

HUNT TO POSTPONE ARIZONA ALIEN LAW

Wires State Department He Will Delay Putting Act Aimed at Foreigners in Force.

PROTEST BY OTHER COUNTRIES

Formal Objections to Legislation Lodged by Bureau at Washington by British and Italian Ambassadors.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—In the absence of accurate advice, Secretary Bryan refused last night to comment on Governor Hunt announcing his decision to postpone the proclamation of Arizona's anti-alien employment law pending further communication from the state department.

The Italian protest cites the commercial treaty between Italy and the United States, ratified in 1871, which provides that citizens of each nation resident in the other shall have liberty to carry on trade, wholesale and retail, to hire and occupy houses and warehouses to employ agents of their own choice and generally to do anything incidental or necessary for trade upon the same terms as natives of the country, submitting themselves to the laws there established.

The note presented by the British ambassador sought information as to the anti-alien act and expressed astonishment at the operation of the Arizona "90 per cent law," which forbids the employment of more than one foreigner in every five employed in any business in the state.

The state department wired to the governor, informing him that the ambassadors of Great Britain and Italy had protested against the law and asking him whether there were any means by which he could suspend the operation of the law. The governor telegraphed the provisions of the law to the department and added:

"I am directed to issue a proclamation declaring the measure a law, forthwith, upon receipt from the secretary of state of a certificate of the election returns. 'Forthwith,' broadly interpreted, means within the reasonable time required to prepare the proclamation. I am very much averse to prolonging the period preceding the issuance of the proclamation, but I realize the international aspect given by the protest of the Italian and British ambassadors and will await further advice from the department."

NINE CAUSES FOR INDUSTRIAL UNREST

(Continued from Page One.)
Keep themselves in office and to graft on employers.
"Efficiency of workers, resulting in ever increasing cost of living.
"Rapidly increasing complexity of industry.
"Sudden transition of a large number of foreigners from regression to freedom, which makes them an easy prey to labor agitators.
"Universal care to get rich quick.
"Decay of old ideas of honesty and thrift.
"Mainstream in newspapers.
"Too much organization for combative purposes instead of for co-operation.
"Violence in labor troubles.
"Sympathetic strikes and jurisdictional disputes.
"Boycotting and picketing.
"Meddlesome and burdensome legislation.
"The closed shop, which makes for labor monopoly. Financial irresponsibility of labor unions.
On the Side of Workers.
A similar presentation of the employer's side is as follows:
"Normal and healthy desire for better living conditions.
"Protest against low wages, long hours, insanitary and dangerous conditions existing in many industries.
"Demand for industrial democracy, and revolt against the suppression of organization.
"Unemployment, and the insecurity which the wage-earner feels at all times.
"Unjust distribution of the product of industry.
"Exploitation of the many by the favored few. Demand for share of production.
"Unjust attitude of police and courts.
"There is one law for the rich, another for the poor.
"Immigration and the consequent over-supply of labor.
"Existence of a 'double standard,' which sanctions only a poor living, in return for the hardest manual labor, and at the same time luxury for persons who perform no useful service whatever.
"Disregard of grievances of industrial employees and lack of machinery for redressing same.
"Control by 'big business' over both industry and state.
"Fear on the part of those in comfortable positions of being driven to poverty by sickness, accident or involuntary loss of employment.
"Indifference of workers on account of lack of proper training.
"Unfair competition from prison and other exploited labor.
"The rapid pace of modern industry, which results in accidents and premature old age.
"Lack of attention to sickness and accidents, and the difficulty and delay incident in securing compensation for accidents under the common law, and the statutes of states which have not adopted

New Revolution Against Villa and Carranza Started in Mexico

El Paso, Dec. 6.—A new revolutionary movement has been started in Mexico, according to copies of a proclamation received here today and signed by Jose Ines Salazar and Emilio P. Campa, two former federal generals. They were reported at the head of troops in central Chihuahua and about to attack Casas Grandes, a strategic point southwest of Juarez and west of Chihuahua City.

