

## ORE MINER CHARGED EIGHT-SEVEN CENTS FOR MONTH'S LABOR

Copper Striker Testifies He Worked  
that Long for Less Than  
Nothing.

HIS COMPLAINT IS BOOTLESS

Informed Figures of Boss Could Not  
Be Questioned.

PRACTICE TO CHEAT THE MEN

One Fired for Refusing to Toil Dur-  
ing Dinner Hour.

HEARINGS SLATED FOR CALUMET

Italian Hall Tragedy Christmas Eve  
Will Be Investigated.

MOYER DEPORTATION DESCRIBED

Hilton Gives Story of Assault Upon  
President of Western Federation  
After He Declined to Ac-  
cept Relief Fund.

HANCOCK, Mich., Feb. 11.—The con-  
gressional subcommittee which is here  
inquiring into conditions in the copper  
country, decided today to hold hearings  
at Calumet to investigate the Italian  
hall tragedy there Christmas eve, in  
which seventy-four persons lost their  
lives.

An investigation of the disaster was  
asked by O. N. Hilton of counsel for the  
Western Federation of Miners.

Hilton charged that the disaster was  
caused by a man wearing a Citizens' al-  
liance button, a charge which the cor-  
poration's inquest failed to prove.

"The hall was crowded with children,"  
said Hilton, "when, as testimony will  
show, a man presented himself at the  
door. He had a Citizens' alliance button  
on the lapel of his coat. As he stood in  
the doorway he spread his arms and  
shouted: 'Fire! Fire! Everybody rush!'  
A panic ensued and in the rush that fol-  
lowed seventy odd children were  
trampled to death."

Deportation of Moyer.  
Hilton told of, as view of the com-  
mittee of citizens to Charles H. Moyer  
at his hotel in Hancock on the night of  
December 25 to urge him to accept a re-  
lief fund collected for the stricken fam-  
ilies.

"Moyer said to them in substance," he  
continued, "no, sir, we will not take it.  
We have fed our hungry, clothed our  
naked and we will bury our dead." A  
few moments later his room was invaded  
by an angry and shouting mob of promi-  
nent citizens of Houghton and Hancock.  
Moyer and Tanner were assaulted in the  
room. Moyer was shot in the back. Then  
the two men were dragged to the depot  
and thrown on the train. Moyer was  
spat upon, beaten, kicked and insulted  
and told he would be hanged if he ever  
returned to the copper country. His fare  
was paid and, accompanied by two de-  
puties, he was kept in custody until the  
train crossed the state line. It was as-  
serted that a violation of his constitu-  
tional rights as was ever recorded.

Hears Grievance.  
The committee heard the grievances of  
several striking miners in support of their  
demand for a minimum wage of \$3 a day.  
Alfred Hadley said at the end of the  
second month of a contract in the  
Wolverine mine he was informed that the  
net result of his month's work was an  
indebtedness of \$7 cents, including the  
company's charge for powder and fuses.  
He got \$99 the first month. He said he  
worked continuously the second month  
and added that he had complained to the  
superintendent that he had received less  
than nothing for his work. He was in-  
formed, he said, that the mine captain's  
figures could not be questioned.

The witness said another time he was  
discharged by the mine captain at South  
Kearney because he refused to work  
during his dinner hour. He said it was  
a common practice for mine captains to  
cheat the miners in making measure-

## The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday:  
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity  
—Snow; colder tonight.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hours	Deg.
6 a. m.	8
7 a. m.	8
8 a. m.	8
9 a. m.	8
10 a. m.	9
11 a. m.	10
12 m.	10
1 p. m.	11
2 p. m.	12
3 p. m.	12
4 p. m.	12
5 p. m.	12
6 p. m.	12
7 p. m.	12

Comparative Local Record.

