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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Fair

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OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1914—TWELVE PAGES.

On Trains and at
Hotel News Stands, 2c. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

MEXICANS RESUME PASTIME OF FIRING INTO U. S.; SIX SHOT

Half Dozen Persons, Three Men and
as Many Women, Hit by Bullets
North of Boundary.

BATTLE ON AT NACO IN SONORA

Villa Takes Leon Without Discharge
of Single Gun and Moves Toward
the Capital.

IS NOW MARCHING SOUTHWARD
Keeps His Army in Motion While
Parleying is Going On.

GONZALES SAYS IT IS WAR

Declares Strife Conflict Obligated
to Prosecute Justified by Un-
worthy Conduct of
Opponents.

NACO, Ariz., Nov. 18.—Six persons,
three men and three women, were
wounded by stray bullets on the American
side of the international boundary
today during the renewed attack on
Naco, Sonora, by the forces of Jose
Maytorena. They are:

R. H. Reynolds, United States customs
inspector, leg shattered by bullet.
N. M. Bernal, fiscal agent for General
Benjamin Hiss, commander of the Car-
ranza garrison at Naco, wounded in
shoulder.
A soldier of the Tenth United States
cavalry, hit by spent bullet.
Three Mexican women struck while
on a street in the American town. One
was seriously wounded in the head.

Stray bullets flying over the border
also struck the east-bound Golden State
limited of the Rock Island lines as it
passed through Naco, Ariz. One of the
bullets shattered a Pullman window,
showing a sleeping passenger with
glass.

Villa Takes Leon.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—General Villa
has taken possession of Leon without
the firing of a shot.

He is now marching southward on
Silao, enroute to Mexico City, according
to a message late today from George
Carothers, American consular agent.

Confidential information received by
officials today indicated that while Car-
ranza and other chiefs were parleying,
Villa was moving steadily southward
toward Mexico City to assist Gutierrez
in setting up a provisional government as
ordered by the Aguas Calientes conven-
tion.

From American Consul Canada at Vera
Cruz comes a report of fighting yester-
day at Jullie, near Puerto Mexico, where
forces under General Jose Carbaljal
changed their allegiance from Carranza
to Villa and attacked troops under Gen-
eral Jesus Carranza, a brother of the
first chief. Carbaljal, who is a distant
relative of Francisco Carbaljal, who
succeeded Huerta as provisional president
for a brief term, was killed in the en-
gagement, the outcome of which is un-
known.

Gonzales Ready to Fight.
MEXICO CITY, Nov. 18.—General Al-
varo Obregon, who yesterday assumed
supreme command of the capital and of
the federal district, last night received a
telegram from General Pablo Gonzales,
in which the latter declared that General
Villa, by advancing his troops south-
ward, had repeatedly broken the truce
agreement entered into on November 12
between General Gonzales and General
Fulano Gutierrez, who was recently
chosen provisional president by the Aguas
Calientes convention. General Gonzales
constituted his message with the follow-
ing:

"For my part I believe that I have
complied with my duties as a soldier and
a citizen. I have tried to avoid the
shedding of blood, which the enemy ap-
pears to desire. I have tried to avoid
being obliged to prosecute with all
vigor forthwith is justified by the un-
worthy conduct of our opponents."

Policemen's Target Shoot.
The monthly pistol target shoot at po-
lice headquarters was held Tuesday after-
noon. Sergeant Ferris took first place
among the first and second battalions
of marksmen with 84. James
Murphy was second with 84 and Lee
Fleming third with 82.

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity
—Fair, somewhat colder.

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Temp.
5 a. m.	35
6 a. m.	35
7 a. m.	35
8 a. m.	35
9 a. m.	35
10 a. m.	35
11 a. m.	35
12 m.	35
1 p. m.	35
2 p. m.	35
3 p. m.	35
4 p. m.	35
5 p. m.	35
6 p. m.	35
7 p. m.	35
8 p. m.	35
9 p. m.	35
10 p. m.	35
11 p. m.	35
12 m.	35
1914, 1913, 1912, 1911	
Lowest yesterday	25
Highest yesterday	50
Mean temperature	35
Precipitation	0.0

Comparative Local Record.