The proclamation denounced both the Carranza constitutionalist government as established at Vera Cruz and the convention government sustained by Villa. It was said that a convention form of government would be established by the new party. Support in all parts of Mexico was claimed.
The document was dated at Yado de Piedra, Chihuahua, on November 2. This was a few days after General Salazar escaped from the jail at Albuquerque, New Mexico, where he was held on a charge of perjury. He previously had been detained at Fort Bliss, Tex., by the American military authorities.

modern methods of dealing with those questions.
"Arbitrary discharge of employes.
"Blacklisting of individual employes.
"Exploitation of women and children in industry.
"Promotion of violence by the use of gunmen, spies and provokers hired by employes.
"Attempt to destroy unionism by the presence of the 'open shop.'
"Monopolization of land and natural resources.
"Suppression of free speech and right of peaceful assembly."
As to Collective Bargaining.
On the principle of collective bargaining, the investigators found virtually all witnesses with the exception of those representing the Industrial Workers of the World to be in accord. As to any suggested method of application of that principle, however, wide divergence of opinion was noted. In this connection the report adds:

"A majority of the best informed witnesses who have appeared before the commission have insisted, however, upon the necessity of securing a proper basis upon which such collective bargaining can be carried out. It is impossible to analyze these suggestions at this time, but it may be well to note that practically all of the most experienced witnesses have insisted upon the necessity for strong organization of both employers and employees as a fundamental basis for the successful conduct of collective bargaining."

Criticism of Trade Unions.
The report takes up in detail criticisms of existing trade unions, which it says came from employers and radicals, who advocate other forms of labor organization. There are eighteen detailed criticisms in this list, with an additional list of seven specified objections to present labor union methods made by Industrial Workers of the World.
Paralleling these lists, twenty-one detailed criticisms of employer's organizations are presented, coming from labor representatives. The labor men, however, were unanimous in favoring strong organizations by employers to further collective agreements with employees.

Against Compulsory Arbitration.
While virtually unanimous agreement of witnesses was found in favor of the formation of a federal commission of mediation and conciliation, the reports point out that "practically every witness has expressed the strongest disapproval of any form of compulsory arbitration."
Arbitration was suggested only as a last resort and then to be purely voluntary. Witnesses agreed that mediators should be bi-partisan, that they should have full power of investigation, that their contact with industry or industries with which they are expected to deal should be as nearly continuous as possible, that they should, if possible, act before a dispute has come to a head, and that adequate inducements should be offered to obtain the best possible men.
The testimony of a majority of the employers was in favor of a rule similar to that of the Canadian industrial disputes act, which prohibits strikes and lockouts in public utilities pending investigation by the mediators, assisted by representatives of the employers and employees. Such a law is uniformly opposed by the representatives of labor on the ground that it is entirely in favor of the employer who utilizes the period of delay to make preparations for breaking the strike. It is also insisted that such a delay would be in violation of that provision of the constitution of the United States which prohibits involuntary servitude.

Investigating Organizations.
Regarding trade unions and employers' associations the commission announces that it is making a comprehensive study of a large number of typical organizations. The commission says:
"Against many of these associations and unions grave charges of serious import to the welfare of the country, if they are proved true, have been laid before the commission, and it is only by the most painstaking, impartial and unrelenting examination that the facts can be developed, and such examination we are now prosecuting."

The commission's experts also are looking into questions of unorganized labor, scientific management in shops as it affects employes, women and children in industry, land problems, unemployment, social legislation and labor and the law. Of unemployment the report says:
"Nothing comes so clear to the commission as the imperative necessity of organizing a market for labor on a modern business basis, so that there will be no vacant jobs and idle workers in the same industry at the same time, or within distance where the transportation is practicable. The consensus of opinion is that legislation for a national system of labor exchanges is an immediate necessity. The plan of the commission proposes to establish a bureau of employment in the Department of Labor, which would co-operate with state and municipal employment offices, regulate private agencies doing interstate business, and establish clearing houses for distributing information, uniting all labor exchanges into one national system."

Suggestion for Legislation.
Proposals for constructive legislation, the report announces, will be submitted to congress covering labor exchanges, industrial education, vocational guidance, and apprenticeship; safety, sanitation, health of employes and administration of laws relating thereto; smuggling of Asiatic, mediation, conciliation and arbitration; women and child labor, minimum wage, hours of labor, agriculture and farm labor, social insurance, especially women's sickness and invalidity insurance and labor and the law.

