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the day's happenings every day.
If folks don't read your store
news every day, it's your fault.

French Claim Advance of More Than Mile

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Fair

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OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 16, 1914—TWELVE PAGES.

On Trains and at
Hotel News Stands, 5c. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

GERMAN AVIATOR HIDES IN CLOUDS FROM AERIAL FOE

Teuton Flyer, Pursued by Hostile
Plane Much Faster Than Own.
Disappears Like Ghost.

SWALLOWED UP IN SKY REFUGE

French Riders of the Void Drop
Bombs Among Enemy's Cavalry
with Success.

THEY ALSO SILENCE HOWITZER

Kaiser's Anti-Air Guns Have Been
Unusually Active, but With-
out Much Effect.

APPEAR NEARLY AUTOMATIC

No Important Changes in Positions
of Contending Armies.

WILHELM NOT SPARING OF MEN

Despite Great Sacrifice of Soldiers,
Imperial Forces Have Not Succeeded in Forcing the
Allies Back.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Details of an exciting encounter in mid-air have been received from an eye-witness, who is with the army of Sir John French on the battle ground in northeastern France. The story follows:

"One of the aviators on a monoplane sighted a hostile machine, which turned out to be an Otto biplane, a type of machine which is not nearly as fast as ours. Our officers started in pursuit.

His pace was carrying vbkqjtaonn. He knew that owing to the position of the propeller of the hostile machine he could not be fired at when astern of his opponent. At sixty yards range he fired one rifle without apparent result. Then as his pace was carrying him ahead of his quarry he turned round and again coming to about the same distance behind emptied his magazine at the German.

Disappears in Clouds.
The latter began at once to descend, as if either he or his machine were hit, and shutting off his engine and volplaning to free his hands, the pursuer recharged his magazine. He fired at his descending opponent, who disappeared into a cloud bank with dramatic suddenness.

The French airmen, too, have been very successful during the last three days, having dropped several bombs among German cavalry, causing considerable loss, and having by similar means silenced a battery of field howitzers.

The German anti-air craft guns recently have been unusually active. From their rate of fire they seem to be nearly automatic, but so far they have not had much effect.

Series of Trenches.
A striking feature of our line is that it consists really of a series of trenches not all placed alongside each other, but some more advanced than others, and many facing in different directions. At one place they run east and west along one side of a valley. At another almost east and south up some subsidiary valleys.

Both sides have moved forward at certain points and withdrawn at others. (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

The National Capital

Thursday, October 15, 1914.

The Senate.
Resumed debate on war tax bill. Senator Overman offered amendment to authorize, in addition to the proposed \$200,000,000 loan fund, loans to states equal to sums paid by them during and after the civil war in cotton taxes.

Senator McCumber offered amendment to authorize \$200,000,000 loan on cottons and empowering the secretary of the treasury to buy cottons when prices fall below certain point.

Senator Smart offered amendment authorizing \$20,000,000 loan on copper.

The House.
Adopted Alaska coal land leasing bill conference already adopted by the senate. Representative Gardner of Massachusetts introduced resolution to provide for investigation of the preparedness of the United States for war "offensive or defensive."

Rules committee deferred until next Tuesday consideration of rule to expedite cotton relief legislation.

Advised conference report on administration to open up Alaska coal resources, under leasing system.

Resumed debate on printing laws codification bill.

Repealed the resolution to dock salaries of members without leave.

Agreed to adjourn tomorrow until Monday pending action by the senate on the war tax bill.

GERMAN FIELD ARTILLERY SO EFFICIENT—While much has been said of late concerning the siege guns of tremendous capacity, German military forces astonished the world, the German field artillery is also a very efficient arm of the kaiser's war machine. This photograph shows a German battery passing through a Belgium village on the march.



Paris Reports Renewed Activity Along Line of Allies' Right Wing

Troops Fight Fire to Save Cathedral of Notre Dame

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—(By Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—When the German troops entered Antwerp, according to information given out in Berlin today, the church of Notre Dame was in danger of fire. The troops devoted their energies to stopping the spread of the flames and the church was saved.

