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### Madame Ise'bell's -Beauty Lesson

LESSON I. Care of the Skin.

The most attractive feature in feminine beauty lies in the texture and color of the skin, and a beautiful complexion will redeem almost any other fault in the lace. The infant's undeveloped features have no beauty-time and character have not yet stamped expression on the face. but the soft tints of the skin are exquisite. In the young girl the strongest appeal lies in the delicacy of her coloring, and a mature woman without a clear,

unwrinkled skin is sadly handicapped. Every woman desires a nice complexion beyond anything else, and every woman should possess it. I do not believe in the necessity for yellow discolorations, premature wrinkles, roughness and eruptions. Nine-tenths of these come from improper treatment or lack of care, the rest from ill health, discontent and worry; they can all be avoided and in a large measure overcome.

Few women take proper care of the skin, and this abuse dates from child-Recently I paid a visit to what seemed an ideally appointed nursery. The mother, a college trained woman, married to a man of wealth, was able to give her three little girls every advantage that science and means could afford. They were under the charge of a trained nurse, who seemed to take perfect care of them n every respect, save that she did not now how to wash their faces.

How I longed to interfere when I saw her scrub each face vigorously with a square of rough toweling, rubbing their faces downward and drying them in the same manner, without thoroughly rinsing away the soap she had too lavishly What was wrong? Why, to my mind, everything was wrong-the cloth, the soap, the manner in which they were used and the lack of proper rinsing.

This is my rule for washing the face of a young child. During infancy nothing rougher than absorbent cotton should touch the face; as the skin thickens a square of soft linen is better, as it offers more resistance. The cloth should be "absolutely clean; that is, it should be washed in boiling water after each using. Babies need no soap on the face; when the children get to the grimy age soap may occasionally be necessary, but it should not be applied directly to the e or to the washcloth. Instead, mak a strong lather of soap, dilute it until it is lukewarm and wash the face gently, but thoroughly, with this.

Follow this with a thorough rinsing, first with lukewarm and then with cold water, until there is no trace of soap on the skin. Then wipe the face with a series of gentle pats, never rubbing the skin downward, but always upward nd across. In fact, never rub the skin at all, simply pat it dry. Washed in this way the skin is perfectly clean, every particle of soap removed, the douch of cold water has hardened it against contact with the air, and it has not been stretched or made coarse by hard treat-

There is no substance known so delicate as the human skin; it is elastic to a great degree, capable of absorbing by means of the exterior surface and the capillaries that nourish it; it is keenly sensible to heat or cold, and it should, in short, have the greatest possible care. But, on the contrary, it is generally very roughly treated. A woman will spend hours washing and drying a delicate piece of embroidery or lace, or fearing to trust her own skill, she will send it to a professional cleaner, but she will give half minute to washing her child's face, using strong soap and a rough cloth as aids, and a few years later wonder why the child has not a good complexion.

I am not a great believer in soap, but it is difficut to induce busy mothers to entirely discard it. Be sure to get an absobutsly pure soap-it need not be the most expensive on the market-and then bear in mind that even in pure soap there is some free alkali present. That is why I iny emphasis on the necessity of thoroughly rinsing the face after soap has

> mme Schell (Lesson I to Le Continued.)

