

FORTY-ONE PERSONS PROBABLY KILLED IN BURNING TUNNEL

Passenger Train Runs Into Bore
Set Fire by Mexican Bandit
Without Warning.

ALL ON BOARD MISSING
Train Carried Thirty-Five Mexi-
cans and Six Americans.

CITY OF MEXICO IS QUIET
Armed Uprising Feared by Huer-
tistas Does Not Occur.

NUMBER OF ARRESTS ARE MADE
Secret Police Lock Up Many Clerks
and Small Business Men Whom
They Say Are Connected
with the Plot.

JUAREZ, Feb. 7.—Gravest fears that the six American railroad men and thirty-five passengers on the Mexico & Northwestern train which ran into the burning Cumbre tunnel last Wednesday have perished, were expressed by railroad men here this afternoon.

Two Mexicans who left the train at Cumbre say the passenger was not held up, but ran into the tunnel innocent of the danger. The fact that none of the crew or passengers have been seen since, although four days have elapsed, is regarded as the strongest evidence of their fate for which the bandit leader, Maximo Castillo, who failed to leave warning that he had set a freight train on fire in the tunnel, is regarded as responsible.

There were six Americans on the passenger train and two American conductors and two American engineers on the freight which was a double leader, and was set on fire to destroy the tunnel. A number of Mexican trainmen also are missing.

The flames in the tunnel prevented investigation yesterday, but F. C. Clark of the railroad, Dr. E. C. Hurr and four assistants left Mexico train this morning to visit the scene and a definite report is hoped for by night.

City of Mexico Quiet.
MEXICO CITY, Feb. 7.—The federal capital was quiet today. The authorities had feared that conspirators against the administration would attempt an armed uprising, but no outbreak occurred.

The secret police today arrested a number of clerks and small business men alleged to be connected with an anti-governmental conspiracy. The authorities declare they found on the prisoners cards indicating their connection with the movement. The police believe they have succeeded in frustrating an important plot. They are maintaining great vigilance.

Jose Vera Estanol, brother of Jorge Vera Estanol, minister of public instruction in the Madero cabinet who, was arrested a few days ago on suspicion of conspiring against the government, was released today.

Thomas S. Hohler, British secretary and chargé d'affaires at Mexico City, arrived today with the purpose of getting firsthand impressions of the attitude of public men toward the Mexican problem.

Having already established official relations with the Huerta government in Mexico, before his departure on leave of absence, for England, it will be unnecessary for the charge to present any fresh credentials when Sir Lionel Carden departs for England.

Naval Returns to Havana.
HAVANA, Feb. 7.—Jose Vando Sanudo, a Mexican attorney and intimate friend of General Diaz, arrived here today from northern New Mexico by way of New Orleans, where he is reported to have been on a secret mission to induce General Francisco Villa to renounce General Carranza and recognize General Diaz as the leader of the Mexican rebellion.

Senator Sagor refused to disclose the nature of his trip to the state of Chihuahua in Mexico. He said he met Villa previous to the latter's execution of Francis Guzman, who was reported to have tried to persuade Villa to desert Carranza. The Mexican lawyer said he was well treated by General Villa, who told him that the money was ready to attack the town of Torreon and then would proceed to Mexico City.

NEWARK MYSTERY SOLVED
Police Say Mrs. Manning Was Killed by Miss Herdman.

MURDER IS MOST WANTED ONE
Girl Infatuated with Woman's Husband Calls on Her and Shoots Her Twice in Presence of Her Mother and Sister.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 7.—Hazel Herdman, a girl of 23, infatuated with Charles F. Manning, shot and killed Mrs. Harriet Manning in her home here last night. This was the announcement made by the New York police this afternoon. The murderess fled after firing, with deliberate coolness, two shots at her victim, in the presence of Mrs. Manning's mother, sister and niece.

The girl died in the Mountain Side hospital at Montclair, N. J., of poison taken with suicidal intention.

Learning that a young woman had been taken to the institution the police seized on it as a clue to the mysterious shooting of Mrs. Manning, according to Miss Herdman, accused her of the crime.

Then, according to the police, she confessed, saying she was in love with Manning and had killed his wife because the wife had failed to get a divorce as promised.

Miss Herdman was the unnamed woman detained by the police and questioned last night. She was released this morning.

Mrs. Manning's husband, Charles F. Manning, a garage manager, from whom she had been separated for two years, and a woman whose identity is not revealed, after having been held by the police all night and closely questioned, were released today. Subsequently the police detained an Italian woman, who in dress and build seemed to answer the description of the murderess as given by Mrs. Manning's relatives, Jacob Zino, who formerly boarded with the family, also was brought to headquarters.