Not more than twelve civilians were killed in Antwerp during the bombardment. A German officer has sent in a report to the effect that a Russian major, on the East Prussian frontier, forced the inhabitants of the villages under his control to join the Russian troops in the trenches. Furthermore he used women as shields for the Russian machine guns.

Later this major was captured and shot by the Germans. Lieutenant Colonel Roussel, the French military critic, in his article today, declared that the recent official communications are lacking in clearness and that it is impossible to find in them any indication, even an absolutely harmless one, of the present military situation.

Colonel Roussel says he calls attention to this fact without any thought of recrimination. He is well aware that it is difficult to reconcile the legitimate curiosity of the public with the safeguarding of national interests, but when these interests are not at stake more liberality could be shown.

The French people have given evidence of dignity, firmness, wisdom and patriotism, and they should be taken more into the confidence of the government. In concluding his article, the critic points out several instances in which, in his opinion, the official communications have been lacking.

The Hotel de Ville (town hall) of Arras, which was burned down after the bombardment of that city, was a building of Gothic style. It was erected in the beginning of the sixteenth century and was one of the finest types of this style of architecture in northern France.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The right wing of the allies is now beginning to show signs of activity. According to reports reaching Paris this morning there was yet an almost continuous firing of heavy artillery along the frontier. A force of Germans delivered a spirited attack on French troops in which numbers were wounded.

As night closed this force of the enemy was driven back in the direction of Muelhausen. Colonel Roussel, the French military critic, in his article today, declared that the recent official communications are lacking in clearness and that it is impossible to find in them any indication, even an absolutely harmless one, of the present military situation.

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War Summary

The Germans, who are moving on Ostend, are reported by neutral sources to have occupied Bruges, fifteen miles east of the former city.

A German official statement, sent by wireless, says German troops in Belgium are marching in part towards Ostend and in part toward the French frontier. There has been heavy fighting east of Solesmes and the Aronne, and the Germans have at no point lost ground, it is declared.

French claims of successes in the Woivre district are denied. The French official statement announced that the allies have made marked progress in the region of Lens and between Arras and Albert. On the center the allies, it is said, have advanced in the direction of Croonne, while a German offensive movement to the north of Saint Die has been definitely checked.

A despatch from Petrograd says that the Austro-German army was completely defeated Wednesday in the neighborhood of Warsaw, Russian Poland, suffering enormous losses.

A wireless message from Berlin says that it was officially announced there today that the battle to the east of Wirballen in Russian Poland, continues after eleven days of fighting, favorable to the Germans, repeated advances of the Russians having been repulsed with heavy losses.

Paris says that the fighting continues along the front from Warsaw to Przemysl, but gives no details.

A Russian advance in East Prussia is suggested in a dispatch from Amsterdam, which quotes a German correspondent at Rastenburg as reporting that the civilian population of Goldap has evacuated the town for "military reasons and precautions."

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The official communication issued by the French war office tonight says: "The news of the day indicates gains at several points along the front.

"On the left wing north of Lys we have taken Estaires. On the center, to the north and east of Rheims, we have made an advance of nearly two kilometers (about a mile and a quarter).

"On the heights of the Meuse and in the Woivre region we have made gains to the south of St. Michael and near Marcheville."

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The official communication given out by the French war office this afternoon is as follows: "In Belgium, German troops coming from Antwerp are marching toward the west, and the evening of October 14 they reached the region of Bruges and Thiel (fifteen miles southeast of Bruges).

"On our left wing, the enemy has vacated the left bank of the Lys. Between the Lys and the canal of La-Basse, the situation shows no change.

"In the region of Lens, and between Arras and Albert, our progress has been marked.

"To the northeast of the highway from Berry Au Bac, to Rheims, and to the north of Prunay, in the direction of Beine, several of the German trenches have been taken.

