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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Fair; Warmer

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DELEGATES CHEER AS GOMPERS DECLARED 'GLORIOUSLY DRUNK'

McDonald Says A. F. of L. Head "Lit Up" at Seattle Convention and on Other Occasion.

"LIAR AND SLANDERER" REPLY

Federation Chief Denies Accusation from Platform.

SCENES OF WILDEST DISORDER

Every Point Made by Illinois Man and Moyer Cheered.

CROWD IS ALL WITH THEM

W. F. M. President Retort Charge if Michigan Copper Strike Falls, Federation of Labor to Blame.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 30.—Scenes of the wildest disorder marked today's session of the United Mine Workers of America. Duncan McDonald, secretary and treasurer of the Illinois miners, charged that Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, was "gloriously drunk" during the Seattle convention and on other occasions. Gompers denied the accusation from the convention platform. He called McDonald a "liar" and a "slanderer." Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, retorted the charge that if the Michigan copper miners' strike failed it would be because of financial assistance not given by the American Federation of Labor. The delegates showed little sympathy for Gompers. He asserted he was being tried "before a jury whose minds were already poisoned," but every point made by Moyer and McDonald was wildly applauded. After McDonald had concluded the tumult was so great that Gompers, despairing of a hearing, put on his overcoat and hat and started to leave. The delegates were silenced, however, by an appeal from Moyer, and Gompers returned.

For Woman Suffrage.

The session was short and the only other business transacted was to reaffirm a declaration in favor of woman's suffrage, discuss a plan to decrease the representation at the conventions, which was referred to a referendum, and vote down a proposition to place a clause in the constitution prohibiting members of the military to become affiliated with the miners' organization. Gompers sat within four feet of McDonald and during the applause which greeted the statement that the head of the federation was "gloriously drunk" at Seattle, charged "liar" and "slanderer" and the like were hurled back and forth by the two.

Baker Loses Suit for Major Part of Father's Estate

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Charles H. Baker lost his suit to obtain the major portion of the \$200,000 estate of his father, William T. Baker, a former president of the Board of Trade, by a decision of Judge McKinley in the superior court here today. Baker sued the other heirs of his father, asserting that he was entitled to the major portion of the estate because of his assistance to his father in promoting the Snookville Falls Water Power company, which furnishes power and light to Seattle, Tacoma, and other cities of the state of Washington.

Daniels and Hill Will Be Named for Commerce Board

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Winthrop Moorhead Daniels of Princeton, N. J., chairman of the New Jersey public utility commission, and Henry Clay Hill of Colorado Springs, president of the Colorado Bar association, probably will be named as members of the Interstate Commerce commission tomorrow, by President Wilson. The senators from New Jersey and Colorado were consulted about their appointments late today.

Hog Cholera Fight Proves Successful

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Gratifying results marked the efforts of the Department of Agriculture during the last year to combat hog cholera in Indiana, Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska by means of anti-hog cholera and farm quarantines. In a statement today it is asserted that of the hogs actually sick when treated, the department's inspectors lost but 25 per cent. Of well hogs in disease herds less than 1 per cent died after inoculation with serum.

FATHER BURNED TO DEATH AND DAUGHTER MAY DIE

MASON CITY, Ia., Jan. 30.—(Special.)—George McKee is dead and his daughter, Miss Minnie, is in a serious condition as a result of burns sustained this morning. The daughter attempted to start a fire in the cook stove, when an explosion occurred, throwing off all over her clothing, which immediately ignited. She rushed into the room where her father was still sleeping and called for help. The father did what he could and his own clothing and the bedding caught fire and he perished. Neighbors heard the frantic screams and rushed in and extinguished the fire. Tonight Miss Minnie is in a serious condition.

