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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Fair

VOL. XLIV—NO. 137. OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 25, 1914—TWELVE PAGES. On Trains and at Hotels News Stands, Co. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

1915 WHEAT AREA GREATEST OF ALL AS WAR'S RESULT

Largest Field Ever Sown to Cereal
Will Be Planted Next Year Be-
cause of Bloody Strife.

BIG DEMAND FOR BREADSTUFFS

Europe to Utilize All Its Labor Re-
sources to Seed Its Soil to
Crop.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN TO TOLL

Prisoners, Soldiers Disabled or Re-
lived from Serve, Must Work.

MUCH ACTIVITY IN FATHERLAND

Reports from Germany and Other
Countries of Central Europe
Show Operations Are
Well Along.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The greatest wheat area in the world's history will be planted for the 1915 harvest as a result of the European war, in the opinion of Charles M. Daugherty, statistical expert of the Department of Agriculture. In a report made public today Mr. Daugherty says:

"As a result of the war in Europe a world-wide tendency exists to increase the acreage of wheat. Doubtless the most extensive area in the history of the world will be seeded during the present autumn and coming spring.

"A prospective heavy demand for this important food grain by the importing countries of western Europe is likely, if seeding conditions favor, to give extraordinary stimulus to sowing of both winter and spring varieties in the two great exporting countries of North America and to those sowings now being finished under auspicious circumstances in British India.

Condition in South.

"In the southern hemisphere, seeding was completed before the war began and the effect of present economic conditions upon extension of areas there will be manifest only in the spring and summer of 1915.

"In Europe, where ordinarily more than half the world's wheat is produced, the indications are that all available labor resources, in both neutral and contending nations, will be utilized to the utmost for getting in full or increased areas. In Italy, whose wheat acreage is ordinarily second in extent to that of no state in Europe, excepting Russia, 1,000,000 acres, it is said, will be added to the crop.

Women and Children Busy.

"In the contending countries extraordinary efforts are being executed in autumn seeding. The services of women and children, men exempt from military service, refugees, prisoners of war and soldiers temporarily relieved from the ranks are being utilized in the fields. Because of strained labor conditions and the occupation of certain territory during seed time by contending troops, some local contractions of area seem inevitable. The reduction, however, is likely to be compensated by increased sowings in neutral nations.

In western Europe, particularly in England and France, the autumn sowings of wheat are somewhat in arrears, but as a large part of these countries is favored with a mild climate, making sowing operations possible at times during the entire winter, little anxiety is expressed over the present delay. Reports from Germany and other countries of central Europe indicate that seeding operations have been carried on with activity.

CAPTAIN HILL'S ANSWER IS NOT SATISFACTORY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Captain Walter N. Hill of the marine corps may have to answer for any remarks upon the American evacuation of Vera Cruz and the Mexican situation, although he made them in private and did not intend them for publication.

In a telegram to Secretary Daniels today Captain Hill said he ventured the private opinion to a personal friend of his father, that there might be disorders when the troops left Vera Cruz. Secretary Daniels is disposed to regard private criticism of the administration policies by service officers as improper.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday:
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity
Fair; no important change in temperature.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.	
Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	34
6 a. m.	34
7 a. m.	35
8 a. m.	36
9 a. m.	37
10 a. m.	38
11 a. m.	39
12 m.	40
1 p. m.	41
2 p. m.	42
3 p. m.	43
4 p. m.	44
5 p. m.	45
6 p. m.	46
7 p. m.	47

Comparative Local Record.

1914, 1913, 1912, 1911.	
Highest yesterday.....	47
Lowest yesterday.....	34
Mean temperature.....	40
Precipitation.....	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature.....	34
Excess for the day.....	12
Total excess since March 1.....	74
Normal precipitation.....	.02
Deficiency for the day.....	.02
Total deficiency since March 1.....	24.40
Deficiency since March 1.....	3.81
Deficiency for cor. period, 1911.....	7.59
Deficiency for cor. period, 1912.....	3.90

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State.	Temp.	Hlgh.	Rain.
Cheyanne, Wyo.	44	53	fall.
Davenport, Ia.	50	59	fall.
Denver, Colo.	48	56	fall.
Des Moines, Ia.	48	56	fall.
North Platte, Neb.	48	56	fall.
Omaha, Neb.	48	56	fall.
Rapid City, S. Dak.	44	52	fall.
Sheridan, Wyo.	44	52	fall.
Sioux City, Ia.	44	52	fall.
Valentine, Neb.	44	52	fall.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

GERMAN MILITARY ENGINEERS rebuilding a bridge over the Aisne river destroyed by French and Belgians.



