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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER  
Fair

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## DIRECT CHARGE BY WILSON INTERESTS CAUSE DEPRESSION

President Says Combination Tries to  
Make Sentiment Against  
Trust Laws.

### PSYCHOLOGICAL PANIC RESULTS

Chief Executive Exhibits Commu-  
nications to Interstate Com-  
merce Body.

### INSISTS HE WILL NOT YIELD

Declares Campaign Will Have No  
Effect Upon Him.

### SIMMONS IS PARTY TO SCHEME

Man Selected for State Bank Board  
Among Those Who Sent Circu-  
lar in Attempt to Head Off  
Anti-Trust Program.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—President Wilson made the direct charge today that sentiment in favor of the postponement of the administration trust legislation program was the result of a combination by certain interests, and intimated that it was the cause of the "psychological business depression" of which he recently spoke.

In support of the president's view copies of letters and telegrams circulated among business men calling for an adjournment of congress without completion of the trust bills, praying for the freight rate increase being asked by the railroads of the Interstate Commerce commission and calling for a halt of the "attacks on business" were made public at the White House.

President Wilson made it clear to his callers that the campaign, if such it may be called, would have no effect on him, and that it was his plan to push the trust program through the senate with the aid of the means at his command. He expressed the view that business was as good, if not better, now than a while ago, and it would be less harmful to the business of the country to have the trust legislation program completed than to be confronted with a period of uncertainty which would accompany delay.

Letter from Simmons Company. One of the circular letters, which came into possession of the White House, was circulated by the Simmons Hardware company of St. Louis. E. C. Simmons, head of the company, had been selected for a member of the federal reserve board and his nomination was to have gone to the senate today. This morning it was announced at the White House that Mr. Simmons had declined the place and that Charles W. Hamlin of Boston, now an assistant secretary of the treasury, would be nominated in his place. White House officials emphatically denied, however, that the circular letter sent out by the Simmons company had any connection with the declaration of Mr. Simmons.

Another circular letter made public, purported to have been sent out by the Pictorial Review company of New York and was signed by W. P. Ahnell, as president. It was dated May 1 and enclosed a draft of a letter "which embraces the views of a majority of our section of the country, and which should be addressed to the president of the United States, the congress and members of the Interstate Commerce commission, respectively." The letter concluded:

"If you prefer to use copies of the enclosed letter we will mail you as many as you can conveniently use. It will be more effective, however, if you write them on your own letterheads." The form letter attached was an appeal for postponement of trust legislation and a 5 per cent freight rate increase for the railroads.

A copy of a night telegram containing the contents of the form letter in condensed terms was attached.

Charge Cases Mentioned. Not since President Wilson made his charge of "an insidious lobby" in Washington to influence tariff legislation has there been a sensation of such a sort in official circles. News of what the president had said and of the giving out of the circular letters spread quickly to the capitol, where it became the subject of animated discussion in both houses of congress.

The letter purporting to have been sent out by the Simmons company was dated June 3, which was after Mr. Simmons had been offered a place on the reserve board. This letter was not given out for publication with the others.

## Letter of Simmons Says Congressmen Should Go on Home

ST. LOUIS, June 15.—The full text of the Simmons "trust legislation" letter was printed by the Post Dispatch here today. The letter, which is signed "Simmons Hardware company," says there are three things on which the business of the country is waiting. One is wheat harvest, it is stated; the second is the settlement of the Mexican situation.

"The last, but not least," continues the letter, "is the advance in freight rates to the railroads, a matter of exceedingly great importance, but coupled with these three matters is another one of equally great importance, we believe, to the best interests of this country, and that is that congress, which has been in session for considerably over one year, during which time it has been doing much creditable work, should not try to do anything more at present, but should cease its efforts, adjourn and go home. Especially do we recommend that no further attempt of legislation on the matter of the control of business or passing of anti-trust laws be continued at this time. What the country needs now more than anything else is a quiet time—an absolute rest from the agitation of politics and assaults on business—it does not make any difference whether it is in the adjournment of congress or the adjournment of the business of the country is thoroughly honest, but because one-tenth of it may be questionable, the whole is made to suffer by this agitation, which is doing much damage.

