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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1914—FOURTEEN PAGES.

Single Copy Two Cents.

THE WEATHER  
Fair; Cooler

## ABOUT ONE HUNDRED MILLION CAPITAL OF ALL RESERVE BANKS

Figures Made Public from National Banks Responding to Last Call of Comptroller.

THEY ARE IN GOOD CONDITION  
Statement Shows Them Prepared to Meet New Law's Demands.

SURPRISE TO SOME OBSERVERS  
Gain Instead of Curtailment of Loans and Discounts.

INDIVIDUAL DEPOSITS INCREASE  
One Hundred and Eighty-Four Applications Have Been Made Since the Currency Act Was Signed.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The new federal reserve banking system will start with a total authorized capital of about \$100,000,000 for all reserve banks. This figure became apparent tonight when figures were made public from all national banks responding to the last call of the comptroller of the currency, made March 4.

The total capital and surplus of the 7,934 national banks reporting was given at about \$1,788,000,000. Under the reserve act each national bank must subscribe 6 per cent of its capital and surplus to the capital of the reserve bank in its district, and 4 per cent of this total would be about \$107,000,000. There were only 7,945 national banks who signified in the legal time their intention to enter the system, so the total would be somewhat reduced, but the entrance into the system of state banks and trust companies will tend to offset this, and it is possible that with these institutions figures in the capital of all reserve banks will be near \$110,000,000.

Authorized to Demand the Best.  
The actual working capital of the reserve banks may only reach half this amount, for the law provides mandatory subscriptions of only three sixths of the total 6 per cent. The reserve board, the machine which will direct the system, however, is authorized to demand the payment of the full 6 per cent.

The statement today shows national banks in excellent condition to meet the demands of the new law. Some observers were surprised by the fact that loans and discounts have increased instead of being curtailed. Loans and discounts on March 4, 1914, amounted to \$6,357,535,936, a gain over January 31, 1914, the time of the last call, of \$182,130,084.

Subscribing banks must begin payment for their reserve bank stock thirty days after the announcement of the district and reserve cities, and it was believed in some quarters that today's statement might show a decrease in loans and discounts because of this impending announcement.

Banks Shown in Shape.  
The loan and discount increase, taken together with the fact that individual deposits increased in the same period by more than \$38,000, was said to be the best indication that the national banks are in shape to meet the demands of the new system.

According to the statement, the resources and liabilities of the national banks were \$1,788,000,000, their capital stock, \$1,158,432,000, and their individual deposits, \$6,111,325,675. Their reserves were put at \$1,547,562,375, an average of 23.62 per cent and \$47,329,420 above the amount required by law. The cash in banks decreased since January, 1914, about \$14,000,000, but increased over April, 1913, about \$30,000,000.

During March ten new banks were authorized to begin business and since the currency act was signed there have been 34 applications for conversion into national banks or for entrance into the new system as state institutions.

Mill Falls into River.  
PARK RAPIDS, Minn., April 1.—Undermined by high water, a flour mill at Chase toppled into the river today and is a total loss. The damage is estimated at \$15,000. The flood is sweeping down straight river, carrying away bridges and fences and flooding the low lands. The bridge and approach of the new state highway have been washed away.

## The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday:  
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Fair; slightly cooler.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.	
Hour.	Deg.
7 A. M.	44
8 A. M.	45
9 A. M.	45
10 A. M.	45
11 A. M.	47
12 M.	48
1 P. M.	51
2 P. M.	51
3 P. M.	51
4 P. M.	53
5 P. M.	54
6 P. M.	53
7 P. M.	52