GERMANY ADMITS ADVANCE CHECKED BY CZAR'S ARMY

Final Results is Delayed by Movement of New Russian Forces from Warsaw.

BERLIN CONFIDENT, HOWEVER

Official Press Bureau Looks for Eventual Victory for Teutonic Allies.

AUSTRIANS ABANDON PASSES

Give Several in Carpathians Up to Superior Numbers.

PRZEMYSL SORTIE SUCCEEDS

Muscovites Driven Back from Besieged City by Sally and Are Not in Range of Cannon of the Forts.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—The following information was given out today by the official press bureau:

"While an eventual victory for the Teutonic allies in the eastern theater of war is expected as confidently as ever, official reports from the German and Austrian military headquarters make it appear that a decisive result will not be reached as soon as had been expected. The final result has been delayed by the advance of new Russian forces from Warsaw.

"The Austrians announce that they have abandoned to superior forces several passes in the Carpathians. The Russian troops, which are investing Przemyśl have been driven back by a sortie and are not within range of the cannon of the forts.

"The Russians who crossed the lower Dunajec are not able to proceed further. The tremendous extent of the battle now raging in the east is apparent from the fact that combats are now in progress along a front extending over 400 miles between the position on the extreme north and south.

"No important reports have been received recently from Serbia from the scene of the Turkish operations or from the western theater of the war.

"There was a slight snowfall in Berlin early this morning and the temperature fell below zero, centigrade.

France After Italy's Trade.

"Dispatches appearing in Italian newspapers are to the effect that molestation of Italian shipping by the French is part of a systematic plan of the French to divert the maritime trade of Genoa to Marseilles. Word comes from Rome that in northern Italy there is some feeling against the French because of the fact that several metal foundries were closed because of the shortage of copper and lead. British imports in October, according to reports from Rome decreased \$20,000,000, or 40 per cent, and the exports \$18,000,000, or 60 per cent, as compared with last year.

"Germany has lodged protests at London and Bern against the violation of Swiss neutrality by British aviators, and demands satisfaction.

"The Copenhagen Politiken states that English reports that Germany wishes peace are absurd, and that their only aim is to keep England in good humor.

"Germany has no reason for wishing peace, since its armies are on foreign territory and its navy is unimpaired."

French Defeated in Morocco.

The French losses in the recent fighting near Kénitra, Morocco, during the attack on an encampment of mountain tribes are given today in reports from Madrid, published by the German official press bureau, as 23 officers and 600 men killed. The fighting resulted, according to these reports, in a defeat for the French, who, it is said, lost two batteries.

The official press bureau made denial today of the statement of the secretary of the British admiralty yesterday that a German submarine had been sunk off the coast of Scotland by a British patrol vessel.

"British reports concerning the destruction of German submarines," says the bureau, "are unfounded. No submarines are missing."

Aged Couple Killed When Train Hits Car

SIENANDOAH, Ia., Nov. 24.—(Special Telegram.)—When a speeding train struck their automobile at a dangerous railroad crossing this morning, near Payne Junction, Ia., Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hilton were both instantly killed. Mr. Hilton was a wealthy farmer who lived near Farragut, Ia. They had started to Haverlock, Neb., to visit their daughter, Mrs. George Stabler.

Mr. and Mrs. Hilton were about 60 years old and were survived by three married children, Will Hilton and Mrs. John Hemphill of Farragut and the daughter in Nebraska.

Cloud of Smoke is Covering Arkansas

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 24.—The gray smoke cloud of hundreds of forest fires, which lifted in Little Rock last night, again settled over the city tonight and it was impossible to see more than two or three blocks even on well-lighted streets.

Reports indicate that similar conditions prevailed all over the state.

The only hope of extinguishing the fires is a general rain, and the weather offers little hope of this.

WANTED—Man with experience as a salesman. Man familiar with real estate preferred—must not be under 25 years of age and must be a resident of Omaha. High grade applicant can expect to take position immediately. Give reference first letter.

For further information about this opportunity, see the Want Ad Section of today's Bee.

Minister Van Dyke Says Standing of America in Europe Better Than Ever

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Henry Van Dyke, American minister to the Netherlands, reached here today from the Hague aboard the steamship Rotterdam. The suggestion, published originally in Amsterdam, that the time was ripe for the United States and the Netherlands to act in concert to bring about peace in Europe, was brought to his attention. He refused to comment on it.