"We therefore strongly recommend and earnestly hope congress may be convinced it has done enough law making for the present, that the country is absolutely tired and surfeited with political agitation, and that agitation now of the control of business is very injurious and will serve to retard an improvement in business, which otherwise would be very great and rapid, bringing in the most desirable way the greatest good to the greatest number.

"We submit these arguments or questions to you, asking you and praying you to use your best influence in following the lines suggested in this communication, viz:—

"To have congress shut up and go home."

## South Dakota is Celebrating Its Silver Anniversary

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., June 15.—(Special.)—Thousands of residents of the state and former residents of South Dakota are assembling in Sioux Falls for the purpose of attending the week-long celebration in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the admission of South Dakota to the union of states. The great homecoming and anniversary celebration opened today and will continue until Saturday night.

The homecoming, which this time falls on the silver jubilee of the state, is the second event of the kind to be held in South Dakota. The first was held at Aberdeen five years ago, and at that time it was decided to hold these gatherings once each five years, and Sioux Falls was selected as the next place of meeting. Following the action of the Homecoming association the Territorial Pioneers' association also decided to hold its annual meeting in Sioux Falls, and will hold a joint program designating Saturday and Grand Army of the Republic day, and the programs have been prepared for the gathering, which will be held in Sherman park, a delightful spot in the southwestern section of the city.

Free street attractions, carnival attractions, base ball games, street parades, band concerts and other amusements have been provided for the thousands of visitors who will be in the city during the week.

Band concerts in the streets at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon inaugurated the festivities of the week. At 10 o'clock Tuesday forenoon a homecoming and anniversary of the territorial pioneers will be officially opened by Colonel T. G. Orr, president of the Home-Coming association, and A. L. Van Odel, president of the Territorial Pioneers' association, will preside.

"Chick" Shedd, Foot  
Ball Hero, Is Dead

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Neb., June 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Charles F. Shedd, better known in football circles as "Chick" Shedd, the star end of the 1902 Nebraska university football team, is dead at Kenwood, Fla., according to a message received in Lincoln today.

Shedd was badly injured in the celebrated Minnesota game in 1912, the year in which Nebraska went through the season without being scored against. He was injured in a game with the Haskell Indians that year and has always been lame since. For several years he has been receiver of the land office at Lincoln. He was married last December. He died of bright's disease and the body will be brought to Lincoln for burial.

## SIR EDWARD GREY GIVES DINNER FOR ROOSEVELT

LONDON, June 15.—A luncheon in honor of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was given today by Sir Edward Grey, British foreign secretary. The guests included President Asquith, David Lloyd George, Chancellor of the exchequer, Louis Harcourt, secretary for the colonies; Viscount Bryce, former British ambassador at Washington, and Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the present British ambassador to the United States.

## KING INTERCEDES FOR MAN WHO INVADED PALACE

LONDON, June 15.—George Pike, who on June 7, invaded Buckingham palace and wandered about for several hours in the building, was released today. The defendant gave a bond for his behavior in future.

The leniency shown by the magistrate was due to the intervention of King George, who pleaded that the man should not be punished severely.

## MR. BRYAN SENDS LONG TELEGRAM TO NIAGARA FALLS

Instructions Given American Dele-  
gates Regarding Personnel of  
Provisional Regime.

### UNITED STATES STANDING PAT

New President Must Be Man Who is  
Acceptable to the Constitu-  
tional Faction.

### DEL VILLAR IS IN WASHINGTON

Followers of Diaz Said to Have Com-  
bined with Huertistas.

### RUMOR OF A BREAK IS DENIED

Reports Persist Mexican Delegates  
Will Withdraw from Conference  
Because of the Attitude of  
the United States.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Secretary Bryan conferred at length with President Wilson over the progress of the Mexican mediation today and immediately afterward dispatched a long telegram to the American delegation at the Niagara conference, which it was understood concerned the character and personnel of the proposed provisional government and the attitude of the Mexican delegates, who object to a provisional executive with constitutional leanings.

Mr. Bryan would not discuss the nature of his conference with the president and would only say that mediation was "progressing satisfactorily."

The opinion prevailed here that the United States would not recede in its desire to have named as the head of the temporary government which would succeed Huerta a man who would be acceptable to the revolutionary faction.

The presence in Washington of Pedro Del Villar continued to arouse speculation, and a report was persistent that adherents of Felix Diaz, represented by Del Villar, and the Huertistas had matched up their differences and were trying to force the strongest possible influence before the mediators. Del Villar is said to have conferred with representatives of Huerta.