DEMOS ARE LAYING MINES

Plans Already Being Centered Upon Race Two Years Hence.

HOW TO DIVIDE UP THE STATE

Wise Old Democrat Says the Situation Indicates Continuation of Bryan and Hitchcock Battle to Finish.
(From a Staff Correspondent.)
LINCOLN, Dec. 6.—(Special.)—Much speculation is rife as to what effect the return of Richard L. Metcalfe to the newspaper game in Nebraska will have on the democratic campaign for the United States senate in 1916.
In the minds of some it means a bitter scrap in the democratic party for control. The leading editorial of Mr. Metcalfe in his initial issue of the Nebraska may be read in different ways. On the face there are indications Mr. Metcalfe may pose as the dove of peace, but in the opinion of the democrats, very close to the situation, there is a story, between the lines, which to the initiated only is discernible.

CHRISTMAS SHIP REACHES FRANCE

Fifty Wagonloads of Gifts Taken from Naval Vessel Jason at Marseilles.

ENGLISH SOLDIERS INTERESTED

Write from Front, Asking that Their Little Ones Be Remembered by Gift from the States.

MARSEILLES, Dec. 6.—Something of Christmas cheer was assured the children of Marseilles, whose fathers have been killed, wounded or are on the firing line, when the United States naval collier, Jason came into port yesterday and unloaded fifty wagon loads of gifts. The troops, massed upon the quays to watch the landing, gave the ship and the Americans a warm greeting.
(Continued from Page One.)
LONDON, Dec. 6.—(Special Cablegram to the New York World and Omaha Bee.)—Although officials of the local government board and volunteers at Earl's court headquarters are working fourteen to fifteen hours a day in an effort to complete the tabulation of the hundreds of youthful beneficiaries of the hundreds of newspapers, Santa Claus ship in the British Isles, it is still impossible to give an accurate estimate of the number who will receive gifts from the American children on Christmas day.

New Orphans Every Day.
The chief difficulty lies in the fact that each day brings a fresh addition to the casualty lists of British soldiers and sailors, and thus batches of new names must be added to the host of youngsters to whom the American Kris Kringle must pay a visit. There are more than enough presents to go around, and the likelihood is that many kiddies, whose fathers neither fighting in their country, will be given a share of the Christmas cheer.
Of course, the orphans of the war will have first consideration, and thus an inseparable feature of preparations for this Christmas celebration is the close study of the grim roll of dead.

MEMORY OF DEAD HONORED BY ELKS

(Continued from Page One.)
or that, no matter what our politics may be, we are united on the one best of all principles, the handshake of brotherhood."

The Omaha String orchestra and the Omaha Elks Glee club furnished music for the occasion. Lyle I. Abbott, acting chaplain, gave the invocation. Miss Alice Dwyer and Miss Ruth Ganson each rendered solos. Mrs. Grant W. Williams gave a reading of "Thanksgiving," the bit of William Cullen Bryant's moralizing on life and death. The exalted ruler and officers of the lodge participated in the closing ceremonies, after which the sociology was sung, and Rev. Dr. Buxton pronounced the benediction.
Following is the list of Omaha Elks deceased in the last year since the last memorial service:
John Hughes, December 2, 1913.
James T. Kinsler, February 20, 1914.
Henry C. Markey, February 20, 1914.
J. A. Combs, February 21, 1914.
D. Clem Deaver, February 22, 1914.
D. Percy Jenkins, February 23, 1914.
Edward Baumley, April 17, 1914.
Thomas P. Lee, May 15, 1914.
Loyd H. Proudfoot, May 28, 1914.
George W. Miller, June 12, 1914.
Samuel A. Orchard, September 12, 1914.
William E. McJunkin, November 12, 1914.
Harry P. Deane, November 23, 1914.
Edward McCullough, November 23, 1914.
W. D. Townsend, December 3, 1914.