1914	1913	1912	1911
Highest yesterday	14	24	27
Lowest yesterday	7	11	22
Mean temperature	10	18	20
Precipitation	0.2	0.6	0.9

Station and State	Temp.	High	Low	Rain
Cheyenne, cloudy	34	40	27	.02
Davenport, snow	34	40	27	.02
Des Moines, pt. cloudy	34	40	27	.02
Hodge, cloudy	34	40	27	.02
Landis, cloudy	34	40	27	.02
North Platte, snow	34	40	27	.02
Omaha, snow	34	40	27	.02
Pueblo, clear	34	40	27	.02
Rapid City, snow	34	40	27	.02
Salt Lake City, cloudy	34	40	27	.02
Santa Fe, pt. cloudy	34	40	27	.02
Sheridan, snow	34	40	27	.02
Sioux City, snow	34	40	27	.02
Valentine, snow	34	40	27	.02

T indicates trace of precipitation.  
L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

## National Chamber of Commerce is Voice of American Business

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—More than 500  
delegates, representing every state in the  
union, were gathered at the opening of  
the convention of the Chambers of Com-  
merce of the United States today when  
President Harry A. Wheeler of Chicago,  
in his address pictured the vast founda-  
tion on which the organization is based.  
The chamber now comprises 50 per cent  
of the business organizations of the coun-  
try, he said, built on a membership of  
over a quarter of a million.

The voice of American business had  
found expression that could not be de-  
nied, Mr. Wheeler declared, and the death  
knell of lobbying in Washington has been  
sounded.

"When American business wishes to  
speak," he said, "it can go to congress or  
to the executive and say, 'this is the op-  
inion of American business on this par-  
ticular subject.' This is a new day, when  
our methods are being reorganized and  
the organized forces of labor and of agri-  
culture and of commerce meet here in  
Washington, not for war, but for peace;  
that the opinion of each may have its  
place in framing the laws on which all  
shall live."

President Wheeler pointed out that one  
of the six referendum votes taken by the  
Chamber of Commerce had found its way  
to the statute books in part at least in  
the new currency law. Legislators, he  
said, welcomed such expressions of opin-  
ion, but he warned his hearers not to  
lose patience, to give the legislators full  
opportunity to assure themselves that it  
was the expression of American business,  
which spoke.

Out of courtesy to the California dele-  
gates a report of the patents committee  
was adopted recommending that no fur-  
ther effort be made to amend the Kahn  
law for protection of foreign exhibitors  
at the San Francisco exposition. Many  
feared that exhibitors might be fright-  
ened from the fair if the law were dis-  
turbed.

Democratic Vote in  
Second Iowa District  
Shows Big Decrease

DAVENPORT, Ia., Feb. 11.—Complete  
returns from the Second congressional  
district of Iowa show that in the special  
election yesterday Henry Vollmer, dem-  
ocrat, was elected congressman, with  
12,286 votes, a plurality of 1,850 votes  
over Harry E. Hull, republican, who re-  
ceived 10,435 votes. Charles P. Hanley,  
progressive, ran third with 3,672 votes.

In 1912 Dunn, democrat, carried the  
Second congressional district for gov-  
ernor by a 5,314 plurality over Clarke, re-  
publican, with the progressive candidate  
for governor getting a total vote in the  
district of 5,778.

Yesterday democrats cast 68 per cent,  
republicans 31 per cent and progressives  
51 per cent of their vote of 1912 for gov-  
ernor. The total vote in the district yes-  
terday was 68 per cent of the vote of  
1912.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The election  
of Henry Vollmer, the democratic can-  
didate for congress from the Second Iowa  
district, was the occasion for general re-  
joicing in administration and congress-  
ional circles today. The election was  
particularly gratifying to President Wil-  
son, who made a personal appeal to have  
the administration sustained.

Yoakum Asks for  
Dismissal of Suit  
Filed by Receivers

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.—The dismissal of  
the suit of the receivers of the St. Louis  
& San Francisco to recover \$14,000,000  
from former officers and directors of the  
road was asked by B. F. Yoakum of New  
York in so far as the suit applies to him in  
a petition filed in the district court here  
today.

Mr. Yoakum, who was former chair-  
man of the board of directors of the  
Frisco, in his motion says the federal  
district court is without jurisdiction and  
that the facts set forth are insufficient  
as a basis of action. Other reasons are  
also given.

The petition relates that he comes "by  
protestation, not confessing or acknowl-  
edging all or any of the matters or things  
in the bill of complaint to be true in  
such manner and form as the same are  
therein set forth."

