

A Complete Exhibition of Attractive Autumn Styles



Featuring the Versatility and Artistry of American Designers.

- SUITS
DRESSES
WAISTS
SKIRTS

Ready-to-Wear Sec.—Second Floor.

Special Hose Values
Black Fiber Silk Hose, regular or out sizes, 50c pair
Silk Boot Hose in white or black, 50c pair
White or black Silk Hose, lisle tops and soles, \$1 pr.

Toilet Goods Specials
A sample line of Dressing Combs; good values; worth up to 75c, Saturday special at 25c each
Double bristle Hair Brushes, \$1.50 val., special, 98c ea.

SOROSIS SHOES

Perfect in every detail, fashionable to the extent of being the largest sellers in the world. Many of our beautiful oxfords, colonial pumps regular pumps and slippers:

\$4, \$4.50 and \$5.00 Values, Sale Price \$2.95

Specials for Saturday in the Men's Dept.
15c Handkerchiefs, pure linen, full size, good quality, Saturday \$1 doz.
25c Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, full size, fine quality, Sat., 17c; 6 for \$1
SHIRTS—Men's silk mixed Shirts, neat patterns, good range of sizes, \$3 values, Saturday \$1.35
Men's soft or laundered cuff Shirts; vals. to \$1.50, 95c

WASH TIES—Men's 25c
Wash 4-in-Wanda, good assortment of patterns, 10c, 3 for 25c
SILK HOSE—Men's 50c silk
Knee, good quality, in tan, gray, navy, black and white, Saturday at 35c, 3 for \$1.00
SILK LISLE HOSE—Men's
50c Lisle Hose, with double sole and high-spliced heel, Saturday at 35c, 3 for \$1.00
NIGHT ROBES—Men's 75c
Night Robes, full cut, Saturday at 50c
MEN'S ATHLETIC UNION
SUITS, \$1.00 values, 85c
\$1.50 values, 95c

Thompson Belden & Co.
NINETEEN AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

KAISER'S MEN GO PAST THREE DAYS

American Physicians at Aix la Chapelle Watch Million and Half of Germans March.

ALL EQUIPMENT IS BRAND NEW
Furnish of City Showers Soldiers with Food, Cigars and Cigarettes—Troops Are Kind to the American Travelers.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Dr. W. H. Auran of Minneapolis and Dr. Robert Rizer of Chicago, accompanied by their wives and children, have arrived in London after over a fortnight's experiences in the theater of war, and particularly between Liege and Aix La Chapelle. The adventures of these two American physicians, included three days' work in a hospital at Verriers, Belgium, where German wounded were being brought.

Dr. Auran and Rizer were just in advance of the German army on their way from Weikenraedt to Verriers. They noted soldiers on the road in solid columns. At Aix La Chapelle they saw troops marching day and night for three days.

Million and Half of Men.
They estimate the Germans at 1,500,000 men, all with brand new equipment. They noticed that the soldiers in the hospital at Verriers wore new underclothes. The privates suffered greatly from their new shoes; their feet were swollen and blistered. The Americans treated many cases in the Verriers hospital, which was located in a building previously used as a Catholic college. They saw thousands of German cannon labelled "Nach Paris."

The German soldiers were kind to the American travelers, even carrying water for the women and buying milk for the children.
The loyal populace of Aix La Chapelle showered the passing German troops with food, cigars and cigarettes. They set out within easy reach buckets of water in which they could wash their faces.
The German soldiers encountered by the American doctors, both officers and men, talked to them freely. They said they intended a peaceable entry into Belgium and that they were paying for all the supplies used. They declared German troops had been maneuvering in Belgium for a period of two weeks prior to the outbreak of hostilities. The German attitude was that their troops must make use of Belgium. They did not intend to disturb the people, but they would engage in sharp reprisals if attacked.

Frederick Bruchholz, also of Minneapolis, who left Aix La Chapelle one day in advance of the others, drove to the Dutch frontier near Maastricht. He witnessed a pitiable sight. Some civilians had fled on the invaders. In return three villages were in flames and the women were fleeing to the Holland side of the line in their night clothes with crying children at their heels.

neapolis, who left Aix La Chapelle one day in advance of the others, drove to the Dutch frontier near Maastricht. He witnessed a pitiable sight. Some civilians had fled on the invaders. In return three villages were in flames and the women were fleeing to the Holland side of the line in their night clothes with crying children at their heels.