#### Grandma Never Let Her Hair Get Grav

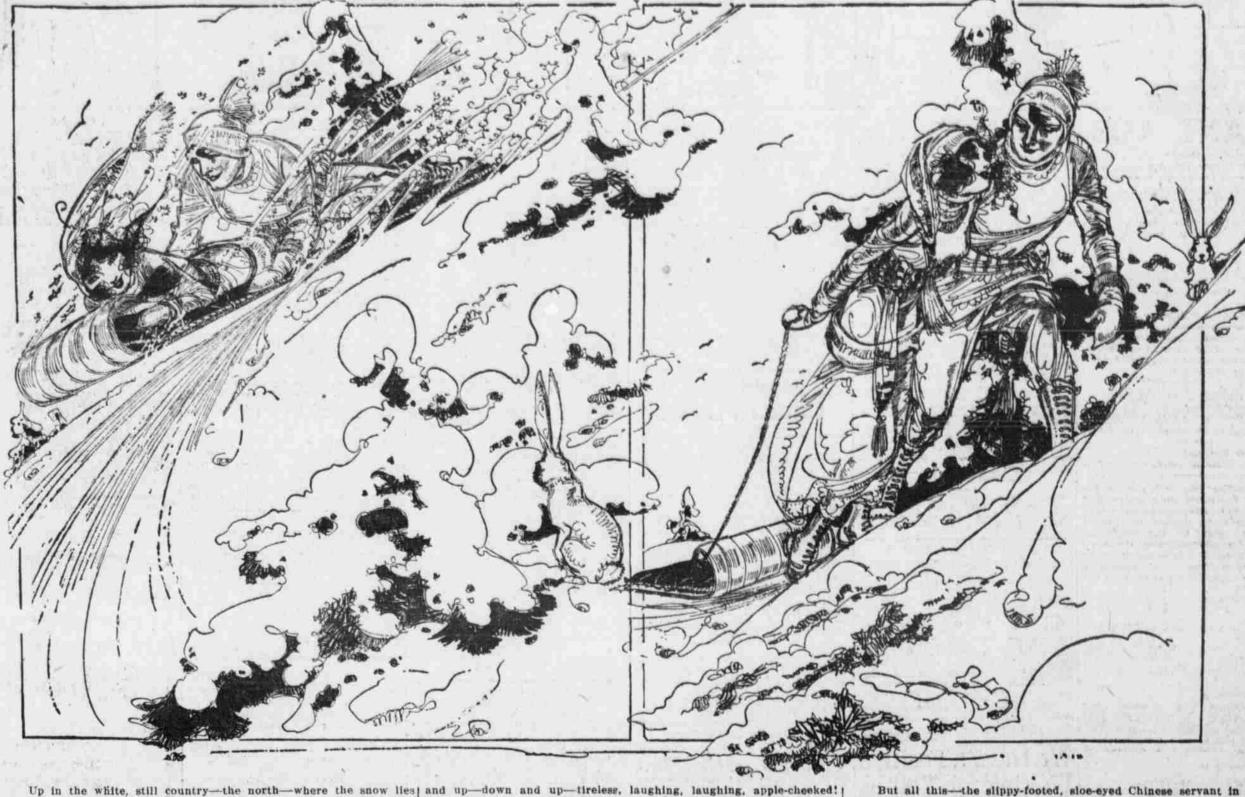
Kept her locks youthful, dark glossy and thick with compound garden Sage and Sulphur.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home s mussy and troublesome. For 50 cents ou can buy at any drug store the readyto-use tonic called "Wyeth's Sage and-Sulphur Hair Remedy." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after right arm. another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and as the people inside had descended. fuxuriant. You will also discover dan- "Jump in." fruff is gone and hair has stopped falling. Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Bage and Sulphur and look years younger. -Advertisement

"Whiz--and Walk a Mile!"



BY NELL BRINKLEY



deeper on the level for months than the top of your sweetheart's head, there's a rugged old mountain lifts its head high above the St Lawrence. High above its silver-birch and hemlock cloak, from the very tip-top, a gorgeous toboggan trail of five tracks falls away it seems from the very blue of heaven and leads like polished silver ribbons into the valley below.

scarlet sashes and toques drop down it in flying fives like lost comets and then "pike-way" back up again, dragging their bone and ivoryrunnered toboggans behind until 2 in the morning!

Saturday afternoon in the zipping, biting sunshine they go down chin until the blood sings!