Manning himself brought the girl to the hospital. Seeing that her condition was critical he went in search of her mother.

Miss Herdman had been suspected of the crime, but thorough questioning at that time failed to sustain any suspicion that she was responsible for the shooting. Her home was on the Pompton turnpike in Essex county.

She was the daughter of Arthur J. Herdman, a hotel proprietor. The father said this afternoon that he had opposed his daughter's association with Manning, but that notwithstanding, the two had been going together for years.

SENATE PASSES THE NORRIS RESOLUTION

Senate Directs Resumption of Investigation Into Affairs of New Haven.

ADOPTED IN A MODIFIED FORM
Interstate Commission Ordered to Continue Inquiry.

IS A CASE FOR STATE ACTION
McReynolds Thinks Prosecution Doesn't Come Under U. S. Laws.

FRISCO DEALS ARE ALSO SHADY
Lodge Declares Probe Should Be Made of Manner New York Bankers Floated Rail Loans in Paris.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Senator Norris' resolution directing the Interstate Commerce commission to continue its investigation of New Haven railroad affairs was passed today by the senate in a modified form.

Attorney General McReynolds takes the view that any prosecution for financial operations of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railway must come under state laws, not federal statutes, according to a statement in the senate today by Mr. Newlands of Nevada. The attorney general's position was reported during debate when the Norris resolution to direct the Interstate Commerce commission to reopen its investigation of New Haven affairs was taken up.

Frisco Deal Also Shady.
Senator Lodge declared that investigation should be made of the manner in which Speyer & Co., New York bankers, floated Frisco railroad system securities in Paris. He said he had been informed that by paying Paris bankers commissions as high as 1 1/2 per cent Speyer & Co. induced the French people to buy the securities a few months before the railroad went into bankruptcy.

"The result was that American credit was given a greater blow in France than it had ever received before," declared Senator Lodge.

Senator Kenyon characterized the published exposure of New York affairs as a tale of "the infancy of a gang of plunderers." Senator Oliver put in the record the appointment of Speyer & Co. as fiscal agents of the Navy department of the United States in London last April.

Changes in Resolution.
The modification was to specify that the commission need not duplicate any of its previous work and leaving it to the discretion of the commission whether its previous investigations have developed all the information it desired. Commissioner Froudy, who made the first investigation, recently declared he could see little to be gained by further work by the commission, but that something might be brought out by a committee of congress.

This information was called for by the resolution.

What became of the funds of the New Haven invested in various enterprises and corporations mentioned in the recent report of the Interstate Commerce commission?

Whether the person or persons authorized to receive those funds and the person or persons receiving the benefit are liable to punishment under existing laws?

Whether under existing laws those funds can be recovered on behalf of the stockholders of said company?

What legislation is necessary to prevent the recurrence of similar transactions?

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OMAHA ATTRACTS SCHOOL TEACHERS

Three Thousand Ask for Jobs on Pay Roll Where Increase in Salaries is Automatic.

COME FROM NEAR AND FAR
Applicants Are from Distant Communities as Well as Nearby Districts—Some Got Graft Out of Bed to Ask.

Three thousand school teachers of Nebraska and neighboring states have made application for position on Omaha's teaching staff since the new automatic increased salary schedule went into effect. This schedule provides for an initial salary of \$90, to be increased annually by \$5 a year until the grade teachers reach a maximum of \$1,000.

The applications have come from remote states as well as those neighboring Nebraska. Five hundred such applications have been received within the last four or five months.

These applicants are not unemployed, but are teaching in other cities and desire a change. Applications are made under all sorts of conditions. Superintendent E. V. Graff being frequently aroused from his slumbers by the call of the telephone and some teacher passing through the city enters her application.

Such applications, however, are not filed, the applicants being required to fill out blanks so that the superintendent may know whether or not they are qualified. If they are qualified the application is placed on file in order.

An attempt is now being made by the superintendent's office force to cut down this waiting list to those who would accept positions at once. Since making the applications several have taken other positions which they would not leave for a berth in the Omaha schools.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—President Wilson today signed the Kenyon bill, abolishing Washington's segregated district.

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The heavy ice packs in the Bay of Islands turned the sturdy Potomac back from its work of rescue after days of useless smashing at the frozen fields that hold the Lowell and the Willard prisoners. It left the bay for North Sydney Thursday night and should have put into port yesterday. When the tug was not heard from today navy officers said there was no cause for alarm, but put the wireless feeling for it. They thought it had been delayed making its way through the heavy ice in the straits.