JAPAN PREPARES TO MAKE GOOD ON ITS ULTIMATUM

(Continued from Page One.)
matum to Germany. They state that this action was taken only after weeks of conversation with Great Britain and was at the request of and with the approval of Japan's ally.

United States Interest—d.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—A resolution, reaffirming adherence of the United States to "the open door" policy of China, and proclaiming that this government, in view of the apparent extension of the war in Europe to the far east, could not view with indifference any alteration of the status quo of the islands of the Pacific and Oceania, was introduced in the senate today by Senator Gallinger. It was referred to the foreign relations committee.

Accompanying his resolution, Senator Gallinger submitted a memorandum pointing out that in the waters lying between the Philippines and Hawaii and south and southeast of the latter are islands owned by France, Germany and Great Britain. Also in that region lie Guam and other islands owned by the United States and the Samoan islands, in which France, Great Britain, Germany and the United States have interests. These, he points out, are in "easy striking distance of the Philippines, to say nothing of Panama and San Francisco."

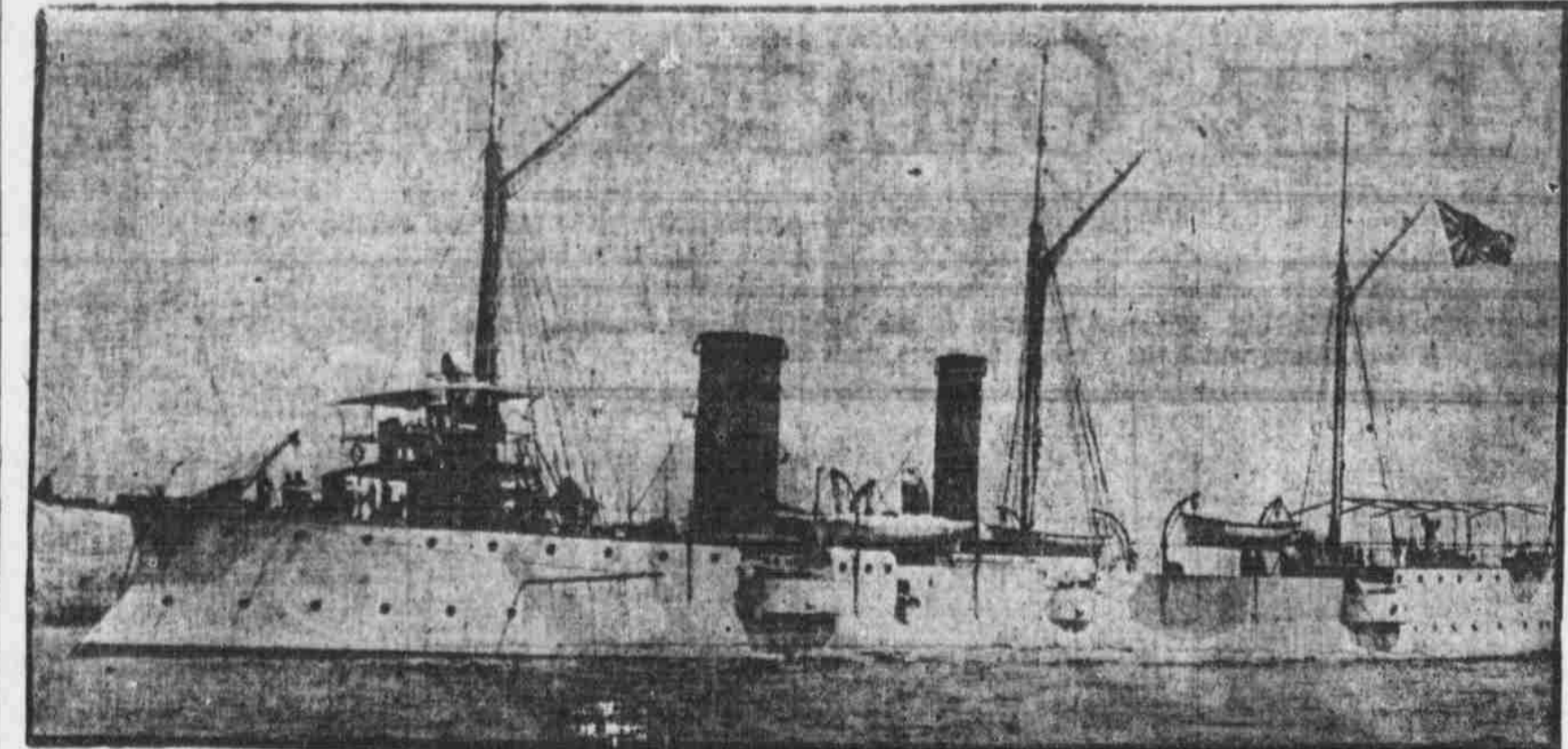
PAGO PAGO, American Samoa, Aug. 6. (Via San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 21.)—News of the declaration of war between Germany and Great Britain caused the greatest excitement when it reached Apia, German Samoa.
Evidently the German commandant felt that the port is not defensible against naval attack or serviceable as a naval base, as the merchantman Sol-Sol, which arrived here today, brought with it all the government's stores and private funds on deposit here.