It's a tremendously long flight-but so swift it is that before you have taken another breath from that gasping one you drew when the bar was drawn from under the five-poised racers at the top and you dropped -dropped into silvery space-you are sitting in the valley rubbing the

frost and snow dust from your lashes-laughing hard about nothingand there's a bigger hand than yours gripping the rope, too, and the; moon's high, and there's another keen, sweet flight ahead with the flying snow and ice-like glittering star-dust stinging your cheeks and

But all this-the slippy-footed, sloe-eyed Chinese servant in the club house at the top called very foolish-poor wisdom! And one day, peering out at the sailing toboggans like black chips in the slope of a falls and their long struggle back, he scornfully and smilingly dubbed it the "Whiz-and walk a mile"!

This is one kind of "Whiz-and walk a mile." A flight like a star and struggling to your moccasined feet to help drag the light-now that has slipped its anchor, and the long, long walk. But this kind lifeless—velvet-padded ice-bird up the long slope again. And that long doesn't hurt anybody in the world—though there "is them" that—like pike back is nothing—just nothing at all!—when you are red-blooded, the mocking Chinee—find a mile-long tramp a bit of plum-foolishness

> Tommorrow I'm going to show you the other kind of whiz-and walk a mile"-so different a kind.

NELL BRINKLEY. \*\*

# SECHANONOS BY LOUIS TRACY ATHRILLING STORY OF A MODERN CRISTO

(Copyright, 1904, by Edward J. Clode.)

The human eddy in that hrobbing cen- after her. ter of life was sending off its swiris to all points of the compass, and the east- | fited smoker, bound vehicles were boarded by an eager crowd almost before the passengers arriving at the terminus could descend.

A poor woman, greatly hampered by baby, was struggling with others to obtain a sent in the Mile End road bus. Philip, coming late on the scene, saw her swept ruthlessly aside by a number the bell-rope several times. There was no more room.

The woman, white-faced and disappointed, looked around with a woe-begone expression. Philip, who would have gladly paid for a cab to take her to her destination, dared do nothing of the sort. But he said:

'Keep close to me. I will get you a seat in the next 'bus."

"Oh, I wish you would," she said, with wan smile. "I am so tired. I have walked here from Shephord's Bush."

"That's a long way to carry a baby." What could I do? People won't take are of children without payment. I heard I could get work in a laundry there, so I went to look after it. There's nothing to be had down our way, is

"Things turn up auddenly," said Philip. Not for the poor, my lad. I fear you now that without my telling you. But you are young, and will soon be a man." Her wistful tone went to his heart.

"Didn't you succeed at the laundry?" e inquired. "Yes; I ought to be thankful. I can earn 9 shillings a week there. I start on

Monday." 'len't your husband at work?"

'He is dead. Poor fellow, he caught January. God only knows how I ilved since. If it wasn't for the kindness of neighbors haby and I would have starved. I can ill afford this tuppence, but I can't walk any further.

"Well, look out now." he said cheerly. Here's our bus. As the vehicle drew up he caught the brass rall with his left hand, and warded

off assailants with the bundle under his "Quick," he said to the woman, as soon

She essayed to do so, but was rudely thrust aside by a young man who had paused on the roof to light a cigarette. there. Ask for Mrs. Wrigley." Philip sprang onto the step and butted the young gentleman in the stomach with his parcel, causing the other to sit down heavily on the stairs. The boy caught

the woman's arm with his disengaged hand and pulled her up. He dived in

"You young ---," roared the discom-"'Ere! Come orf of it," said the conductor. "Why didn't ye git dahn before?

D'ye want a lift?" Others hustled the protesting one out of the way.

"Confound the East End. I say," he growled, as he crossed to the Manslon House. "What the deuce Lady Louisa of men and boys. The conductor jerked Morland wants to keep on sending me to that wretched mews for I can't imagine. Anyway, I can tell her this time that the place is empty, and will be pulled down next week."

And thus it was that Philip collided vith Messrs. Sharpe & Smith's cierk, dealled by the anxious Lady Morland to discover his whereabouts. They met and numped into each other in the whiripool at some distance from Johnson's Mews. of London just as two ships might crash together by night in mid-Atlantic, and draw apart with ruffled feelings, or scraped paint, which is the same thing, that lad," commented a man sitting without the slightest knowledge of each next to her-

other's identity. Within the omnibus the woman was and timidly essayed questions as to Philip's relatives, hoping that she might make their acquaintance.

