

# Allies Inflict Great Losses Upon Germans

## THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

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### AUSTRIANS IN FULL FLIGHT BETWEEN BUG AND VISTULA

Signs Seen of General Retreat Along Whole Line in Region from One River to Other.

#### THEIR LOSSES ARE ENORMOUS

Fortress of Przemysl Checks the Advance of the Russians Under General Ruzsky.

#### WOULD BE BUT SHORT DELAY

With Capture of This Fortress Austrians May Not Have a Single Stronghold Left in Galicia.

#### SOLDIERS GET BUT LITTLE SLEEP

Make Thirty-Mile Marches Each Day on Three Hours' Sleep.

#### TAKE LARGE LIST OF SUPPLIES

Austrians Had Expected to Make a Long Resistance at Lemberg and Had Stored Immense Quantities of Food.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—A dispatch to the Evening News from Petrograd says the Russian newspapers publish a report from a highly authoritative source to the effect that there are signs of a general retreat of the Austrians on their whole front between the rivers Bug and Vistula.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 8.—Refugees and deserters from the armies of Austria in Galicia, according to information obtained in official quarters today have told the Russian military authorities that their losses have been enormous. A number of Austrian regiments were decimated. The Austrians, according to these refugees, are fearful of an uprising in the crownland of Bukovina. There have been published here from individual newspaper correspondents statements which confirm previous reports of the disorganization in the armies of Austria.

In Galicia it is declared the Austrians have made use of explosive bullets. Other correspondents declare that a revolt has broken out in the ranks of the Turkish army at Adrianople on account of a threatened famine. Still others telegraphed that the news of Russian victories in Galicia has provoked enthusiasm, particularly in Bucharest, Roumania, where the Russian national hymn was sung in one of the theaters.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—An official statement given out here today says that Russian cavalrymen are now on the crest of the Carpathian mountains.

Continuing, the announcement says that the Russian offensive against the Austrians in Galicia continues successfully. The Austrian fort at Nicolaeff, about twenty-five miles southwest of Lemberg, has been captured by the Russians, notwithstanding the fact that it was protected by armored gun turrets and three lines of fortifications. (Continued on Page Two, Column Five.)

### French Army Gaining in Battle— Declares an Official

PARIS, Sept. 8.—The following official communication bearing on the fighting now in progress to the east of the capital, was made public today: "The left wing of the allied armies comprising certain portions of the forces now defending Paris continue to make progress against the enemy. "The French advance reaches from the tanks of the river Ourcq into the Montmirail region. (Montmirail is about

forty-eight miles east of Paris). "The enemy is retiring in the direction of the River Marne, between Meaux (twenty miles east of Paris) and Sezanne (forty-two miles east from Meaux). "The French and the English armies have taken numerous prisoners, including a battalion of infantry and a company serving a detachment of rapid fire guns; they captured also many gun cartridges."



GERMAN COMMISSARY DEPARTMENT—The wonderful efficiency of the German army is in no way better exhibited than in the detail of the commissary department. Dispatches have told of how the comfort of the men is provided for, by the serving of hot soup at train stops, and in other ways that keep the soldiers fit for their desperate work. This photograph shows how the animals of the army are provided for. It is a picture of a train of forage wagons, hauling fodder for the horses.



### Russians Capture Strong Fortress of Mikolae, Taking Many Prisoners

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The Russian embassy here today issued the following statement in regard to the movements of the Russian army: "On September 5 our troops took the strong fortifications of Mikolae on the Dniester river. The moats of these works were covered by flanking fire, the artillery placed in steel cupolas and the whole of the works surrounded by a triple line of wire entanglements. We took forty guns and large stores of supplies and ammunition. "In Northern Galicia serious fighting is going on at Rama Husska. The first Austrian army which had been advancing toward Dublin and Hohn, is retreating before the onslaught of our troops. We are taking prisoners, guns and ammunition. "In one of the field hospitals that fell into our hands were found 600 Austrian