"Between the Meuse and the Moselle, after having repulsed during the night of October 13-14 certain attacks to the southeast of Verdun, our troops advanced on the 14th to the south of the highway from Verdun to Metz.

"On our right wing the partial offensive movement undertaken by the Germans in the Ban de Sapt, to the north of Saint Die, has been definitely checked."

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—(Via Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—Information continued on Page Two, Column Four.

GERMAN TROOPS QUIT BELGIUM TO MOVE ON FRANCE

Forces Are Reported to Be Marching Toward Ostend and Southwest to French Frontier.

KAISER MOVES HEADQUARTERS

Emperor William Takes Up Position Further in Interior of French Territory.

RUSSIAN CRUISER IS TORPEDOED

Submarine Launches Missile at Vessel at Entrance of the Gulf of Finland.

GERMANS DENY LOST GROUND

Assert French Official Reports of Successes Are Untrue.

FOOD-LADEN VESSELS TAKEN

Torpedo Boat Destroyers Discover Ships of Scandinavian Nationality Loaded with Provisions for London and Russia.

BULLETIN

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BERLIN, Oct. 15.—(Via Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—Information continued on Page Two, Column Four.

A queer want ad

A recent Sunday issue of the Cincinnati Enquirer contained the following want ad:

A—WANTED—AN OLD MAN. One who wants to live in the country on a small place by himself. The place can hardly be called a desirable one because besides living alone he would have to cook his own meals and do such work as called upon him to do.

The one for this place should be a man used to hard work, but who wanted a steady place, rain or shine, if he gave satisfaction.

Don't care how old he is if he is in good health, and does not drink a drop of liquor, and who would not be bothered with relatives and friends calling on him.

It is not an attractive berth, and would be too lonesome for most men. Don't bother me with answering this advertisement unless you want the place with all its disadvantages. It's even worse than I say it is. Address H. L. Enquirer office. Address H. L. Enquirer office. Telephone Tyler 1000. The Omaha Bee. Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads.

PETROGRAD AND BERLIN SEE GAIN

Petrograd Dispatch Asserts Germans Are Completely Defeated in Russian Poland.

FAVORABLE REPORT AT BERLIN

German Official Statement Asserts that Austrian Stronghold Now Entirely Freed of the Russian Siege.

BULLETIN

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A dispatch from Petrograd to the Messenger of Rome says that the Austro-German army yesterday was completely defeated in the neighborhood of Warsaw, Russian Poland. The Austrians and Germans suffered enormous losses. The Russians are stated to have taken thousands of prisoners.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—(By Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—It was officially announced today that the battle to the east of Wirballen, in Russian Poland, which has been raging since October 4, continues favorable to the Germans. Repeated attempts of the Russians to storm the trenches have resulted in heavy losses. The Russian efforts to drive out the Germans by terrific artillery fire daily so far has failed.

"The Austrian stronghold of Przemysl," the German official statement continues, "is now entirely freed of the Russian siege."

"The Russians are reported to be in forced retreat."

Belgian and English Losses Tremendous

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—(By Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—A telegram received here from Rotterdam says that the losses of the Belgian and English troops during the bombardment of Antwerp was tremendous.

Bursting shells from the German side repeatedly killed at one time between forty and fifty soldiers in the Antwerp trenches.

The statement from Russian sources to the effect that two German submarines were sunk during the attack of the Gulf of Finland last week on the Russian cruiser, Pallada, was today given official denial in Berlin.

More than 2,000,000,000 marks (\$300,000,000) already has been paid in on the war loan. This is nearly 1,000,000,000 marks more than is required.

SWITZERLAND OBJECTS TO BRITISH RESTRICTIONS

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Reuter's Telegram company has received a dispatch from Bern, Switzerland, by way of Amsterdam, in which it is stated that Switzerland is beginning to feel the restrictions on contraband and Swiss newspapers are complaining bitterly of Great Britain's attitude concerning the importation of British goods through Germany.