The German wireless station at Apia was opened August 2, and immediately justified its existence by carrying the declaration of war.

Indigestion and Constipation.
"About five years ago I began taking Chamberlain's Tablets after suffering from indigestion and constipation for years without finding anything to relieve me. Chamberlain's Tablets helped me at once and by using them for several weeks I was cured of the complaint," writes Mrs. Mary E. McMullen, Phelps, N. Y. For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads.

Japanese Battleship Kongo, Newest and Most Powerful Vessel of Japan's Navy



BELGIANS MOVE BACK TO ANTWERP

Retreat Conducted in Perfect Order to the Almost Impregnable Fortress.

People Are Panic Stricken
New Capital of Little Kingdom Well Stocked with Food and Will Be Able to Withstand Long Siege.

(Copyright, 1914, Press Publishing Co.)
By FERCY J. PHILLIPS.
BRUSSELS, Aug. 21.—(Special Cablegram to New York World and Omaha Bee.)—Today the Germans occupied Louvain, which was until this morning the headquarters of the Belgian army.

The first hint I got of what was afoot was upon returning from Antwerp early in the afternoon. At a crossroads below the railway line I met a whole corps of Belgian infantry marching away from Louvain. They were moving in perfect order and were in splendid condition, except they were dust-covered.

Further on toward Louvain I met with many indications of what had happened. A force of 4,000 men, or perhaps more, had been left behind in trenches to meet the enemy and cover up the retreat of the main Belgian force, I learned.

With these the Germans, who had advanced along three roads from Diest, Triemont and Egehee, had a sharp encounter. The Belgians fought stubbornly, by all accounts, and their losses were far smaller than the invaders, as they have been in each engagement.

There was a story among some of the refugees that Louvain had been fired, but that scarcely seems likely. At all events, from a distance of about two miles, I could see no indications of the town burning.

Meets Crowd of Refugees.
At this point I was stopped by an enormous crowd of refugees, some on foot and others in private vehicles and Red Cross cars. The sight of these folk being driven from their homes was pitiful. By far the greater number were women with young children whose fathers were fighting at the front.

The panic of ignorance had seized the mob. As I was about to return on a peasant fired his double-barrelled shotgun at my car, mistaking my canvas fishing hat for a German helmet. He blew the tail lamp to pieces. Lest his indiscretion should lead him into far worse trouble I stopped the car, took his gun away from him and broke it across the breach.

In Antwerp this morning there were hundreds of fugitives near the station, who had come in from Turnhout, Herentals and other places where there had been some fighting. These were for the most part being sent back by train to their homes. None of many that I had spoken to had even seen any German troops, but it is easy to find an excuse for women left alone with children to become panic-stricken.

Motion for Royalty.
A gendarme told me of one old woman who arrived last evening at the barricades driving six sheep. She did not want the Germans to have them, she explained, and so she brought them with her. She was quite willing the Belgian soldiers should have them if it would keep her safe. Perhaps, she added, the queen and princes might need some of her mutton.

Antwerp, however, has good stores of food to last throughout a siege, and the prices when I saw this morning walking through the streets with their tutors are hardly likely to be in need.

Of the defenses of Antwerp, it is not necessary to speak. They are as nearly impregnable as can be, and the force defending them is the strongest in the country, not even excepting Namur.