Women Are Almost as Vain as Men, Says Governor Johnson

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 30.—"Women are responsible for the new philosophy of government—the philosophy that would set human above material things," Gov. Hiram W. Johnson said yesterday in an address here before the Women's council. Governor Johnson pointed out the many laws in which women of California led the fight; the eight-hour law, the immigration bill, the red light abatement bill, teachers' and mothers' pension and workmen's compensation. For all these Governor Johnson gave the women much credit. "But do not think," he said, "that I have come here to compliment you alone. You have brought to politics a new era, but you have many of the faults under which men suffer. "You like the limelight. You are almost as vain as men. "Some of you are prejudiced and harsh. "In short you are exactly the same as your brethren except for one thing. They bring a fetish of tradition to politics—you think only of the concrete present. And in that fact lies much of your power. "I can remember when government was an intangible thing; when one thought of it as some vague power. Women have done more than change laws; they have made of government a common ordinary useful thing. "With women has arisen a new philosophy of government; a world wide philosophy which belongs to no party, no sect, nor sex. This new philosophy believes that the government's purpose is to make people happier; to make them better; that the only successful government is one which does this."

Riotous Scenes Mark Opening of the South African Parliament

CAPE TOWN, Union of South Africa, Jan. 30.—Riotous scenes marked the opening today of the Parliament of the Union of South Africa. It was apparent that General Louis Botha, the premier, and his cabinet ministers would be promptly called on to justify to the country the iron-handed methods they adopted in dealing with the recent strike, particularly the deportation of ten labor leaders to England this week. Viscount Gladstone, the governor general, in his opening speech said that the declaration of martial law by the government had been "an imperative duty." He made no reference to the deportation of the labor leaders. General Jan Smuts, minister of defense, sprang to his feet at the declaration of martial law and the deportation of the labor leaders. He declared that he would on Monday move a bill to indemnify the government for all its acts under martial law and to prohibit the return of the deported men, thus raising an effective bar to the efforts of the labor representatives to move the immediate discussion of the "surreptitious deportation of citizens without trial."

Newspaper Census Shows Healthy Gain in the Last Year

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—The forty-sixth annual census of the publications of the United States and Canada, published in the American Newspaper Annual and Directory, shows that an average of five new publications were started every working day during 1913. The suspensions and consolidations make the net gain only three a week. The total number of publications is 24,527. There are 2,600 dailies—the evening editions comprising the majority—by about three to one. There are 572 Sunday papers. It requires forty different languages to carry the news to the people of this country. Large lists are devoted to the special publications, agricultural, religious, etc., but every class, every trade, every profession, every fact, every "ism," has its printed spokesman in the 245 different lists into which they are subdivided. Only four industries now exceed in capital invested and value of products the business of publishing and printing. In ten years the output increased 96 per cent, and it is estimated that at present the earnings of newspapers and periodicals average nearly \$1,500,000 per calendar day. Two-thirds of this amount perhaps represents the income from advertising. In the nature of the case, one individual can be familiar with a large part of the publishing industry, which is carried on in more than 11,000 different towns; each of these is located and described, together with all of the publications, in the big book which presents the latest report of our publishing world.

Blackhand Leaders Convicted in Hurry

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—A verdict of guilty was rendered in five minutes tonight by the jury which heard the case of Angelo Sylvestro, a 23-year-old Italian, charged with having been the leader of a blackhand gang which terrorized the East Side with bomb outrages. Sylvestro was taken to the tomb. On leaving the court room, he was addressed by an Italian who said: "I had to get you."

The National Capital

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 30.—(Special.)—The sale of the St. Louis railroad at foreclosure was authorized today by Elmer B. Adams, United States circuit judge.

JUDGE McPHERSON MODIFIES HIS ORDER

Rate Injunction Against Attorney General of Missouri Dismissed by Court.

MAY SUE FOR OVERCHARGES

Bond Does Not Limit Any Person as to His Claim.

ATTORNEY IS NAMED AS MASTER

Will Adjudicate Claims Brought in Missouri State Court.

