting of the stockholders to be called shortly.

Early this morning and almost before the fire was out, there was a scramble upon the part of tenants to get into new locations.

Early yesterday and almost before one of the first to get into a new location. At 8:30 o'clock he had an office leased in the City National bank building and an hour later his sign was painted on the door.

J. E. Vandorn, attorney, at 9 o'clock was located in The Bee building and was ready to advise with his clients. McKenlie & Cox, attorneys, moved into The Bee building during the morning, and by noon were located.

E. M. Morsman, Jr., took rooms on the sixth floor of the State bank building. The Nebraska Fuel company located at 411 South Sixteenth street, in the City National bank building.

Bank Moves. The German-American State bank, on the first floor of the Board of Trade building, suffered only a water soaking. It made it necessary, however, for the bank to move temporarily. Books and tables were hastily grabbed up and moved to the old Burlington ticket office at Fifteenth and Farnam streets, where the bank was doing business shortly after 9 o'clock.

The vault was untouched, and will be left in the Board of Trade building to be guarded at night by a detail of watchmen. From day to day money enough to run the bank's daily business will be taken to the temporary quarters at Fifteenth and Farnam streets.

Not a sign of the flame touched the bank rooms, although water poured through the ceiling all night and was still dripping in the morning. Officials of the bank stated that no valuable papers

were lost and no records destroyed. The mahogany finish of the interior, however, was seriously damaged by the water. Mahogany does not stand a water soaking, and as the entire fixtures of the bank were of mahogany the loss will necessarily amount to something. This is covered by insurance.

Club Loss Ten Thousand Dollars.

The board of directors of the University club met Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock and discussed the question of new quarters. A committee, composed of the house committee, together with President Rogers, was appointed to look for available space for a temporary location.

On investigation of the origin of the fire, it was found that no meals had been served at the club after the noon luncheon. In fact, that portion of the club had been practically closed at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The board of directors is unable to determine how the fire could have originated in the club rooms as the investigation showed that at the south end of the building the floor has collapsed. This fact would indicate that the fire probably started below the fifth floor.

President Herbert M. Rogers, in speaking of the fire said: "On investigation I found the entire equipment of the club to be a total loss. It is difficult to determine the value of this equipment, as we have been unable to reach the safe. But I would place the value somewhere between \$10,000 and \$15,000, which is fully covered by insurance. I am glad to state, however, that the club is in excellent financial condition. It has a sinking fund invested in quick convertible assets which with the equipment fund will be immediately available for refurnishing any future quarters determined upon. The club, however, feels keenly the loss of numerous gifts from members and guests, consisting of pictures, trophies and books which have accumulated since its organization."

The University club had twenty-five big upholstered oak chairs, a big victrola, four pool tables, a large oak reading table, a small library containing a few hundred volumes, an electric, self-playing piano, and some thirty or forty dining room tables, besides, of course, the kitchen equipment, and the immediate office equipment, including a large stock of cigars.

Loss of Tenants. The loss to the Aarons jewelry and novelty goods stock may reach \$15,000 to \$20,000, or, perhaps more. It was on the first floor and everything was soaked with water.

The McCarty stock of woolen goods is perhaps a total loss, practically all of the cloths having been wet through and through. While it is impossible to fix the damage, it is asserted that it may reach \$4,000 to \$5,000.

O. D. Kiplinger & Son were among the heavy losers. They carried a large stock of tobaccos and cigars in the retail store on the first, and an immense stock on the floor above, which was the wholesale department. Water went through the floors and soaked the goods, entailing a loss of perhaps \$20,000 to \$25,000.

In the offices occupied by the lawyers, the libraries were greatly damaged, many of the books being soaked through and

through. Some of the libraries are completely ruined.

The Stryker Shoe company, on the first floor, stands to lose anywhere from \$5,000 to \$10,000. Practically every shoe in the store was wet, many of them completely ruined. The water poured through the ceiling and flooded the room to a depth of three feet. This store was directly under where the fire was the fiercest and under that portion of the burned building where the most water was poured.

Hall to Stay. With the water pouring through the ceiling above and the floor of their office a lake, the C. W. Hull company held the fort, ground floor, Farnam street side. All day the telephone operator held the post, taking orders for coal, while the clerks worked at their books as if nothing had happened.