Normal temperature	Deficiency for the day	Total excess since March 1	Normal precipitation	Deficiency for the day	Total rainfall since March 1
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4
35	0	0	32.4	0	32.4

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and Weather	Temp.	High	Rain
Cheyenne, part cloudy	35	40	0.0
Denver, part cloudy	35	40	0.0
Des Moines, part cloudy	35	40	0.0
Doyle, clear	35	40	0.0
Lander, clear	35	40	0.0
North Platte, cloudy	35	40	0.0
Omaha, clear	35	40	0.0
Pueblo, clear	35	40	0.0
Rapid City, snow	35	40	0.0
Salt Lake City, cloudy	35	40	0.0
Sioux Falls, clear	35	40	0.0
Sheridan, clear	35	40	0.0
Sioux City, cloudy	35	40	0.0
Valentine, snow	35	40	0.0

W. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

THE FLOODS OF DEATH—First picture of the flooded Ypres canal, where the Germans were caught by a devas- tating fire from the allies' shelters on the banks.



U. S. S. TENNESSEE IS FIRED UPON BY TURK FORTS' GUNS

Either American Cruiser or Its
Launch Made Target of Porte's
Cannon at Smyrna.

PREVENT AMERICAN LANDING

Fears Fel for Safety of American
Consulate in Ottoman City of
Asia Minor.

WASHINGTON IS WAITING WORD
Officials Seek More Definite Advice
Before Taking Action.

STATEMENT NAVAL SECRETARY

Warship is Ordered to Port of Chio
by Ambassador Morgenthau—
Daniels Calls for Further
Report from Captain.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The United
States government has directed Ambas-
sador Henry Morgenthau at Constanti-
nople to ask the Ottoman government for
an explanation of the firing by Turkish
land forces at a launch from the American
cruiser, Tennessee, proceeding from
Vourlah to the American consulate at
Smyrna, Asia Minor.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Secretary
Daniels late today cabled the command-
ers of the cruisers, Tennessee and North
Carolina, to act only on instructions
from Washington and to take no steps
which might be calculated to embarrass
the United States government.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The United
States cruiser Tennessee, or its launch—
probably the latter—was fired upon yester-
day by the Turkish forts at Smyrna,
Captain Benton C. Decker of the
cruiser, reporting the incident today to
the Navy department, gave no details
of the firing, but added that fears had
been felt for the safety of the American
consulate.

While awaiting further reports from
Captain Decker and others from Ambas-
sador Morgenthau and Consul General
Horton, officials here have two theories.
One is that the cruiser may have been
sending a guard ashore to protect the
consulate and Americans and other for-
eigners. They draw this from Captain
Decker's statement and the fact that he
has been ordered to return to port of-
ficials, which are very strict.

The other is that Captain Decker had
called on Consul General Horton, who
after returning the call was being taken
back to shore by the cruiser's launch,
which may have been returning after
hours of entry prescribed by port of-
ficials, which are very strict.

Before regarding the firing upon the
American ship as a hostile act officials
here are inclined to await further reports
and hold to the belief that it might have
been a misunderstanding or the act of
some local official which will quickly be
corrected in Constantinople.

An early dispatch from Captain Decker,
reporting the Tennessee's arrival at
Vourlah at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon
made no mention of the incident.

Mr. Daniels issued a statement saying
the American consul at Smyrna had
been anxious for the safety of the con-
sulate.

"The Tennessee," added Mr. Daniels
statement, "proceeded to and left Vourlah
at the request of Ambassador Morgenthau,
and is now anchored in the harbor
of Smyrna, where Captain Decker's
cruiser was sent."

Secretary Daniels has called upon Cap-
tain Decker to forward immediately a
full report of the incident.

Those officials who regard the incident
as a misunderstanding of some kind, say
that had Captain Decker been convinced
that Turkish forts were firing upon
his ship as an act of hostility, the big
fighting machine would not have steamed
away to the harbor of Chio without a
further incident.

