Nebraska

SUN SHINES ON THE FAIR

Judges Begin Work of Picking Out the Winning Exhibits.

READY FOR BIG CROWD TODAY

Appeal Made to Citizens of Lincoln to Turn Out in Numbers and Offset Loss Caused by Bad Weather.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 9.—(Special.)—With the sun shining this morning the state fair grounds began to put on a busy appearance.

In agricultural hall the red and blue tags began appearing in evidence and the work of judging the county exhibits began. Twenty-two counties have entered in the contest for honors in the county collective exhibit class, more than have entered for some years. The state is divided into three sections, so that the older counties of the east do not compete with the newer counties of the middle section of the state and the comparatively new west portion, the entries being as follows, with the name of the individual having the exhibit in charge:

Eastern Division—Lancaster, A. H. Smith of Lincoln; Douglas, J. W. Shoemaker of Elk Creek; Pawnee, Arnold Martin of Du Bois.

Central Division—Antelope, A. F. Bare of Neligh; Fillmore, G. W. Deming of Fairmont; Franklin, W. H. Arnold of Franklin; Kearney, William Gormly of Minden; Webster, George W. Hummel of Red Cloud; York, A. J. Martin of York; Nuckolls, L. L. Drake of Nelson; Wheeler, Roy Emry of Erickson.

Western Division—Brown, E. J. Staffner of Ainsworth; Cheyenne, R. A. Blake of Sidney; Frontier, W. O. Hickman of Stockville; Perkins, George Edwards of Grant; Red Willow, J. E. Ryan of Indianola; Scott's Bluff, Winfield Evans of Scott's Bluff; Lincoln, E. W. Crossgrove of North Platte; Cherry, D. McLeod of Valentine; Dundy, E. B. Styer of Benkelman; Box Butte, C. O. Rosenberger of Hemingford; Kimball, J. Pedrett of Kimball.

Fruit in Abundance.

The fruit display made by the Central Fruit Growers' association covers more than 1,500 plates of apples. Several barrels showing the methods in packing are also on exhibition. This display brought the first premium on largest collection and a display by Marshall Bros. of Arlington, with over 1,200 plates took the second premium.

According to E. M. Pollard of Nehawka, while the fruit crop this year is good and the quality excellent, the orchards do not bear as heavily this year on account of the heavy crop last year. The orchards are also being harmed by the illinois canker, which according to Mr. Pollard must be checked or the orchards will be seriously damaged and probably entirely ruined. In conection with this matter the association met yesterday and appointed a committee which waited on the state university regents and requested that due care be taken in the selection of a successor to Prof. Emerson, who has left the university for a position in the state of Washington. They desire the appointment of a man who is familiar with the workings of the disease and their request was heartily met by the regents.

Horticultural Premiums.

Among the premiums taken on fruit were the following:

Largest individual exhibit, Marshall Bros., Arlington. This firm also took several other premiums, being first on fifty plates of apples, first on artistic display, and some seconds.

Val Keyser also took first premium of a fifty-pite display.

Nemaha county had a good display of fruit of all kinds, Clyde Barnard took first on a display of 150 plates of pears. The Peru fruit farm took first on a display of fifty plates of grapes. A. H. Longfellow of Peru and J. A. Hoffman also took several prizes on fruit of different kinds.

Beachey and the Races.

The heavy rain of last night had made the track heavy, but the race program was carried out in good shape and a large crowd witnessed the events.

As usual, Beachey and his aeroplane caught the crowd in three flights made during the afternoon, the ascensions being of the sensational order and fully meeting the expectations of the crowd.

If the good weather continues tomorrow it is likely that the day will be a record breaker, or very nearly so.

Mayor Zehrung and President Quiggle and Secretary Whitten of the Lincoln Commercial club joined in a public request today to the citizens of Lincoln to attend the fair during the days remaining in order to counteract the efect of the bad weather of the first three days and help out in the attendance.

The appeal in part was as follows:

Under adverse weather conditions the fair management connot realize its hopes for a record attendance. Last year the extreme heat discouraged many of those who wished to attend our fair. This, together with improvements made for the comfort of patrons, has reduced the usual surplus. The board of managers wishes to pay all premiums Friday. Under the circumstances, we believe it to be the duty of the citizens of Lincoln to prove their loyalty to the Nebraska state fair. Let every booster, business man, everyone interested in the upbuilding of Lincoln, attend the fair Thursday and Friday and pay a half dollar at the gates.

