

New Fall Suits Just Arrived

Our buyer who is now in New York has rushed to us by express some excellent suit values in the new Military Styles. Quick to adopt the trend of current times, American designers are demonstrating their superiority and originality. More artistic, more versatile styles have never been offered and at such low prices. Suits of fine chifon broadcloth, in the season's popular colors, green, navy, black, plum and brown. Extra values for \$29.50 and \$35.00. New arrivals of Men's Wear Serge Suits for women, offered for \$24.50. No Charge for Alterations.

The Store For Shirtwaists

New styles of Fall Blouses, just arrived, \$2.95.

Specials From Our August Linen Sale

- TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS
- \$2.25 2x2 yards Table Cloths, \$1.75 each.
- \$5.00 2x2 yards Table Cloths, \$3.50 each.
- \$6.00 2x2 1/2 yards Table Cloths, \$3.75 each.
- \$7.50 2x2 1/2 yards Table Cloths, \$5.00 each.
- \$3.50 20-inch Napkins for \$2.40 a dozen.
- \$4.00 22-inch Napkins for \$2.89 a dozen.

Thompson Belden & Co

HOWARD AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

POLES TO REUNITE UNDER RUSS FLAG

St. Petersburg Report Says People See Cherished National Existence Ahead.

AUSTRIA SUSPICIOUS OF THEM

Russia Could Put Twenty Million Men in Field, is Estimate Made at Capital—Country Resumes Normal Aspect.

(Copyright 1914, Press Publishing Co.) ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 19.—(Special Cablegram to New York World and Omaha Bee.)—Enthusiastic meetings of Poles in many towns of Russia are sending loyal acknowledgments of graces foregone to the Polish nation in the commander-in-chief's proclamation to the army. A leading Pole of Kiev significantly said: "As Russia in this war, but henceforth we side with Russia as Poles, also."

The opportunity shortly will be offered of realizing their cherished aims of national existence under the Russian flag, which must inevitably reunite the whole Polish people, who at present are facing one another in arms, as parts of the Austrian and German and Russian forces.

Poles Shot by Austrians. Among the Austrian prisoners brought to Kiev are two Galicians, who at the moment, they say, the Russian cavalry scouts flung away their rifles and, waving handkerchiefs, gave themselves up as prisoners. They report that their fellows are strictly watched and shot on the least suspicion by Austrian officers.

Several thousand Czechs, resident at Mieda, have been received as Russian subjects, and the majority have volunteered to serve in the Russian army. Three thousand Letts from the mobilized districts have volunteered for the front. If Russia puts into the field all men of the empire available either as soldiers or reserves, or even the last reserves and volunteers, it is not an exaggerated estimate that it could raise 20,000,000 men capable of bearing arms.

POPE'S CONDITION IMPROVES, BUT CRISIS NOT PAST

(Continued from Page One.)

Unfortunately the patient succeeded in expectorating, and now the crisis seems to be over. Nephritis complications, however, are seriously feared.

Adopters Oxygen. The doctors have administered oxygen to the pope. He was given stimulating injections and cupped when death seemed imminent. These energetic remedies brought about an amelioration, but nobody is yet able to say whether they are only temporary or indicate that the crisis has been overcome.

The Austrian ambassador at Rome and the Bavarian minister were the first to call at the vatican when the serious condition of the pontiff became known.

Moved by Honor of Gens. The pope was much moved on hearing from Venice news of the "banquet" in the Adriatic. The bones of the doge must thrill in their sepulchres at the familiar sound of battle, recalling the heroic days of old, he said.

The sisters of the pope are convinced that a miraculous crisis has arrived, and they are deeply apprehensive. They have lighted candles before the miraculous image of St. Joseph and remain prostrate in prayer.

See real estate columns for bargains advertised in The Bee. Get a nice cool room for the summer.

CRUISER WITH CASH IS DELAYED

Tennessee is Waiting at Falmouth for Promise of Safe Escort.

NORTH CAROLINA OFF TO FRANCE

It Left at Dawn for Cherbourg with a Supply of Gold for the Americans that are Marooned in France.