Ten present or former directors of the  
Frisco were named in the receivers' suit,  
filed January 22, as liable to the railroad  
for a loss of \$14,000,000 sustained as a  
result of the purchase of the St. Louis,  
Brownsville & Mexico railroad from a  
syndicate of which Frisco directors had  
been promoters.

LOVE FOR DENVER GIRL  
GETS NORTH IN TROUBLE

DENVER, Feb. 11.—(Special Telegram.)  
—Because he loved a pretty Denver High  
school girl and wanted to marry her,  
John D. North of Alliance gave up his  
job as fireman on a railroad and went  
to work as a teamster in this city. He  
also, it is charged, stole and forged a  
money order for \$15. He is now a prisoner  
in the city jail.

North, federal officers say, admits the  
forgery of the postal money order which  
was issued at Hurlan, Neb., in November.  
The order was payable to John Knorr  
of Alliance, Neb. North went to Ravenna  
and cashed the order and then came to  
Denver, where lives the object of his af-  
fection.

## CARSON SAYS ULSTER WON'T COMPROMISE

Militant Province  
Rule of A  
Dublin Says.

OPPOSES REDMOND IN DEBATE

Nationalist Leader Says Exclusion  
Can Never Solve Problem.

DISCUSSION IN LORDS' HOUSE

Attorney General Attacks Unionist  
Amendment to Royal Speech.

IT MEANS TEARING UP OF ACT

Says in Event of General Election  
Upper Chamber in Position to  
Block Home Rule Bill An-  
other Three Sessions.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—John E. Redmond  
and Sir Edward Carson, the two biggest  
figures in the fight for and against  
home rule for Ireland, opposed each  
other in debate in the House of Com-  
mons today.

Sir Edward Carson, head of the pro-  
visional government of Ulster, insisted  
that Ulster would accept no compromise  
which brought it under the rule of a  
Dublin parliament.

John Redmond, the Irish nationalist  
leader, replied that the exclusion of  
Ulster never could be the solution of  
the Irish question. There were features  
in both speeches, however, which en-  
couraged those who hope for an amica-  
ble compromise of the questions at issue.

The discussion of home rule for Ire-  
land was carried on simultaneously in  
the House of Lords, where Lord Lans-  
downe said that any proposal for the  
exclusion of Ulster from the provisions  
of the measure must be accompanied by  
precautions for safeguarding the inter-  
ests of unionists living outside the ex-  
cluded area. Otherwise, he said, the pro-  
posal would not be acceptable to the  
unionist party.

Sir John Simon, the attorney general,  
attacked the unionist amendment to the  
reply to the king's speech. This amend-  
ment declared "it would be disastrous  
government for Ireland bill until the  
measure had been submitted to the judg-  
ment of the country."

The attorney general said: "The real  
purpose of this amendment is to tear up  
the parliament act. Even in the event  
of a general election returning the lib-  
erals to power, it will be a new Parlia-  
ment and the House of Lords would be  
free to block the home rule bill for an-  
other three sessions."

Sir Edward Carson, head of the "pro-  
visional government" of Ulster, said:  
"Never before in a speech from the  
throne has a statement of such un-  
paralleled gravity been made in refer-  
ence to the domestic relations of the  
great citizens of Ireland as was made  
by King George yesterday."

"The words put into the king's mouth  
by the cabinet ministers are a con-  
demnation of the home rule bill and a  
confession that it has utterly failed to  
furnish a solution of the Irish ques-  
tion. There is small wonder, in view of  
this confession, that the government  
shirks the idea of leaving the decision  
to the voice of the people."

"If Premier Asquith's promised 'sug-  
gestions' attempt to draw Ulster within  
the grip of the Dublin Parliament, I  
will stand, regardless of all conse-  
quences with the people of Ulster in  
their policy of resistance."

Castillo Executed  
Monday by Rebels  
at Chocolate Pass

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 11.—Maximo Cas-  
tillo and six of his followers were cap-  
tured and executed Monday near Choco-  
late Pass, about forty-five miles north-  
east of El Paso, Chihuahua, according to  
telegrams received Wednesday morning by  
General Francisco Villa in Juarez.