While there is no question whatever of
the right of the Tennessee to protect
the consulate at Smyrna,
(Continued on Page Two, Column Five.)

The Day's War News

The American flag has been
fired upon by Turkey. A report
to the Navy department at Wash-
ington from Captain Decker of
the cruiser Tennessee, gave of-
ficial confirmation to earlier dis-
patches from Athens and the
Greek island of Chios in the Ae-
gean sea, to the effect that Tur-
kish gunners at Smyrna had
opened fire when the Tennessee
was approaching that port.

On the two main battle fronts
—from the Belgians' seacoast to
the Swiss border and along the
eastern boundary of Germany—
renewed efforts were being made
today to bring about a decided
turn in the progress of the war.

The situation in Eastern Prussia
presented, apparently, the
greatest opportunities for a quick
and important change, although
Russian and German statements
were still in sharp conflict.

In Belgium the wearying Ger-
mans have begun another of their
fearful onslaughts, in a region
which is becoming more and more
restricted. The allies have suc-
ceeded in flooding a further area
so that heavy infantry fighting is
almost impossible from the sea-
coast nearly to Ypres. A new
bombardment of Belgian coast
towns by British warships is said
to have inflicted heavy damage
on the German positions and to
have destroyed large quantities of
ammunition and stores.

Only 1 1/2 miles to town rich black
loam soil, with clay subsoil, practi-
cally all under cultivation. (Cut
shown.) The house, a new 8-room
dwelling, which cost \$4,000. Owner
has instructed us to sell for \$4 per
acre. Good terms can be had.

For further information about
this opportunity, see the Want Ad
Section of today's Bee.

Dr. Jordan Puts Blame for War on Makers of Arms and Ammunition

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Responsibility
for the European war in a large measure
was laid upon the makers of arms in the
nations involved, by David Starr Jordan,
chancellor of Leland-Stanford university,
in an address at a meeting of the New
York Peace society today. Dr. Jordan
said the United States should not think
of entering the conflict "if only for the
reason that on this one great nation of
ours must fall the duty of saving all
that is to be saved from this catas-
trope." If we get into it, then nothing
at all may be saved. Not only would I
have us keep out of it, but I would have
us cease loading up for war.

"First of all as an immediate program,"
continued Dr. Jordan, "I would have our
own land take out insurance against war
by taking out of the hands of those who
make money from arms the business of
making arms."

"If we must go ahead fighting and
making tools to fight, then let the gov-
ernment make the tools so the private
manufacturers won't need to employ dip-
lomatic agents to make war sentiment to
sell their goods. And this applies to

every nation—Germany, England, France,
Russia. Their arms-makers are the fi-
nancial backers of the war party in each
nation."

BERLIN, Nov. 18.—(Via The Hague.)—
The capital of the Krupp company which
manufactures German big guns and
other war material, is to be increased
from 20,000,000 to 25,000,000 marks, ac-
cording to the proposal of the directors
which were submitted to a general meet-
ing of the company at Essen on Novem-
ber 12. The increase is justified, it was
stated by the demands of war and by
earlier enlargements of the works, pur-
chases of coal fields and so forth, which
locked up considerable capital. The new
stock issue will, as usual, be taken by
the Krupp family. A part of the new
capital will be paid in on December 31.

The directors also proposed a dividend
of 12 per cent as against the 14 per cent
declared in the previous year. The direc-
tors also distributed 2,000,000 marks to-
wards the relief of the families of soldier
employees, 2,000,000 to the employees' fur-
nishing fund and 1,000,000 to the pension
fund.

LARGE ARMY URGED BY WOTHERSPOON

Retired Major General of the U. S.
Fighting Forces See Necessity
for Half Million Men.