Constitutionalist agents in Washington had received no reply from the mediators today to the offer of Carranza to send delegates to Niagara Falls.

### Deny Rumor of Break

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., June 15.—Reports that the Mexican delegates to the mediation conference were preparing to withdraw because of the insistence of the Americans in espousing a constitutionalist for the provisional president of Mexico were denied without foundation today when the mediators and delegates resumed their sessions.

Emilio Rabassa, head of the Mexican delegation, authorized the statement that no charges of bad faith against the United States had been made at any time. He insisted the Mexican delegates had not wired for permission to withdraw and that the negotiations had never reached such a stage. He added that until the American plan was submitted in writing last week the Mexican delegates had no intimation of the desire of the United States that a constitutionalist be chosen.

Augustin Rodriguez, another of the Mexican delegates, was emphatic in his statement that the Mexican delegates were not preparing to withdraw. He said they would exhaust every effort and make every concession within reason in order to arrive at a peaceful solution. All sides are practically agreed now that on the selection of provisional president of Mexico, the success or failure of mediation depends. The Huerta delegates suggested five names. The Americans have informally suggested several, but are waiting for a complete list from Washington.

## Wilson Signs Tolls Repeal Bill With Historic Quill Pen

WASHINGTON, June 15.—President Wilson today signed the Panama tolls exemption repeal bill as amended in the senate and agreed to by the house.

There was no ceremony at the signing. Assistant Secretary Forester was the only person with the president. Mr. Wilson signed the bill with a quill pen used by President Harrison in signing the international copyright law of 1841, and by President Taft in signing the Pan-American copyright treaty, the Lincoln memorial bill and the act incorporating the National Institute of Arts and Letters.

The pen is the property of Robert Underwood Johnson of New York.

## Rebel Generals Reported Killed

MEXICO CITY, June 15.—General Barrea in his official report of the battle at Zacatecas, says that after an eight-day battle the constitutionalists were repulsed and were pursued by him and by General Benjamin Argumedo.

Juan Cabral, a constitutionalist chieftain, the federal commander says, was captured by the government forces and immediately put to death. The constitutionalist leaders Caloca and Triana, also were killed and General Panfilo Natera, the commander of the attacking force, was seriously wounded.

The federalists, according to the report, captured several machine guns, many horses and a great quantity of ammunition.

## Thaw Denied Bail by Supreme Court

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Harry K. Thaw was today denied release on bail pending consideration by the supreme court of his extradition from New Hampshire to New York.

The supreme court of the United States today refused to grant Thaw's application for a writ of habeas corpus until June 22 without announcing decisions in the intermountain rate or other important cases.

## Rain or Shine?



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

## WOMAN TAKES HER OWN LIFE

Mrs. Augusta Pleuler Secures Acid  
Bottle in Doctor's Office.

HAS BEEN ILL FOR TWO YEARS

Often Declared She Would Kill Her-  
self because She Realized  
That Sickness Would  
Prove Fatal.

After seeking for two weeks to steal into the locked office of Dr. F. A. Sedlacek, 1230 South Thirtieth street, and end her life by draining his bottle of carbolic acid, Mrs. August Pleuler, of the same address, a well known German woman and Omaha resident for many years finally succeeded in her purpose Monday morning. Her daughter, Mrs. Tillo Havlicek, who cared for the woman, became violently hysterical as the result of the tragedy and is in serious condition.

Mrs. Pleuler, whose husband, Andrew Pleuler, died sixteen years ago, was the daughter of the late Justus Kessler, a prominent early citizen of Omaha. At one time he owned much property on south Thirtieth street.

For two years Mrs. Pleuler has been afflicted with progressive paralysis of the brain, and knew that it would prove fatal. Of late her case had become very grave. She had become so dependent that she had frequently threatened to end her life and had tried to do so several times.

Said She Would Kill Self.

"I'm going to get Dr. Sedlacek's poison bottle," she frequently told her daughter, who kept close watch of her.

Coroner Willis Crosby has charge of the case, but probably will not hold an inquest, as it is evident that the case is a suicide. Mrs. Pleuler was 61 years old and had lived in Omaha practically all her life. She was a member of the Order of the Eastern Star, a college graduate, and had been a leader in the social life of the people with whom she was associated.