SUPPOSED GRAND ISLAND MAN HELD AT SHENANDOAH

SHENANDOAH, Ia., Dec. 6.—A polished pair of shoes after he had been bogged here several days, led to the arrest of a man who was registered at a local hotel as Roy Wade of Grand Island, Neb., in connection with the robbery of the East End Pool hall last night. Thirteen dollars and a half were taken from the money drawer in this robbery from the other two being at Riverport. At midnight Wade had been refused food at a restaurant, but returned early this morning with polished shoes, plenty of money and bought a large morning meal. He had been loafing in the pool hall before it closed. Suspicion pointed to him and he was arrested as he was boarding a train for Marysville, Mo. The hearing will be Monday.

NORWEGIAN STEAMER FOUNDERS OFF LIZARD

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The Norwegian steamer Waterloo of 1,183 tons, founded off the Lizard at midnight. Three persons were saved. The remainder of the crew is missing.
The Booth Steamship company's liner Antony, bound from Liverpool for Paris, has been disabled by the storm now sweeping over England, and is in distress fifty miles north of the Lizard.

Wonderful Cough Remedy.
Mr. D. P. Lawson of Edison, Tenn., writes "Dr. King's New Cough and Lung medicine, 50c and \$1.00. All dealers. Advertisement."

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In the first place, according to Mr. Democrat, there has been a tie-up and a perfect understanding between Mr. Bryan and Mayor Dahman of Omaha. Mr. Dahman is to land one of the big jobs, which has been waiting to be taken for so long. In return for this Mr. Dahman is to throw his support and that of his friends to Mr. Bryan, not that Mr. Bryan may be the next United States senator, but that Mr. Bryan's brother, Charles, may be the democratic nominee for governor in the next campaign. That will fix the gubernatorial proposition satisfactorily to the Bryan wing of the party and only one thing will be left to be arranged and that is for a man to run against Senator Hitchcock for the democratic nomination for the United States senate.

Just now Mr. Bryan has his eyes on two men for that job, Governor Morehead and Congressman-elect A. C. Shalshberger. The governor showed himself a good vote getter at the late election of the Bryan-Dahman-Bryan triumvirate is of the opinion that he could lick the journalistic senator to a frazzle. The only hitch in the program would be getting the executive to enter against his friend Hitchcock, whose paper assigned so much in the victory. Mr. Morehead, it has been known for a long time that Shalshberger has had senatorial aspirations. In fact, he has shown that he has. The tripartite alliance believes either of these men can win at the primary, and so it will be up to Hitchcock to form some sort of a combination to counteract the effect of the alliance.

According to Mr. Democrat, this has already been done. He says he has it on reliable authority that the coming back of Mr. Metcalfe was for the purpose of forming an alliance with Senator Hitchcock for the purpose of insuring the re-nomination of the latter for the national senate. An effort will be made to pull the support of both wet and dry forces for the senator. He has the wet fellows with him, anyway, and Mr. Metcalfe will try to tempt the job of the dry into the fold of dry support for the senator. The first step along that line was made by Mr. Metcalfe when he dumped out all the liquor advertising formerly running in the Nebraskan. Metcalfe is a dry man and Hitchcock a wet one; therefore, while both acknowledge that the prohibition fight may be an important issue in 1916, with woman suffrage also, it will be up to "Met" to keep the issue in the hands of the wet forces, but "Met" believes it can be done.

But what is Metcalfe to get for all his fine work? Just what he has wanted for years and failed to get each time he tried—the democratic nomination for governor.
Klein to Wisconsin.
Dr. Kigin, state veterinarian, has received an invitation to deliver an address at Madison, Wis., next month before the meeting of the Wisconsin State Veterinarians' association upon the subject of "Interstate Commerce in Dairy Cattle."

Dr. Kigin has accepted the invitation and will talk along the lines of uniform state regulation in order to control infectious diseases. Every state now has a different method and they come in conflict. The invitation comes from O. H. Elason, secretary of the Wisconsin Live Stock Sanitary board.
Wheat Rather Dry.
According to State Treasurer George, who has just returned from a trip to Custer county, wheat has been badly damaged by the dry weather. Mr. George says that the wheat is dry and looks like fallen leaves. He says he never saw the ground in Custer so dry and hard as it is at the present time.