Comparative Local Record.	
Date.	High-Low.
Highest yesterday	54-41-37
Lowest yesterday	42-45-31-26
Mean temperature	48-48-40
Precipitation	T. .00 .00 .00
Relative humidity	70-70-70-70
Normal temperature	44-54
Excess for the day	14-11-11-11
Total excess since March 1	106 inches
Normal precipitation	36 inches
Deficiency for the day	0.00 inch
Total deficiency since March 1	0.00 inches
Excess since March 1	106 inches
Excess for period, 1913-14	1.58 inches
Excess for period, 1912-14	1.58 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State.	Temp.	High-Low.
Omaha, Neb.	51	51-51
Chicago, Ill.	50	50-50
St. Paul, Minn.	49	49-49
Des Moines, Ia.	48	48-48
Sioux Falls, S. D.	47	47-47
Lincoln, Neb.	46	46-46
Omaha, Mo.	45	45-45
St. Louis, Mo.	44	44-44
Indianapolis, Ind.	43	43-43
St. Petersburg, Fla.	42	42-42
San Francisco, Cal.	41	41-41
Portland, Ore.	40	40-40
Seattle, Wash.	39	39-39
Portland, Me.	38	38-38
Boston, Mass.	37	37-37
New York, N. Y.	36	36-36
Washington, D. C.	35	35-35
Philadelphia, Pa.	34	34-34
Baltimore, Md.	33	33-33
Richmond, Va.	32	32-32
Norfolk, Va.	31	31-31
Wilmington, Del.	30	30-30
Washington, N. C.	29	29-29
Charlotte, N. C.	28	28-28
Raleigh, N. C.	27	27-27
Greensboro, N. C.	26	26-26
Winston-Salem, N. C.	25	25-25
Fayetteville, N. C.	24	24-24
Asheboro, N. C.	23	23-23
Wendell, N. C.	22	22-22
High Point, N. C.	21	21-21
Concord, N. C.	20	20-20
Waxhaw, N. C.	19	19-19
Rocky Mount, N. C.	18	18-18
Weldon, N. C.	17	17-17
Roanoke, Va.	16	16-16
Blacksburg, Va.	15	15-15
Martinsburg, W. Va.	14	14-14
Charleston, W. Va.	13	13-13
Richmond, Ky.	12	12-12
Cincinnati, Ohio	11	11-11
Columbus, Ohio	10	10-10
Cleveland, Ohio	9	9-9
Dayton, Ohio	8	8-8
Indianapolis, Ind.	7	7-7
St. Louis, Mo.	6	6-6
St. Paul, Minn.	5	5-5
Chicago, Ill.	4	4-4
Omaha, Neb.	3	3-3
Lincoln, Neb.	2	2-2
Sioux Falls, S. D.	1	1-1
Denver, Colo.	0	0-0
Salt Lake City, Utah	-1	-1--1
Portland, Ore.	-2	-2--2
Seattle, Wash.	-3	-3--3
Portland, Me.	-4	-4--4
Boston, Mass.	-5	-5--5
New York, N. Y.	-6	-6--6
Washington, D. C.	-7	-7--7
Philadelphia, Pa.	-8	-8--8
Baltimore, Md.	-9	-9--9
Richmond, Va.	-10	-10--10
Norfolk, Va.	-11	-11--11
Wilmington, Del.	-12	-12--12
Washington, N. C.	-13	-13--13
Charlotte, N. C.	-14	-14--14
Raleigh, N. C.	-15	-15--15
Greensboro, N. C.	-16	-16--16
Winston-Salem, N. C.	-17	-17--17
Fayetteville, N. C.	-18	-18--18
Asheboro, N. C.	-19	-19--19
Wendell, N. C.	-20	-20--20
High Point, N. C.	-21	-21--21
Concord, N. C.	-22	-22--22
Waxhaw, N. C.	-23	-23--23
Rocky Mount, N. C.	-24	-24--24
Weldon, N. C.	-25	-25--25
Roanoke, Va.	-26	-26--26
Blacksburg, Va.	-27	-27--27
Martinsburg, W. Va.	-28	-28--28
Charleston, W. Va.	-29	-29--29
Richmond, Ky.	-30	-30--30

## REINFORCEMENTS FOR FEDS Relief Column Under General Maas Threatens Villa's Rear.

HERRERA IS SENT TO MEET IT

General Carranza Informs Foreign Consuls that Reports of the Fall of Torreon is Premature.