This is Omaha Day.

Tomorrow is Omaha and South Omaha day and the management is praying for fine weather that the Douglas county people may have a pleasant day for their visit. The race program is one of the best of the week and with the called-off races caused by the wet track of the first day will help in making an especially good bunch of speed events. The most important of the events are the 3-year-old trot, the 2:25 pace, the 2:14 trot and two running races. There will also be a democratic jubilie in the auditorium.

Workmen Have Building.

One of the most creditable buildings on the fair grounds is the one presided over by the Ancient Order of United Workmen. It has been renovated throughout and the members of the order find it a convenient place for rest and comfort. The building is provided with plenty of reading matter and other conveniences. Grand Master Walling, Grand Recorder Whittlesey, John H. Bennett, Nicholas Ross, Dr. Packard and oJseph Oberfelder, who compose the grand lodge executive officers, are present. Nearly 1,200 members have registered to date.

Two More German Generals Lose Their Lives at the Front

BERLIN, (Via London.)—Sept. 9.—Two more major generals have been added to the death list of field officers, Generals Von Gotha and Nieland.

Premier Von Weissacker, of Wurtemburg, and Finance Minister Von Bruenig, of Bavaria have both lost sons. Prince Frederick William of Hesse was wounded in the breast in the fighting in France.

Long train loads of wounded are now being brought from advanced to base hospitals or forwarded to Lazarettos in the interior of Germany. Only the most severely wounded, who are unable to bear the transportation, have been left in the advanced hospitals.

The correspondent on a trip to Liege was able to inspect some of the trains for wounded. Such trains are usually composed of coaches from which the seats have been removed and replaced with beds, in two tiers, accomodating eight men per car. Each car has a hospital attendant and each train a coach load of surgeons. Most of the wounded seen were apparently making a fairly quick recovery.

Open Shop in Butte, Big Mining Center

BUTTE, Mont., Sept. 9.—Open shop went into effect today in Butte, the home for thirty-six years of the largest union "local" in the far west.

Some 10,000 miners, until recently all members of Butte Miners' union No. 1 of the Western Federation of Miners, but now divided between that organization and the newly formed Butte Mine Workers' union were notified that from the viewpoint of their employers, it made no difference whether they belonged to either organization or to none. This decision, signed by the twelve companies which represent the copper output of Butte, was received late last night, and the town, tight in the leash of martial law, bristled with excitement today when confronted with it.

The employers announce that wages and hours existing under union contracts will be continued. Pro-union estimates are that 40 cents of every gross dollar taken from the ground in Butte goes into wages, and there has been some agitation to cut the eight-hour day to six hours. As to the unions, however, the companies assert that the new organization has adopted an attitude impossible of recognition and the old one is virtually extinct.

Statement Given Out from King George

LONDON, Sept. 9.—The official information bureau today gave out a message from King George to the colonies. It is as follows:

"During the last few weeks the peoples of my whole empire, at home and over seas, have moved with one mind and purpose to confront and overthrow an unparalleled assault on the continuity of civilization of the peace of mankind.

"The calamitous conflict is not of my seeking. My voice has been cast throughout on the side of peace. My ministers earnestly strove to allay the causes of the strife and to appease differences with which my empire was not concerned. Had I stood aside when, in defiance of pledges to which my kingdom was a party, the soil of Belgium was violated and her cities made desolate, when the very life of the French nation was threatened with extinction, I should have sacrificed my honor and given to destruction the liberties of my empire and of mankind.

"I rejoice that every part of the empire is with me in this decision."

STEAMSHIP RED CROSS REMAINS AT ANCHORAGE

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—With its fires banked the steamship Red Cross remained at anchorage in the Hudson river today awaiting orders to start on its voyage of mercy to the wounded on European battlefields. Sailing was delayed yesterday by the interference of the British and French governments, who objected to any man in the crew of 270 being other than an American citizen.

Captain Armistead Rust, United States navy, retired, declared it was impossible to get a full American crew without long delay, and added that to do so would necessitate his sending to the great lakes, Boston and other seaport cities.

ITALIAN RESERVISTS TOLD MUST REMAIN AT HOME

LONDON, Sept. 9.—(3:32 p. m.)—Telegraphing from Geneva, Switzerland, a correspondent of the Central News says that information has reached him from Lugano, near the Italian frontier, to the effect that all Italians belonging to the 1892 and 1893 classes of reservists have been forbidden to leave the country.