NEEDED FOR DEFENSE DUTY
Eminent Military Authority Be-
lieves Panama Canal and Ter-
ritorial Possessions Are
Inadequately Protected.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Declaring it
would be impossible to defend the Panama
canal and American territorial possessions
against attack with present or proposed
garrisons unless they could be rapidly
reinforced, Major General Wotherspoon,
retired chief of staff, in his report today
recommended the increase of the regular
army to a strength of 250,000 enlisted
men. He proposed that that force be
augmented, through a system of reserves
until there was created a mobile strength
of 500,000 first line troops equipped for a
six months campaign.

General Wotherspoon said there was
need for more forces to protect rear ap-
proaches to American coast defenses and
those points not covered by fortresses,
and urged that the organized militia be
developed to a strength of 300,000 men.

"It is manifest," General Wotherspoon
said, "that the great waterway of the
Panama canal cannot be protected
against the operations of a first-class
military power by the present or pro-
posed garrisons we contemplate placing
there without the power and ability to
reinforce it rapidly from the United
States."

Need Philippine Protection.
"That an effective defense against an
enterprising enemy in the Philippines
could be made with a deficiency of 33 per
cent of the manning details of the coast
defenses of Manila and Subic bay, and
with a mobile force of a little over 7,000
American troops, supplemented by less
than 6,000 Philippine scouts, is manifestly
impossible; that we can retain our valu-
able islands."
(Continued on Page Two, Column Three.)

English Transport, Crown of Galicia, is Sunk by Germans

VALPARAISO, Chile, Nov. 18.—There
are persistent rumors here that the
British transport, Crown of Galicia, has
been attacked by German cruisers and
sunk. It is not stated whether the
vessel was sunk by its own crew or by
the Germans.

The crew of the transport, it is said,
was saved and will be landed at Val-
paraiso by the German steamer Rhakotis
of the Kosmos line.

The Crown of Galicia was a steamer of
4,821 tons. It was built in 1906 and be-
longed to the Crown Steamship company.

GERMAN STEAMSHIP INTERRED BY CHILE

SANTIAGO, Chile, Nov. 18.—The Ger-
man steamer, Karnoo, today was de-
clared by the Chilean authorities to be
an auxiliary transport. It was at once
notified that it must remain anchored
in the harbor of Antofagasta until the
end of the war.

Bullets Humane Enough.
LONDON, Nov. 18.—The war office to-
night issued a statement denying Ger-
man allegation that the British troops
have used dum dum or soft-nosed bullets,
but maintaining that these missiles have
been used by the Germans. The state-
ment describes the British and German
service ammunition very similar, the bul-
lets being pointed with steel and the en-
velope coated with cupro-nickel, covering
the core except at the base, "probably
the most humane projectile yet devised."

Tectotaler Killed.
LONDON, Nov. 18.—While Chancellor
David Lloyd-George of the exchequer
was discussing the tax on tea came the
only interruption of his long speech in sup-
port of a tax proposal. He spoke of the
"elusive tectotaler" being as difficult to
catch as the Emden. At this point Lord
Jones, member for North Cornwall, was
well known as a public speaker on tem-
perance and who never loses an oppor-
tunity of preaching the virtues of total
abstinence, left the house as a protest,
amidst the laughter of his colleagues.

Von Reuter of Zaberna Dead.
PARIS, Nov. 18.—A dispatch received
here from Montpelier relates that a let-
ter reaching there from Reiers reports
the death of Colonel von Reuter, the Ger-
man officer who was concerned in the
Zaberna affair. A priest who carried the
colonel on a stretcher declares that he
was seriously wounded by a bayonet
thrust in a fight in Alsace.

Wales Aid-de-Camp.
LONDON, Nov. 18.—It was officially
announced in London this evening that
the prince of Wales had been appointed
aide-de-camp to Field Marshal Sir John
French, the commander of the British
expeditionary force on the continent.

German Shot Germans.
LONDON, Nov. 18.—The following re-
marks are taken from the diary of a
captured German soldier: "November 2.
We were sent out in a regular storm of
bullets on the order of the major. These
officers send their men forward in a most
ridiculous way, they themselves remain-
ing far behind, safely under cover. Our
leadership is really scandalous. Enormous
losses on our side are partly from the
fire of our own people, for our leaders
never know where the enemy lies nor
where our own troops are, so that we
often are fired on by our own men."
"The first day I went quietly into the
fight with an indifference which soon
changed to a hatred which I never
forgot. Today for the first time in ad-
vancing when my comrades on the right
and left were falling, I felt rather
nervous. But I lost that feeling again
soon."