FALMOUTH, England, Aug. 18.—(Via London, Aug. 19, 11:15 a. m.)—The United States cruiser Tennessee, which should have sailed at dawn today for the Hook of Holland on its mission of relieving stranded Americans in Europe, did not depart.

Henry S. Brockbridge, United States assistant secretary of war, in explanation of the delay, said:

"I had expected to receive information from all the European governments promising safe escort for my representatives in conveying treasure to the different capitals. I also expected more definite information through Ambassador Walter Hines Page from the continent of Europe as to the exact number of Americans stranded in the various countries. As this has not arrived, I must stay on until it does, so that I can instruct my representatives exactly what to do.

Continental Plans Incomplete. "It is impossible to get information by wireless at sea in the war area, as we have been asked not to use our wireless in the war area. Therefore, at sea we should be cut off from everybody without having perfected our continental plans.

"I shall remain here until I receive all the information. The cruiser North Carolina, which anchored in the channel last night, left at dawn for Cherbourg. The Tennessee will communicate with it by cable.

American sailors here complain of the high charges for changing their money. They lose 80 cents on each five-dollar piece.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—(12:49 p. m.)—The American embassy has been advised by Henry S. Brockbridge from Falmouth that he has instructions from the secretary of war at Washington not to sail for the Hook of Holland until so ordered from Washington.

The embassy has no knowledge of the reasons for this delay. It is supposed here that negotiations regarding the movements of the Tennessee are proceeding directly between Washington and the continental governments concerned.

FIERCE BATTLE IN PROGRESS EXTENDED FRONT

(Continued from Page One.)

day a vast entrenched camp on the flank of the enemy.

Details of the fighting at Dinant between the French and German troops show that the carnage was terrible. The First French company, although decimated, held a position until another company came up with artillery, which destroyed a bridge. The French cavalry then advanced and pushed the German attackers back into the Meuse.

Capture of Liege Reported.

ROTTERDAM, Aug. 18.—(Via London.)—It is asserted here that the forts at Liege were dynamited by the Belgians after they had been evacuated, the action of the Belgians being due to the arrival of a heavy motor battery.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—A Brussels dispatch to the Mail says it is learned on the highest authority that on Monday the Liege forts were still holding out. They were cut off from the Franco-Belgian field forces and surrounded by Germans, but continued their heroic resistance.

An official statement issued by the French embassy at London tonight says: "The Liege forts are still holding out. Not one of them has been taken."

Kaiser Orders General Advance.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—(3:30 p. m.)—The curt announcement in a telegram from Brussels, dated last night, of fierce fighting between Belgian and German troops along an extended front is generally accepted in London today as indicating the real beginning of the first great battle of the war.

The German attack is today again reported from the direct orders of Emperor William himself to his generals in the field.

The exact extent of the line of fighting has not yet been revealed, but presumably it stretches in a north and south line. Beyond this its definite location is virtually guess work.

Refugees from Diest, Trier and other towns in that section of Belgium who fled as the Germans approached are coming into Brussels in great numbers. They declare that since the inhabitants vacated Triermost German shells have been dropping in the town and that subsequently the Belgians broke the German advance there at the point of the bayonet.

Says Germans Kill Wounded.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—(J. 36 a. m.)—The Brussels correspondent of the Havas agency telegraphs as follows: "A committee to inquire into alleged breaches of the laws of war by the Germans has drawn up its statement of facts in the case of Major Van Demme, who was wounded at Maizeron August 12 and dispatched. It is claimed, by a revolver shot from the Germans. It is set forth that Major Knapen was killed under similar circumstances at Ormael on August 8."

Emile Vanderveld, the socialist leader in the Belgian Chamber of Deputies, who recently became minister of state, has returned from a visit to Paris, where he conferred with the prominent men of all parties. He says that his visit gave him absolute certainty of final victory for the allies."

The National Capital English War Notes Are Quickly Taken

Wednesday, August 19, 1914.

The Senate. Met at 11 a. m. Secretary Bryan conferred with the foreign relations committee over the Colombian and Nicaraguan treaties.

