

# American Soldiers Ordered Out of Mexico

## THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER  
Unsettled

Direct from the Battle Arena.  
The Bee's  
Real War Photos  
Best of Them All

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### TWO ARMIES OF KAISER FIGHTING AT RIVER AISNE

Western and Central Divisions Make Stand Against Allies, While Others Retire.

#### ALLIES' ENTIRE LINE ENGAGED

On French Left Wing Germans Offer Resistance on North Side of the River.

#### CENTER IS NORTH OF RHEIMS

German Forces Hasten Retreat in Order to Penetrate the Western Argonne Region.

#### DRIVE CROWN PRINCE FORWARD

Kaiser's Son Now Said by English to Have Retreated.

#### ALLIED TROOPS ARE REINFORCED

Rain Makes Road Heavy and is Increasing Difficulty of German Army in Its Retreat—Six Hundred Guns Taken.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—The western and central armies of the German forces continued their resistance today north of the river Aisne and north of Rheims and Chalons, while the eastern army is retreating. This is the substance of the French official communication given out this afternoon. The text of the communication is as follows:

"On our left wing, during yesterday, the Germans offered resistance on the north side of the river Aisne along a line marked by the forest of L'Angle and Craonne, twelve miles southeast of Laon.

"On our center the German line of resistance was located yesterday to the north of Rheims and of Chalons in order to reach Verdun, the town in the western section of the Argonne region, the forces of the enemy which were in the southern part of Argonne, hastened their movement of retreat. In contact between the Argonne region and the river Meuse their front yesterday, at the end of the day, extended from Varennes to Consenvoye.

"On our right wing the Germans were doubling back on Meuse (France), and in Metz, Delme and Chateau Salins (all in Lorraine).

"In the Vosges and in Alsace the situation is unchanged.

"In Belgium the German army is continuing to operate around Antwerp, causing serious losses to the enemy."

**Fight Along Entire Line.**

A statement given out by the official press bureau this afternoon says:

"The enemy is still occupying a strong position to the north of the Aisne and fighting is going on along the whole line."

"The crown prince's army has been driven further back and is now on the line of Varennes, Consenvoye and Origny."

"The allied troops have received reinforcements."

"Six hundred and twelve guns were captured yesterday by the corps on the right of the British."

"Rain has made the roads heavy and is increasing the difficulty of the German army in its retreat."

**GERMAN ARTILLERY ON THE MARCH**—One branch of the German army that has sustained the promise made for it before the war, and even done a bit better, is the artillery. Its efficiency will not be gainsayed by soldiers who have felt or watched its effects. The picture shows a battery of artillery passing through a French village.



### General Attempts Suicide on Receiving Command to Retreat

PARIS, Sept. 15.—An officer who has just arrived here from the front states that a German general commanding an artillery division of the army of the center attempted suicide on receiving an order to retreat. Afterwards he was captured by the French and sent to the camp of France.

The taking of Semlin by the Serbians has caused great manifestations and rejoicings in Belgrade, according to a dispatch to the Havas agency from Semlin. A "Ta Duen" was sung in all the

churches today.

On the afternoon of September 10 two Austrian monitors approached the Serbian capital and fired about fifty shots. The Serbian artillery at Belgrade and at Semlin replied, driving them off.

The flight of the Austrians, the dispatch says, resembled a panic. The defeat of the Austrians on two sides soon became apparent, as many of the wounded were being transported to Semlin. The Austrians took away several prominent hostages.

### GERMANS PUSH BACK RUSSIANS IN PRUSSIA

Petrograd Reports Tell of Withdrawal in Face of Kaiser's Enormous Forces.

#### CAZAR'S FORCES CAPTURE GUNS

Fighting Along Austrian Frontier Reported by Slavs to Have Netted Them Many Maxims and Field Weapons.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—A dispatch from Petrograd to the Post telling of the operations of the Russian frontier, says:

"The Germans have concentrated enormous forces in east Prussia, causing a corresponding retirement on the part of the Russians. The Germans, in aid of the hard pressed armies on the Austrian frontier, attempted to drive in with an overwhelming force along the line from Nordenburg to Goldap upon the Russian base. At the same time Russia had drawing upon its forces in east Prussia for reinforcements against the Austrian front. Thus the Germans attempt was well timed. General Rensenkampff, however, by clever maneuvering, succeeded in driving back the Germans with heavy losses."