GERMANS BEGIN OFFENSIVE MOVE ON EASTERN LINE

Sudden Attack on Heart of Russian
Position in Poland Causes a
Sensation.

WARSAW IS AGAIN MENACED

Advance of Czar's Troops Toward
the River Warta Comes to a
Sudden Halt.

RUSSIAN ADVICES DIFFERENT
Petrograd Says Division in Center
Has Not Halted Advance Into
East Prussia.

ARTILLERY DUELS IN WEST

French Reports Ineffectual Attacks
by Enemy Near Ypres.

FATE OF CANOPIUS A MYSTERY

British Battleship Which Was Sup-
posed to Have Been Near Battle
Off Chile Has Not Been
Heard From.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Austrian
artillery from Cracow yesterday
captured Russian fortifications to
the north of the Austrian border,
according to dispatches received to-
day from Vienna to the Austro-Hun-
garian embassy. They also men-
tioned Serbian defeat, which per-
mitted the crossing of the river Ku-
leba.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—No change in
the kaleidoscopic operations in Rus-
sian Poland has been more startling
than the sudden resumption of the
offensive on the part of the Ger-
mans, a movement by which the
heart of the Russian line has been at-
tacked and Warsaw again threat-
ened.

As usual, conflicting reports ar-
rive from the neighborhood of these
operations. Petrograd does not deny
that the Germans have resumed the
offensive, but dispatches from the
Russian capital declare that such a
movement will not cause the slight-
est diversion from the Russian in-
vasion of East Prussia, which is pro-
ceeding slowly but steadily. Mean-
while Berlin claims a victory near
Lipno, imperiling the Russian forces
which, according to German reports,
must make a stand before crossing
the Vistula river, as a retirement
behind that stream would be too dif-
ficult. Berlin reports that the Rus-
sians are near Kutno, but Vienna
claims a victory for its ally at this
place.

From this welter of conflicting reports
emerges clearly the fact that a great
battle is under way in western Poland
on the line between the Vistula and the
River Warta. It is equally clear that the
Russian advance has been brought to a
halt. In the meantime the Russian prog-
ress continues through the Carpathians
before Cracow and in East Prussia.

Artillery Duels in West.
Bad weather conditions still are having
their effect on the operations in the
western area. Artillery duels continue,
but it is hardly likely that either side
is attempting to make much use of its
infantry.

Paris claims in an official commu-
nication that the invaders made attacks
to the south and east of Ypres without
modifying the situation. At the same time
the allies according to this announcement
have made marked progress at every
point attacked. Special dispatches an-
nounce heavy German losses in fresh
(Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

RUSSIAN MYTH BURIED BY
OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
LONDON, Nov. 18.—The "Russian
myth," the story which gained wide-
spread circulation some months ago, that
a Russian force of 20,000 men from Arch-
angel had been landed in Scotland, and
thence moved to France, was officially
buried in the House of Commons today
by a definite announcement that no
Russian troops ever had moved through
Great Britain for the western areas of
the conflict.

Who's Got the Money?

Answer: The Western farmer.
Farms in the West that are being
developed scientifically along with
natural fertility and accessibility to
markets, are making their owners
wealthy.

Farmers in western
states are worth today
\$750,000,000 more than
they would have been if
there had been no war.
This is the INCREASE
only in value of their
crops, and is itself only
25% less than our national
debt.

Just think for a moment of the
unlimited possibilities in a good
farm and the Missouri Valley is the
best in the country. See if there is
not a good farm for sale in The Bee's
"Farm and Ranch Leads" column.
If those offered today do not appeal
to you, keep in touch with this col-
umn every day from now on and you
will soon be able to pick up a big
bargain.

Phone Tyler 1000
The Omaha Bee
Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads