

BRYAN ASKS BRAZIL TO ACT

Seeks Release of Americans Arrested at Orizaba Friday.

HUERTA NOT BLAMED FOR MOB

Murder of Americans at Mexico City Shows that the Dictator Has Lost Control of the Population.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Unconfirmed rumors of the killing of Americans by mobs in Mexico City, the arrest of American railroad employees yesterday at Orizaba, and information forwarded to Washington that American military authorities at Vera Cruz consider the situation at Mexico City and throughout the Mexican republic a grave one for Americans there aroused activity of the Washington government today.

While the authorities were exerting every possible effort to get verification of the disquieting reports from the Mexican capital, Secretary of State Bryan conferred with the Brazilian ambassador here, Mr. Da Gama, over the arrest of Americans at Orizaba, and informed him that he had requested the Brazilian diplomatic representatives in Mexico City to seek the release of the prisoners. Ambassador Da Gama urged the Brazilian minister in Mexico City to do all he could for the release of the Americans.

Find Alibi for Huerta.

Officials were much exercised over the reported assassination of Americans in Mexico City. Serious eventualities there, it was pointed out, might aggravate the present situation and serve to arouse a sentiment among the people that would demand more aggressive action in Mexico on the part of this government. It was further emphasized, however, that mob violence could not be construed as any deliberate act of General Huerta and that it could be claimed by his government that it was powerless to control the situation, owing to the anti-American feeling aroused by the seizure of Vera Cruz.

Although no new military orders were issued by the War department, plans for perfecting the operations at Vera Cruz and along the Mexican border were considered by Secretary Garrison, General Woberspoon, chief of staff, and Major General Wood, who has been chosen to direct the military operations in co-operation with Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

Will Still Sit Tight.

After a long conference of the department officials, early in the day, Secretary Garrison declared that the troops sent to Vera Cruz to reinforce the naval forces there, were being sent there "for duty." What form this duty would take or how extensive or aggressive the operation of the troops would be, the secretary would not say. It was declared, however, that there had been no change in the policy of the government to "sit tight" at Vera Cruz, unless retaliatory tactics should be resorted to by General Huerta or some overt action by the constitutionalists should demand forward movement into Mexico. Neutrality of the constitutionalists, officials believed, would be enforced.

What May Be Done.

Should war be forced on this government, it was pointed out the base of operations would be Vera Cruz, and the plan would be to confine the advance as far as possible to the territory controlled by Huerta, with Mexico City as the objective point of the American forces.

The movement, it was generally believed, would be an extensive one. Although it still is the determined policy of the president to prevent war, the army and navy are prepared for any emergency, and should the word come to advance to the interior in order to protect life and property, it is said, the War department is ready to send in an army of 20,000 to 30,000 men, and to increase the force to a great degree along the Mexican border.

Today there were appeals for more troops from border states, and the War department officials, while considering plans for co-operating with the militia in those states, also were working out plans for calling into Mexico the militia of various states, under the terms of the volunteer army bill just passed. The War department throughout the day was humming with excitement. Reports that General Wood already had been ordered to Vera Cruz were emphatically denied.

Reports of dissension in the cabinet over the policy being pursued in the Mexican crisis also were denied and Secretary of State Bryan branded as false rumors again circulated that he would resign his post in the event that war is declared.

Spain to Represent Mexico.

Announcement today by the Spanish ambassador, Mr. Riano, that Mexico had turned its affairs in the United States over to his government, came as a surprise to officials here. The general expectation having been that France would be asked to act in Mexico's behalf. Following reports from Madrid that King Alfonso was willing to act as mediator in the differences between this government and Mexico, the selection of Spain to look after the affairs of Mexico was regarded with significance. Although there have been several informal suggestions of diplomatic intervention from various quarters, it is declared at the State department that no formal offers had been made nor were any expected.

Americans Under Arrest.

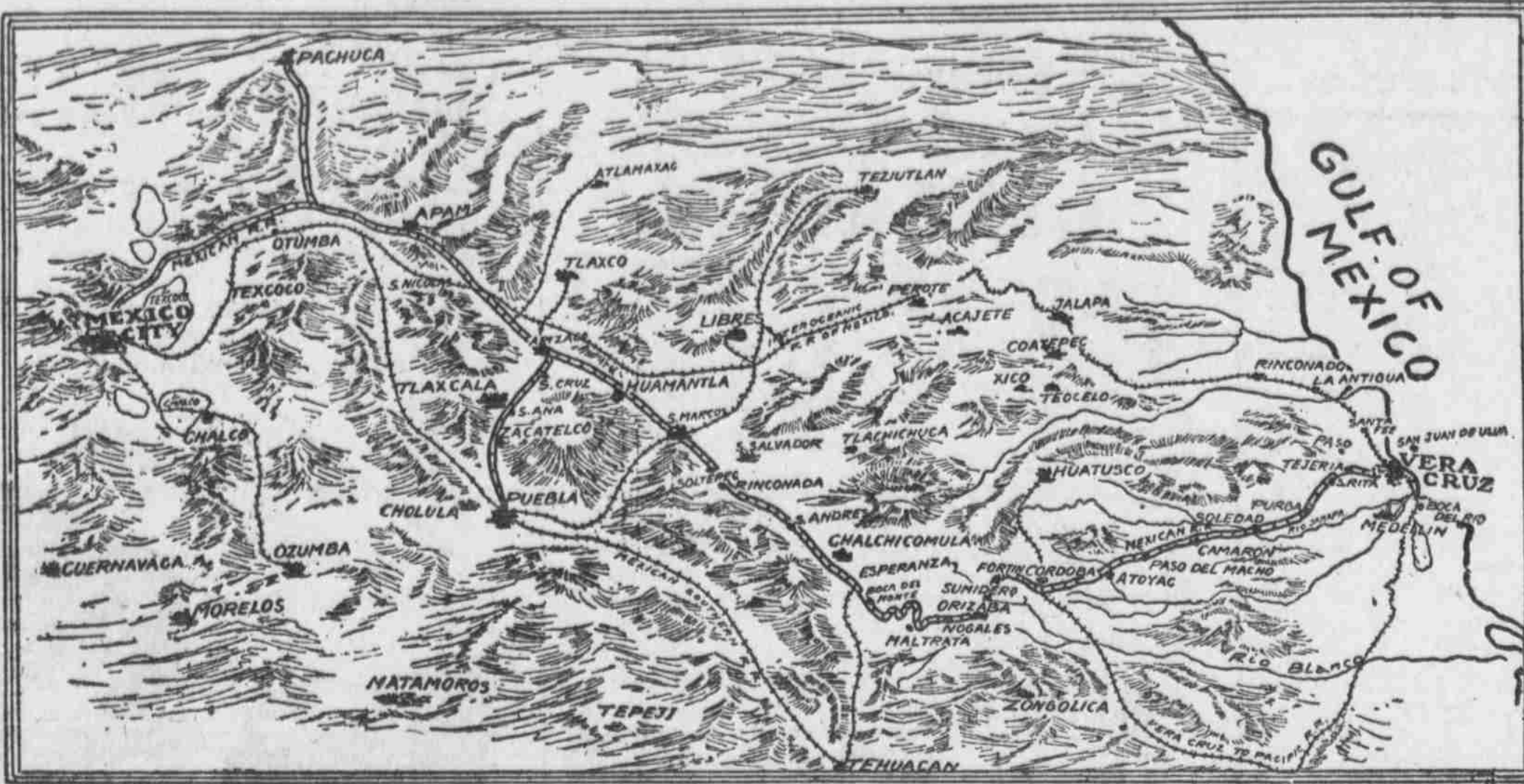
In an official report from Consul Canada at Vera Cruz the State department was informed today that several Americans were placed under arrest in Mexico City after being taken from the refugee train that carried Charge O'Shaughnessy and his party to Vera Cruz. J. Starr Hunt and his family were among those arrested. Burton Wilson was taken from the train at the first station out of Mexico City.