Senator Hitchcock introduced a bill to prohibit floating foreign war loans in the United States.

The House. Met at noon. Miscellaneous bills were taken up under the calendar Wednesday rule.

REPUDIATE FEDERAL MONEY

Ten-Million Issue by Huerta Worthless by Carranza's Decree.

ASK VERA CRUZ WITHDRAWAL

Mexicans Pass Resolutions Requesting New Provisional President to Invite Americans to Evacuate Gulf Port.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 19.—A decree is to be issued tomorrow by the governor of the federal district, repudiating government notes of the issue of July 25 last. This issue was made during the regime of Provisional President Francisco Carbajal on the authorization of the \$60,000,000 6 per cent ten-year gold bonds issued by the Huerta administration. About \$10,000,000 of this paper is now in circulation.

The repudiation is based on the decree issued by Venustiano Carranza on April 26 refusing to recognize the acts of the Huerta government.

The new constitutional cabinet was announced last night as follows: Minister of foreign affairs, Ysidro Fabela; minister of interior, Eliseo Arredondo; minister of public instruction, Dr. Miguel Silva; minister of communications, Ygnacio Bonilla; minister of finance, Felicitos Villareal; minister of war, Eduardo Hay.

The appointment of minister of justice has been deferred awaiting the reorganization of the courts.

Mustered Fed Troops.

The mustering out of the federal troops is proceeding rapidly. Four thousand were released today, each enlisted man receiving \$30 and his fare home, while the officers received \$50 and their fare.

While absolute order prevails everywhere, the rigors of military government have been in no way slackened. Two thieves disguised in the uniforms of constitutionalists were executed at a police station today and their bodies exposed to the view of the curious crowds.

As in former cases, warning placards were pinned on the breasts of the dead men. The courts were closed today, while railways and telegraph lines continue to be operated for military purposes only, although it is announced that passenger traffic between Mexico City and Vera Cruz will be resumed this morning.

A committee of Americans tomorrow will journey to the headquarters of General Carranza at Atzacotalpa to welcome the chief of the constitutionalists on the part of the women of the colony.

An order demanding the surrender of arms by all the inhabitants was later modified so as not to include foreigners.

A conference was held yesterday between General Carranza and representative of Emiliano Zapata. The results were not made public.

To Ask U. S. Withdrawal.

LAREDO, Tex., Aug. 19.—Resolutions asking that General Carranza's first official act after he reaches Mexico City be a request to the United States to withdraw its troops from Vera Cruz, where they are "an affront to the Mexican nation," were adopted Monday night at a mass meeting in Saltillo, according to travelers reaching the border.

After the mass meeting a crowd paraded the streets, shouting "vivas" for Carranza and the constitutionalists, and some cried, "death to Americans," according to the information brought here.

Interstate Three-Cent Rates Upheld by the Commission

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The interstate railroad passenger fare of 3 cents a mile through Arkansas, Missouri and Oklahoma was upheld by the Interstate Commerce commission today, acting on complaints of the public service commissions of these states, which sought to have the 2-cent intrastate rate made the basis of through traffic charges.

The commission held that the defendant railroads did not voluntarily establish and do not voluntarily maintain the intrastate passenger fare of 2 cents a mile, and that basing interstate passenger fares in those three states on the 2-cent rate was not unreasonable.

The commission's ruling is important, as the reduction sought would have had a wide influence on passenger traffic rates generally. Six states—Arkansas, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, Missouri and Oklahoma—established 2-cent intrastate rates in 1907, and resulting litigation brought a ruling from the supreme court that nothing confiscatory could be found to justify the railroads' complaint.

In appealing to the Interstate Commerce commission, the state commissions sought to show that a reduction of the interstate rate would stimulate travel.

French to Protect Breeding Animals

PARIS, Aug. 19, 3 p. m.—The French ministers of war and agriculture have adopted measures for the protection of blooded cattle and horses to be used for breeding purposes. Another effort in this direction will be the reopening of certain industrial establishments which have shut their doors and the prevention of closing others.