Dairyman Gored to Death by a Bull

IDA GROVE, Ia., Aug. 21.—(Special Telegram.)—George Cobb, dairyman of this city, aged 60, died shortly before midnight last night from the effects of being gored by his Holstein bull about 7 o'clock that evening. The animal a short time ago had attacked Lyman Tenney, farm hand, who saved his life by hitting the animal with a neckyoke. Cobb went into the enclosure last night and put his hand on the bull's head to show that he was gentle. The bull caught him on his horns and twice tossed him twenty feet into the air and was then driven off by farm hands with pitchforks. After the accident Cobb finished his chores, walked into the house and protested against the family sending for a doctor. Before the doctor arrived the man was dead. His death was due to internal hemorrhage.

TWO AND A HALF MILLIONS FIGHT IN GREAT BATTLE

(Continued from Page One.)

reinforced, the battle is said to be developing a front of nearly forty miles, according to French statements, nothing is heard nor the German side. An impenetrable curtain has been drawn over the operations in the center battle line, where the man French army is co-operating in the fighting.

The Russian advance in east Prussia apparently stretches over a front of sixty miles between Stalluponen and Lyck, but the Russian invaders have not yet gained much German ground.

Little is heard of the Austrian operations at present but it is known that Austrian contingents are moving along the Rhine to meet the French advance in Alsace.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—(6:45 a. m.)—The Petit Parisien's review of the war situation, today says:
"A great battle is preparing. Belgium is to be the theater of the most formidable shock in history, the duration of which escapes prophecy."

"Repulsed in the south at Dinant by the French, the Germans have been making since Tuesday a vigorous offensive movement towards the north, which on Wednesday forced the Belgians, after a fine resistance, to fall back on Antwerp. The Berlin government will claim a triumph, whereas from a strategical point of view, the movement was of mediocre importance."

"The French armies also have taken up their respective positions, and it is certain that our general staff being taken unprepared by our adversaries' tactics. The staff had long foreseen them and is prepared to deal with them under the best auspices."

2:55 p. m.—Official news, made public in Paris today, says that the German forces continue to pass the Meuse in the vicinity of Huy, and that an important concentration is being carried out in Belgium this (Friday) morning.

No French territory is occupied by the enemy except a piece of enclosed land at Audun Leronan, in the department of Meurthe and Moselle.

Antwerp Ready for Siege.
LONDON, Aug. 21.—(9:30 a. m.)—The correspondent of the Times at The Hague, telegraphing today, says:
"The preparations for the defense of Antwerp extend over an enormous area. All classes in the city are joining in the work, day and night, but there is no sign of panic or confusion."

"The gates, driven through the walls by a peace loving people, are closed, while this work of preparation goes doggedly forward. Antwerp itself offers a strange contrast. At almost every window appear Belgium, English and French flags, giving a festive air to the city, which is preparing to resist to the last gasp."

LONDON, Aug. 21.—(9:35 a. m.)—The Amsterdam correspondent of the Chronicle, telegraphing yesterday, says that Antwerp was being put in a state of defense and being provisioned for a siege.

He adds that it was stated at the office of the general staff Thursday that all foreign correspondents found in Belgium after last night would be shot.

Germans in Brussels.
GHENT, Belgium, Via Paris, Aug. 21.—(3:50 a. m.)—German Hussars and Uhlans arrived this morning (probably Thursday), on the shooting grounds at the gates of Brussels, whither the burgomaster went to parley with them.

In the afternoon German officers, occupying an automobile, crossed Grand Place (the market place), going to the city hall, while detachments of Germans went through various parts of the city.
The telegraph office and railway station were closed for the greater part of the day. Many of the inhabitants of Brussels are leaving for

Belgium and Ostend.

The general opinion is that the Germans will only pass through the city or, at the most, make a very short stay there.

The only signs of animation in the place are caused by the arrival of peasants, who are abandoning the surrounding villages. The German troops have established themselves on the shooting grounds. They are understood to have said that they had been cut off from the rest of the army.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—The German cavalry has occupied Brussels. This official announcement was made tonight. Strong columns are following up this movement. The Belgians army is retreating on Antwerp, without having been engaged by the Germans.

Along with the announcement of the fall of Brussels the official statement says:
"Successes in Alsace.
Our troops have met with brilliant successes in Alsace, especially between Muelhausen and Altkirch. The Germans, retreating on the Rhine, left in our hands many prisoners and twenty-four guns, six of which were captured by our infantry after a sharp struggle."