Nebraska

DEMOCRATS PLAN THE WORK

W. H. Thompson Tells Committee They Have Task Ahead.

DR. HALL MADE VICE CHAIRMAN

Executive Committee Named to Take Charge of Active Work of the Campaign—Six Members Are Absent.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Sept. 9.—(Special.)—There was a good attendance of members of the state democratic committee when Chairman W. H. Thompson called the committee together just before noon today in the Lincoln hotel, only six of them being absent, although as many more were represented by proxy.

In his opening address to the committee Mr. Thompson wanted the committee to know there was never such easy sailing for the democratic party in the history of the state as at the present time. A little later he admonished them that there was a lot of hard work ahead of the committee, for said he: "The republicans have selected in Walter A. George a man who understands the political game, is a resourceful manager, knows the finances and conditions of the state in such a way that his arguments will have weight, and it is up to us to find some way to meet those statements and we have got to have a man who is just as familiar with state affairs as is George."

He suggested as a man for vice chairman the name of Clarence Harman, state food inspector.

A discussion was had over the time for appointing an executive committee, some of the committee wanting to get busy while others wanted to wait awhile, Arthur Mullen of Omaha suggesting that some rules be drawn up for the committee to follow at once and the following were selected: Dr. O. E. Weber, Wahoo; Arthur Mullen, Omaha; Fred Volp, Scribner; Dan Kavanaugh, Fairbury, and H. E. Phelps, Howells.

Dr. P. L. Hall of Lincoln was selected as vice chairman, though he protested strongly.

Killing of German Officers at Ghent is All a Mistake

LONDON, Sept. 9.—An Ostend dispatch to Reuters Telegram company gives a late version of the shooting of German officers in Ghent, which has considerably modified the seriousness of the case. One of the German wounded admitted at the hospital that he had lost his road.

The wounded officer has been taken under the protection of the American consulate and will not be held as a prisoner of war. The burgomaster, after explaining the case to the German commander, made the statement that the agreement with the Germans not to enter the city will not be changed as a result of the incident.

A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Ghent, evidently filed earlier, but delayed, explains the incident referred to in the Ostend dispatch. It says that an incident which may lead to serious consequences had just happened in Ghent. In spite of the agreement, two German officers entered the city and were surprised by Belgian troops, who fired on them from a mitrailleuse mounted on an automobile. One officer was killed and the other seriously wounded.

U. S. Credentials Held by Germans

LONDON, Sept. 9.—Several alleged Americans are among the refugees already placed in compounds by the secret service men. The cases of many others are under investigation. While none of the arrested has been shown so far to be a spy, many are declared to be unquestionably alien enemies of undesirable type. A large number hold supposed credentials that have been proven false.

Out of 200 of the most recent applicants for passports at the American embassy, only forty received passports and a number of passports granted by American officials on the continent have been taken up here when it was shown that the bearers were not entitled to them. It is supposed that the papers either belonged to others than the holders, or were granted on the testimony of persons considered reliable by the American officials.

Several men carrying American passports were found to be unable to speak a word of English, although they testified in German that they were born in the United States.

AUSTRIANS MAKE PROMISES TO THE JEWS IN POLAND

LONDON, Sept. 9.—German newspapers which have reached London quote the following proclamation issued by Austria to the Jews in Poland:

"The heroic armies of the mid-European states of Germany and Austria-Hungary have entered Poland. Our flags bring justice, freedom and equal rights as citizens, religious freedom and freedom to live undisturbed in economic and cultural life. Too long you have suffered under the iron yoke of Moscow. We come as friends. The foreign barbarian yoke is gone. A new era begins for Poland. We will use all our strength to put it on a sure foundation of equal rights for the Jews.

"Do not be deluded by the flattering promises of the czar, which already you have heard too often. Did not the czar make this same promises in 1905? How did he keep his word?

"Think of the awful banishment of the great masses of Jews; think of the cities of Kishinev, Gomel Gobel, Bialystok and Sedlec and their hundreds of progoms. Now the czar feels between the hammer and the anvil; he renews his promises. Your sacred duty is to work with us with all your might for freedom."

EMPEROR WILLIAMS' NAME STILL ON BRITISH NAVY LIST

LONDON, Sept. 9.—The Express states that the resignation of Emperor William from his office as admiral of the British fleet does not appear to have reached the authorities in London. The September navy list still includes his name among the honorary offices and also that of Prince Henry of Prussia.