BULLETIN.  
JUAREZ, Mex., April 1.—At 1 o'clock this afternoon General Carranza, through Roberto V. Posqueria, gave out a statement to the effect that the federalists still hold the general barracks and two smaller barracks in Torreon. This indicates that there have been no material changes in military positions in the city in several days.

BULLETIN.  
JUAREZ, April 1.—All Juarez waited expectantly, and with some anxiety today, for definite news of General Villa's position in his attack on Torreon. Reports received by General Carranza here late last night indicated that fighting still was in progress, and no idea was obtained as to what the relative positions of the rebels and federals would change. General Carranza today seems confident that his military chieftain will conquer the federals under General Refugio Velasco, and the fact that heavy reinforcements for the federal leader were said to be closely approaching Torreon did not serve to shake this confidence.

It is the general belief here that both armies are so worn and exhausted by their long and hard fighting that the present action lacks much of the virility which marked the rebel conquest and the federal defense of Gomez Palacio. A telegram from Gomez Palacio to General Manuel Chao at Chihuahua was copied here. It is said that a train of wounded left Gomez Palacio at 2 o'clock this morning and added that at that hour fighting continued.

Miguel Diebold, Mexican federal consul at El Paso, made public a telegram from General Joaquin Maas, the federal commander reported advancing to the relief of Torreon.

"Reported fall of Torreon untrue. Deny all such reports."

The message was dated today and purported to come from Saltillo, just east of Torreon, by way of Eagle Pass, Tex.

It was rumored here that one of Maas' troop trains was destroyed by dynamite at San Pedro de Las Colonias, a railroad station between Saltillo and Torreon.

Rebels Hold the Outposts.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, April 1.—Official statement, given out at rebel military headquarters at 10 a. m. today, said that the rebels occupy Gomez Palacio, Lerdo and some of the outposts of Torreon. The federals have fortified themselves in some of the strongest buildings in the last named city, the report adds.

The federals, among other defenses, are occupying a big hotel on the plaza, while the rebels have mounted guns a few blocks away in the market house.

From time to time the rebels have penetrated into various parts of the city at great sacrifice of life.

Whether fighting continues today was not stated at headquarters. Recently both sides have been cannonading apomatically and desultory rifle fire has been almost continuous.

Numerous trains carrying supplies of all kinds leave daily and the hospitals are full. That the fighting remains undecided, became acute today with the news that General Villa was called upon yesterday to make a new enemy in the form of federal reinforcements coming from the east.

Reinforcements for Federals.  
JUAREZ, Mex., April 1.—Interest in the situation at Torreon, where the great battle of the revolution remains undecided, became acute today with the news that General Villa was called upon yesterday to make a new enemy in the form of federal reinforcements coming from the east.

The new column reported marching to the relief of General Refugio Velasco, the federal commander at Torreon, was said to be under the command of General Joaquin Maas and to number between 4,000 and 5,000 men.

To meet him it was reported that General Monclovia Herrera was detailed by General Villa, and advised that an engagement had begun were hourly expected.

General Carranza today informed the American, British and German consuls here that reports of the fall of Torreon were premature.

## Queer Kind of "Pure" Election Held Over in Council Bluffs

From evidence which developed in the afternoon yesterday all records were broken in municipal elections in Council Bluffs in what has every appearance of having been a widely extended and systematic plan of employing political "workers" at \$2 each.

Whether or not votes were purchased this newspaper will leave to the reader and to the authorities to determine. It gives the circumstances as they developed.

The Council Bluffs office of the World-Herald seems to have been made at least one of the paying offices for the workers. According to the statement of C. L. West, the manager of the World-Herald Council Bluffs office, he consented Sunday evening to pay out to workers a sum of money given him for that purpose, and that he received a certain sum of money from J. J. Hughes, one of the managers of the democratic campaign. Also that he was instructed by Mr. Duff to pay money to workers, and that he was instructed by Mr. Duff to pay money to workers, and that he was instructed by Mr. Duff to pay money to workers.