WILL OBTAIN JURISDICTION

Had Opposed Right of Court to Appoint Master, Contradicting Nothing to Do But to Dismiss Cases.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 30.—Injunctions against John T. Barker, attorney general of Missouri, preventing him from proceeding with suits to recover \$24,000,000 excess freight and passenger charges made by railroads while the Missouri rate cases were in litigation, were dissolved in an opinion by Judge Smith McPherson, filed in the federal court today. The original injunction brought by railroads to prevent enforcement of Missouri's 3-cent passenger and maximum freight laws also were dissolved, in accordance with the recent decision of the United States supreme court upholding the laws. In addition the court held the \$10,000 bond put up by each railroad in 1906 when the state rate laws were enforced has no reference to those persons who have paid excess rates or passenger fares and they can recover whatever is due them. "The injunction bond," declared Judge McPherson, "does not limit any person as to his claim for recovery of overcharges." Judge McPherson appointed Wash Adams, an attorney of this city, as a master to adjudicate all claims brought in the federal court for excess charges, declaring, however, that claimants might sue for recovery of overcharges in any court they chose—a state or national. The court declared it would retain jurisdiction over only such claims as might be filed before the master for adjudication. Attorney General Barker had opposed the court's right to appoint a master. He contended that, under the decree of the higher court, Judge McPherson's only duty lay in dismissing the cases "without prejudice," taking no cognizance of how the excess charges were collected.

Former Omaha Man Accused of Stealing from His Employers

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Desire to keep up his end in fast company and temptations offered by his position as cashier and auditor for Sylvester Bros., wholesale grocers of Seattle, Wash., led Harold Williams, the police say, to steal \$10,000 from his employers during the last four years. Williams was arrested in Brooklyn, where he went by the name of "W. W. Wilson." According to the detectives he confessed. The young man has a wife and child in Seattle. His father in New York is said to be well-to-do.

Catholic Church Will Censor Plays Offered in New York City

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Hereafter there will be a censorship according to the standards of the Roman Catholic church of every play on the New York stage, and after February 2, when the Catholic theater movement will be launched, no practical Catholic may see any play not on the "white list." There will be no black list. Cardinal Farley has written a letter fully endorsing the movement. The first step will be to send out 100,000 postal cards, which when signed will be returned to headquarters. These have this pledge: "I promise to avoid improper plays and exhibitions and to use my influence that others do likewise."

Speaker Clark Denies He Has Lightningrod Set Up

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Speaker Clark declared today that nothing in his Baltimore speech last night could be considered as indicating that he had figured on being a presidential candidate in 1915 or any time in the future. "The only thing I said about the presidency," said the speaker, "was in reply to a long, flowery introduction of the toastmaster. I said that if all that the toastmaster said was true, I ought to be president today and would be, if the proposed primary had been in force in 1912. I praised President Wilson's handling of the Mexican situation; I also praised President Taft and President Wilson, for keeping us out of a war with Mexico."

Court Orders Sale of Wabash Road

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 30.—The sale of the Wabash railroad at foreclosure was authorized today by Elmer B. Adams, United States circuit judge.

His Son and Heir's First Lesson



From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Will Report All Treaties

Arbitration Facts with Twenty-Four Nations Approved.