The director of foreign commerce has been instructed to see if he cannot take some steps toward the conquest of German markets, and in the interest of French manufacturers, procure commercial orders which heretofore have been going to German houses.

Americans Will Fight For French Republic

PARIS, Aug. 19.—The American Volunteer corps has up to date a total of 15 names on its roll.

These American volunteers propose to fight for France and thus in small measure repay the service Lafayette rendered the United States. It is believed that 100 of them will be accepted and equipped by the French war department.

German Steamer is Seized at Melbourne

LONDON, Aug. 19.—(3:15 p. m.)—The German steamer Wildensfel, on arriving today at Melbourne from New York via Cape Town, was seized by the authorities. The captain of the vessel was not aware that war had been declared until he arrived in the harbor.

IVORY SOAP, 4 CAKES 5c

THURSDAY ONLY—Four Cakes to a customer. Not sold to children. Please Notice—We ask you to make some other purchase to get this bargain—your own size purchase.

Haines Drug Co. Cut Price Druggists

Successors to Schaefer's Drug Store, N. W. Cor. 15th & Douglas

WEIGHT OF BATTLE ON SINGLE CORPS

Third of German Army Bears Brunt of Furious Fighting in Front from Diest to Namur.

IS BEING REPLACED BY FOURTH

Threat of Hundred Prisoners Slain for Every Bomb Dropped in City Streets Stops Inhuman Practice.

(Copyright, 1914, Press Publishing Co.)

NAMUR, Aug. 19.—(Special Cablegram to New York World and Omaha Bee.)—I saw enough of the defenses at Namur to leave me dreading as a human being, and desiring as an enemy, that the whole German army would move up into this great angle.

Only the Third army corps has yet been engaged. It has borne alone the whole weight of recent fierce engagements in front from Namur to Diest and today it is being replaced by the Fourth. The Fifth and Sixth still are in reserve. Their strategic use should be very effective.

The Sixth is the elite of the German army. The Belgian shooting has so far wrecked the equality of numbers, but this is the corps containing the chosen marksmen. The Germans continue to shoot low.

The aviators have stopped dropping bombs and the soldiers believe tonight the king sent an envoy to say that 100 prisoners would be shot for every bomb dropped in the unprotected streets. Only girls and old men so far have suffered from this inhuman practice.

I've spoken with two witnesses of encounters about Dinant. The French had their guns in a lofty citadel and smashed the pontoon bridges as soon as the Germans had built them. The permanent bridges were swept as the columns advanced. They were mined, but not exploded. The impatience of French African troops, the Turcos, who are spoken of with hated breath, is said to have prevented the success of a crushing enveloping movement, a yielding in the center to pour in on the flanks which the French could only partially execute.

Americans Want to Stay and See European War Fun

THE HAGUE, Aug. 19.—(Via London, 4:40 a. m.)—Many Americans are loath to leave the German capital, according to a newspaper man who has just reached this city from Berlin after a long trip.

In some instances, they declare they are quite comfortable. "Everything foreign has been eradicated from Berlin during the last fortnight," says the newspaper man. "A shop in Friedrichstrasse, which was called the Prince of Wales, was well nigh demolished by a mob. Everywhere French signs were torn down. A restaurant in Kurfaeren-Damm was destroyed by a crowd after the orchestra had played a Russian air. No French words are allowed to appear anywhere, even on bills of fare."

"I asked the waiter in a restaurant for a certain English sauce. He replied angrily: 'We no longer serve that cursed English stuff.'"

"Americans traveling in Germany have not yet come to realize the real gravity of the situation. These Americans are a curious lot. They seem to think the war a kind of play, 'great fun,' and cannot realize that war in Germany is not like war in Mexico."

"Several Americans were arrested at Mannheim, because they were photographing a railway station, and the American ambassador had the greatest difficulty in obtaining their release. Ambassador Gerard is kept busy rescuing imprisoned Americans or helping others of his countrymen who need advice or money. Thousands of persons daily are besieging the American embassy in Berlin seeking passports or assistance."

