

BASQUE DRESSES, \$24.50

An Extra Value

By being on hand in the New York Markets our buyer has purchased at advantageous prices a number of different styles of basque dresses for autumn wear.

They come in Satin, Serge, and Serge and Satin, offered tomorrow, Wednesday, for \$24.50.

No extra charge for alterations.
Fall Suits, Coats and Skirts.

The Store for Shirtwaists

Colored Bulgarian Embroidered Center Pieces and Lunch Cloths At Just 1/2 REGULAR PRICE

- 30-inch Centerpieces, \$2.25 regularly; Wednesday, \$1.13
- 30-inch Centerpieces, \$2.75 regularly; Wednesday, \$1.38
- 30-inch Centerpieces, \$3.50 regularly; Wednesday, \$1.75
- 36-inch Centerpieces, \$4.00 regularly; Wednesday, \$2.00
- 45-inch Lunch Cloths, \$6.00 regularly; Wednesday, \$3.00
- 45-inch Lunch Cloths, \$6.75 regularly; Wednesday, \$3.38

Thompson Belden & Co

HOWARD AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

GERMANS TAKE NAMUR CITY AND FIVE OF ITS FORTS

(Continued from Page One.)

offer a strenuous resistance and so bring their town the punishment meted out by Germans to Liege.

"There is undoubtedly some slight feeling among the Belgians that they have not been adequately supported by the allies and that they have borne the whole brunt of the war in the north, but we cannot believe the Belgians did less than their duty and we expect to hear that they were attacked by overpowering numbers.

"The possession of Namur was vital for Germany and it was a fine stroke for the Germans to have rushed the place under the eyes of the allied armies. We still hope and believe that our counter offensive in the north is only postponed and not abandoned."

Reviewing the general situation the expert points out that the allies in Belgium are getting to full shock of the German army. He says that it is essential for Germany that it should deal a paralyzing blow in this quarter in order to gain time to detach troops to resist the Russian attack on the Prussian frontier.

More Bad News to Come.
"Yesterday was a day of bad news and we fear more must follow," the London Times says today in an editorial on the fall of Namur.

"In the first phase of the great battle," the paper continues, "the Germans appear to have won ground all along the line, save in the area held by the British. We were prepared for the ebb and flow of conflict, but not for the fall of Namur."

"We have to face this situation with unshaken confidence. We have to remember that the battle is not yet over. The Germans have not yet burst their way through to France. We have to remember that this is only the first great encounter of a war which plainly is destined to be a long one. For the allies it is a phase; for the Germans it is vital. They are dealing their blows with tremendous vigor, but the issue in Belgium still hangs in the balance, in spite of the unfortunate events at Namur.

"Whatever be the upshot, Great Britain and its allies will face the outlook with dogged determination and continue the war until the spirit of Prussian militarism is rooted out of Europe."

"Time fights on the side of the allies. With the Germans it is neck or nothing, but the French and the English have everything to gain by waging a delaying war. While the issue remains uncertain we may still maintain the stoutest hope. Should it go against us, we may remember that the allies have not, like Germany, staked all on their first venture. Our ultimate success is certain and we will never sheath our sword until Germany has been finally beaten to its knees."

French Defeated Says Chronicle.

Commenting on the loss of the Belgian stronghold, the Chronicle says: "The news today is decidedly bad," adding that if the allies' losses have been heavy, "we may yet see before long the Germans march in earnest on Paris. Namur is a fortress of great strength, which its defenders could possibly hold several months. We do not imagine that it was taken by a rush. More probably a breach made elsewhere in the line of the allies imposed on them the alternative of leaving a larger force to be invested in Namur or withdrawing from it altogether. The blunt fact remains that in a really first class battle the French troops, occupying a selected position of singular strength, were driven out by the Germans after not more than two days' fighting. This speaks volumes for the power of German attack."

"England and Russia must stubbornly resolve that come what may to France, they will never surrender it to Germany, but will stick to it as they stuck to Napoleon—until they pull it down. As long as we hold the sea we cannot ourselves be vitally struck."

"The fortifications of Namur and Liege formed the finest examples of the work of the famous Belgian military engineer, General Henri Alexis Brialmont, whose reputation was world-wide."

"The defensive works of Namur were not so strong as those of Liege, but the position of the city was much better for military purposes."

"The forts are nine in number, the four most important being St. Herbert, Audouy, Saurée and Condelee, while the connecting forts of less strength are Lave, Maitreval, Malonne, Marchevollets and Emisage."