PENDING SINCE LAST SUMMER

Agreements with Great Britain and Japan Had Been Held Up Because of Tolls and Land Issues.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The senate foreign relations committee today voted to recommend immediate ratification of general arbitration treaties with Great Britain, Japan and other nations, twenty-four treaties in all. These have been pending since last summer when their original five-year limitations expired. The treaties are twenty-four in number, one with the following nations, that with France having been renewed last year: China, Denmark, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Peru, Portugal, Salvador, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Austria-Hungary, Costa Rica, Haiti, Paraguay, Argentine Republic, Bolivia, Ecuador, Uruguay, Chile and Brazil. The treaty with Great Britain had been held up because some feared its ratification might force arbitration at the Hague of the Panama canal tolls controversy. President Wilson's attitude on that question is generally understood to be that this provision is a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. Congress may settle the dispute and by repealing the free passage clause or suspending its operation pending diplomatic negotiations. The California alien land question was indirectly involved in the Japanese arbitration treaty, but the administration is generally understood to be that this provision is a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. Congress may settle the dispute and by repealing the free passage clause or suspending its operation pending diplomatic negotiations. The California alien land question was indirectly involved in the Japanese arbitration treaty, but the administration is generally understood to be that this provision is a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. Congress may settle the dispute and by repealing the free passage clause or suspending its operation pending diplomatic negotiations.

Rebel Movement Toward Torreon is Begun on Big Scale

JUAREZ, Mexico, Jan. 30.—Movements of the rebels toward Torreon began on a large scale today. The bulk of the main army had encamped at Escalon, more than half way southward from Chihuahua, along the Mexican National railroad, and more troops were joining them from the states of Durango and Coahuila. At the same time rebels were reported drawing in from the westward with a view of attack on Saltillo, thus cutting off the federal communication from Monterrey. Francisco Villa, military commander-in-chief, directed the disposition of troops, with the intention of himself joining and personally commanding the attack on General Velasco's federal garrison. It is likely that an attack on Saltillo will precede that on Torreon, and that the general engagement at Torreon will follow only after several days of vigorous skirmishing. At all events Villa proposes to pit practically his entire army against the federalists. The federal garrison is variously estimated at from 5,000 to 10,000, while the rebel strength exceeds that number. For a week the loads of ammunition and provisions for the rebel campaign have been going forward from Chihuahua and convenient points along the railroad. General Villa at his headquarters declared he did not expect to go south for several days. They he will stop several days longer in Chihuahua.

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SIDNEY PIONEER DIES OF BLOOD POISONING

SIDNEY, Ia., Jan. 30.—(Special.)—J. E. James, an old resident of the county and a former Sidney business man, died yesterday morning. A few weeks since Mr. James while engaged in a friendly scuffle with an acquaintance, slightly injured one of his fingers, which brought on blood poisoning and caused his death. He was 73 years of age and leaves a widow, three sons and four daughters.

BIG APARTMENT HOUSE IN CHICAGO IS BURNED

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—There was no loss of life in the \$300,000 fire which destroyed the New Bedford apartment building in Oakwood boulevard here last night, so far as search of the ruins disclosed today. The fire started from a boiler explosion and the 300 tenants were driven into the street.

Survivors Tell Thrilling Story of Sea Disaster

Eighty-Five Saved from Old Dominion Liner Sinking After Collision Brought to Norfolk.

VESSELS COLLIDE IN HEAVY FOG

Forty-Nine Persons Aboard Coastwise Craft Are Drowned.

VICTIMS ASLEEP IN BERTHS

Boats of Nantucket Pick Up Persons Struggling in Icy Water.

TWENTY-FIVE PASSENGERS LOST

Other Twenty-Four Victims Members of Crew.