MRS. COMBS OF AUBURN DIES FROM EFFECT OF BURNS

AUBURN, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special.)—Mrs. Sarah Combs, who last Monday night set her clothing on fire, after having attracted the same when her husband died last night from the injuries from the flames. She was the widow of Lon Combs, who for years was a prominent dealer in live stock in this county. He moved to Kentucky some four years ago and died there eight months ago.

POLZKILL SAYS MURDER WAS IN SELF-DEFENSE

ETAPLETON, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special.)—The trial of Frank J. Polzkill, charged with the murder of W. W. Thomas on the latter's farm southwest of here on September 24, started Monday. Three days were necessary to secure a jury. The defense claims the act was done in self-defense. Polzkill went on the stand in his own behalf and told his story. County Attorney Hill with E. Squires of Broken Bow appeared for the state, with H. E. Dress of Stapleton, together with T. F. Hamer and F. E. Began of Kearney, for the defense. It was shown by the defense that Thomas had made numerous threats against the person of Polzkill.

Minden to Have Christmas Tree.
MINDEN, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special.)—Arrangements are being made by a union of all the churches of the city to hold a union or municipal Christmas tree in the auditorium. All committees have been appointed, and arrangements are being prepared to have an unusual celebration

HUNGRY MAN HOLDS UP THE DUTCH MILL

Forces Proprietor to Let Him Take Contents of the Cash Drawer and Then Flees.

CAUGHT AFTER SHORT PURSUIT

Detective Murphy Overtakes Him and Stolen Money is Recovered—Says as Well Go to Prison as Starve.
In broad daylight, with hundreds of persons passing on the sidewalk in front and a score or more inside, the "Dutch Mill" restaurant at 1618 Harney street was robbed Saturday afternoon by a man who held up L. Z. Phillips, the proprietor, at the point of a revolver. The robber was afterwards captured and gave his name as Henry Honour of Phoenix, Ariz.

After securing the contents of the cash register the robber ran outside, jamming the money into his pockets and threatening those who barred his way. At Fifteenth and Farnam streets, Officer James T. Murphy, saw him running at top speed with a crowd in pursuit, and he gave chase, catching him a block away.
At headquarters the prisoner described himself as Henry Honour of Phoenix, Ariz., and said he came here from Sioux Falls a week ago in search of work. All the money he took from the Dutch mill cash drawer—\$65—was found in his pockets, as well as the revolver he used. Honour walked into the restaurant and asked Mr. Phillips for a job. "I'm sorry, but I have no work for you," answered the restaurant man, turning away.

"Well, you can just open that cash register for me," commanded the other, in a quiet tone of voice. An electrician who came up to the desk at the time was backed into a corner and kept covered alongside of Mr. Phillips while the robber helped himself to the money. "Well, I'd just as lief be in the penitentiary as starve on the streets outside," said the prisoner, as he was being searched.

Unknown Warship Ashore at Ocean City

OCEAN CITY, Md., Dec. 6.—An unknown warship is reported around one mile off shore, three miles north of North Beach life saving station, and six miles north of Ocean City. A high sea and northeast gale prevent assistance being rendered. Assistance has been asked from the navy yard at Norfolk.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The revenue cutter Itasca was ordered from Hampton Roads tonight to aid the war vessel reported around near Ocean City, Md. No official report of the grounding had reached the navy department.
Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt, said the stranded vessel might be the destroyer Terry of Perkins, which was ordered yesterday to proceed from Newport, R. I., to Charleston, S. C. No other warship was known to be in the vicinity of Ocean City tonight.

DEATH RECORD

Mary J. Baldwin.
YORK, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special.)—Mary J. Baldwin, widow of Franklin Baldwin, died at the family home Friday afternoon. She was 73 years of age. She came to York with her husband and family in 1833, and has made this city her home since that time. Funeral services were held this afternoon and the remains were buried in Greenwood cemetery.
Wedding at York.
YORK, Neb., Dec. 6.—(Special.)—Mr. John McFadden announces the marriage of his daughter, Terese, to Mr. John Farley of Aurora, at the bride's home in this city on December 11.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

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RHEUMASALTS IS FINE FOR TORPID LIVER