"In Lorraine, the day was less fortunate for us. Our advanced troops found themselves faced by exceptionally strong positions. They were forced by a counter-attack to fall back in a body, which is solidly established on the Seltle and along the canal from the Marne to the Rhine."

Prearranged Plan.
The official statement continues:
"In conformity with a prearranged plan the Belgian field army retreated on the entrenched camp of Antwerp, after brilliantly fulfilling its duty as dictated by the strategical situation and staying for a fortnight the German passage of the Meuse."

"Antwerp has a double role. It is a formidable entrenched camp, fortified on most modern lines and is the base from which the Belgian army can threaten the German flank and co-operate effectively with the allies."

"The Antwerp defenses consist of three trains, whose power of resistance can be heightened by flooding a large area around the works. Antwerp is fully equipped with the most perfect appliances. To besiege the fortress the Germans would have to detach imposing forces and a large siege train. This they are not likely to do. If they do not, they will be obliged to cover themselves against the operations of the Belgian army, which is intact, thanks to the skillful retreat and augmented by the Antwerp garrison."

"It is to be added that the Liege forts still hold out. Those at Namur have not yet been attacked. They are as strong as the forts at Liege

and have been considerably strengthened in the last two weeks.

"From this it would be seen that the advancing German armies are caught between the positions of Namur and Antwerp, a distance from each other of only thirty-five miles as the crow flies."

"The German situation is then a difficult one, since they lack the chief postulate of a plan of march through Belgium namely, a free passage of the Meuse, a route by Liege and Namur and in action on the part of the Belgian army."

Gold Deposited for Americans Will Now Be Paid by Consul

LONDON, Aug. 21.—(1:35 p. m.)—Henry S. Breckenridge, American assistant secretary of war is expected to arrive at the Hague today. He left Falmouth last night on the American cruiser Tennessee for Rotterdam and will go immediately to the Hague to make arrangements for getting money to Berlin for the relief of Americans stranded there. The American embassy is still without authority to turn over to Americans the money deposited for them in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—There will no further delay in disbursing to Americans in Europe the funds deposited by relatives and friends with the Treasury department and forwarded aboard the cruisers Tennessee and North Carolina. Orders have gone forward, it was announced at the State department today, directing treasury disbursing officers and consular officers abroad to begin payment in accordance with lists furnished by depositors.

Explaining the delay in disbursement, it was stated that a misunderstanding had arisen abroad as to the funds aboard the cruisers. It was supposed that the money was intended only for the relief of destitute Americans without credit or private means.

Consular reports from Spain today said Americans were receiving cash for checks and letters of credit from the branches of the banking firm of Morgan and Harjes. The steamer Infanta Isabel, the report adds, will be able to take home almost all of the Americans in Spain, who have already gathered at Barcelona and Cadix.

FOUR AMERICANS HAVE REMARKABLE ESCAPE

BERLIN, Via Copenhagen and London, Aug. 21.—(4:35 p. m.)—Four Americans, two men and two women, have just made known a remarkable escape from death at Muelhausen, where they were during the fighting.

They are Edward Walker, a dentist of Macon, Ga., and his wife, and a Mr. and Mrs. Cade, whose home address cannot be ascertained. Mr. Cade also is a dentist. They were caught at Muelhausen at the beginning of the fighting and had to remain several days amidst a hail of projectiles. They are now safe at Glatterbado in the Black Forest, whither they walked from Muelhausen.

A letter from one of the quartette, which has been brought to Berlin, says the uninterrupted fighting and fire of artillery never will be forgotten.

"Projectiles struck the house we were in, while others exploded in the garden," Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads.

may's letter. "We awaited death momentarily, but were saved by a miracle."

Liner Brandenburg Clears for Bergen with Cabins Full of Coal

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 21.—The North German Lloyd steamship Brandenburg today took out clearance papers for Bergen, Norway, and will sail for that port sometime during the day or tonight. There has been much activity aboard ship for several days and it is stated that 10,000 tons of coal has been delivered to it. This has been placed everywhere, even being piled in the state rooms and on deck. The captain explains that this big supply is necessary because it will require two months to steam to Bergen. It also is stated that enough provisions have been taken on board to feed the crew for a year.