The messages were sent from Casas Grandes,  
he said, by constitutionalist officials. A  
detachment of rebel cavalry, under Major  
Juan San Diego, surrounded Castillo's  
band near the pass, it is reported and cap-  
tured seven of them, including Castillo.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 11.—The Mexi-  
can federal gunboat Zaragosa, which ar-  
rived here today, fired a salute of twenty-  
one guns when it passed up the  
Mississippi river past Jackson barracks,  
but the greeting was not returned by the  
United States troops. The Zaragosa's  
band also played Mexican airs.

Officers at the barracks said they had  
telegraphed to Washington for instruc-  
tions as to what action, if any, they  
should take on the question of a war-  
ship of an unrecognized power being in  
this port. None was received up to the  
time the Zaragosa passed the barracks  
at 8 o'clock this morning.

Immigration authorities had not in-  
tended to inspect the Zaragosa on the  
ground that it was a foreign warship of  
a friendly power, but it was reported  
from quarantine that three aliens were  
aboard. Commissioner Rodgers then gave  
instructions for an inspector to meet  
the Zaragosa when it docked and ascer-  
tain if any attempt was being made  
to bring aliens into this country unlaw-  
fully.

It has been reported here that a  
Frenshman, an Italian and a Mexican  
of considerable prominence were aboard  
the ship.

NINE JURORS SECURED  
FOR GORE SLANDER SUIT

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okl., Feb. 11.—  
Nine jurors, subject to peremptory chal-  
lenge, have been selected at the trial of  
Senator Thomas P. Gore in the \$50,000  
slander suit filed against him by Mrs.  
Minnie Bond which opened here today  
in the district court.

Testimony of a sensational nature is  
expected. Mrs. Bond's charges are based  
on an alleged attack on her by the sen-  
ator in a Washington hotel some  
months ago. Mr. Gore denies all the  
allegations and claims that the charges  
have been created by his political  
enemies.

## The Story of a Man



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

## INVESTING PUBLIC MONEY

State Treasurer George Advocates  
Buying Securities with Surplus.

SAYS PLAN WOULD HELP STATE

County Treasurers of Nebraska  
Gather in Convention and Lis-  
ten to Addresses by State  
Officials.

State Auditor W. B. Howard and State  
Treasurer Walter A. George occupied the  
platform at yesterday's sessions of the  
convention of county treasurers at Hotel  
Rome. Their themes were along the line  
of the relation between their offices and  
those of the county treasurers.

Although Governor Morehead was an-  
nounced one of the principal speakers, he  
failed to arrive. After waiting till 5  
o'clock, the treasurers adjourned, with  
the expectation that he would be present  
at this morning's meeting.

"I believe in home investment of state  
funds," State Treasurer George told the  
county officers in the course of his re-  
marks. He explained that since he had  
been in office, he had invested all surplus  
money of the state in Nebraska securities,  
mostly municipal and school bonds, and  
that there are now several million dollars  
safely put away in that manner.

"Such investment of public money is  
perfectly safe, and the plan helps Ne-  
braska, instead of some distant state or  
other organization offering bonds for in-  
vestment," he declared.

Remarking upon the criticism, some-  
times made, that bills owed by the state  
are not paid as promptly as bills owed  
by private individuals and corporations,  
he asserted that the situation was due to  
the slowness with which the county  
treasurers remit state tax money. As long  
as he had no power to enforce his calls  
for money from those officers, he said,  
the responsibility lay on them to get their  
state tax money in promptly, if the state  
was to have funds available to meet its  
obligations.

## Higher Interest on Warrants.

That a higher rate of interest than 1  
per cent should be born by state war-  
rants, Treasurer George urged. He said  
that 5, or even 6 per cent would create a  
ready demand for the warrants whereas  
now they are not desirable paper for in-  
vestors.