"I'll be bound now," she said, "that you have a good mother. You can always tell what the parents are like when you see the children."

"My mother was, indeed, dear to me, he replied sadly, again driven out of himself by the mournful recollections thus suddenly induced, 'but she is dead, lost to me forever.

Some people in the bus ceased talking. They were attracted by the strong, clear voice of this unkempt boy, whose diction and choice of words were so outcold last Christmas and was buried in rageously opposed to his garments. Luckity, the silence warned him, or his new friend's sympathy might have brought about an embarrassing position, Foor thing! And is your father dead,

> Yes. He died long ago." Where do you live now"

"Oh," he said, "I have been staying n, North London, but will leave there soon, and I have not settled anything definitely at present. Where is the laundry you spoke of? I will call some day, if I may, and learn how you are getting on.

"I will be so pleased. It is a little place in James street-the only one "It is lucky you understand laundry

work, or things might go hard with She laughed pitifully

"I don't! They asked me if I was a washer or an ironer. I thought washing required least experience, so I said I was a washer. I am quick to learn,

and will watch the other women. If they find me out I may be discharged. "Oh, cheer up," he said, pleasantly "I don't suppose you'd find it very hard."

Her voice sank almost to a whisper, "It is not the work I dread, but the surroundings. I was a school teacher before my marriage. My husband was an electrical engineer. We put all our savings into a little business and thenthe end came."

"Not quite the end. I am only a boy, but I've had ups and downs enough to know that the beginning of next week may be a very different affair to the end of this. Good bye,"

They were passing the London hospital, and he thought it prudent to alight "Well, God bless you, anyhow," she said, earnestly.

"'E's got 'is 'ead screwed on tight,

"Better than that, he has a good heart," said Mrs. Wrigley. Most forvolubly grateful. She had a kindly heart, tunate hirs. Wrigley-to have encountered Philip in that hour, which she deemed the blackest in her life.

He hastened through the familiar bustle of the busy thoroughfare with heightened expectancy, it is true, but devoid of the the throuble they've put on me in me French names, are said to be perfectly least fear that his meteor had been discovered. His mother would take good care of it. Why, the mere chance re- had pestered the whole neighborhood a bluish pallor under the eyes, and a mark of the woman he had hefriended with the story of his withheld pension showed that her gentle spirit watched and the preposterous claim made on him Like the man whose "first glass" has over him wherever he went. Here was a stranger, a sad toiler among the millions, who went out of her way to praise the goodness of one she had never seen should have further cause to bless his

mother's memory. He passed O'Brien's shop. He saw the old man scated behind the counter. Should he go in? No. Better keep whoily to himself at present. Yet he hesitated. Which was the more judicious ment," and whose farewell remark dealt course to remain hidden, unknown, or to drop quietly into the groove where he dred gowldon sov'rins." was recognized? With rare perspicacity for one so young, he reflected that only five days had clapsed since he last saw the old pensioner. The period bulked largely in Philip's life; in O'Brien's it would be as naught

Yielding to the second thought, he entered the shop.

"Glory be to God, Phil, but it's miself is glad to see se," oried his old friend. "Where have ye bin to, at all, at all?" Have you heard what the murtherin' War Office is afther doin' to me? I

## Beginning With Her Nose

By BEATRICE FAIRFAX.

The tip of a girl's nose! Sometimes rounded, occasionally painfully sharp; often saucily upturned, and just as often drooped. Preferably white, but sometimes, owing to indigestion or poor circulation, a little too pink, and oft-times, for similar reasons, a little shiny.

She cannot change the shape, which is fortunate, for this would mean another torture, since no girl is ever satisfied with her nose. But she can put a little powder on the end and hide the pinkish hue or cover the shiny spot.

She could, of course, go to the root of the trouble and eat fewer sweets and deny herself rich pastries, but self-denia; la not characteristic of young girls, And they are not by themselves in that!