FALL OF NAMUR EXPLAINED

Fire of Germans so Terrible Defenders Can Make no Reply.

FOG OF HELP TO ASSAILANTS

Guns of Teutons Outrange Those of Belgians and Latter Have to Lie Flat Waiting End of Shooting.

OSTEND, Belguim, Sept. 9.—Via London.)—The remnant of the Namur garrison has arrived here, bringing a story which explains to some extent why a stronghold believed so nearly impregnable fell.

Of 25,000 men in the forest in the environments of Namur, 12,000 have returned to Belgian soil, making the Belgian loss at Namur in killed, wounded and missing 14,000.

It seems that, under cover of the fog, the Germans finally got their new siege guns into positions from which they could concentrate their fire on a single joint of the Namur defenses. The guns were at a minimum distance of three miles from the Belgian trenches and consequently outranged the Belgian guns.

Can't Fire in Return.

"Without troubling about the forts," said one of the survivors, "the Germans first centered their rain of steel upon our entrenchments. For ten hours our brave young fellows stood the terrible ordeal, unable to fire a shot in return. Any man risking his head above the fire swept ramparts had it blown off. Lying flat on our stomachs, all we could do was to wait for the firing to end. Whole regiments were being deciminated. The loss among our officers was terrible.

"Meanwhile many German guns had been turned on the forts, especially Maizeret and Marchovelette. The men in them, armed with guns of much smaller caliber than the German's, could offer but feeble resistance. Maizeret, in fact, fired only about ten shots while receiving not less than 1,200 shells at the rate of twenty a minute.

Seventy-five Perish.

"At Marchovellette seventy-five men perished at the batteries and both forts soon surrendered. The other works, however, were still holding out when the army left the town. So much confidence had been placed in General Michael and his staff's ability to hold the fortress, that the eventual retirement of the forces had not been provided for and as a result the greatest confusion ensued. No provision had been made for the destruction of stores and these, together with the fortress artillery and most of the field artillery, fell into the hands of the enemy. At the cadet school alone was a store of 3,000,000 rations.

Ambulance Corps Suffers.

"The ambulance corps was a heavy sufferer through lack of organization, losing 150 out of 600 men. Many of our sick and wounded were left behind in Namur, but such as could be moved were got through to the French lines and eventually were transfered to French hospitals.

"On the retreat, the narrow road was choked with men, horses and vehicles. Of our enormous park of motor cars only two were saved, for the Germans entered the town close on our heels.

"We were doomed to disappointment after disappointment. The French had been obliged to fall back and could only send us two regiments. These bravely fought their way to us, joining us in greatly reduced numbers not far from Namur. Our generals had believed that the destruction of the bridge at Jambes would cover our retreat, but the Germans, moving more rapidly, cut our retreat near Boise De Villers, six miles from Namur, where their machine guns made a clean sweep of the several motors filled with Belgian officers. At last we cut our way through, but at a terrible loss.

Lose Most of Officers.

"Here the Eighth and Thirteenth regiments especially distinguished themselves. They lost nearly all of their officers. One of our commissariat trains fell into the hands of the enemy. Our troops continued their retreat, ever pursued, ever harassed. Moreover we tumbled right into the path of the French retreat from Charleroi and it was not until we got to Philippeville that our troops were pulled together again and reformed."

Algerian Rifle Men in Heroic Charge

PARIS, Sept. 9.—A feature of Monday's action was another heroic charge by the Algerian rifle men. At a criticals moment it became necessary to carry a certain position and, after the artillery had prepared the way, 2,000 Algerians with fixed bayonets charged the position at double quick without flinching under the storm of shot and shells. They never stopped until they reached the trenches, where the wrought fearful carnage. Many pieces of artillery and machine guns were captured.

After the Algerians came the infantry and artillery, and the wedge driven into the line forced the Germans to retreat. They were pursued by the same Algerians who inflicted terrible losses.

FRENCHMAN GIVEN MEDAL FOR SEIZING GERMAN FLAG

PARIS, Sept. 9.—"On the banks of the river Ourcq two German flags have been captured in the course of a great battle. One was taken from the enemy by force by a reservist named Guilmard, who has received the miliary medal from General Calliení, commander of the French forces at Paris. This flag is of the Thirty-sixth regiment of German infantry, which was decorated in 1870 with the order of the Iron Cross."