Miss Harding, secretary of the Board of Trade company for fifteen years, remained with the building. With water an inch deep over the floor of her room, she ordered a couple of oil stoves and stayed at her desk, serving patrons as usual.

The Nebraska Savings and Loan association had to move out and secured temporary quarters in the United States National Bank building, one door to the west.

Thin Folks Who Would Be Fat

Increase in Weight Ten Pounds or More

A Physician's Advice. "I'd certainly give most anything to be able to fat up a few pounds and stay that way," declares every excessively thin man or woman. Such a result is not impossible, despite past failures. Thin people are victims of mal-nutrition, a condition which prevents the fatty elements of food from being taken up by the blood as they are when the powers of nutrition are normal. Instead of getting into the blood, all the fat and flesh producing elements stay in the intestines until they pass from the body as waste. To correct this condition and to produce a healthy, normal amount of fat the nutritive processes must be artificially supplied with the power which nature has denied them. This can best be accomplished by eating a Sargol tablet with every meal. Sargol is a scientific combination of six of the best strengthening, fat-producing elements known in the medical profession. Taken with meals, it mixes with the food and turns the sugars and starches into rich, ripe nourishment for the tissues and blood, and its rapid effect is remarkable. Reported gains of from ten to twenty-five pounds in a single month are by no means infrequent. Yet its action is perfectly natural and absolutely harmless. Sargol is sold by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., Omaha, and other good druggists everywhere and every package contains a guarantee of weight increase or money back.

Caution.—While Sargol has produced remarkable results in the treatment of nervous indigestion and general stomach disorders, it should not, owing to its remarkable flesh producing effect, be used by those who are not willing to increase their weight ten pounds or more.—Advertisement.

CABINET CONSIDERS PRICE OF WHEAT

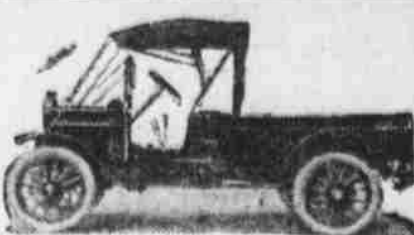
WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Increase in the price of wheat, flour and bread throughout the country were taken up today by President Wilson and the cabinet. It was understood Secretary Houston of the Department of Agriculture soon will have available figures showing the amount of wheat in the country at present as compared with the amount a year ago.

The letter of Mayor Mitchell of New York, suggesting a federal embargo on the exportation of wheat was before the cabinet, but the president still adheres to his view that he has no authority to declare such an embargo without action by congress.

See Want Ads Produce Results.

Motor Trucks

CAPACITY 1500 TO 5 TONS



This Commerce Truck on Display at our Show Room

2218 Farnam Street
E. E. MOSER & CO. Tel. D. 3800

Spaces 5 and 10

Studebaker
MOTOR CARS

"Follow the Lead of Your Neighbor"

"Studebaker Wilson"

2429 Farnam Street

OMAHA

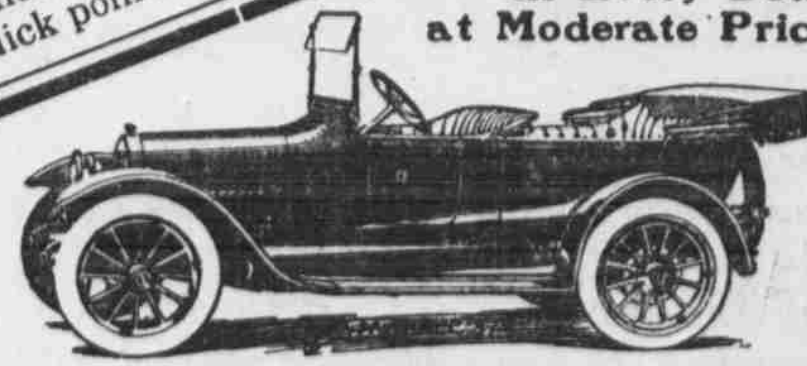
Buick
STABILITY

It is only equaled by that of the Buick Motor Company. The Buick factory is the largest automobile manufacturing plant in the world and is one of the strongest financially. The **STANDING OF THE MANUFACTURER** is one of the most important points to investigate when purchasing a car. "Look before you Buy." Be sure and inspect the

BUICK

BUICK VALVE-IN-HEAD MOTORS. Their cost of operation and upkeep is the least—consequently they are the most economical. The motor is the heart of an automobile. Therefore, the efficiency of the car depends upon its power, economy and durability—three Buick points of vantage.