Surviving her are four children, Mrs. Havlicek, Miss Anna Pleuler, treasurer of the Gem theater, Fred, a clerk, and Mrs. Charles Webb of Silverton, Ore.

Four sisters and three brothers also survive her. They are Mrs. Otto Kinder, Mrs. Adolph Brandes, Mrs. Fred Timm, Mrs. Anna Kessler, and Henry, Herman and Charles Kessler.

## THREE DAYS IN LINEN CHEST OF PULLMAN CAR

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 15.—After spending two hot nights and three hotter days doubled up in the linen chest of a Pullman sleeper coming from Los Angeles, a man who said he was Thomas Joandies of Princeton, Ky., was taken from the train here today in a state of collapse. Joandies said he had had nothing to eat but a sandwich since he left Los Angeles. He said he had received word that his 15-year-old wife and baby were ill at home, and having no money, he gave his watch to a porter to let him travel as a stowaway.

## The National Capital

Monday, June 15, 1914.

Senate.

Met at noon.

Voted to place commercial attaches of the department of commerce under civil service.

Judiciary committee resumed work on the Clayton omnibus trust bill recently passed by the house.

House.

Met at noon.

Bills requiring unanimous consent were considered.

Representative Alexander Mispoulet introduced a bill for expelling wife and baby shipping combinations and now referred to merchant marine committee for report.

Representative Rully, Connecticut, delivered a tribute to the American flag and flag day.

## Berge Says Morehead and Metcalfe Should Have Remained Out

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Neb., June 15.—Upon his return to Lincoln from Nebraska City yesterday George W. Berge, who is seeking the democratic gubernatorial nomination, gave out this prepared statement:

"So far as Morehead is concerned, I will say that when I filed for governor I did not dream he would again become a candidate. I accepted his pledge, publicly made and reiterated many times, not to be a candidate again, as made in good faith and absolutely binding upon him. I do not believe it possible that the people will sanction or tolerate anything less than a full compliance with this pledge, solemnly made.

"So far as Mr. Metcalfe is concerned, two years ago I fully intended to become a candidate and undertake the work I am now trying to do. This was well known here in Lincoln and elsewhere. Before I could file, however, Metcalfe filed. To save complications, then I stayed out of the race and let Metcalfe and Morehead have a clear field. Since then Metcalfe has been favored with not only one, but two important appointments by the federal administration. It seems to me that is enough for the present.

"It makes no difference to me how many candidates get in. None of them can beat me. I hear from hundreds of taxpayers and they cheer me on in the fight. I am trying to make for honest and efficient government. Certain politicians may be against me, but the taxpayers are with me.

"The business of the state can be put upon a business basis and conducted in an honest and efficient manner the same as any private business. But it can't be done by playing the game of politics and paying the expenses of the game out of the state treasury. I give my pledge to the taxpayers of Nebraska that if elected governor there will be a real house cleaning."

## Taft Attacks Clayton Measure in Address to Harvard Students

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 15.—Former President Taft, in an oration today before the members of the Phi Beta Kappa fraternity of Harvard university, attacked the trades unions for their championing of the Clayton bill pending before congress exempting them from operation of the Sherman anti-trust law and for their support of the strikers in Colorado.

The subject of the former president's oration was "The Supreme Court of the United States and Popular Self-government."

"We find," he said, "many labor organizations insisting that the arm of the court be weakened so lawless violence on their part may be an effective instrumentality to gain their industrial ends. Indeed we find actual rebellion against state authority maintained by certain trades unions and supported by contributions openly solicited from sympathizers the country over."

## CAPTAIN OF PRETORIA IS SILENT ABOUT POSITION

NEW YORK, June 15.—In view of the statement that the steamship Pretoria was off its course when it rammed the liner New York early Saturday, the Hamburg-American line today sent a message to Captain Dugge of the Pretoria, asking him to wireless his position at the time of the crash. The Pretoria is bound for Hamburg, where it is due June 21.

The Hamburg-American line gave out today a paraphrase of a wireless message received from Dugge. It throws no light on the cause of the crash, but states only a few of the Pretoria's plates were bent; that the ship was firm and tight and that there was no danger for passengers, ship or cargo.