U.S. NOT READY FOR WAR, SAYS GARDNER

Congressman Recently Returned from Europe Declares Conditions Here Concealed.

HELPLESS BEFORE REAL POWER

Introduces Resolution to Investigate Military Status of America in Order to Make Situation Known to All.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Inquiry into the preparedness of the United States for war, "offensive or defensive," by a national security commission, was proposed in a joint resolution introduced in the house today by Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, who recently returned from the war zone in Europe.

"I have introduced this resolution to investigate the military status of the United States," said Mr. Gardner, in a statement accompanying the resolution, "because I knew a public search will open the eyes of Americans to a situation which is being concealed from them. The United States is totally unprepared for a war, defensive or offensive, against a real power. In my opinion the effect of the vast sums of money spent by Carnegie in his peace propaganda has been to blind Americans to the fact that our national security from a military point of view is undermined."

"Nearly every army and navy officer to whom I have spoken tells me the same story of inadequate armaments. I have yet to speak to a single member of either the committee on naval affairs or the committee on military affairs of the house of representatives in whose judgment I have confidence who does not in private make the same admission. Yet all these gentlemen seem to consider it their duty to refrain from any public statement."

Unable to enforce Old Policy.
Mr. Gardner, referring to the prosperity and peace of the United States, and to the "wonderful South American continent which we have closed to European colonization by the Monroe doctrine," declared that he could not understand "how any intelligent student of history can fail to see that we are impotent to defend ourselves and to enforce the Monroe doctrine by moral suasion and financial might alone."

"The time has not yet come," Mr. Gardner asserted, "when the United States can afford to allow the martial spirit of her sons to be destroyed, and all the Carnegie millions in the world will not silence those of us who believe that our power cannot be stopped with bombast, nor power vanquished by platitudes."

Quick Action is Now Looked For at Front

BORDEAUX, Oct. 15.—A high official of the French government declared this morning that the latest dispatches from the front showed that the military situation was about to develop more rapidly on the center, in the region of LeBassac, Estaires and Bailleul district.

The allies continue to make progress, this official continued. Several hotly contested positions which had changed hands repeatedly during the last few weeks were now held strongly by the French, and the Anglo-French situation was most encouraging.

NEW MOVE ON PARIS PURPOSE OF KAISER?

Failure of Russians to Make Progress Influences Latest Plan of the Germans.

TRANSFER OF TROOPS IS BEGUN

First Plans for the Occupation of Paris Include Demand for Indemnity of One Billion Dollars.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—"Germans arriving here," says the Copenhagen correspondent of the Times, "state that owing to the failure of the Russians to make progress against the Germans, the Germans have decided to immediately transfer considerable masses of troops from the eastern to the western front for an advance on Paris."

Transfer Already Begun.
"This transfer probably already has begun, as ordinary train traffic is delayed forty-eight hours.

From the same source, the correspondent says, he learns that there is a large amount of sickness among the German troops.

"The plans for the occupation of Paris, drawn up by the Germans before the battle of the Marne," contemplated a demand for an indemnity of \$1,000,000,000 unless the entire sum was paid within a fortnight, property of equal value was to have been taken to Berlin, including art works and libraries, and retained there until full satisfaction of the indemnity was made."

Russian War Staff Reports No Change

PETROGRAD, Oct. 15.—The Russian general staff issued the following statement today:

"There is no change to report on the East Prussian and central Viaticus fronts. The Russian army has been engaged and defeated the Austrians, taking seven officers and 500 soldiers prisoners, and capturing many rapid-fire guns."

Turkey Intends to Demobilize Army

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A Central News dispatch from Rome says:

"According to a telegram from Constantinople, published here, Turkey has informed Germany that owing to a lack of money, she will have to demobilize her army."

LANDSLIDE BLOCKS TRAFFIC IN CANAL

Serious Movement of Earth in Cul-de-Sac Cut Interrupts Passage of Vessels.