He was asked if the report were true that he was the bearer of the suggestion looking toward such action from the government of Holland to the United States. To this he declined to reply.

Mr. Van Dyke seemed to be thoroughly conversant, however, with the suggestion and the report. Apparently he anticipated being questioned by reporters on the subject, for when they boarded the ship at quarantine and sought him out he had ready for them a statement which he had prepared in advance. This statement read as follows:

Had Prepared Statement.

"An ambassador's first duty is to his chief, and I am compelled to respect my instruction not to talk. For the last four months I have been having a strenuous time. My eyes have given way under the strain of day and night work, and I have obtained a leave of absence to come home and see my oculist. As soon as my eyes are patched up, I hope to return to my post and continue working for my country and for the cause of peace in the spirit of our president's declarations."

Several interviewers attempted to question Mr. Van Dyke, but raising his hand in a gesture which forbade them to pursue the inquiry, he said:

"Not another word; that is all. If I am given permission to talk I will do so; until then I can say nothing."

Then, after an interval of silence, he added:

"When the madness that started this war has spent itself, I hope that America will have a great part to play in the restoration of a lasting peace, wherein all the peoples of the world, great and small, shall rejoice together. Then the nightmare of blood will be over and the palace of peace will have its opportunity."

Holland's Position.

The position of Holland, Dr. Van Dyke said, has been unchanged; it was "still neutral—firm and friendly." Holland's kindness to the destitute of Belgium, he said, was beyond praise.

"What about the standing of America in the eyes of Europe?" he was asked.

"With all reasonable people, I believe that it is better than ever," he said.

"The warring nations trust us to be fair and they know that we will be generous to help in the spirit of humanity." He works that the American commission for relief in Belgium is doing to save the women and children from famine is proof of this."

FRENCH ISSUE SIX WEEKS' STATEMENT

Give Out Official Report of the Operations of the Allies in the Northern Part of Europe.

GERMAN EFFORT PROFITLESS

Gauls Declare that Kaiser's Pet Scheme Was Effectively Frustrated by the Help of the Combined Armies.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The Bulletin des Aimees in its issue of November 25 will publish a summary of the military operations of the last six weeks. This article was given out officially for publication in Paris this afternoon and it is as follows:

"With the fresh success of the allies in the battle of Flanders, the moment has come to recite the accomplishments of the last six weeks. These may be summed up as follows:

"The formidable effort undertaken by the Germans during this time, to turn our left wing, and second to penetrate it, has resulted in failure. By this effort the enemy was endeavoring to make good his defeat on the Marne; instead he only added another check to the one he suffered in September. Nevertheless, in order to flank us in accordance with his recognized method, the German general staff neglected nothing along that portion of the front extending from the Ypres river to the sea. It massed between the beginning of October and the beginning of November, four corps of cavalry and two armies, comprising in all fifteen army corps.

Issues Appeals and Exhortation.

"The crown prince of Bavaria, General Von Fabeck, General Von Luding and the duke of Wurttemberg, to stimulate the morale of their troops, issued several appeals and exhortations. We found their orders on officers who fell in battle or who were taken prisoners. All these documents agreed that it was a question of a decisive action against the French front. It was necessary to penetrate to Dunkirk or to Ypres, for the reason, according to one of these orders, that the decisive blow was yet to be delivered. And this blow must be decisive, delivered with all speed and carried through at all cost. It is desired to obtain a decision in the western arena of operations before again turning toward the adversary in the east. These various orders, which furthermore that Emperor William was there to animate his soldiers by his presence. He had announced that he wanted to be in Ypres on the first of November and everything was prepared so that on that date there could be proclaimed the annexation of Belgium.

Underestimates the Allies.

"In short, everything was provided for every single thing except the victorious resistance of the allied army. To make this resistance possible it was necessary for us to oppose to the enemy forces, if not equal to his own, at least sufficient.

"What was then the situation at the beginning of October. The Belgian army had come out of Antwerp intact, but too exhausted to take part in any maneuvers. The English army was leaving its front on the Aisne for a field of operations in the north. Transportation and the movements of supplies occasioned the long delays. The army under General De Castelnau did not extend its left wing beyond a point south of Arras. The army

open and populous quarters. A great many inoffensive persons, principally women and children, were killed."

Sklidoo for Grace of God Kings.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—That the war would result in the overthrow of autocratic government in Europe and also produce a democratic government similar to that of the United States for England and its possessions was predicted by Rev. Newell Brooks, pastor of the Plymouth church, Brooklyn, N. Y., in an address tonight before the World's Bible conference.

German Near Warsaw.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Daily Telegraph's Petrograd correspondent intimates that the German crown prince's army during the last five days threatened Warsaw, but was severely repulsed. The correspondent says, however, that his forces arrived alarmingly close to Warsaw before they were finally checked.

Rockefeller Motion to Be Argued Monday

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Federal Judge Sessions today set next Monday morning as the time for argument on the motion which dismisses the indictments against William Rockefeller and four of the twenty men indicted with him on charges of having violated the criminal law in connection with their duties as directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad company.

Claims of immunity made by John L. Billard and Thomas De Witt Cuyler will be argued on December 4, Judge Sessions decided. Messrs. Billard and Cuyler entered pleas in bar to the indictment, alleging that they were immune because they aided the government by their testimony previously.

No date was set for hearing argument on demurrers filed by remaining defendants.

Little Human Interest Stories of the Big World War Now Raging

Gets Iron Cross.

AMSTERDAM, Holland (via London), Nov. 24.—Captain Aye of the Auxiliary cruiser Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which was sunk off the coast of Africa by a British cruiser the latter part of August, has been decorated with the Iron Cross.

100,000 Americans Volunteer.

OTTAWA, Canada, Nov. 24.—One hundred thousand men in the United States have offered to enlist in Canada for service in Europe, according to Major General Hughes, Canadian minister of militia. Hundreds of Americans, he asserted, are already with the first and second contingents.

Women and Children Killed.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—A dispatch to the Havna agency from Petrograd says: "Advices received here from Lihau are to the effect that the Germans have opened a second bombardment on the city which was especially directed against the most

TIDE OF BATTLE IN POLAND TURNS IN CZAR'S FAVOR

Dispatches from Petrograd Say the
Russians Have Won Brilliant
and Decisive Victory.

GERMANS FLEE TO FRONTIER

Unofficial Report Says Von Hindenburg's Army Has Been Broken Up Into Several Parts.

ANOTHER BIG BATTLE LIKELY

German Reinforcements Coming Up and Next Clash is Expected in Vicinity of Posen.

MORE CANNONADING IN WEST

German Probably Will Make Another Attack on Line Soon.

ALLIES SUFFERING WITH COLD

Troops from Africa and India Not Acustomed to Rigorous Climate of Belgium—Germans Are Clothed and Trained for It.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—An official communication given out in Petrograd, according to an exchange telegram, announces a German retreat. The statement continues: "Between the Visula and Warta the Germans have retreated from the line running from Stok to Sigier, Szadek, Zduńska, Wola and Wozniki."

The line from which the Germans have retreated, according to the dispatch, runs from the northeast of Lodz down past that town to the southwest.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The correspondent at Petrograd of the Matin says:

"The Russians, after having checked the German offensive on the Plock-Leczyn front, gained on that side a brilliant, decisive victory. The enemy, who had heavy losses, is flying with all speed toward the German frontier. An entire German regiment surrendered to the victors.

"The Russians are energetically pursuing the enemy.

"The Russians are also vigorously attacking along the Czenstochow-line. This day seems to mark one of the most important, and, perhaps, decisive phases of the war.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Times' Petrograd correspondent, in a dispatch supplementing one declaring that private advices received in the Russian capital had confirmed the reports of a Russian victory over the Germans in Poland, says:

"According to unofficial information reaching here, the German army of 60,000 which made an irruption between the Visula and Warta rivers has been broken up into several parts, one of which was compelled to divert its course southward and another northward."

"Apparently in each case the Russian forces succeeded in getting behind these disjointed corps and inflicted upon them great losses.

"The Germans are believed to have suffered very heavy reverses at Berezyn and Tuszyn. It is impossible as yet to give even approximate figures."

LONDON, Nov. 24.—General von Hindenburg's army, which last week was sweeping toward Warsaw, in its second advance through Russian Poland, today is reported from Petrograd to be in retreat, after having experienced serious reverses inflicted by the Russians, who, with reinforcements, made a brilliant stand between the Visula and Warta rivers.

"While the extent and the completeness (Continued on Page Two, Column Five.)"

Farm Land Owners Are Cashing In

Not only will this year turn out as the best the farmers have ever experienced, but the prospect for 1915 can already today be declared the brightest.

Farm Properties Developed Along Scientific Lines Are Surely Bringing Back Wealth to Their Owners. A Good Farm is a Good Paying Business.

Choice farm opportunities are to be found every day in the "Farm and Ranch Lands" columns of The Bee. Read about the latest and best offers in the Want Ad section.

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