"The Austrian army, which is retreating on Przemysl, includes one whole German army corps and part of another. These forces are lost to Germany for the duration of the war for they will be locked up in Przemysl, which the Russians must take by a prolonged siege."

**Capture Many Guns.**

"Enormous numbers of maxims and field guns which were captured by the Russians, have been everywhere immediately turned against their old owners. The Russian railways have been placed

### Hitchcock Blocks Choice of McBride Red Cloud Nasby

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—(Special Telegram.) The senate, in executive session late today, rejected the nomination of C. W. McBride for postmaster at Red Cloud. It was Senator Hitchcock's way of showing his resentment at somebody's interfering with his own recommendations in the nomination of an emergency. Senator Hitchcock was absent from the senate. When the senator appeared on the floor Monday morning he was "hot all over," and did not hesitate to say harsh things about Bryan and others, whom he charged with complicity.

There was no vote taken on the McBride nomination in the senate, for none was necessary, the postoffice and post-roads committee having reported adversely on the McBride nomination. The rejection of McBride intensified the situation as to whether F. W. Brown will be confirmed.

### THIRTY-FIVE DIE IN WRECK

Chair Car of Frisco Train No. 5 Plunges Into Water.

#### CREEK FLOODED BY BIG RAINS

Train Speeding to Make Up Lost Time Goes Through Trestle Near Lebanon, Mo.—Most of Dead Drowned.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Sept. 15.—Between thirty-five and forty-five persons were killed and a score of others injured early today when the locomotive, baggage car and forward chair car of St. Louis & San Francisco No. 5 plunged through a trestle over Brush creek, near Lebanon, Mo., and were submerged in the swollen stream.

Most of the dead were drowned in the chair car and a great number of these were women and children. Those who were able to escape from their watery prison found their way out by breaking windows and swimming to shore. It is estimated there were sixty-five passengers in the chair car.

Owing to poor communication with the scene of the wreck it is impossible to give a definite estimate of how many escaped. None of the sleeping cars left the track and the passengers in these quickly formed themselves into rescue parties.

One man in the chair car lost his wife and five children. When the accident occurred he was thrown clear of the descending chair and swam to shore. In the submerged car his wife and children met their deaths, while he stood near by unable to save them.

Heavy rains last week caused all the small streams in the vicinity to rise. The train was late because of the flooded conditions. As it passed Lebanon, according to reports reaching here, its speed was increased to make up lost time.

Railroads officials announced the injured were brought to Springfield this afternoon. The dead are being placed in hastily arranged morgues at Lebanon. The names of the identified dead were

(Continued on Page Two, Column Three.)

### Judge McPherson Unable to Hold Court

Owing to the continued illness of Judge Smith McPherson he was unable to appear on the bench when the September term of the federal court at Council Bluffs convened here yesterday morning. Judge Walter I. Smith of the United States circuit court of appeals took his place, but announced that he would only hear those cases that were of pressing importance and no criminal cases at all. It is reported that the defendant in the case of Judge McPherson is confined in his home in Red Oak and Judge Smith said that while he was not compelled to remain in bed he was too much indisposed to undertake the heavy duties of his office. Judge McPherson some time ago suffered severely from an attack of pneumonia poisoning, and later, when stricken by a balky automobile, impatiently got out and walked several miles forgetting his weakened condition. He was considerably prostrated by the unusual exertion and is still suffering from the combined effects of the poison and the over exertion.

### VON KLUCK'S ARMY IS SURROUNDED

English Correspondent Sends Report that Allies' Encircling Movement is Successful.

**SLIGHT ADMISSION BY BERLIN**  
German Officials Discount Admitted Turning of Their Right Wing by Predicting Gaining of Advantage at Verdun.

**BULLETIN.**  
LONDON, Sept. 15.—(4:06 p. m.)—The occupation of Rheims, by the allied troops, was announced by the official press bureau this afternoon.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—(2 p. m.)—The correspondent of the Central News at Dieppe, under date of Monday, September 14, transmits a report that the German army under General von Kluck has been forced to surrender.

The correspondent says: "A report has reached Dieppe that the extreme left of the allies, after making an encircling movement, by way of



### BELGIANS ACTIVE TO ASSIST ALLIES

Flanking Movement in France Depends on Assistance Rendered in the North.

#### HEAVY FIGHTING ALONG LINE

Some of Most Comprehensive Operations So Far Undertaken by Belgian Army Are Under Way Against Germans.