Mr. West did this as a matter of accommodation, he taking it for granted that the men presenting the cards were "workers."

How Many Were Paid?  
The newspaper has no record of the number of workers paid through this office. But the pumber must have been considerable for there was an overflow. Three men with the magic cards appeared at the Nonpareil office, two doors south of the World-Herald office on Pearl street. The first man didn't make his meaning clear, but finally gave the

## TO PENSION WIDOWS AND CHILDREN OF VETS OF LATE WAR VOTED

Aid for Dependents of Those Taking Part in Spanish, Island and Boxer Affairs.

LOWER HOUSE PASSES BILL  
Measure Carries Two Hundred and Seventy-Six to Fifty-Four.

WILL REQUIRE \$2,500,000  
Twelve Dollars Monthly for Mass of Honorably Discharged.

MONEY ONLY FOR THE NEEDY  
Inquiry Among Camps of "Old Soldiers" Shows About Four Thousand Women to Whom Proposed Act Would Apply.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Pensions for widows and minor children of the officers and men who served in the Spanish war, the Philippine insurrection and the Boxer uprising in China, would be authorized by a bill, which passed the house today, by a vote of 276 to 54.

The bill would grant \$12 monthly to the widow of an honorably discharged soldier or sailor and \$2 (two dollars) monthly for each child under 18 years of age provided that the widow shall have married the soldier prior to the passage of the bill. The pensions are to be limited, however, to widows without means of support other than their daily labor and an actual net income not exceeding \$250 a year.

An inquiry among the camps of the United States war veterans indicated there were about 4,000 widows of men who served in the Spanish war and the Philippine insurrection. It is estimated that an appropriation of \$2,500,000 will be required to pay the pensions.

## Postal Employees in Omaha Get Good April Fool Surprise

The first day of April brought a pleasant April fool surprise to nearly a score of postal employees in Omaha and the substations of the Omaha postoffice in the form of promotion with increases in salary amounting to \$100 a year for each person who was so recognized.

Each quarter of the year employees of the postal department here who have shown special ability and merit in their work are rewarded with this increase in salary, which is termed by the department as "promotion."

The letter carriers who were so rewarded are: William Beal, John A. Grimes, Frank A. D. Jones, Ernest C. Kauffold, Edward E. Leigh, Oscar P. Nelson, James G. Nicklen.

Other employees under the civil service through the postal department who were rewarded for their services are: Cecil A. Bacon, Albert J. Bero, Earl E. Clark, Earl Gaumer, Miss Mary E. Horn, Leo W. Kennebeck, Edward E. Moore, Miss Clara A. Peterson, Frederic A. Ritter, Henry B. Suchy.

## GRAND ARMY VETERANS JOIN SPANISH WAR POST

LACROSSE, Wis., April 1.—The entire membership of the two local Grand Army posts was taken into honorary membership in the Casberg camp, United Spanish war veterans at a banquet and joint meeting last night. More than 100 former soldiers attended the banquet and listened to the toasts which emphasized the common aims of both orders and the fraternity between them.

Under the arrangements, which were ratified by both orders a month ago, this being the first instance of the kind in this state, and which was formally carried out last night, the Grand Army of the Republic members, without affecting the status of their own order, acquire the privileges of the younger order.



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

## ANTIS TAKE AN EXCEPTION Those Opposed to Woman Suffrage Protest Mrs. Elliott's Views.

MRS. CRUMPACKER ANSWERS  
Leader Declares that Visitor Malesly Threat at Other Camp as a Substitute for Real Argument.