## WOMEN'S CLUBS MAKE SLATE

Mrs. Pennybacker to Be Offered a  
Second Term as President.

Home Economics and Public Health  
Are Topics of Day's Discussion  
—Dr. Rockhill Pleads  
for More Parks.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The slate of the nominating committee of the General Federation of Women's clubs, prepared to be presented today, was headed by the name of Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, the incumbent of the presidency, who was to be offered the traditional second term.

Mrs. Samuel B. Sneath of Tiffin, O., was named to succeed Mrs. L. L. Blankenburg of Philadelphia, who has served two terms as first vice president; Mrs. Eugene Reilly of Charlotte, N. C., was slated for second vice president, and Miss Georgia A. Bacon of Worcester, Mass., for corresponding secretary. Other officers named were incumbents standing for re-election, except two directors, Miss Mary Garrett Hay of New York City and Mrs. W. Brooks Young of Jacksonville, Fla.

Home Economics and Health. Home economics and public health were the subjects of the day's session as outlined in the program. Eugenics, sanitation, pure food legislation, tuberculosis and compulsory education were among the leading topics. Miss Julia Lathrop, head of the children's bureau of the Department of Labor, made a strong plea for compulsory registration of every birth.

"Legal record of births is the only means of preserving the lives and rights of children, and no American baby should be deprived of that right," she said. "Only by prompt registration can nurses and doctors discover the children who need most care. It is only thus that we can stamp out blindness of the new born."

Dr. Charles S. Rockhill of Cincinnati urged the women's clubs to work for playgrounds and breathing spaces in congested city districts as part of the fight against tuberculosis.

Demand for rigid laws in every state in the union that certificates of freedom from communicable disease should accompany every application for a marriage license was formulated in a resolution submitted today by Mrs. S. S. Crockett, chairman of the public health department of the federation.

A plea for the utilization of scientific knowledge acquired in recent years and its direct application to household affairs was made today by Miss Helen Louise Johnson of Cincinnati, chairman of the home economics committee, in her report.

"There is too much static learning, too little dynamic utilization of all we have learned in the lives of the world workers," she said.

Three Resolutions Adopted. Resolutions were adopted as follows: Protection against suggestive stories in magazines and pleading members of the federation to subscribe for only those publications whose columns are clean. Pledging support to a national centennial celebration at Baltimore in commemoration of the composition of "The Star Spangled Banner."

## Rioters Burn Two Churches in Italy

BOLOGNA, Italy, June 15.—Rioters today set fire to the cathedral, the Church of Peace and the Church of the Holy Cross in Sougallia on the Adriatic, after springing the doors with petrol.

A cavalry arrived in time to prevent the destruction of the cathedral, but the interiors of the other churches were devastated and only the walls remain standing of the Church of the Holy Cross.

A detachment of 300 sharpshooters arrived on board a torpedo boat at Sougallia today to assist in preserving order.

## CORONER'S JURY REPRIMANDS UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY

Declares that Crossing Maintained  
by the Road at Sarpy Was  
Dangerous Place.

### TRAIN MEN ARE EXONERATED

Verdict is that the Crew Was Not  
Guilty of Criminal Care-  
lessness.

### FIFTH MAN IN CAR APPEARS

Testifies that He Was Only One of  
Party Drunk.

### CROWD HAD BEEN SLUMMING

Waiter in Chinese Restaurant Es-  
capes Fatal Accident Because  
He Was Too Intoxicated to  
Proceed Home.

Official inquiry was made by the coroner into the death of the four autoists killed early Thursday morning, at Sarpy station crossing on West Center road, when a Union Pacific passenger train crashed into the machines. The jury returned this verdict:

"We, the jury, find that the said Carl Bahr, Oscar J. Krug, Vivian Ash and Mrs. Kenneth Thompson came to their death at 12:30 a. m., Friday, June 12, on West Center road, at Sarpy crossing, by being struck while in an auto by Union Pacific passenger train No. 12.

"And we further find evidence of negligence on the part of the Union Pacific for maintaining a dangerous place known as the Sarpy station crossing. We recommend that this crossing be taken care of.

"We cannot find that the accident was caused by criminal carelessness of the train crew, and we exonerate all train men in the vicinity of the accident at the time."