There is nothing on the market as inexpensive as face powder. It is the one thing the high cost of living should affect, and the one thing it does not. For 16 cents a girl may buy enough face powder to last her a month, and if she continued to use it as sparingly as the first time, when she gingerly touched that pink or shiny spot on the tip of her nose and then rubbed it off, a 10-cent can would outlast several generations. But she is less timid the second time,

haven't had a sowl to shpake to about owld age."

This was not strictly accurate. O'Brien laughed joyously. Mrs. Wrigley was "naythur alum nor lime," he hadn't

with the attempt to rob him of "a hun-

Decidedly the boy was in luck's way, tributory negligence. He had secured some necessary implements without attracting any attention. son's Mews. He tried the door of No. 3. master? It was locked. He inserted the key and entered. The darkness within was that be smiled at and doubted by excessive of utter blindness, but he dumped his powder and paint, calls from the houseimpediments on the floor and locked the door behind him.

(To Be Continued Tomorrow.)

more assured the next, positively venturesome the third, and then, those who are watching her downward career with

result. The little powder-dabbed patch at the tip of her nose has grown in size and whiteness till it covers her face, giving her the appearance of a clown in a cir-

The man who condemns her harshly is asked to do that rarest of all things:

Look at the reflection of his own face candidly. Does the tip of his nose tell that he

began with a very small glass of liquor. and has reached that stage where he no longer keeps count because he can't? Is it overly fat and glossy and highly colored, telling as plainly as if it were a poster on a signboard that his stomach is his god and that he worships it with offerings of richly cooked and highly seasoned foods eaten in gluttonous quan-

titles? Does it tell a story of indulgence? Then he should not be too harsh with the little girl who looks as if she had fallen face downward in her powder can. She also began with her "first glass" and it developed in her an appetite which is almost beyond her control.

The "first glass" on her toilet table has been followed by the more dangerous concoctions which, disguised under harmiess, and which give a carmine to the lips, a feverish scarlet to the cheeks, heavier shade of black to the eyebrows.

But his pisint effectually stopped all further reference to Philip's disappearance. As to the "bit o' shtone," that was "navthur alum nor lime," he hadn't a word to say.

Philip borrowed a spade, a small sweeping brush and a strong sack without evoking the slightest comment from the pensioner, who discoursed incessantly on the iniquity of the "government," and whose farewell remark dealt respect of all mine word have dealt to lose all sense of self-respect and the lose lighters, she begins to lose all sense of self-respect and the lose lighters and step is a change in the color of her hair.

From a sweet-faced, modest little girl she Roots Works Rilled. It was wonderful—so unexpectedly satisfactory indeed a planage and after a little further use, never case and after a little further use, never a surface and after a little further use, never case and after a little further

Watching a favorable opportunity, he pampered become a disease? At just slipped unseen into the gloom of John- what hour does the slave become the

> A girl who makes herself a creature to tops that she has no fine ambition; that she doesn't use her brains to think; that her hands are not doing the faithful service for humanity for which they were

made; in brief, that some of the powder from her powder can has gotten into her eyes, blurring her vision to all that is for

her own best good But no man should condemn her too harshly. Let him look at the tip of his own nose, and see what is the story it

#### HOW TO GET RID OF YOUR silent prayer lose all reckoning of the SUPERFLUOUS HAIR times and can only stare appalled at the

Cured Mine by a Simple, Safe, Harmless Treatment Which Can Be Used at Home with Complete Success. Age and Severity No Obstacle.

Prominent Lady Offers to Tell Her Secret FREE

belongs to a family whose been especially addicted to ore I was 35, I developed a rowth, which quite spoiled the interest of the spoint of the interest of the

ness, and so lowered herself in the respect of all who see her that if strange in the many be accused, at least, of contributory negligence.

Why does she do it? Why does a bad habit grow? Why does a vanity when pampered become a disease? At just

NOTE-Mrs. Jenking for years was a well