Bryan Will Not Leave the Cabinet

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Secretary of State Bryan today emphatically denied widespread and persistent reports that he would resign from the cabinet. When informed of published reports that he would relinquish his post should war be declared against Mexico, Mr. Bryan said: "The subject of my resignation has never been discussed with anybody nor thought of by me."

It is stated on authority that in no case has Secretary Bryan declared that he would resign his office in case it became necessary for the United States to engage in war and he has let it be known to his personal friends that he could be relied on to do his full duty to the administration and to remain at his post under present conditions and any others that he thought could possibly arise. The rumors of Mr. Bryan's intention to retire from the cabinet in various contingencies are ascribed by his friends to sentiments uttered by the secretary in

Map Showing Vera Cruz and Mountainous Route to the Mexican Capital



Practically All Americans Are Out of Chihuahua

EL PASO, Tex., April 25.—With the arrival here today of ninety-seven American men, women and children, refugees from Madera, and twelve picked up by the train at Chihuahua, Americans who have been leaving the country since the Tampico incident, are now practically all out of the state of Chihuahua. The remainder in the city of Chihuahua with the exception of a few who are determined to remain until the last, will leave tomorrow morning on the regular train.

At Naco, Douglas and Nogales, on the Arizona-Mexican border, they are arriving by the score and by hundreds every day and the state of Sonora, save in isolated ranches and camps not yet reached by warnings, is now practically denuded of them.

After four years of revolution, practically every American in Northern Mexico, invited into Mexico by every independent Porfirio Diaz could offer, is now a refugee and property worth anywhere between \$500,000.00 and \$500,000.00 in mines, ranches, factories and other industries has been left behind.

Many of these industries have remained operative, partially at least, through every difficulty and discouragement of robbery, taxation, uncertain communication, and even personal danger of employees, but almost the last one of those Americans who built and maintained them has been driven out by the developments of the affair at Tampico.

W. W. Grubbs of Madera, where the great saw mills have persistently, but on a constantly diminished scale, manufactured their output, related a pathetic incident of the departure of the Americans from that city.

"The closing of the mills meant much to us," he said, "but I guess it meant more to the thousands of Mexicans employed there. There was a big crowd of them at the station when we went away and some fairly begged us to stay. I don't know what will become of them, now that their employment is gone. It was a sad scene and we didn't have an enemy in the crowd. In fact, through the whole trip we encountered nothing but courtesy and not a sign of enmity."

Huerta Asks All Americans to Quit Railroad Employ

NEW YORK, April 25.—At the office of the National Railways of Mexico the report from Mexico City that President Huerta had asked all the Americans to the employ of the railway company with the exception of President E. N. Brown to resign, was confirmed. Mr. Brown is in this city, but it is not known whether he will accede to the request of the Mexican government to continue in charge of the railway.

The local offices of the road will continue to operate the property as best they can from this point. Officials stationed here had no direct word from any of the operating offices of the company in any part of Mexico for the last three days.

American Under Arrest. In an official report from Consul Canada at Vera Cruz the State department was informed today that several Americans were placed under arrest in Mexico City after being taken from the refugee train that carried Charge O'Shaughnessy and his party to Vera Cruz. J. Starr Hunt and his family were among those arrested. Burton Wilson was taken from the train at the first station out of Mexico City.

FOUR AMERICANS KILLED BY MOB IN MEXICO CITY

(Continued from Page One.)

event of an attack would take refuge in the other foreign legations. The State department said that no official dispatches confirmed the report that four Americans had been killed in Mexico City and that Consul Canada at Vera Cruz, still in communication with the department, made no mention of such an occurrence. Consul Canada has reported nothing more serious from Mexico City than the pulling down of the Washington statue and the stoning of the American club.