All are protected by hardened steel domes, generally eight or ten in each fort, and the artillery, consisting of mod-

ern heavy disappearing guns, is very powerful.

Fighting Near Ostend.
LONDON, Aug. 25.—(1:25 p. m.)—A dispatch from Ostend to the Evening News says there is fierce fighting between the Belgian gendarmes and the German cavalry in the outskirts of the city. Wounded are being brought in.

The dispatch adds that the encounter was between a detachment of German cavalrymen and 300 gendarmes.

It appears that the Germans, early in the morning, while making their way from Snaeskerke to Ostend, came into contact with the guards in the vicinity of Lettinghase, some three miles from Ostend.

After a fierce fight the Germans were driven back with the loss of several men and an officer wounded, while the gendarmes lost three killed and several wounded.

(4:45 a. m.)—A dispatch to the Times from Ostend, sent today, says that 30,000 Germans are attacking Malines, a Belgian city thirteen miles southeast of Antwerp. Skirmishing is general in northwest Flanders.

Bloody Fight at Foreux.
PARIS, Aug. 25.—(4:30 a. m.)—A traveler who has come to Paris from Charleroi was a witness of part of the fighting at that place. He has related his experiences to a reporter of the Petit Parisien as follows:

"I was at Foreux, fifteen miles from Esquelinas. From where I was stationed I could see the passing for hours of column after column of German infantry. They were subjected to a veritable hurricane of iron from the French artillery and they went down by the dozens. Nevertheless, some came forward to take the places of the slain."

"At Solere Le Chateau I saw a German aeroplane, brought down by a shot and I was told that another such machine had met the same fate at Nerles."

Kaiser's Nephew Captured.
G. A. m.)—A dispatch to the Excelsior from Courtrai says that the emperor's nephew, Count von Schwerin, has been taken prisoner. He was in command of a detachment of Uhlans that reached Harlebeke. French chasseurs being informed of the presence of the Germans, arrived and killed one, wounded five and made prisoners of the others.

According to the Matin, the ministry of commerce is considering the best means of annulling German patents and similar practices adopted in England.

A dispatch from Geneva says that a business man who has just returned from Straßburg gives his impressions, which are printed in the Tribune. He says that the Garrison of Straßburg was practically annihilated in the battle of Schirmeck. Of 5,000 men who went into the fight, only 1,800 returned. Four German batteries were put out of action before they were able to fire a shot.

Kaiser Thanks the Crown Prince and God for Victory

BERLIN, Via Copenhagen and London, Aug. 25.—(4:23 p. m.)—Emperor William has conferred the decoration of the Iron Cross of the second and first class on Crown Prince Frederick William and Duke Albrecht of Wuertemberg. He has conferred also the Iron Cross decoration of the second class on his son, Prince Oscar.

His majesty has sent the following telegram to the crown prince: "I thank thee with all my heart, dear child; I rejoice with thee over the first victory of Wilhelm. God has been on his side and he has most brilliantly supported him. To Him be thanks and honor. I remit to Wilhelm the Iron Cross of the second and first class."

Oscar also fought brilliantly with his grenadiers. He has received the Iron Cross of the second class. Repeat that to his and Marie. God protect and succor boys. Also in the future God be with thee and all wives.

(Signed) "PAPA WILHELM."

Department Orders.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—(Special Telegram.)—Nebraska pensions granted: Fannie Dunham, Omaha, special act, \$12.

On the recommendation of Senator Hitchcock, Dr. C. W. Morrow has been appointed pension surgeon at Beaver City, Neb.

Postmasters appointed: Margaret H. Rowland, Hartlett, Wheeler county, vice Henry Feischer, resigned; Myrtle E. Kennedy, Spring Ranch, Clay county, vice Eugene G. Meredith, resigned.

Postoffice established at Fay, Cherry county, Nebraska, with Margaret A. Gable as postmaster.

Bertha L. Mershon reappointed postmaster at Wilcox, Kearney county, Nebraska mail carriers appointed: Bridgetower, George W. Wood; Logan, Claude E. Cicci; Swisher, Joseph F. Casteck.

CZAR IS ADVANCING IN FULL STRENGTH

Emperor Nicholas Goes to Headquarters of Army, Now Taking Offensive in Force.

DISPATCH TO ROME GIVES NEWS

Reports from St. Petersburg Received in Italian Capital Tell of "Little Father" Being at the Front.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The Central News has given out a message from its Rome correspondent saying that a dispatch received in the Italian capital from St. Petersburg declares that Emperor Nicholas has gone to the headquarters of the Russian army, which has now taken the offensive in full strength.