The anti-suffragists of Omaha are greatly wrought up over a statement attributed to Mrs. Maud Howe Elliott, a woman suffrage leader, in a newspaper interview Tuesday. Mrs. J. W. Crumpacker, representing the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, speaking for its leaders, as well as for the Omaha women identified with the association, makes emphatic protest against the language used by Mrs. Elliott, and said:

"It is not a trifling matter for a lady to visit a city for a day, and as a total stranger, to give expression to such assertions directed against the good motives of the ladies of this city who are taking part in the anti-suffrage movement. The names of these Omaha ladies are themselves enough to refute the scandalous allegations found in the newspaper interview attributed to Mrs. Elliott, in which she makes statements that are unworthy of any woman. No woman residing in Omaha would dare to make such assertions respecting those who stand sponsors for the anti-suffrage movement in this city. Their high standing in the community will commend the movement to all, for they are ladies who take part in the campaign upon the conviction that the contention of the leaders of the anti-suffrage association is

(Continued from Page One.)

## Cashier A. C. Felt of Superior Bank Will Be Tried in Omaha

A. C. Felt, former cashier of the First National bank of Superior, who is under arrest here on an indictment for misappropriation of the funds of the bank, will be tried in the Omaha division of the United States district court, instead of in Hastings division, where the indictment was drawn.

The arraignment for the removal of the case from the Hastings to the Omaha division was signed by District Attorney F. S. Howell, for the United States, and Bernard McNeny of Red Cloud, attorney for A. C. Felt. The arraignment was approved by Judge W. H. Munger, and for the order made for the transfer of the case to the Omaha division.

Although it has been repeatedly stated that Felt would enter a plea of guilty, no such plea has yet been formally brought before the United States district attorney here.

## Cruel Hoax Played on Unemployed Men

CHICAGO, April 1.—A cruel first of April joke perpetrated by some person unknown to the police today caused a mob of more than 500 unemployed men to congregate in a cold rain in front of the Soo line freight terminal. Before the men could be made to understand that there was no basis for the report that the railroad wanted hundreds of workers, the mob surged against the steel gates, breaking the locks and poured into the yards shouting "We want work!" "Give us the jobs."

It took the police reserves nearly an hour to clear the men out of the yards. The perpetrator of the hoax will be severely dealt with, it was said, if he can be found. Some one gave out the tip among the hundreds of unemployed men gathered along West Madison street in front of the employment agencies.

## The National Capital

Wednesday, April 1, 1914.

The Senate.  
Met at noon.  
The Panama tolls exemption repeal bill came from the house to await action.  
Senator Russell, founder and director of the Rockefeller foundation, announced today that he would devote his efforts to influence the Interstate Commerce commission in the eastern rate case.  
Senator Kenyon called for a report on what employees of the Department of Agriculture, if any, are employed by the Rockefeller foundation.  
Recessed at 4:30 p. m. to 11:30 p. m. Thursday.

The House.  
Met at noon.  
Legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was reported.  
Public lands committee continued hearings on the bill to provide a leasing system for mineral and oil lands on the public domain.  
Indian committee heard claims of the Choctaw nation.  
Pension appropriation bill, covering \$100,000,000, was taken up.  
Passed bill to pension widows and minor children of officers and men who served in the Spanish war, Philippine insurrection and Boxer uprising.  
Adjourned at 8 p. m. to noon Thursday.

## A "Pure Election" in Council Bluffs

The election in Council Bluffs was a "pure election" in the sense that it was a fair and honest one. The candidates were all well-known and respected citizens, and the voters were given a full opportunity to express their opinion. The results were a surprise to many, but they were the result of a free and open election.

## LAYS DOWN LAW TO ARMY British Officers Must Put Duty Before Everything Else.

ONE EXCEPTION IS MADE  
Commanders Whose Homes Are in Ulster May Leave Regiments Temporarily in Case of Operations There.

LONDON, April 1.—The first act of Premier Asquith in his new capacity as secretary of state for war, was to clear up the mystery surrounding the instructions given by the war office to General Sir Arthur Paget, commander-in-chief in Ireland.

Sir Arthur was summoned to London to give his chief a personal account of the orders he had received and issued, and as a result of the conference Lord Lansdowne, the home secretary, who is acting as leader of the house, was able to inform the commons today that:

"The only question General Paget put or intended to put to the commanding officers in Ireland was whether they were ready to put their duty before any other considerations. It was not his intention that this or any such question should be put by the general officers to their subordinates."