soldiers ill of dysentery. This illness is sweeping the ranks of the enemy. "In East Prussia only skirmishing is taking place. "Many Prisoners Taken. "LONDON, Sept. 8.—A telegram from Petrograd to the Reuter Telegram company says it is estimated that 82,000 prisoners were taken in recent battles on the Austrian frontier, of whom 12,000 came from the Austrian center, have all been sent to the interior government of Russia and that there is difficulty in knowing how to dispose of them. "A Reuter special correspondent traveling over the whole of the western frontier, telegraphs that in Belostok and all other towns voluntary militias are organizing for the purpose of transporting and feeding the wounded. The ladies' committee, comprising Christians and Jews, are working hand in hand in the women's work. All are laboring devotedly, it is stated, in the common cause.

### War Summary

One of the most important battles of the European war continues today east of Paris, along the front of the allied armies, extending from Nanteuil Le Haudouin to Verdun. The Germans in their turning movement have swept through the entire Compiègne country and the five German columns are now hurling their strength against the front of the allied forces, which extends for a distance of 140 miles. The meager news filtering in from the zone of the fighting today indicates that the allies have gained a decided success against the German right wing, which is reported to have suffered heavily in attempting to cross the river Marne. A report which was passed by the French and British censors says that 250,000 Russian troops have been landed in France, presumably with the object of flanking the Germans in Belgian territory. In the eastern theater of the war the Russians, following their brilliant success at Lemberg, the capital of Austrian Galicia, are throwing their forces against the first Austrian army which for three days has been desperately trying to break through the Russian line between Lublin and Kholm. Details of the fighting around Lemberg contain the statement that the Russians took 82,000 Austrian prisoners. On the other hand, advices received from Berlin by the German embassy at Washington, say that the Austrian eastern army advancing on Russian territory, repulsed a violent Russian attack and captured many Russian prisoners. Reports from the Balkans say that the Turks are concentrating 80,000 men along the Tchatalja lines, outside Constantinople, with a view to opposing a possible Russian landing on the Black sea coast. A serious controversy has occurred between Emperor William and Chancellor Von Bethmann and Minister of Foreign Affairs Von Jagow, the two ministers being regarded as responsible for the unreadiness of German diplomacy which led to the coalition of European states against Germany. It is reported, according to the published dispatch, that their resignations have been tendered. LONDON, Sept. 7.—(Via London, Sept. 8.)—According to a dispatch from Berlin to the Messagero, a serious controversy has arisen between the German emperor and Chancellor Von Bethmann and Minister of Foreign Affairs Von Jagow, the two ministers being regarded as responsible for the unreadiness of German diplomacy which led to the coalition of European states against Germany. It is reported, according to the published dispatch, that their resignations have been tendered.

### Paris Reports Battle to the North of the Former Fields

BULLETIN. PARIS, Sept. 8.—(3:25 p. m.)—Violent encounters have occurred on the French center between Fere Champenoise and Vitryle Francois, at the southern point of the forest of Argonne. The French have fallen back nowhere. The Germans have lost ground. Near Vitry the movement of retirement is confirmed on the German side. On the French right a German division attacked on the axis of Chateau Salina and Nancy, but was repulsed to the northward, passing the forest of Champenoise. "Further to the east the French troops recaptured the crest of Mandry and the peak of Fourneaux. "There is no change in the situation in the province of Alsace." PARIS, Sept. 8.—(3:19 p. m.)—An official communication issued at Paris this afternoon says that the

left wing of the allied armies, comprising portions of the force defending Paris, continued to make progress. The advance reaches from the banks of the river Ourcq into the region of Montmirail. The Germans are retiring in the direction of the Marne river, between Meaux and Sezanne. PARIS, Sept. 8.—(3:25 p. m.)—According to reliable advices which have reached here, Russian cavalrymen are now on the crests of the Carpathian mountains. PARIS, Sept. 8.—(2:32 p. m.)—French and English troops engaged in the battle now progressing to the east of the capital have taken numerous prisoners, including a battalion of German infantry and a company serving rapid firing guns. They captured also many gun carriages.

### FRENCH HOLD AT BAY 750,000 MEN

General Joffre at Last Successful in Halting Advance of Germans, is Paris Report.