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GHEENT, Belgium (via London), Sept. 15.—(Special Cablegram to New York World and Omaha Bee.)—The magnitude of the battle between the Belgian army and the Germans who remained in this country instead of joining their fellows and invading France has been carefully masked in all the official communications from the capital at Antwerp, and the few scraps of information about it which have trickled into this place have given little hint of its importance.

**Much Depends on Action.**

The battle lasted for four days, but the people here in Ghent have heard nothing of it. They believe all the fighting there is in Belgium is between cycle and cavalry detachments and squads of soldiers. Yet the flanking movement of the allies in France depended largely on the success of the movement, by far the most important of the Belgian army since the days after Liege.

Every available man of the German Landsturm and the boy army which has held Belgium for three weeks has massed along the fighting line. The places held by the enemy were Sempet, Weerde, Eleywt, Campenhout, Werpelare, Notelaer and Hollebek. The Belgian forces lay to the northeast of the line, their farther flank to the south of Aerschot and the center about Kerkerberg. The center of the battle storm was a crossroad about middle distance between Malines and Louvain.

**New Belgian Guns.**

Between Aerschot and Brussels a place called Lanestraet, where the Malines-Louvain canal is crossed, was vigorously cannonaded by the Belgians with new guns, of which they are very proud. I wonder where they came from?

A German aeroplane fell into the Belgian camp and one officer was killed and a sergeant taken prisoner. On board were nine bombs. The machine was brought down by rifle fire.

### BELGIAN COMMISSION WILL MEET WILSON WEDNESDAY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Secretary Bryan announced late today, on receipt of a message from President Wilson, that the Belgian commission which has come to this country to protest against alleged German atrocities, will be received at the White House Wednesday afternoon.

### The National Capital

Tuesday, September 15, 1914.

**The Senate.**

The filibuster against the river and harbor bill was continued.

Republicans decided to oppose a war tax measure in any form whatever.

**The House.**

Democrats prepared to caucus tonight on the war tax measure.

Debate on the land leasing bill was resumed on the floor.

### War Summary

Germany's armies to the north and east of Paris, after retreating for upwards of fifty miles toward the Belgian frontier, are today making a determined stand along the river Aisne.

A news agency dispatch from Dieppe says that General von Kluck has been enveloped by a French encircling movement and forced to surrender with a large command and a quantity of guns and ammunition.

The German general staff, however, announced yesterday that heavy engagements were being fought by General von Kluck's right wing to the northeast of Paris without a decisive result, so far. The French attempts to break through the German lines were said to have been repulsed.

Reports regarding the operations in East Prussia contradict each other. From Petrograd it is said that General Rensenkampff has resumed the offensive and that the investment of Koenigsberg still is in progress. Berlin advices, however, are to the effect that the Russian general has suffered defeat nearly as severely as that of the Russian disaster at Allenstein.

Further Petrograd dispatches estimate the casualties of the Austrians in Galicia total 300,000, nearly one-third of their forces.

The sinking of the German protected cruiser Helg, of 2,040 tons by a submarine of the allied fleet is announced in an official statement issued at Berlin. A major part of the crew was saved.

The German submarine which sank the British cruiser Pathfinder, with a loss of 246 lives, is reported to have been destroyed by the fire of several British cruisers.

Sharp skirmishes have taken place in the Shantung peninsula of China between the German defenders of the Kiaochow concession and a Japanese landing force.

A measure was introduced in the British Parliament today suspending until after the war the proceedings on the Irish home rule and the Welsh disestablishment bills.

Queen Wilhelmina, opening Parliament in person, emphasized the necessity of the Netherlands maintaining the strictest neutrality in the war.

### WILSON ORDERS U. S. TROOPS TO QUIT VERA CRUZ

American Soldiers in Possession of Mexican Seaport Commanded to Withdraw.

#### STATEMENT FROM WHITE HOUSE

Further Presence of Soldiers of Uncle Sam Are Deemed Unnecessary, it is Said.

#### EXECUTIVE EXPLAINS ACTION

Move in View of Entire Removal of Circumstances Thought to Justify Occupation.

#### SHIPS LIKELY TO COME HOME

Understood in Official Circles that War Vessels Will Leave Soon.

#### CABINET TALKS OVER SITUATION

Announcement Follows Discussion of Matter by Chief Magistrate and His Ministers at Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—American troops have been ordered withdrawn from Vera Cruz.