General Paget informed the general officers of the promise given by the secretary of war to officers whose homes were in Ulster to permit them to withdraw temporarily from their regiments in the event of operations becoming necessary in Ulster, and he requested the general officers to find out immediately the number of officers who would withdraw on this account.

The Irish commander-in-chief was asked if any officer who could not claim this exemption would be allowed to resign, and replied that the result of any such action would be left to the discretion of the War Office.

## Crimes Against Women in St. Louis Are Increasing

ST. LOUIS, April 1.—Crimes against women have increased almost 100 per cent in St. Louis since the board of police commissioners a month ago abolished the segregated vice quarter. This is indicated in the police records of the last month, published today.

Since the reports on Lucas avenue were closed complaints have been coming in from all parts of the city that the former inmates of the segregated quarter are invading the residence and business parts of town. Police investigation has disclosed that many women are now active in manuring and massage parlors.

A resolution now before the lower branch of the municipal assembly calls for an investigation of the sudden increase in the number of these massage parlors in fashionable residence quarters. In a raid on a newly established manuring parlor in a South Side residence block a few days ago the police found four women known to have been driven from the segregated area.

## Heath Tells of Sale of Oats Plants and of Fire in Fort Dodge

CHICAGO, April 1.—Sale of the Fort Dodge, Ia., and Joliet, Ill., plants of the Great Western Cereal company to the Quaker Oats company in 1911 was told of today in the hearing here in the government's anti-trust suit against the Quaker Oats company. A. C. Heath of Fort Dodge, formerly a director of the Great Western company, but now out of the oatmeal business, told of the transfer.

On Christmas day, shortly after the sale, Mr. Heath said, the Fort Dodge plant was discovered on fire. Mr. Heath said that he hurried to the building and discovered that in the part where the fire started the automatic sprinklers had been turned off.

Mr. Heath said that during his directorship in the Great Western that company failed to take advantage of an opportunity to purchase 600,000 bushels of oats that were needed to fill its contracts at a time when the purchase would have saved them from \$50,000 to \$60,000.

## Prohibits to Have Daily Organ.

SPOKANE, Wash., April 1.—Dr. Howard A. Russell, founder and general manager of the Anti-Saloon league, announced today that a national prohibition daily newspaper will be established in Washington, D. C., in the near future. Capital of \$125,000 has been assured, said Dr. Russell and a plant has been obtained.

## INSURGENT WOODMEN CAPTURE DOUGLAS COUNTY CONVENTION

Name Nine Delegates Who Go to State Camp at Hastings of Modern Woodmen.

REGULARS IN THE MINORITY  
Magney and Styer Favored for Delegates to the Toledo Meeting.

TALBOT REGIME IS DENOUNCED  
Omaha Favored for Place of Holding the Triennial Gathering.

HEAD CAMP OFFICERS GRILLED  
Present Management of the Order Designated as Machine Rule and Money Used for Political Purposes.

Delegates.  
Charles Gray, Bennington, 412.  
J. W. Gosholtz, Omaha, 413.  
J. W. Barnett, Omaha, 120.  
P. L. Devol, B. & M., 545.  
E. W. Tuckey, Marquette, 1832.  
Louis Kasper, Nebraska, 471.  
A. H. Murdock, South Omaha, 1085.  
J. J. Breen, Nebrasso, 284.  
Attendees.  
James McTeer, Elk City, 1548.  
A. Hold, Omaha, 120.  
William Nelson, Omaha, 120.  
C. G. Burton, Rock Springs, 602.  
James O'Hara, B. & M., 545.  
F. W. Tuckey, Marquette, 1832.  
J. O'Connell, Nebraska, 471.  
E. W. Creviston, South Omaha, 1085.  
H. S. Armstrong, Bennington, 412.  
Recommended for delegates to the national camp:  
George A. Magney and B. H. Styer, Attorneys.  
J. J. Breen and A. H. Murdock.