In regard to school lands, the treasurer  
said he did not advocate selling them in  
a body, or under the hammer, but was in  
favor of restoring the sale clause to lease  
contracts. Thus a lessee of school lands  
who had improved them and sustained an  
increased assessment thereby, would have  
the just opportunity of purchasing the  
land when the increased assessments be-  
came too burdensome for a mere lessee  
to carry. He produced figures showing  
that the total revenue of the state for  
the biennium of 1913-14 would be \$8,324,190,  
with legislative appropriations of \$8,354,283  
to be met. Of that revenue, \$3,671,383 was  
the state tax raised by a levy of almost  
one cent.

(Continued on Page Two.)

## The National Capital

Wednesday, February 11, 1914.

## The Senate.

Twenty-five million dollars good roads  
bill, passed the house, awaiting consid-  
eration.

Immigration committee continued work  
on the Burnett bill. For many years house-  
keeper for General Daniel Sickles, died  
yesterday at the home of her sisters,  
with whom she lived. She had been ill  
about three months.

About a year ago the marital troubles  
between Mrs. Sickles and her husband  
were nearly solved, but Mrs. Sickles dis-  
covered that Miss Wilmington had been  
charged at housekeeper. General Sickles  
refused, and all efforts since to patch up  
the differences have failed.

Mrs. Sickles lives at a hotel near the  
Sickles house on lower Fifth avenue.

## Hearst is Given

Injunction Against  
Associated Press

SAYS PLAN WOULD HELP STATE

County Treasurers of Nebraska  
Gather in Convention and Lis-  
ten to Addresses by State  
Officials.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—On application  
of William R. Hearst, Justice Leonard  
A. Geigerich of the New York state  
supreme court has issued an injunction  
restraining the Associated Press from  
suspending service of its report to the  
San Francisco Examiner or in any way  
disciplining or punishing Mr. Hearst  
because of his refusal to comply with the  
defendants' direction to change the title  
of a certain edition of the San Fran-  
cisco Examiner. The writ is returnable  
on February 13 for argument.

Mr. Hearst some time since began the  
issuance of an edition of the San Fran-  
cisco Examiner designed for circulation  
in the adjacent city of Oakland, and the  
title of this special edition was so ar-  
ranged as to make it appear that it was  
the Oakland Examiner, the words "Edi-  
tion of San Francisco," which were in-  
terposed between "Oakland" and "Ex-  
aminer" in the title line, being in small  
type.

The member of the Associated Press  
representing the Oakland Tribune com-  
plained that this was a violation of the  
by-laws of the association, under which  
the right of Mr. Hearst was limited to  
the receipt and publication of Associated  
Press news in the San Francisco Ex-  
aminer. Mr. Hearst's attention was  
called to the matter with a request that  
the misleading heading be discontinued.

Mr. Hearst was not complied with.  
Mr. Hearst was not complied with.  
Mr. Hearst was not complied with.

Fire Drives Six  
Hundred People  
Into the Street

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Six hundred  
men, women and children—250 families—  
were driven to the street in the snow  
by a fire which wrecked a five-story  
factory building in East Thirty-fourth  
street today. The building is in the  
heart of "Corcoran's Roost," and sur-  
rounded by tenements, all of which were  
emptied. The loss is about \$100,000.

Boston Will Sell  
Bonds to People

BOSTON, Feb. 11.—State 4 per cent bonds  
amounting to \$6,225,000 will be sold di-  
rectly to the people Frederick W. Mans-  
field, state treasurer announced today,  
as he had rejected every bid by dealers.  
It will be the first time in the history  
of the state that its bonds have been dis-  
posed of in this way. The highest bid  
on the entire issue from dealers was  
104.25 and this is the price at which  
the bonds will be offered to the public.

HOUSEKEEPER FOR  
GENERAL SICKLES DEAD

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Miss Eleanor  
Wilmington, for many years house-  
keeper for General Daniel Sickles, died  
yesterday at the home of her sisters,  
with whom she lived. She had been ill  
about three months.

About a year ago the marital troubles  
between Mrs. Sickles and her husband  
were nearly solved, but Mrs. Sickles dis-  
covered that Miss Wilmington had been  
charged at housekeeper. General Sickles  
refused, and all efforts since to patch up  
the differences have failed.

Mrs. Sickles lives at a hotel near the  
Sickles house on lower Fifth avenue.