#### FRESH TROOPS MEET INVADERS

Optimistic Reports Come from Paris of Tremendous Struggle Waged on Field Selected by French—German Plan Fails.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—(6:10 p. m.)—The leading military authorities of the city are convinced that General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, is at last holding at bay the vast German army of invasion. The worn out troops of Emperor William, which may constitute an army totaling 750,000 men, are today encountering the relatively fresh soldiers of the French and British armies on ground selected by the allies, and in positions within easy reach of supplies and reinforcements. The Germans are in a hostile country and at distance relatively great from their home bases. The invaders today are probably at their greatest strength, while the defenders of France, especially the British contingent are being augmented steadily. The Germans are reported in Paris, unofficially, to have asked for an armistice to bury their dead and care for their wounded. This statement lacks official confirmation. It is further understood that the allies refused the request. The fighting on the long line east of Paris probably will last for a number of days. No quick and decisive outcome is expected. The results of the encounters of the last two days are regarded as distinctly favorable to the allies and there is an atmosphere of cheerfulness at the French war office this evening.

### KAISER QUARRELS WITH MINISTERS

Chancellor and Foreign Minister Reported to Have Tendered Resignations, Says Rome.

#### GERMAN DIPLOMACY FAILURE

Bon Bethmann, Hollweg and Von Jagow Regarded as Responsible for Cause of Coalition of Europe Against Germany.

ROME, Sept. 7.—(Via London, Sept. 8.)—According to a dispatch from Berlin to the Messagero, a serious controversy has arisen between the German emperor and Chancellor Von Bethmann and Minister of Foreign Affairs Von Jagow, the two ministers being regarded as responsible for the unreadiness of German diplomacy which led to the coalition of European states against Germany. It is reported, according to the published dispatch, that their resignations have been tendered.

### The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Unsettled, warmer. Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday: Hours. Deg. 6 a. m. 58 7 a. m. 62 8 a. m. 68 9 a. m. 72 10 a. m. 78 11 a. m. 82 12 m. 88 1 p. m. 92 2 p. m. 98 3 p. m. 102 4 p. m. 108 5 p. m. 112 6 p. m. 118 7 p. m. 122 8 p. m. 128 9 p. m. 132 10 p. m. 138 11 p. m. 142

### Turks Fortifying to Bar Russians

LONDON, Sept. 8.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Athens declares the Turks, in order to be prepared to oppose a possible landing of Russians, have concentrated about 80,000 men at Tchatalja, twenty-five miles northwest of Constantinople, and Rodosto on the sea of Marmora. Furthermore they are fortifying along the sea of Moro at other points. The correspondent says that beginning today, the Serbian army will assume the offensive against Austria.

### MEXICO CITY WATER SUPPLY CUT OFF FOR THREE DAYS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Official dispatches today telling of the cutting of Mexico City's water supply for three days, presumably by Zapatista bands, concerned administration officials because they reflected the relentless activity of the southern leader, following the fight with Carranza representatives. It was considered practically certain that if Carranza and Villa unite in forming a strong central government recognized by the United States will follow.

### New Casualty List Published in Berlin

BERLIN, Sept. 7.—(Via London, Sept. 8.)—The twentieth casualty list just issued contains 1,190 names, included in the list are 197 dead and nearly 1,000 wounded. The total casualties thus far published aggregate 2,245 dead, 19,714 wounded and 3,349 missing. The last list contains the name of Joseph Philipp von Poughkeepsie as among the dead.

### QUARTER MILLION RUSSIANS IN FRANCE

Presence of Kaiser at Metz Attributed to Concentration of the Hostile Troops.

#### COME BY NORTHERN ROUTE

Transportation of Russian Soldiers by English in Transports Sent to Archangel Continued—See Army Surrounds Move.