The foregoing is an announcement given out in Paris this afternoon.

Gordon Highlanders Caught in Trap and Their Colonel Killed

LONDON, Sept. 9.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Boulogne narrates, on the authority of Private Black of the Gordon Highlanders, now the Gordons were surprised and their colonel, W. E. Gordon, killed.

Black says that after the battle of Mons in which the Gordons suffered severely, they were at 11 o'clock Tuesday night, ordered to retire and prepare for a long march. They slipped quietly out of the trenches and moved along the road. At about 2 o'clock in the morning they were fired on from a field. The word was passed that it was a French picket and they supposed they were retiring on the French line.

"The colonel called a halt and went into the field," Private Blane continued, "and called out, trying to make them understood we were English. While we were thus waiting the Germans got all around us.

"The colonel came back and stood in front of us. We were quite helpless, asking each other what was going to happen. Presently they began to shoot. I dropped down to shelter and a comrade fell upon me shot dead. Some tried to move off, but that was impossible, as the Germans were within three yards of us and shot every man who rose.

"I stayed lying there till light dawned before I dared to crawl out. Then I saw the colonel lying dead apart from others, and bodies lying all around."

GERMANS FIRED UPON BY DISGUISED BELGIAN SOLDIERS

LONDON, Sept. 9.—In a dispatch from Copenhagen a correspondent of the Central News says that General Manteuffel, the German military commander at Louvain, Belgium, has made an official report in which he asserts that investigation has shown that Belgian soldiers who had drawn on civilian attire over their uniforms fired on German soldiers from housetops of the city.

SECOND SON OF KING GEORGE HAS APPENDICITIS OPERATION

ABERDEEN, Scotland, Sept. 9.—(Via London.)—Prince Albert, second son of King George, has been operated on for appendicitis. His condition is reported today as satisfactory.

Men Pay Homage to Mother's Friend

"I am not surprised to observe the number of men who come into the store to purchase 'Mother's Friend,'" remarked a leading druggist.

The expectant mother if she hasn't heard of this splendid embrocation is probably not reading the papers to much extent. And if she does it is a happy thought to send hubby to the drug store. "Mother's Friend" is applied externally over the abdominal muscles.

It is a gentle, soothing lubricant, penetrates to the fine network of nerves beneath the skin and has a marked tendency to relieve the muscular strain to which these broad, flat abdominal muscles are subjected. The cords, tendons and ligaments are thus permitted to stretch without the corresponding surface strain so often involved during the period of expectation. And particularly to young mothers is this remedial application of inestimable value since in thus keeping the muscles firm but pliant it enables them to go through the ordeal without laceration of the epidermis often the case when this gentle attention is neglected.

"Mother's Friend" is highly recommended by a host of women. Write Bradfield Regulator Co., 408 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., and we will send you a valuable little book to expectant mothers.

LANPHER

THE LANPHER HAT

IT IS ABSOLUTELY PURE AND MOST DELICIOUS

Metz BEER

"THE OLD RELIABLE"

PHONE DOUGLAS 222

WM. SWOBODA, RETAIL DEALER

7% ON YOUR MONEY (GUARANTEED) PLUS % OF SURPLUS

HOME BUILDERS INC. OMAHA

IF YOUR FALL SUIT PRICE IS

$20

This store will prove your one best bet

We're giving a wonderful lot of value in the suits we sell at Twenty Dollars—styles to satisfy the Young Fellows as well as the conservative standard patterns—unusually attractive fabrics as the rule. Better investigate tomorrow.

OMAHA'S LARGEST STORE for MEN AND BOYS

KING-PECK CO

"16th at Howard" — "HOME of QUALITY CLOTHES"

COAL AT CUT PRICES

Plus ROSENBLATT QUALITY—is an inducement which you would do well to investigate. Our many satisfied customers are a good gauge to follow.

We are increasing our patronage by our QUALITY, SERVICE and PRICES. We will appreciate any inquiries from you.

Rosenblatt Cut Price Coal Co.

1223 NICHOLAS STREET. TEL. DOUG. 530.

Cut Down Expenses

Nearly everybody is "hedging" a little on expenses this fall, and those who are "next" to the benefit they can derive from a first class Cleaning and Dyeing Establishment like the

PANTORIUM

are making big savings on their clothes expense.