The mystery surrounding the ship has led to many conjectures concerning its future. It is reported it will try to deliver the coal to German warships cruising in this vicinity or else will proceed to Germany and become a hospital ship.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—(3:25 p. m.)—Oscar S. Strauss, member of the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague and chairman of the diplomatic committee of the American citizens' relief committee, said today:

"It has been my privilege to meet many prominent British officials and so far as I know there is no opposition in England to the plan of the United States to have American buy the German liners now in American ports. In fact, I think the idea has been well received as the British feel that the restoration of such liners to the service would make it possible to bring larger quantities of wheat and other food-stuffs to England."

Own your home. You can purchase one on easy monthly payments like rent. Read the real estate columns.

Cooling but Nutritious—Ideal Summer Food

You should cut out meat very largely in summer, because it is too heating. That doesn't mean that you have to sacrifice nutrition, for there are other foods that are much more nutritious than meat and yet are cooling foods.

Take Faust Spaghetti, for instance—here is an ideal summer food. A 10c package of Faust Spaghetti is four times as nutritious as meat. It is made from select Durham wheat, which is rich in gluten.

A great variety of dishes can be prepared from Faust Spaghetti—savory, appetizing meals that can be made very quickly. Write for free recipe book and find out. Faust Spaghetti is sold by all grocers in 5c and 10c packages—order today.

MAULL BROS.
St. Louis Missouri

TRY Willow Springs BEER NONE BETTER HENRY POLLOCK RETAIL DEALER TELEPHONE DOUGLAS 2104

Hot weather sense Eat cooling foods in clean sanitary places.

Welch's The Pure Food Sign. Quickserv Cafeteria. Basement City Nat'l Bank Bldg. Or Boston Lunches. 219 South 10th St. 1408 Douglas St. 1408 Farnam St.

PARK'S HAIR BALM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Removes dandruff. Prevents hair falling. 20c and 50c at Groceries.

AMUSEMENTS.

Lake Manawa DANCING, BOATING, ROLLER COASTER AND MANY OTHER ATTRACTIONS FREE MOVING PICTURES EVERY EVENING

BASE BALL SCORES PARK Omaha vs. Denver Friday and Saturday Double header Saturday First Game at 2 P. M. Friday, Ladies' Day called 5 P. M.

"OMAHA'S FUN CENTER" Daily Mat., 10-55-50c. Evngs., 15-25-50-75c. SEATS NOW SELLING —For Home-Coming Week—OMAHA'S EVG. LEE WROTH "ad 10c" Season Starts Fri. Mat., Aug. 22. Box Office Open Daily, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Opheum Phone Douglas 494. ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE OPENS Sunday, Aug. 23—Sole Sale Begins Monday, Aug. 24. In addition to six excellent acts the dramatic stars, Arnold Daily, in "How He Lied to Her Husband," by Geo. Bernard Shaw. Prices: Daily Mat., gallery 10c; best seats (except Saturday and Sunday), 25c. Night, 10c, 25c, 50c and 75c.

W-A-R ON PRICES AT BEATON'S. Although the great war now progressing in Europe has greatly advanced the prices on nearly all drug and toilet articles, they will be priced at Beaton's as low as the market price will permit, which will be lower than asked by other drug stores.
25c Rickacker's Skin Soap... 12c
50c Charles' Flesh Food... 19c
50c 1-lb. can De Mar's Talcum Powder... 29c
50c Fitch's Hair Tonic... 29c
\$1.00 Finaud's Liso Vegetal... 65c
25c Carter's Little Liver Pills... 12c
75c Jad Salt... 21c
35c Castoria... 21c
25c Mennen's Talcum Powder... 12c
Horlick's Malted Milk... 34c, 67c and \$2.70
\$1.25 Bath Sprays... 65c
25c Bromo Seltzer... 16c
50c Pebecco Tooth Paste... 39c
25c Carter's Chlorate Tooth Paste... 12c
50c Canthrox... 21c
25c Fitch's Shampoo Soap... 17c
4 pound Bottle of Hydrogen... 17c
\$1.00 Duffy's Malt Whiskey... 75c
75c 4711 Toilet Waters, all odors... 60c
\$1.00 Pinnaud's Hair Tonic... 89c
\$5.00 Gillette Safety Razors... \$3.40

BEATON DRUG CO. FIFTEENTH AND FARNAM STREETS.