Before Fortified Cities.
The incursion of large bodies of Russian troops into the German provinces of east and west Prussia and their capture of the important positions of Gumbinnen and Insterburg bring them in front of a series of more or less strongly fortified German cities, placed strategically to the east of the river Vistula and between it and the frontier.

Among these fortresses one of the first in importance is Koeningburg, on the gulf of Danzig, a fortress of the first class. The city contains about 200,000 inhabitants and was formerly a Polish possession. The garrison in times of peace comprises three infantry regiments of three battalions each, a heavy cavalry regiment, a squadron of mounted rifles, two field artillery regiments, one garrison artillery regiment, two engineer battalions and one battalion of the army service corps.

Thorn is another first class fortress guarded by a large number of outlying works. This place also has a garrison of nine infantry battalions, one regiment of Uhlans, one field artillery regiment, one garrison artillery regiment and a battalion of fortress engineers. It is southwest of Koeningburg, on the Polish front.

Allenstein is, if anything, stronger even than Thorn. Its garrison consists of six infantry battalions, one dragoon regiment and a regiment of field artillery, but it is the headquarters of the Thirty-seventh infantry division as well as of the Seventy-fifth infantry brigade and the Thirty-seventh cavalry brigade, and it is regarded as a place of concentration for a field army. Allenstein was the scene of a victory by Marshal Solt and a French army over the pursuing Russians and Prussians in 1807.

First Fortified Line.
It lies between Thorn and Koeningburg, the three cities forming the first fortified line on the eastern German frontier. Far to the north on the Vistula lies Danzig, a great naval station and fortress. It has a population of about 100,000 and a considerable garrison, consisting of nine infantry battalions, two regiments of Uhlans, two field artillery regiments, one garrison artillery regiment and a battalion of the army service corps.

To the south of the Russian line advance and the left wing of the Russian army lies Posen, a strongly fortified city, a former part of Poland, which is occupied by a garrison whose composition is unknown, but whose strength is believed to be very great.

Keys of Second Line.
Between Danzig and Posen, on an even line, lie the two fortresses of Bromberg, with six infantry battalions, one mounted grenadier regiment and two field artillery regiments, and Graudenz, which has nine mounted rifles, two field artillery regiments and some garrison artillery. These are the keys of the second line of defensive works.

Other small fortified places on the line of advance are Marienburg, with a small garrison of artillery, which was formerly a fortress of the Knights Templar; Kulm, with a garrison of one rifle regiment and a machine gun section; Dirschau, a small place, which was plundered and burned by the French in 1807; Braunsberg, which is occupied by a fusilier battalion and which was the scene of a victory in 1807 by Bernadotte over the Russians.

All these places were originally Polish, most of them becoming Prussian territory when Poland was divided in 1772 among Russia, Austria and Prussia. Most of the inhabitants still speak the Polish language.

CATTARO PORTS ARE DESTROYED

(Continued from Page One.)