PROPERTY LOSS IS ONE MILLION

Vessel Was Worth About Half Million and Cargo About Same Sum

Nantucket, Badly Injured, Goes to Norfolk.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 30.—Bearing eighty-five survivors of the Old Dominion liner Monroe and the death story of forty-eight more, the Merchants' and Miners' steamship Nantucket came into port here today. The eighty-five survivors brought a story of suffering and sudden death from the sea. W. C. Calmes of Milwaukee, reported among the drowned, was among the survivors brought in on the Nantucket. With a heavy canvas covering her crumpled bow and with a partially shifted cargo, causing a list to starboard, the Nantucket docked while several thousand persons waited for the survivors. Many of the rescued stood on the dock wrapped in blankets. Two died on board after being rescued. They were Mrs. Thomas Harrington, daughter of J. Kelly of Norfolk, Conn., and Lieutenant Leonard B. Curtis, of the Second coast artillery. Mrs. Harrington's body had been placed in a temporary coffin and was borne from the Nantucket. Her husband refused to leave until the body had been brought ashore. Thomas Harrington of Bridgeport, Conn., the woman's husband, told a thrilling story of the wreck. Harrington and his wife were long in the water and the man was swimming with her when they were picked up. Mrs. Harrington died from exhaustion. Information is withheld from Press Representatives of the press were barred from the Nantucket when it landed. It was explained by E. S. Law, general agent of the Merchants and Miners Transportation company that this was by order of R. E. Tapley, a local steamboat inspector. By some of the rescued leaning over the deck rail of the Nantucket it was told to the newspaper men and the wharf that the Nantucket raked and rammed the Monroe in a dense fog at 2 a. m. today and that the Monroe capsized and turned turtle within ten or twelve minutes after the impact. As the Monroe turned on its side some of the passengers and crew crawled over on the upper side of the vessel and walked on this, but were washed off by the steamer went to the bottom. Lyons Describes Collision. But for the fact that there had been time to adjust life preservers many more lives would have been lost. As it was those rescued remained in the water from half to three quarters of an hour before they were rescued. E. P. Lyons, whose name did not appear among those saved, was among the first of the passengers to come off the Nantucket. Clad only in pyjamas and a bath robe he gave a graphic description of the collision and the events that followed. "It was about 1:30 o'clock," said Lyons, "and very foggy. I had undressed, but"

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Delivering the Goods

Every good retailer's first and foremost thought is to give the public what it demands. His store is made bright and attractive; his wares are carefully selected and conveniently displayed; his service is planned to be of the greatest possible assistance to patrons in their shopping. But this one great central purpose is to deliver the goods the people want. The public, moreover, knows what it wants, because it is an intelligent and informed public. Producers of the best standardized articles known now go direct to the public and advertise their product in good newspapers like The Bee, and so the public knows what it wants and demands it at the best store. Good merchants are prepared to deliver these advertised goods. They keep them on their shelves, displayed on their counters and in their windows. "Just as good" merchandise won't do any more. The public demands what it wants and gets it. The Bureau of Advertising, American Newspaper Publishers Association, World Building, New York, will be glad to answer any questions about cooperative work with dealers in newspaper advertising campaigns.

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The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Fair Saturday; warmer.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday	Des.
5 a. m.	28
8 a. m.	28
11 a. m.	27
2 p. m.	27
5 p. m.	27
8 p. m.	27
11 p. m.	27
1 p. m.	27
4 p. m.	27
7 p. m.	27
10 p. m.	27

Comparative Local Record.

1914 1913 1912 1911			
Highest yesterday	45	43	26
Lowest yesterday	27	24	20
Mean temperature	36	34	18
Precipitation	0	0	0

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature	32
Excess for the day	4
Total excess since March 1	12.28
Normal precipitation	0.02 inch
Deficiency for the day	0.02
Total rainfall since March 1	24.36 inches
Deficiency since March 1	4.28 inches
Efficiency for cor. period, 1913	4.25 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1912	13.74 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State	Temp.	High.	Rain.
Cheyanne, clear	32	33	0.00
Davenport, cloudy	28	32	0.00
Denver, pt. cloudy	34	34	0.00
Des Moines, clear	30	32	0.00
Dodge City, clear	30	32	0.00
Leadville, cloudy	26	32	0.00
North Platte, clear	30	32	0.00
Omaha, clear	30	32	0.00
Public, clear	30	32	0.00
Rapid City, cloudy	30	32	0.00
Salt Lake City, clear	30	32	0.00
Santa Fe, pt. cloudy	31	32	0.00
Sheridan, clear	30	32	0.00
Sioux City, cloudy	32	32	0.00
Valentine, clear	32	32	0.00

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

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