REVISED LIST OF THE VICTIMS

Additional Names of Marines Killed and Wounded.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Supplementary revised lists of dead and wounded Americans in operations at Vera Cruz, April 22 and 23, were given out at the Navy department last night.

April 22, the dead:

- WALTER L. WATSON, ordinary seaman, Boston, attached to Arkansas. Wounded: Edwin J. Cantwell, ordinary seaman, Cincinnati. George G. Craig, ordinary seaman, Brooklyn, N. Y. Platte A. Bowden, ordinary seaman, Greensboro, N. C. Henry E. Nagrowski, private, First company, First regiment, Baltimore, Md. Randolph Summerlin, private, Williamscoches, Ga.

April 23, the dead:

- LOUIS F. BATES, ordinary seaman, Meridian, Conn. Theophil Winters Blakup, boatswain's mate second class, Winona, Minn. Sidney J. Everett, ordinary seaman, New Orleans, La. Harry Fritsch, ordinary seaman, Philadelphia, Pa. Eugene J. Grey, ordinary seaman, Brooklyn, N. Y. Walter L. Hawk, boatswain's mate, second class, St. Louis, Mich. John L. Harris, seaman, Tracy City, Minn. Ralph O. Jans, ordinary seaman, Muscatine, Ia. William O. Keas, chief turret captain, Hillsdale, Mass. Robert E. Lee, ordinary seaman, New York City. George J. Soden, gunner's mate, second class, Warren, Mich. Edward Carl Walter, ordinary seaman, Burlington, Ia. Claude Chiffen Wilcox, seaman, Irving, Mich. Oscar Guy Wright, ship's cook, fourth class, Edinburg, Ind.

Baer is Stricken With Paralysis and Condition is Grave

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 25.—George F. Baer, president of the Reading Railway company, was stricken on the street here today with what physicians believe was a stroke of paralysis. He fell to the sidewalk and was carried to his home five blocks distant, where physicians who were summoned are now with him. It is believed that Mr. Baer's condition is serious.

Mr. Baer became ill at 9 o'clock, while

Walking from his home to his office. He became unconscious and was carried into a shop. Later he was taken home. Dr. Alfred Stengel, Mr. Baer's physician, was summoned immediately. Dr. Stengel said Mr. Baer's condition is serious and he is doubtful of the outcome.

Wealthy Mexican is Fatally Shot While Sniping Americans

VERA CRUZ, April 24.—Cristobal Martinez, a wealthy Mexican, who always had declared his friendship for Americans, and whose wife was an American, escaped perhaps a more humiliating finish when he died today as the result of a wound received during the fighting Wednesday.

Martinez was in a house from which persistent sniping operations were carried on. It was suspected that he was doing the shooting. He was watched and warned. Finally he was detected on a balcony with his knees covered with a newspaper. From time to time the newspaper was seen to rise simultaneously with a detonation. This evidence was regarded as so convincing that Martinez was shooting, that he became a mark for the American sharpshooters.

A steel jacketed bullet then buried itself in him. The wound it made was a serious one, but the friends of Martinez inside the house hid him in order to prevent his arrest. This made impossible his receiving medical treatment until it was too late to save his life.

Martinez's wife is among the American refugees aboard the steamer Esperanza. She sailed for Galveston on the Esperanza.

LOSES EGG RECORD ON FOUL

Man Devours Fifty-Three and Falls Down on an Ancient One.

William Reinke, champion heavyweight long-distance egg-eater of the east, failed on Easter morning to smash the world's record. He lost on a foul. He had eaten fifty-three of the ovoid beauties when he ran into one that was not as orthodox as it might have been. And right there the contest was postponed sine die.

Here is what William ate:

- Thirteen soft-boiled eggs, with three pieces of bread. Thirteen hard-boiled eggs, with a coffee ring. Eight fried eggs, with a French roll. Eight poached eggs, with three doughnuts.

Eight eggs in omelet form, with two seed rolls.