A Line of Cars Complete in Every Detail at Moderate Prices



\$1235 F. O. B. Factory.

Write for Catalog. Study the models. Four and sixes—\$900.00 to \$1650.00 f. o. b. Flint, Mich.

Send us your name to be placed on the "Buick Bulletin" mailing list. The newest automobile paper in the country sent free.

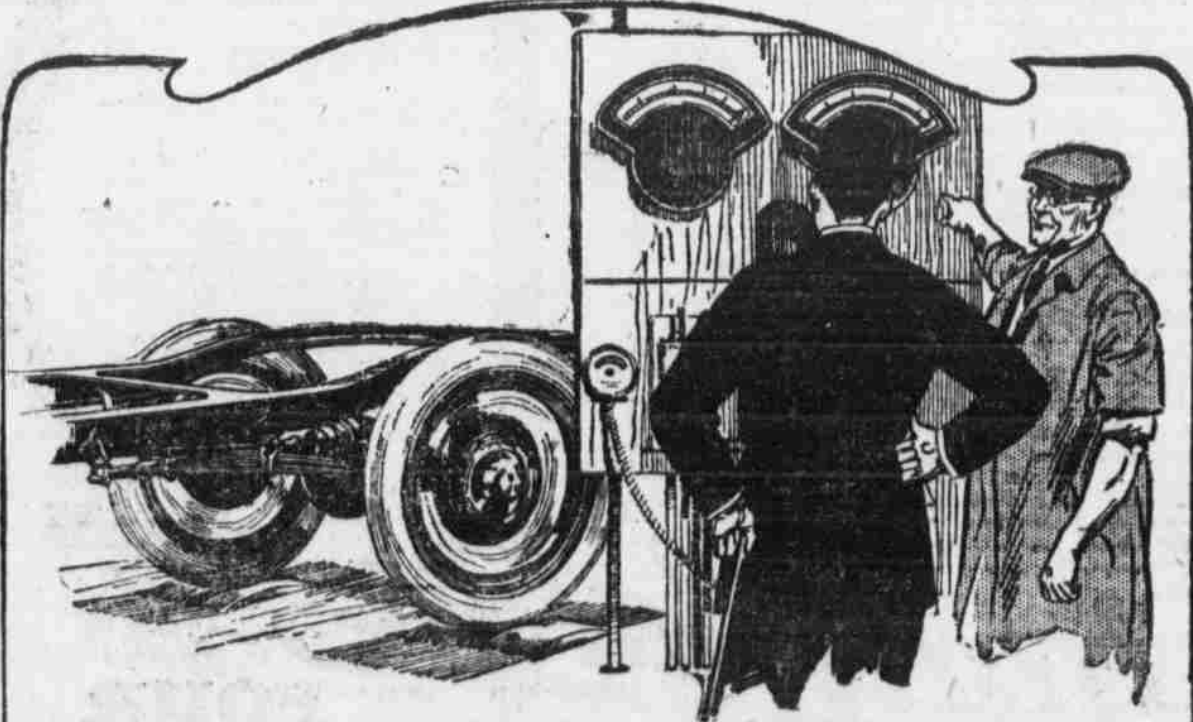
Nebraska Buick Auto Co.

OMAHA
Lee Huff, Mgr.

LINCOLN
H. E. Sidles, Gen. Mgr.

SIOUX CITY
S. C. Douglas, Mgr.

When Better Automobiles Are Built—Buick Will Build Them



A well-known axle manufacturer, acquainted with practically every automobile manufacturer in the country, was present at a meeting where twenty-one automobile engineers discussed the worm drive on the Jeffery Chesterfield Six.

- Chesterfield Six \$1650
- Light Four \$1450
- Six-48 \$2400



"Every comment that I heard," said the axle builder, "was favorable. One talked about the superior strength; another about the greater power efficiency; another commented on the silent running; and everyone agreed that freedom from damage through chipping, stripping and the elimination of friction meant an axle that would outlive even the car itself."

Jeffery is the first American built gasoline car to use worm drive. It must eventually become standard on all cars which lay claim to high quality.

The Thomas B. Jeffery Company
Main Office and Works, Kenosha, Wisconsin

JEFFERY OMAHA COMPANY

Geo. G. McVicker, Mgr. 2056-58 Farnam St. Omaha, Nebraska.