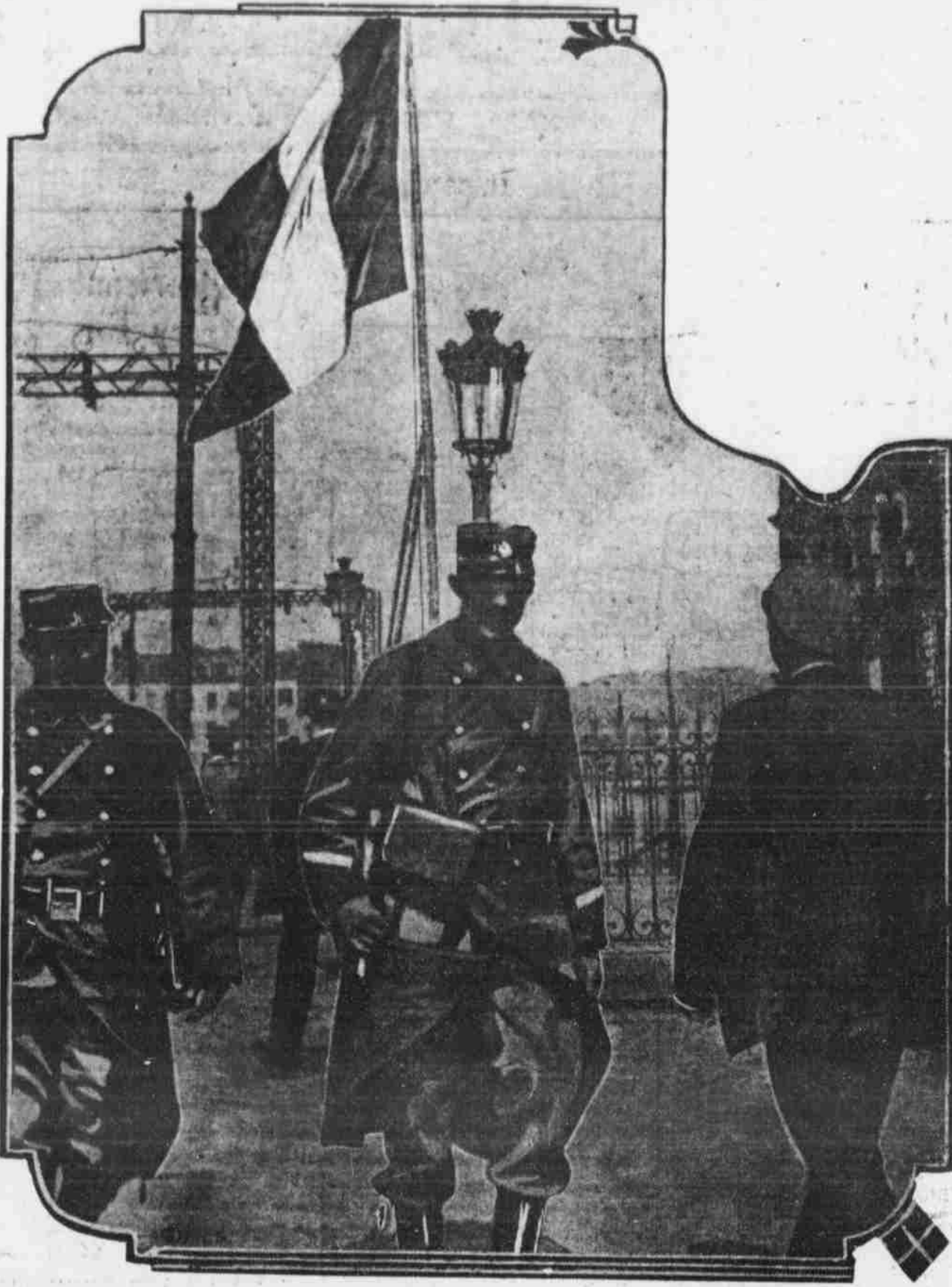
discreet at first but orders from Vienna in the last forty-eight hours compelled precipitate action, the effects of which were visible at Trent, where there is an incessant movement of troops. The paper adds that there are also 30,000 Austrian troops at Innsbruck.

Servians Recapture Sabac.
NISE, Servia, Aug. 25.—(Via London, 2:30 p. m.)—Servian troops recaptured Sabac (Shabatz) at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Monday, August 24, according to an official announcement made today. The Austrians have been thrown back on the other bank of the river Save and every bit of Servian territory has now been cleared of the enemy.

Dispatches from Nish, dated August 15, said Austrian troops had succeeded in forcing an entry into Sabac after heavy fighting all along the line. The announcement adds that the retreating Austrians devastated Servian villages, and massacred the inhabitants. Sabac is on the river Save, twenty-seven miles west of Belgrade.

Servia Will Grant No Quarter.
PARIS, Aug. 25.—(Via London, 1:15 p. m.)—That Servia is preparing to wage a war of no quarter of its enemies is indicated in a note sent by Servia to the French government protesting against the alleged order from the headquarters of

WHERE THE TRI-COLOR WAVES—Type of French soldier snapped on the streets of Paris as the regiments were passing through on the way to the front.



the Austrian army to burn Servian crops and to fire Servian villages all along the Austrian line of march.

This note says further that in view of Austrian cruelties to Servian troops, it will be very difficult to restrain the Servians from measures of revenge and that the Servian government finds itself constrained to take all measures of reprisal compatible with international law.

KAISER'S MEN LOSE BIG BATTLE IN EAST PRUSSIA

(Continued from Page One.)

ener, who is now reorganizing the Russian armies. Through him the armies have been irreproachably equipped and the spirit of the men is the same as of the spirit of the nation.

"The defeat of three German army corps in northeastern Prussia was converted into a rout by the timely arrival of another army coming from Warsaw in the rear of the enemy's position. The Warsaw army, which was very powerful, completely turned the German position at Masur lakes and while extending its operations over a wide front westward, headed towards Allenstein. The German Twentieth army corps thus became a nut between stout crackers. The commanders of both Russian armies acted with energy and promptitude worthy executives of the brain dominating the whole army."