Three scrambled eggs, with three tea biscuits.

"I was getting along in fine shape," said Reinke, yesterday to a reporter for the World, "but when I collided with that Scotch verdict egg I lost my sunny disposition."

"I eat on an average of 100 eggs a week. I've been doing that for the last five years. That makes about 25,000 eggs that I've climbed on the outside of in that time. Sunday was the first time that a bad egg ever got annoyingly close to me."

"How do you tell a bad egg?" asked the reporter.

"I break it gently," replied Mr. Reinke. "That's the best way in the world. You see, the egg with the long pedigree that I found on Sunday was tucked away in the middle of a lot of scrambled ones, and there was no way of knowing it was there till I got closely acquainted with it. Don't misunderstand me," continued

the champion of the east. "I don't want to get the world's championship so that I can go around wearing a laurel wreath in place of a hat. It's just a fad with me. Some men love fast horses; some admire yachts, or dogs, or books, or airships. I eat eggs."

"People see me going around sometimes, with an egg stain on my vest and they take me for a millionaire. I don't want to create that impression. I'll admit I squander a small fortune every year on eggs; but then it's my only dispassion. I can't drink or smoke, and I weigh 200 pounds, and look forward to a long and useful life."

"Take my advice. If you want to be healthy and wealthy and wise, eat a couple of dozen large, luxuriant eggs every day. So long as your belt isn't too circumscribed you can build up an appetite to fit it; and when your belt is filled out your life will have what they call the rosy hue."—New York World.

Fourteen-Karat Love.

Into a New York jewelry store there came a shy, pretty young woman with her engagement ring which had been bought there and which she would like to have changed.

The ring fitted her exactly and she was greatly pleased with the noble sentiment of the inscription, "White or betide, let love abide," but she did not like its arrangement.

Examination showed that the stolid, unimaginative old German engraver had carved in the sentence regardless of the ring maker's little stamp of quality, and so it read: "White or betide, let 14-K love abide."—Judge

Defeated.

The woman agitator who created a disturbance in a Brooklyn church was conquered by the church organ. The woman shrieked; the organist pulled out another stop. The woman screamed; the organist bore heavily on the bass.

The woman howled and yipped and screeched, and the organ met her and overwhelmed her at every turn and she passed out defeated.

Musie not only hath charms to soothe the savage breast, but it can roar it down as well.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Glass of Salts Cleans Kidneys

If your Back hurts or Bladder bothers you, drink lots of water.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salt which removes the body's acetous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking, and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.—Advertisement.

Plaza Hotel CHICAGO, ILLS.



When in Chicago, stop at the Plaza—a quiet and refined hotel, facing Lincoln Park and overlooking Lake Michigan, 600 rooms with private bath newly furnished. A room with a bath for \$1.50 and up. Weekly, \$9.00 and up. Two room suites, \$3.00 per day and up. Weekly, \$15.00 and up. Only twelve minutes by electric cars to theatre, business and shopping center. Good cafe in connection. Moderate prices. Write for booklet to Manager, North Ave. and N. Clark St.

May Movers Sale

Special price reducing movement for two weeks only, a sale that is going to save thousands of dollars to people of Omaha and vicinity. This event has been prepared for on a most extensive scale. We promise you the biggest array of really big bargains that we have ever thrown out in any one sale. You can come with your expectations worked up to the highest point—come expecting the greatest values you ever secured in all your life.

Credit Given on Terms to Suit You

Advertisement for furniture including items like Solid Oak Dresser, Dining Chairs, Solid Oak Buffet, Dresser Special, and Rocker Bargain. Prices are listed for each item.

Advertisement for a Refrigerator Special, featuring a new improved front icing refrigerator with various features and a price of \$15.75.

Advertisement for RUBEL'S furniture, featuring a Colonial Table and a Solid Oak Table. Prices are listed for each item.

Advertisement for Wearne Park Lots Today, featuring beautiful home building lots and contact information for Bankers Realty Investment Company.