ROME, Via London, Sept. 8.—According to the Rome Trausala there is in France today a total of 250,000 Russian troops. This newspaper attributes Emperor William's presence at Metz to this concentration of the Russians. The steamer Mauretania, which reached New York September 3, brought the first reports to this country of an extensive landing of Russian troops at French ports. The strict British censorship prevented the transmission of this intelligence by cable, and for this reason the news had to come by word of mouth and by mail. Letters from London, dated August 27, corroborated the reports of the Mauretania passengers. From these two sources it was gathered that England had placed more than 80,000 Russian troops in France by means of transports sent north of the (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

### PRESIDENT ASKS PRAYERS FOR PEACE

Woodrow Wilson Calls People to Pray for End of the Great European War.

#### OCTOBER FOUR DESIGNATED DAY

Proclaimed as Day of Observance for All Americans to Go to Their Respective Churches and Ask God's Help.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—President Wilson today signed a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to pray for peace in Europe. The president's proclamation sets aside Sunday, October 4, as a day of prayer and is as follows: "By the president of the United States of America. "A proclamation. "Whereas, Great nations of the world have taken up arms against one another and war now draws millions of men into (Continued on Page Two, Column Five.)

### WARSHIPS PATROL PHILIPPINE WATERS HUNTING GERMANS

MANILA, Sept. 8.—Steamships and other vessels arriving here make reports indicating that Philippine waters are being constantly patrolled by British, French, Russian and Japanese warships to intercept German merchantmen. The Hampshire is west of Luzon, a Russian cruiser with seven destroyers is patrolling to the north, while the French armored cruisers Kleber and Duplex are to the southward and the Japanese warships are off San Bernardino. Admiral Nelson Dead. LONDON, Sept. 8.—Rear Admiral Maurice Horatio Nelson died at Portsmouth yesterday. He was 82 years of age, a descendant of the great sea fighter of that name, being the third son of the second Earl Nelson.

### GERMANS DRAWING NEARER TO THE DUTCH FRONTIER

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 8.—(Via London.)—The Nieuws Van Den Dag says that the Germans are steadily drawing nearer to the Dutch frontier. The inhabitants of the Belgian frontier villages are fleeing to Dutch territory after forsaking their property. Many destitute fugitives have arrived in Dutch Flanders.

### ALLIES' VICTORY GREATER THAN AT FIRST REPORTED

German Losses Enormous in Killed and 30,000 Captured in Three Days' Fight in Champagne Country.

#### ALLIES GAIN SUCCESS ON LEFT

Germans Reported Suffering Greatly While Trying to Cross the River Marne.

#### INVADERS FORCED TO TAKE RISK

Battle Formation Puts Right Wing of the Germans in Dangerous Position.

#### PARIS DEFENSES RAPIDLY BUILT

Five Thousand Additional Laborers Never Leave Scene.

#### GERMANS EVACUATE TERMONDE

City Near Ghent Recently Captured and Numerous Fires Are Lighted After Retiring.

BULLETIN. PARIS, Sept. 8.—Accounts of wounded soldiers who reached Paris this afternoon indicate that the result of the three days' fighting in the Champagne country has been more favorable for the allies than at first supposed. They say the German losses in killed were enormous, and that a great number of prisoners were taken. One French officer estimates the prisoners at 30,000. The Champagne district includes parts of the department of Marne, Ardennes, Aube and Haute-Marne. PARIS, Sept. 8.—(5:15 p. m.)—It is reported unofficially in Paris that the Germans to the east of the city have asked for an armistice to bury their dead and care for their wounded. It is understood that this request has been refused by the allies. PARIS, Sept. 8.—Paris is optimistic this morning. Even the surprise at finding that the Germans have been able to traverse nearly the entire Compiègne country does not shake confidence in the outcome of the great battle which after all the maneuvers, is being fought on ground selected by General Joffre, the French commander-in-chief. The famous turning movement of the Germans has finally resulted in a battle formation that puts their own right in jeopardy, as yesterday's advance of the allies' left proved. As far as may be inferred from the eager official news the army now called the army of Paris must be acting as an independent force, holding the convex side of a curved battle line and free to menace the communications of the enemy. Allies Succeed on Left. Bills of news already coming in from the wounded show that the allies gained a distinct success on the left, the enemy suffering greatly while trying to cross the river Marne. As fast as pontoons were finished the French three-inch guns (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

### A Comfortable House or Cottage

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