The jam, however, probably will be the salvation of the crews of the imprisoned fishing schooners. Officials here are not concerned for their safety, saying if their ships are crushed in the pack they easily can make their way to shore over the ice.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The board of food and drug inspection in the Department of Agriculture, which was often the center of attack by Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, former chief chemist, has been abolished by Secretary Houston.

At the Department of Agriculture it was said the board had been abolished in the interest of efficiency and economy. Dr. Alsborg, who succeeded Dr. Wiley as pure food chief, will decide the appeals that formerly went to the board. He will be assisted by Dr. H. L. Emerson of Boston.

Met at noon. Miscellaneous legislation considered. Representative Morgan of Oklahoma before the interstate commerce committee advocated his bill to empower an interstate trade commission to regulate price-fixing.

Returned debate on the \$25,000,000 Shuckelford good roads bill.

Passed bill authorizing appointment of a committee to attend corn exposition at Dallas, Tex.

Put over to Monday bill creating additional federal judgeship at Philadelphia.

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Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

FORT OMAHA FOR THE GUARD

War Department Offers Building and Grounds Free.

PLACE TO MOBILIZE THE TROOPS
Governor Morehead Does Not Know What Outcome Will Be Since New Army Just Finished on Fort Grounds.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
LINCOLN, Feb. 7.—(Special.)—Headquarters of the Nebraska National Guard may be moved to Fort Omaha, if a proposition made by the War department is accepted by the governor.

The government has offered the use of the buildings and grounds of that institution to the adjutant general of the state free of charge if the state desires to accept the offer. The offer includes all the buildings necessary and the use of the grounds for encampments and mobilization, and, if accepted, will make an ideal place for state headquarters.

However, the state has just completed at an expense of \$5,000 an armory at the state fair grounds in Lincoln, and when Governor Morehead was seen this morning about the matter he thought that it might be unwise to make any change at this time on account of the new building.

General Hall was much impressed with the offer. "It will give us an ideal place for headquarters," said he, "and the administration building is well equipped for the use we could make of it. We are so crowded for room here in our new quarters that we cannot carry on business like we should, and the proposition from the government looks good to me."

The removal of the headquarters of the guard to Omaha would help the proposition of room at the state house, which has not fully been solved by the new apartments on the fourth floor, and it might be the right solution of the problem.

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HUNDREDS KILLED BY VOLCANO IN JAPAN

First Detailed Accounts of Eruption of Sakurajima Are Received.

DOZEN VILLAGES OVERWHELMED
Beautiful City of Kagoshima Partially Destroyed—Bodies of Dead Still Under Lava and Ashes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 7.—The first detailed account of the terrible eruption of Sakurajima, on the southern coast of Japan, as received here today by mail from the Tokyo correspondent of the Associated Press, places the loss of life conservatively estimated at "several hundreds."

Not only was the island of Sakurajima itself, with its dozen villages, flooded by a torrent of flaming lava and buried under a hall of incandescent rocks, but the beautiful city of Kagoshima, overlooking the Golden Gate of Japan, was partially destroyed, several towns and villages on the mainland to the east were so hit, and the villages of Akamidu, Yokoyama and Koike were literally swallowed up by the molten lava. Until they are dug out no specific count of lives lost ever will be possible. The account follows:

While a Tokyo audience of Japanese was assembled at the imperial theater, viewing moving pictures of the first days of Pompeii, the subterranean fires of their own empire, imprisoned for more than a quarter of a century, were surging.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—By President Wilson's signature the bill to regulate the payment of postal money orders today became a law of the land. The new statute will not become effective, however, until rules and regulations for its operation are promulgated by the postmaster general. This probably will require several months. Immediately following the signing of the bill, Postmaster General Burleson appointed a committee of postal officials to prepare rules and regulations to carry the law into effect. The bill provides for the issuance of postal money orders payable at any money order office, even though drawn on a specified office, and will according to the postmaster general increase the volume of postal money order business and prove a great help to the business public, giving as it does, to the postal money order the virtues and convenience of a bank draft.

Figures made public today by the postmaster general show that in the last fiscal year, nearly 9,000,000 postal money orders were issued, amounting to almost \$25,000,000. The net income to the Postoffice department on account of money orders issued was more than \$3,000,000.

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(Continued on Page Four.)

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20,000 Pairs of Shoes a Day!

Think of it! 20,000 pairs of shoes is something of an output for one shoe factory to turn out on an average every working day in the year.

That business was not built in a day.

Nor was it built upon anything but merit, hard work and good newspaper advertising.

Dealers throughout the world are eager to represent this factory in their community because they know the quality is in the shoes and the reputation for honesty is back of them.

Reliable newspapers everywhere have for years advertised this particular brand so thoroughly that the name is on everyone's lips.