Ole C. Olson, 67 North Eighteenth, a waiter at a Chinese cafe, caused a sensation when he stated on the stand that he had been the fifth member of the party. He declared that he was drunk and some time before the accident he had not remembered the time, he was put out of the Krug machine and into another auto, occupied by persons who knew him, but whom he was too intoxicated to recognize. He returned to Omaha about 8 o'clock in the morning and went to bed. When he woke up, he learned of the tragedy.

Accepts Invitation to Ride. Olson said he met Krug at Sixteenth and Douglas street about 30 o'clock in the evening and was asked to go for a ride. He said that he was partly intoxicated at the time, and refused. Half an hour later, he met Krug again, and the letter was with Miss Ash, his fiancée, Mrs. Thompson and Carl Bahr, the chauffeur. He was again urged to go for a ride and accepted. He said he had a bottle of whisky in his pocket and took a drink, and Krug pleaded with him to throw the stuff away. "Get out of the stuff," he told Mrs. Olson said. "You ought to quit drinking whisky. If you know where we can get beer, I'll buy you some."

Contradicts Story of Bottles. The witness said he was the only member of the party who did not have a flask contracted the statement of railroad employes, who declared they found broken beer bottles and "one half full in the wrecked car. He said the only liquor in the party was the flask he carried and no one except himself touched it. Olson declared that he was nowhere near the scene of the accident.

The most dramatic story of the tragedy was told by W. E. Brouillette, 739 South Sixteenth street, a Union Pacific freight brakeman.

He was standing near his train, which was on a "spading spur," and saw the first train go by and then the second. Just as the first train pulled over the crossing Bahr drove his automobile up to the track. The top and sidecurtains were up on the machine and Brouillette could not see the occupants very plainly. He thought they saw the oncoming No. 12 and expected to stop.

When he saw Bahr drive up to the track he ran up close and yelled to him.

Says Bahr Failed to Stop.

"Stop! For God's sake, stop! There's a passenger train coming!" he says he screamed. Bahr evidently misunderstood, or could not stop his car, for he kept on going. As the automobile was squarely centered on the track, No. 12 thundered along at top speed, crashed down upon the machine, there was a splintering crash, a grinding scream as the emergency brakes of the locomotive were set, and the train came to a stop a quarter of a mile up the track.

"I ran up to look," Brouillette testified. "On the plot pinned by the tonneau of the automobile was the body of one man. On the other side was the mangled form of a woman, held suspended by a foot. On the plot, partly in the tonneau was the second man. On the plot also was found shattered beer bottle glass, as well as a bottle with the neck off, half full of beer."

Other witnesses who testified that the

(Continued on Page Two)

## The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday:  
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity  
—Fair, somewhat cooler.  
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:  
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:  
Hours, Deg.  
5 a. m. 62  
6 a. m. 62  
7 a. m. 62  
8 a. m. 62  
9 a. m. 62  
10 a. m. 62  
11 a. m. 62  
12 m. 62  
1 p. m. 62  
2 p. m. 62  
3 p. m. 62  
4 p. m. 62  
5 p. m. 62  
6 p. m. 62  
7 p. m. 62  
8 p. m. 62  
9 p. m. 62  
10 p. m. 62  
11 p. m. 62  
Total excess since March 1st..... 29  
Normal precipitation..... 28  
Deficiency for the day..... 1  
Total rainfall since March 1st..... 1.42  
Excess for cor. period, 1913..... 1.11  
Deficiency for cor. period, 1912..... 1.34  
Reports From Stations at 7 P. M.  
Station and State Temp. High-Low  
of Weather, P. m. est. fall.  
Cheyenne, cloudy..... 54 34  
Denver, part. cl. .... 54 34  
Des Moines, cloudy..... 54 34  
Lander, cloudy..... 54 34  
North Platte, cloudy..... 54 34  
Omaha, part. cloudy..... 54 34  
Pueblo, cloudy..... 54 34

## Summer Rugs

Each year the weaves of the  
inexpensive summer rugs grow  
more beautiful.

Many of the patterns hark  
back to the days of our grand-  
mothers and suggest the long  
winter evenings spent in sew-  
ing carpet rugs.

It is an education in beauty  
and usefulness to see the new  
designs.

Glance over the advertising in  
The Bee and see the interest-  
ing stories the dealers have to  
tell about the rugs, and other  
things for the summer home.  
It may save wearisome steps  
to read the advertising first.