SHIPS HELD IN THE CHANNEL

Officials Who Make Examination of Damage Think that Traffic Will Be Delayed for Some Time.

PANAMA, Oct. 15.—A serious landslide in the Cul-de-sac cut at a late hour last night interrupted completely all traffic through the Panama canal. Several ships in the canal have been unable to complete their passage.

The reports indicate that there were early movements on both sides into the channel from the slopes of Gold and Contractors' hills, which are opposite each other.

Colonel Goethals and other officials today were making an examination of the damage.

It is said that traffic through the canal probably will be interrupted for some time.

Cholera is Making Rapid Strides in Hungarian Ranks

VENICE, Italy, Oct. 15.—(Via Paris.)—According to reports reaching Venice, cholera is making rapid strides throughout Hungary, and the progress of the disease is causing alarm.

The Hungarian authorities, it now appears, were too lax in the beginning in the matter of the sanitary supervision of prisoners' camps, which since have been under special control. Now all suspect cases are being isolated in hospitals.

Other dispatches reaching Venice relate that the Austrian commissary department is breaking down, so far as the equipment of new recruits is concerned. These men are suffering from a scarcity of clothing and boots, especially heavy winter garments.

Civilian Residents Evacuate Goldap

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Amsterdam says:

"The evacuation of Goldap in east Prussia by the civilian population is revealed by the Cologne Gazette's correspondent at Rastenburg, who says that the departure was caused by military reasons and precautions."

WHOLE TRAINLOAD OF CHRISTMAS JOY

Texas Doing Its Full Share Toward Filling Ship for Children of Europe.

ONE GIVER SUGGESTS FOOD

Idea is to Provide Something That Would Be Neglected and to Bring These When Other Sources Are Closed.

TEXAS has promised 1,000,000 quarter-pound bags of peanuts and pecans to the Christmas ship. And Texas is keeping its word.

One million quarter-pound bags—125 tons—enough to cram at least ten big freight cars!

A whole train load of Christmas happiness for the little children abroad! The amount is so big that it almost seems as though Texas must fall in its effort. But Texas is not going to fail. Here are some of the things its people are doing: Newspapers in almost every city and village in the state are working; important business and commercial associations have promised to help; children in the schools and Sunday schools are working like Trojans.

Here is a letter that reveals the spirit with which the people are working. It was written by the secretary of the Gonzales Commercial club to the Houston Post, the newspaper which has made it itself personally responsible for the success of the project in Texas:

"Gonzales Commercial club is with you. How many bags of pecans do you want from us? You shall have them if there are enough pecans grown to fill your requirements."

Suspicious From Nebraska City.
Right along this line, in connection with what to give, comes this letter from Nebraska City, which the writer, in a note to the Christmas Ship Editor, suggests may be the forerunner of greater good to come:

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Oct. 16.—To the Editor of The Bee: The Christmas Ship idea is a very beautiful conception and worthy of national recognition and thanks. It does not take the imagination (Continued on Page Two, Column Three.)

Carden Denies Having Criticized the United States

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Sir Lionel Carden has repudiated the interview ascribed to him upon his sailing from New York recently, in which he was said to have reflected severely on President Wilson's policy in regard to Mexico.

The repudiation came to the State department through Ambassador Page in London, who had inquired of the British foreign office as to the authenticity of the interview.

Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign minister, informed Mr. Page that while Sir Lionel had submitted to an interview regarding conditions in Mexico as he left the United States, he had not reflected in any way on the policy of President Wilson.

It was intimated at the State department that this closed the incident.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday.
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Fair, not much change in temperature.

Temperature	Hours	Omaha	Deg.
5 a. m.	49
6 a. m.	48
7 a. m.	47
8 a. m.	46
9 a. m.	45
10 a. m.	44
11 a. m.	43
12 m.	42
1 p. m.	41
2 p. m.	40
3 p. m.	39