From a small "shoe shop" this factory has expanded to its present immense size with a comparatively short length of time. And 30 per cent of its advertising has been confined to reliable newspapers.

The "good will" alone in this business now far exceeds in value all the money ever spent in advertising.

BLACK TONY ADMITS HE IS MAN WANTED FOR NICKELL MURDER

Chief Dunn Communicates by Telephone with Politic Authorities at Pueblo Regarding Bender.

THIRD OF GANG IS ARRESTED
Says He Will Return to City Without Requisition Papers.

CONFESSES TO HIS IDENTITY
Other Two Members of Holdup Gang Are Still Held Here.

BOTH HAVE CONFESSED CRIME
Description of Man Arrested Pueblo Corresponds with That of the Man Accused of Shooting Henry Nickell.

Charles Bender, alias "Black Tony," arrested by the Pueblo authorities on a grand larceny charge, has admitted that he is the man wanted here for the murder of Henry E. Nickell in the robbery in the McVey resort on North Fourteenth street some three weeks ago. Bender agrees to return without requisition papers.

This information was given Chief Dunn in a telephone conversation held with Chief Daly of Pueblo. A photograph, measurements and complete description of the man under arrest are to be mailed the Omaha police, and Chief of Detectives Steve Maloney will go personally to conduct the prisoner back to Omaha. He will leave here Monday.

Tatoo marks, a scar across the right cheek and the general description of Bender tallies with the circular recently sent out by the Omaha department and compiled from information vouchsafed by the McVey bandits' victims, who observed the murderer closely on the night of the crime. Williams and Rosmond have not been made aware of their companion's capture, it being planned by the department to confront the pair with the third man entirely unprepared.

Later information to the effect that Bender signed a written confession of his part in the holdup including the shooting of Nickell has been received. Detectives will be dispatched at once to bring the man back.

Williams the Leader.
That William the leader is at present confined in the city jail, was the prime factor in the robbery and the leader of the trio is the opinion of Chief Dunn.

"He is fully responsible for the whole affair, including the shooting, as 'Black Tony,' and should be punished equally with the man who fired the fatal shot," said Chief Dunn. Captain Maloney is of the same opinion.

"Give them some of the same medicine if they don't get action," was the advice given by Williams to "Tony" immediately after the killing of the young bank clerk, according to Captain Maloney. The three men under arrest will be arraigned, if possible, before the grand jury for indictment.

Details of Arrest.
A message to The Bee from Pueblo gives the following details of the capture: "Charles Bender, alias Frank Henderson, alias 'Black Tony,' was arrested in this city last Saturday on charge of taking \$100 from the Congress hotel last July. He is now in the county jail, awaiting hearing on that charge. When confronted with his aliases this evening he did not deny any of them, but stated that he had not been in Omaha for two years. He refused to give any more of his past life. The man here is about 19 years of age. He worked but a short time at the Congress hotel and was entrusted with \$100 to take to a bank, when he left the city.

Chief of Police Daly says he also confessed that he is known in Omaha under the name of 'Black Tony.'

Admits He is Wanted Here.
"I confessed that I was wanted in that city for a crime committed, but would not state of what nature. Chief Daly states that he wired the officials at Omaha he had the man they were after. Bender came back to this city about a week ago, and was here but two days until recognized by the hotel proprietor. His arrest followed, and he will be held in the county jail until his hearing, which is set for the district court this term."

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(Continued on Page Two.)

The Weather

Forecast (4:17 p. m. Sunday):
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity
Fair tonight and Sunday; not so cold Sunday.

Temperature at Omaha

Hours	Temp.
5 a. m.	-10
6 a. m.	-10
7 a. m.	-10
8 a. m.	-10
9 a. m.	-10
10 a. m.	-10
11 a. m.	-10
12 m.	-10
1 p. m.	-10
2 p. m.	-10
3 p. m.	-10

Local Weather Record.
1914, 1913, 1912, 1911

Lowest last night	914	1913	1912	1911
Precipitation	0	0	0	0
Normal temperature for today	22	22	22	22

Deficiency in precipitation since March 1, 4.6 inches.

Deficiency for corresponding period of 1913, 4.6 inches.

General Weather Conditions.
The cold wave continued east and south during the last twenty-four hours, and is now affecting the entire Mississippi and Ohio valleys and Lake region. Zero weather extends south to Oklahoma and Arkansas, and freezing weather to the west Gulf coast. Temperatures are rising in the upper valley and in the west and northwest but the weather is still very cold in those sections. Temperatures ranging from 20 to 30 below prevail in the upper valley this morning. The low was recorded at Omaha was 11 below.</