The following statement was given out at the White House this afternoon:

"The troops have been ordered withdrawn from Vera Cruz. This action is taken in view of the entire removal of the circumstances which were thought to justify the occupation. The further presence of the troops is deemed unnecessary."

While no mention was made of the fleet it is understood in official circles that with the withdrawal most of the warships in Mexican waters will be ordered home.

The announcement followed a discussion of the situation at today's cabinet meeting and came as a direct result of favorable advices from Paul Fuller, President Wilson's personal representative, who is returning from an investigation trip to Mexico.

### German Prince in Danger in Argonne

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The correspondent of the Times at Bordeaux dealing with what he terms the precarious position of the German crown prince, who is threatened with complete envelopment if he seeks his fortune in the plains of Chalons, says:

"It is possible that if he is strong enough to hold the Argonne forest that the Germans may complete a change of front and swing their armies on the pivot of Arras around to the Meuse valley, in which General von Kluck's army will find itself in the position of outside running, much as at the bend of a racing track, and might be unable to get around in time."

"It looks at present as though the whole German army is withdrawing to make a stand on the Peronne-St. Quentin-Verdun Meuse line, which would give them a line of retreat through Luxembourg. This is known to have been prepared by the aspers for a determined defense."

### Submarine is Sunk in Turn by British

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The Scotman today states that the German submarine which sank the British cruiser Pathfinder has itself been sunk. On Wednesday last, according to the paper, a part of the British fleet on the lookout for German submarines became aware of the near presence of one. The British vessels divided into two groups, one of which appeared with only its periscope showing.

With grim patience the British cruiser waited for the reappearance of the submarine, which occurred in a dramatic fashion. By some miscalculation, probably in a final effort to escape the cruisers, the submarine's conning tower and upper structure suddenly appeared in the midst of the English vessels. The conning tower had hardly broken the surface of the water when the first British gun marked it. The doomed vessel was within range of seven British cruisers and from every one of them guns crashed out. In ten seconds seven shot entered the frail shell of the sub-

### Democrat Margin in Maine is 3,587

PORTLAND, Sept. 15.—The democratic victory in Maine's state election yesterday was measured by the 3,587 plurality by which Mayor Oakley C. Curtis of Portland defeated Governor William T. Haines, republican, for re-election, according to unofficial returns from all but thirty-seven of the 521 cities and towns voted. All four congressmen, three republicans and one democrat, were re-elected.

The comparative returns available for 461 cities and towns give: Haines, republican, 37,862; Taft, republican, 31,171; Curtis, democrat, 31,282; Wilson, democrat, 30,431; Gardner, progressive, 17,422; Roosevelt, progressive, 17,264.

### The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday:  
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity  
Unsettled; probably showers.

#### Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Deg.
5 a. m.	58
6 a. m.	58
7 a. m.	58
8 a. m.	58
9 a. m.	58
10 a. m.	58
11 a. m.	58
12 m.	58
1 p. m.	58
2 p. m.	58
3 p. m.	58
4 p. m.	58
5 p. m.	58
6 p. m.	58
7 p. m.	58
8 p. m.	58

#### Comparative Local Records.

	1914	1913	1912	1911
Highest yesterday	58	78	55	78
Lowest yesterday	55	51	50	67
Mean temperature	56	64	62	70
Total rainfall since March	30.11	30.11	30.11	30.11
Precipitation	49	67	67	67

#### Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal.

Normal temperature	66
Excess for the day	-8
Normal precipitation	46
Total excess since March	46
Normal precipitation	32
Deficiency for the day	-12
Total rainfall since March	30.11
Deficiency since March	2.49
Deficiency for cor. period, 1913	7.41
Deficiency for cor. period, 1912	2.48

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State	Temp.	High.	Low.	Wind.	Bar.
Omaha, Neb.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Chicago, Ill.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Davenport, Ia.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Des Moines, Ia.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Dodge City, Kan.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Lander, Wyo.	58	61	50	87	30.11
North Platte, Neb.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Omaha, Neb.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Pueblo, Colo.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Rapid City, S. Dak.	58	61	50	87	30.11
St. Paul, Minn.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Santa Fe, N. Mex.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Sheridan, Wyo.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Sioux City, Ia.	58	61	50	87	30.11
Valentine, Neb.	58	61	50	87	30.11

Indicates trace of precipitation.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.