"Always the advice of the embassy is 'leave the country as soon as you can,' but the Americans generally with true Yankee obstinacy reply, 'why leave when we are so comfortable here,' whereupon they are told, 'yes, but next week there may be no meat or bread or perhaps the Russians will come.'"

"To this the tourists answer incredulously, 'well, we guess we will stay and see the fun.'"

Austrian Regiment Refuses to Fight

LONDON, Aug. 19.—It is officially stated in Paris that the mobilization of the Austrian army was accompanied by much disorder and even open mutiny in many places, owing to the unpopularity of the war among many classes of people. This information is conveyed in a Paris dispatch to the Daily Telegraph, which continues:

"In many parts of Austria enthusiasm for the war is completely lacking, and the people complain bitterly of spending blood and money in a useless cause."

The official statement adds that a large number of Czech soldiers have been shot at Prague for refusing to fight, and that during the night of August 9 a whole Serb regiment of the Fifteenth Austrian army corps mutinied. A similar mutiny occurred in Bohemia.

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Troops from Canada to Cross Atlantic

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 19.—Thursday, the Canadian government will begin moving its 25,000 volunteers of the over-seas division to the assembly camp at Valcartier. The order for the movement was made last night by the minister of militia. Most of the force will reach the camp by Saturday. The last of it will be in Sunday and preparations will then be made for immediate dispatch across the Atlantic.

Germans Kill Italians Who Cheer for Italy

LONDON, Aug. 19.—(11:30 a. m.)—A dispatch from Rome to the Star says refugees from Magdeburg, Germany, report that the German soldiers fired on 2,000 Italians confined in the barracks there, killing seven and wounding sixteen because some of them shouted, "Hurrah for Italy."

Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads.

RUSSIA HAS SOLID FRONT

All Factions for the Government Says Writer to the Chronicle.

ENEMIES ONCE, FRIENDS NOW

People Everywhere Going to War and Are Ready to Die for Their Country's Sake.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—(4:30 p. m.)—"It is impossible to relate a title of the amazing things that have happened in Russia during the last ten days," says a letter to the Daily Chronicle, written in St. Petersburg August 12. It continues:

"Russia is not recognizable, or rather that haunting beauty of Russia, which those of us who live here grope and often sadly feel and love, has suddenly shone forth radiantly from out of the heavy clouds of failure and defeat that have hidden it for so many years."

"Russia is full of moral energy. It never displayed it with the same vigor as now at any period of its history. Russia feels itself for once to be morally in the right."

"Russia's international condition was deplorable," says the correspondent. "The Poles, Finns and Jews were embittered by the government's policy of oppression. The Duma divided and helpless. Strikes were spreading. There were serious riots in St. Petersburg."

Feeling is Changed.

"Few Russians want to fight for the sake of Serbia, but when it became clear that the Austrian move was only the prelude to the German attack on an apparently helpless and demoralized Russia, the feeling changed in an instant."

"The general mobilization made all Russia realize the situation. The peasants, the workmen and the strikers of the weak before; clerks, students, teachers and lawyers, all dropped their work without a murmur and joined the ranks."

"I had half expected mobilization riots in the country districts like those which occurred during the Japanese war, but friends from the south, the west and the east declare that all Russia is as one man. Everywhere the people are going to war, 'to die for our country,' as the peasants say."

Prepare for Long Struggle.

"The drink shops were closed and all went soberly and sternly, expecting no easy victories and prepared for a long and hard struggle."

"For the first time in his reign the Russian emperor is cut off now from those German influences that urged him on continually to ruinous reaction. His majesty came out on the balcony of his palace to greet an immense throng of his people."

"The Duma gave stirring expression to the nation's feeling. The fanatical reactionary Fourchikov actually shook hands with his bitterest enemy, the leader, Miliukov. Representatives of various nationalities, Poles, the Letts, the Lithuanians, the Russian Germans and most striking of all, the Jews, stood up and declared whatever they had suffered they would lay aside their grievances in this hour of great trial and fight side by side with the Russian people. Many deputies were moved to tears."

"Will the government be capable of seizing this splendid opportunity for making peace with all its peoples?"