Douglas county's convention of the Modern Woodmen of America held yesterday afternoon at Odd Fellows' hall in South Omaha, elected nine insurgent delegates who will go to the state camp at Hastings next month on an insurgent platform to which they are bound by ironclad instructions. Going further the convention instructed its delegates to recommend George A. Magney and B. H. Styer of Omaha to the state convention for delegates to the head camp, to be held June 15 at Toledo.

J. J. Breen of South Omaha and J. W. Barnett of Omaha, two of the leading insurgents and accredited with the reputation of being most radically opposed to the higher rates and the Talbot regime, were chosen delegates to the state convention next month. But Breen's chances for delegate to the head camp were defeated by the united force of the moderates and the higher-raters, who endorsed Magney and Styer. Beach camp fell into line for Magney, who polled nearly every one of the 117 votes of the convention.

The convention was electrical with the play of tactics by both sides. Nelson W. Pratt of Omaha appeared to be the chosen spokesman of the higher rates, although Charles Witt of Omaha had to be reckoned with also.

The high rates, as they were called, played no small game of obstruction, but fought every step of the way to make the overwhelming majority realize the importance of each step in the election of the delegates and the selection of the platform which will in a great measure influence the vote of the state at the national convention in June.

Breen Temporary Chairman.  
J. J. Breen, well known as the head of the South Omaha lodge welfare committee, was chosen temporary chairman of the meeting, which was called to order by Clerk Earl Cox of the local camp. P. U. Devol of Omaha was chosen temporary secretary and Earl Cox appointed assistant secretary. Without further delay committee on credentials was appointed, composed of Endres, Gray, Creviston, Nollman and Huber. The committee reported favorably on all credentials and the temporary officers of the convention were made permanent.

Dr. M. Dunham, Louis Kasper, George Kieffer, A. E. Andrews and J. F. Jeddre were appointed to draft resolutions. While they were in the anteroom Chairman Breen addressed the convention on the pleasure experienced by South Omaha in entertaining the delegates. George Magney responded. He outlined the chairman on the atmosphere of South Omaha, but bespoke fairness, honesty and submission to the majority will of the convention.

A. H. Murdock urged harmony and the necessity of working together. The convention was in no mood for talk, it wanted to work.

Charles Witt of Omaha moved that nominations for delegates to the state convention be made while the resolutions committee was drawing up its report. Chairman Breen ruled him out of order and Witt appealed to the convention. A vote was being taken on the appeal when the resolutions committee returned.

## Man Under Heavy Bond Given Permit to Go to Canada

NEW YORK, April 1.—Albert Freeman, who is at liberty under \$100,000 bail pending the outcome of his appeal from a five-year prison sentence for using the mails to defraud investors in mining stocks, obtained from the federal court today permission to leave the country, provided he could get the consent of his bondsmen. His attorney explained that Freeman wished to go to Canada in connection with certain mining property. The action of the court is unusual, inasmuch as Freeman's offense is not extraditable. He was convicted with Julian Hawthorne and Dr. William J. Merton, recently released from the Atlanta penitentiary.

## Lawyer Sent to Sing Sing for Forgery

NEW YORK, April 1.—Augustus M. Price, for thirty years one of the most prominent lawyers in Brooklyn, was today sentenced to serve from two and a half to five years' imprisonment in Sing Sing, after pleading guilty to forging a client's name. Price's summer home is one of the show places of New Brunswick, N. J. He was democratic candidate for district attorney of Suffolk county in 1911.

## Chester A. Snider, Cattle King, is Dead

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 1.—Chester A. Snider, at one time known throughout the southwest as a cattle king, died of heart disease at his home here today at the age of 54. Of late years he had not been in business. Mr. Snider's father, Andrew J. Snider, was a leading cattleman in the old Indian territory.

(Continued on Page Two.)

## Easter Presents

It is a pleasant custom to remember your friends and relatives by little presents on this day of rejoicing.

If you read in The Bee the advertisements of