Learn How to Secure Quick, Safe Relief

The liver is the largest gland in the body, weighing nearly four pounds. Its main purpose is to aid digestion and make glycogen for the blood. So it is important to keep it working right.
If your liver is lazy and your kidneys throb with a dull ache, you need the scientifically blended and chemically purified Rheumal salts.
Lame back, shooting pains, tired feeling, dizziness and nervousness simply mean that your liver and kidneys are clogged with impurities and that poisonous uric acid is retarding their work of aiding the digestive functions and filtering the blood.
If your liver needs flushing and your kidneys are not working right, ask your druggist for about five ounces of Rheumal salts. Take two teaspoonfuls in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days all the pain in your back will be gone and you will feel as "fine as a fiddle."
Rheumal salts is a delightful carbonated drink that cleans out the stomach and intestines, eliminates toxins and poisons and leaves the intestinal canal clean and sweet. It is a sure and safe laxative, as well as a saline laxative. Acts quickly without griping or nausea. Fine for growing children.
If your druggist cannot supply you,

WILLIAMSON'S BEER
NONE BETTER
HENRY POLLOCK
RETAIL DEALER
TELEPHONE 806-6345

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AMUSEMENTS.
IF IT'S AT THE GAYETY IT'S GOOD

ROSEY POSEY GIRLS
In the Two- 'THE LOVE CLUB'
Act Burlesque.
HARRY BENTLEY,
BEST WAGNER,
HARRY H. LOVAN,
Walter Pearson, Sarah Bryant, Millie Davis, Jean Pearson, Jeannette Mollie and the Society Singers.

DEAR READER:
Brother Clark's chorus girls from the Golden West sure have mastered the Trick; they make even the show is as a distinctive feature of the show is the smallest burlesque queen on earth. Miss Lillian Clark—and some doll, believe me!
E. L. JOHNSON, Mgr. Gayety.

BOYD'S—DOUG. 1919
TODAY—ALL WEEK—
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday—
The Boyd Theater Stock Co. in
Madam X
Priced Nights, 25c & 50c; Matinee, 50c
Next Week—"BEER OWN MONEY"

Asphum
ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE.
Daily Matinee 2:15-2:30. 4:15.
Evens, Sunday & Holiday Mats. 1:30, 2:30, 4:00 and 7:00
Week Mats. 1:30 and 2:30 at 5:00
Cheer up if you like, but no smoking.
MADAM X
STOCKS
Baby Carriage Garage in the Lobby

AUDITORIUM
Thursday, Friday, Saturday
Dec. 10, 11, 12
MATINEE ON SATURDAY
Auspices of the "Shriners"
GRAND OPERA
LARGEST TRAVELING OPERATIC ORGANIZATION IN AMERICA
WITH TWENTY ORCHESTRAS AND GRAND OPERA ORCHESTRA
Thursday, Lucia Di Lammermoor.
Saturday, Mad. Cavalleria-Raghucci.
Sunday, The Trovatore.
(Each Week a Different Opera.)
Membership Tickets for the Entire Season, \$1.00. Reservations, 10c to 75c each. Single Seats Box Office, Saturday 5 to 8 p. m. 50c to \$1.50.

Now in Progress
Christmas Fair
Of the Churches
In the Court of the
BEE BUILDING
This annual event is the opportunity par excellence to select seasonable gifts for friends and relatives. The ladies have been preparing all year, and their offerings are numerous and the prices reasonable.
Have You Seen It?
The beautifully decorated court is thronged daily with purchasers, and the bargains in fancy goods, linens, hand-made wearing apparel and other useful articles are fast disappearing from the counters. Come early and make your purchases now.
The Ladies of 24 Churches
are interested in the success of the FAIR. They need your help and encouragement, while you need the relief from the fatigue of further shopping cares. They have selected ideal Christmas gifts for you.
NEW AND COMPLETE STOCKS EVERY TWO DAYS.
Here Are the Churches Selling Today and Tomorrow:
Church Chairman and Residence Phone
Oak Street M. E. Mrs. T. C. Webster, 101 Georgia Ave., Har. 2150
Church of the Covenant Mrs. E. O. Carson, 2704 Pratt, Web. 4914
Westminster Presbyterian Mrs. J. F. Stout, 117 S. 29th, Har. 1947
Pearl Memorial M. E. Mrs. E. E. Wender, 6912 Ft. Blvd.