Count Witte Says War Will Not Last Over Three Months

PARIS, Aug. 19.—(3:20 a. m.)—A news dispatch from Tarbes quotes Count Witte, the Russian statesman, who is on his way from Biarritz to Russia, as declaring that the European war would not last more than two or three months.

It was bound to end, he said, in the downfall of Germany. Russia's mobilization has been carried out slowly, but surely, and the army was certain to vanquish Germany whatever might happen.

4:15 a. m.—"Outpost combats, however interesting and characteristic, do not justify us in counting on the certainty of a prompt and definite victory," writes former Minister of Foreign Affairs Stephen Pinchin in the Paris dispatch.

"I find too much said about the Germans being demoralized. Their original over-confidence may give place to doubts, but that is all. The war now beginning is a war to the death. On it hangs the existence of Germany as well as that of France. It will be waged furiously on both sides. It will probably be long and the losses enormous."

"Let us make up our minds to the fact that we have to contend with the most redoubtable army in Europe and have need for all our material and moral forces."

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Everybody Reads Bee Want Ads.

GREECE INCLINED TO GET INTO FRAY

Public Opinion in Favor of Nation's Adhesion to the Triple Entente.

POLICY OF ISOLATION FATAL

Nation Must Join Side on Which Its Rights and Aspirations Have Found Sympathy and Support.

(By a Staff Correspondent.)

(Copyright, Press Publishing Co.) ATHENS, Aug. 19.—(Delayed in Transmission)—Aug. 19.—(Special Cablegram to New York World and Omaha Bee.)—I have been able to ascertain the opinions of a number of leading Greek politicians as to the policy they consider Greece should adopt in the present crisis. M. Theotokis, whose Germanophile leanings are well known, holds that Greece should maintain strict neutrality.

M. Malli, M. Dragoumis, M. Mavromichaelis, favor adhesion to the triple entente. This also is the overwhelming verdict of public opinion.

M. Malli said that the policy of isolation would be a fatal mistake for Greece in a struggle in which the whole future of the Greek race is at stake, and that Greece must join the side on which its rights and aspirations have found sympathy and support.

While the government still adheres to its policy of neutrality, events are fast developing which it would seem will put an end to this course. It is noteworthy that the press organs, which hitherto have advocated absolute neutrality, now declare that the sale of German ships to Turkey removes all doubt as to what Greece has to expect from Germany, while Austrian hostility to vital Greek interests has long been amply proved.

Red Blotchy Skin Easily Remedied

Bathe Your Blood with a Cooling, Purifying Remedy



One of the Daily Perils

When your blood is overheated the congestion or inflammation makes straight for the skin. The result is the blotchy skin that is so common. It is a modified form of mucous membrane and it is in these membranes that impurities in the blood are prepared for expulsion. S. S. S. has a most remarkable action in assisting the membranes to eliminate those secretions which are the result of inflammation whether they take the form of catarrh or red patches on the skin. Its cooling, purifying effect is almost immediate since in three minutes after entering the blood it traverses the entire circulation. It so acts upon the cellular tissues in the skin that each cell rejects any invading germ and rejects only its own essential nutriment from the blood.

These facts are brought out in a strikingly illustrated book "What the Mirror Tells" which is mailed free by the Swift Specific Co., 101 West Building, Atlanta, Ga. Get a bottle of S. S. S. today of any druggist and thus insure pure blood and consequent health. Beware of imitations and disappointing substitutes.

Do Not Fail to Read

My Unusual Offer which will appear in all next Sunday's papers under the title "The Millionaire's Column." It will be of interest to investors, promoters and those who think of buying a home.

F. S. Trullinger

BUILDER OF WELL BUILT HOMES IN BENSON.

IT IS ABSOLUTELY PURE AND MOST DELICIOUS

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"THE OLD RELIABLE"

6 1/2% MORTGAGES

FOR SALE ON NEW HOMES—AMOUNTS \$300 TO \$2500—WRITE OR CALL AMERICAN SECURITY CO., 101 W. 15th ST., OMAHA.

AMUSEMENTS.

BASE BALL

Omaha vs. Denver August 19,