## MATTERS INDICTED BY FEDERAL GRAND JURY AT LINCOLN

Nineteen Counts Are Included in the  
True Bill Found Against  
Omaha Attorney.

CAUSE OF THE BANK FAILURE

Wonderful Story of Financing Set  
Forth in Indictment.

LEUBBEN IS ALREADY INDICTED

Certificates Issued to Persons Sup-  
posed to Be Fictitious.

KNEW BANK WAS TO BE CLOSED

Matters is Charged with Drawing  
Checks in Such Way It Would Be  
Several Days Before They  
Were Presented.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Feb. 11.—(Special Telegram.)  
—Nineteen counts in an indictment  
against Thomas H. Matters found by  
the federal grand jury today, the money  
involved amounting to about \$80,000, cover  
the story of the failure of the First Na-  
tional bank of Sutton. The report of the  
jury details a system of finance carried  
on by Matters in which false certificates  
of deposit negotiated by Matters lie at  
the foundation of the failure.

## Fifteen Counts Detailed.

Among these are fifteen counts for  
aiding and abetting M. L. Leubben, pre-  
sident of the bank, in issuing and putting  
forth certificates of deposit without the  
authority of the board of directors; three  
counts for misapplication of moneys and  
credits of the bank, and one more cover-  
ing the issue of false certificates of de-  
posit for several thousand dollars which  
Matters disposed of to the Portland Ce-  
ment company, receiving \$40,000 in bonds  
and \$20,000 in stock of the company, which  
were turned over to George B. Darr of  
Omaha, for which Matters received a  
check for \$6,007.41 and notes of Koutler,  
Ladd & Perry for \$12,500 and certificates  
of the Nebraska Traction and Power  
company of \$6,512.20. An interest in a  
deed of foreclosure on Gertrude Hall,  
the woman's building of the state uni-  
versity, received in the transaction, Mat-  
ters tried to have Leubben take over,  
but was unsuccessful.

Deposited to His Own Credit.  
Matters, instead of depositing the se-  
curities received in the First National  
bank of Sutton, deposited \$5,000 of the  
Darr checks and \$4,400 in receiver's cer-  
tificates in the Merchants' National bank  
of Omaha, depositories for the Sutton  
bank, to the credit of the First National  
bank of Sutton.

Matters got \$3,376.61, paid to him by  
Darr, and \$600 paid to him by Randall  
K. Brown, and charged the Sutton bank  
\$15,132, claiming he had sold certificates  
for that much discount, taking to his own  
use \$1,007.61.

Efforts to Clean Up.  
The \$24,000 in certificates of deposit,  
which were distributed about the coun-  
try, falling in the hands of the innocent  
purchasers, began to mature in Septem-  
ber, and came into the bank with no  
funds to take them up, and the situation  
grew desperate, and it was up to Leubben  
and Matters to dig up some sort of a  
scheme to save themselves. Matters then  
prevailed upon Leubben to issue \$25,000  
more in certificates of deposit, and he  
went to Darr and put up \$20,000 in notes  
to help out. They got back all of the  
\$24,000 in certificates except \$14,000.  
Conditions became worse, and on October  
1 Matters, seeing that the bank was about  
to the end of its career, began to try and  
get back the \$25,000 in certificates issued.

Knew Bank Was Failing.  
Matters made another deal with Darr  
to help the thing along and had secured  
about \$14,000 of the certificates when the  
bank closed its doors on November 4,  
and no one seemed to know it was com-  
ing but Leubben and Matters, the latter  
still holding the \$14,000.

It is charged in the indictment that  
Matters was in the habit of drawing  
checks in such a way that it would be  
several days before the paper would  
reach the bank on which it was drawn,  
and thus gain a little time on transac-  
tions, at times asking that the checks be  
sent to some particular bank instead of  
the Sutton bank.

Fictitious Names Alleged.  
Parties to whom the false certificates  
were made out were not always real. In  
two or three instances the certificates  
were made to H. W. Gray and C. H.  
(Continued on Page Three.)

TEN PHASES OF ADVERTISING  
No. 8—Pure