Similar Movement in Lemberg.
"In Galicia the theater of Russian strategy will be on a level with the victorious plan adopted farther north. The Austrians in Lemberg probably will be taken in a similar way. This may be inferred from the fact that one army has reached Rava to the north of Lemberg. Another army is advancing from the southeast, as is shown by the fact that nine Russian cavalry squadrons have routed the entire Austrian cavalry division at Pukhov."

The Austrian force retreating from Vladimir, Volhynsk, Russia, seventeen miles from the frontier, towards Sokal, in Galicia, Austria, probably has been cut off. Grand Duke Michael, the emperor's brother, has returned from abroad and is going to the front. The Russian embassy in London, while pleased over the victory at Gumbinnen, states that it feels bound to warn the English press not to exaggerate the consequences of the victory.

Airship Flies Over Antwerp and Drops Bombs

LONDON, Aug. 25.—(1:30 p. m.)—The correspondent at Antwerp of the Evening News telegraphs that a Zeppelin airship, which flew over Antwerp last night, was brought down by Belgian artillery fire six miles outside Antwerp. The crew of fifteen men were taken prisoners.

This dispatch evidently refers to the same airship reported earlier in the day from Antwerp as having flown over the city last night.

Another dispatch from Antwerp says this Zeppelin before it was brought to earth succeeded in dropping seven or eight bombs into Antwerp. One of the houses wrecked by these missiles was situated only 300 yards from the palace of King Albert. Seven persons were killed and six seriously injured by this explosion. Some other houses were half demolished by the falling bombs.

One bomb partly wrecked the hospital of St. Elizabeth, but fortunately there were no patients in the building. The bombs exploded with terrific force and

threw the inhabitants of Antwerp into a state bordering on a panic.

There is intense indignation in Antwerp at the attack on the hospital, which was flying the Red Cross flag.


See Want Ads for the Best Business Boosters.

Nebraskans in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—(Special Telegram.)—Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Gurley of Omaha, who have been visiting relatives in Washington for a week, left for home tonight.

S. P. Delatour of Lewellen, Neb., was among Congressman Kinkaid's callers today.

GIN'RAL SHERMAN said War was Hell. Ef the millions o' men in Europe that are raisin' what Gin'ral Sherman said it wuz, were raisin' Kentucky VELVET instead, thar'd be a hull lot mo' happiness in th' world two years from now.



Velvet Joe

Kentucky's Burley de Luxe is the only kind used in VELVET. The smoothest Smoking Tobacco. It is mellowed by two years' aging in the wood. 10c tins. *Lippitt & Myers Tobacco Co.*


SUGAR BEET, Per Sack . \$6.75
16 1/4 Lbs . . . \$1.00
CANE, 15 3/4 lbs. . . . \$1.00 Per Sack . . . \$6.95

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No. 22--1406 No. 24 No. 24--2127 Farnam

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Read one installment of "The Trey O' Hearts" Each Sunday in THE BEE



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1806 Farnam. Phone D. 1750
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Fire May Break Out Tonight

in your home or office, or burglars may break in. Then would your valuables be safe? Thing it over. Better rent a Safe Deposit Box in our Fire and Burglar Proof Vault. The cost is only \$3.00 per year.

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The Food-Drink for all Ages

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More healthful than tea or coffee.

Make no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S

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Eat cooling foods in clean sanitary places.

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219 South 16th St.
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Gaiety Daily Mat. 15-25-50c. Evns. 10-20-50-75c.

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GINGER GIRLS MUSICAL GLEE SQUAD

Best of All Fun Shows, Beauty Chorus of 30 Gingers, Snappy Maids, Ladies' Dime Mat. Every Week Day.

Orpheum Phone Douglas 404.
ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE This Week

ARNOLD DALY in "How He Lied to Her Husband," by George Bernard Shaw.
Other acts:—The Three Types, Kinkaid's Moore, Carlmal & Harlan, Alexander McFadden, Marie Fenton, the Seabarks.

Price—Mat. Gallery, 10c; best seats, except Saturday and Sunday, 20c; night, 30c, 50c, 60c, 75c.

BASE BALL

BOURKE PARK.

Omaha vs. Lincoln
August 25th, 26th, 28th, 29th, Two Games Sunday, August 30th, 1st called at 2 P. M., Monday, August 31st, Ladies' Day. Games called 3 P. M.