Don't Buy New Yet

It is almost a certainty that dry goods will be much cheaper next year. There will be no foreign demand for our cotton and wool, therefore it must be manufactured into cloth here in the United States, and that means no imported goods at fancy prices, but an abundance of domestic at low prices.

Think Twice Before Buying New Clothes

You'll be surprised at the great improvement we can make in your old suit, overcoat, jacket or dress.

In addition to a thorough Cleaning or Dyeing and Pressing, we can put new linings in coats, overcoats or jackets, put on new velvet collars, new buttons, new pockets, etc.

We employ only first class tailors and can make any kind of Alteration or Repairs on either men's or women's garments at about one-half to two-thirds what the regular tailors and dressmakers charge.

Here Are Some Prices:

LADIES' LIST	Dry Cleaning and Pressing	Dyeing and Pressing
Plain Waists	$ .50	$1.00
Silk Waists	75c up	$1.00 up
Dresses	$1.50 up	2.50 up
Plain Skirts	.75	1.50
Pleated Skirts	1.00	2.00
Tunic Skirts	1.00	2.00
Jackets, short	1.00	1.50
¾ lined	2.00	2.50
¾ unlined	1.50	2.50
Cravenettes	1.50	2.50

MEN'S LIST	Steam or Dry Cleaning and Pressing.	Cleaning, Dyeing and Pressing.
Suits	$1.50	$3.50
Coats	.75	2.00
Vests	.50	.75
Pants	.50	1.00
Overcoats	1.50	2.50
Ulsters, heavy	2.00	3.00
Gloves, colored	.20	...
Gloves, white	.10	...
Neckties	.10	...

Bring or send in your winter clothes and let us quote a price for putting them in first class shape. We guarantee satisfaction.

Automobile delivery to all parts of the city, Dundee and South Omaha. Just use the phone.

The Pantorium

"GOOD CLEANERS AND DYERS"

1515-17 JONES STREET. Phone Douglas 963.

GUY LIGGETT, President.

N. B. We pay special attention to out-of-town business. Send your work by parcel post or express. We pay charges on Orders of $3.00 or more.

Let The Bee get you a good job. "Situations Wanted" ads are free

Blood Destruction Stopped and Rebuilt

Worries Overcome, Evidence Brushed Away. The Skin Cleared.

S. S. S., the famous blood purifier, is man's architect. It contemplates the damage done and repairs the damage. It also looks after the possible damage and corrects all tendency to blood eruptions, decay of bones, clogging of joints and any and all of those myriad of destructive effects such as rheumatism, catarrh, swollen glands, sore throat, bronchial affections and the host of infirmities so well known as being caused by impure blood. And now, why should S. S. S. do all this? Simply because it is Nature's antidote, a remedy of searching influence. It contains a powerful, natural ingredient, that sweeps its way to the skin. And in doing this it not only annihilates destructive germs but causes them to be so converted that they are easily and harmlessly voided, expelled or destroyed and then driven out through the natural outlets of the body. Thus let S. S. S. be your safeguard in all blood troubles no matter what they are. It won't fail you. Get a bottle today of any druggist but refuse any and all substitutes.

Get in communication with the medical department. Write The Swift Specific Co., 54 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. This special advisory work on blood troubles has been of incalculable benefit and has cured a host of sufferers.

La-Grippe and Colds

In La Grippe and Colds, Anti-kamnia (A-K) Tablets are unexcelled, as they stop the pains, soothe the nerves, and bring the rest so greatly needed by nature to restore the system to health. Physicians have used these tablets for over twenty years, in the treatment of colds, fevers and la grippe, and have found no other remedy more useful in these conditions. Anti-kamnia Tablets are so inexpensive, so pleasant to take, so satisfactory in their results, and so useful in all conditions where there is pain, that A-K Tablets should always be kept in the house for the time of need. Many of our ablest physicians obtain perfect results in la grippe and colds, by cleansing the system with Epsom salts or "Actolds", a very good cathartic, putting the patient on a limited diet, and administering one A-K tablet every two or three hours. This treatment will usually break up the worst case in a day or two, while in milder cases, ease and comfort follow almost immediately. These tablets are also unexcelled for Neuralgia, Rheumatic Pains, The Pains of Women, Indigestion and Insomnia. All druggists have them.

Genuine A-K Tablets bear the K mark. P. S.—A-K Salve for Sores