

## Helen's

## Favorite Flowers

## Yielding a Mass of Bloom:

To get our beautiful Spring catalogue In the hands of as many lovers of flowers as possible we will give away five packets of the following va
ties, enough for a small garden:Aquilezia, double mixed, colors, pale blue,
deep blue, violet and pink; fine for cat deep blue violet, and pink; fine tor cat fowers Centaurea, bearing large thistle-
shaped fowers blas in color and commonly called "Raritel suilor." Gaillardia, fowers
of grent brilliancy. Godetia, the fireless of great brillincy. Godetia, crimson, rose
bloomer, with delinsate tinto of
tind white. Chrysanthemum, comprising all and white. Chrysnnthemu
the slades of the ralnbow
The ebove five packets with our catalogue
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WM. ELLIOTT \& SONS
Eat. 1845 46 Vesey St., New York

## DREER'S ROSES

## Will Bloom This Year

and give a full crop of flowers. Never
disappoint, because they are strong two-year-old fleld-krown plants, not the small, weak, year old, hot-house
The Dreer Dozen of Hardy Everblooming Hybrid Tea Roses

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 HENRYA.DREER RPAILADELLPMAA

ered-in efght-by-ten porch built ou from the dining room, and enclosed with double-glass sashes. We made a slope to the floor, and a gutter on this floor to a drain. There is a hy-
drant, and three benches containing drant, and three benches containing sand, in which the pots are standing. Altogether there are some two-hun dred plants, ferns, begonlas, geranl ums, calendulas, liles, palms, snapdragons, carnatfons, poinsettias, iv les, verbenas, etc., varying from year to year. It represents a great deal of work, but is a deep Joy. There is a tremendous chunk of compensation on a snowy wintry evening to have our double doors open from the din Ing room, the electric light burning In the conservatory, and to smell the ferns, and the tradescantla and ivy hanging down along the front of the benches, with a few blossoms, and to have summer so close to us.

## You Can Grow

pared above, may be fllled in. This should be done some time before the beds are planted, to permilt the soll to settle. After the solt has settled, it should be about an inch below the surrounding surface, while the beds may be of any size or shape. I prefer a bed not over five feet wide. I have had best results by plant-
ing all roses in the spring, but the ing all roses in the spring, but the hardy varietles can be planted in the fall if first allowed to become dor mant. Of course, the tender roses are always planted in the spring or early summer. There is no specia advantage and some times a disad vantage in planting the tender roses too early.
The treatment of roses when re The dormant roses have no balls of soll about the roots but Instead are packed in moss, which should not be removed from them a moment before planting, as nothing is quite so bad for a rose as the drying out when recelved, If not ready to plant where in the garden in the shade, deep enough to taice the roots deep as they grew before, and set deep as in without removing the moss, which should be wet and allow them to remain "be wed $n$ " thus unt to remain heeled-in thus unti needed for pianting. People who tear apart a package of roses on covered and not planted promptly, need not expect planted promptiy. If the roses have been delayed on the If the roses have been delayed on the road and are dry, stalk and moss when recelved, soak the moss an bury the plants in moist earth for Wh to ive day
When ready to plant, unpack your plants, but keep the roots covered with damp moss, wet burlap or other damp material to prevent the possiblity of their suffering from drying out. A safe rule to follow in plantIng roses whlch have been grown on their own roots is to plant them one Inch deeper than what they have been grown in the nursery, which can readily be seen on the stems.
In the case of budded or grafted In the case of budded or grafted
roses, these should be planted so roses, these should be planted so that the point at which they are budded or grafted is two fnches below the surface of the soil. Be liberal In digging a good sized hole, so as to enable you to spread out the roots in a natural manner, so that each root will come in direct contact with the soll.
DORMANT ROSES are usually supplied by the nurseries in an unpruned condition or with merely the longest shoots cut back. These plants, when set out, should be severely pruned. The stronger shoots ghould be cut back to elght to twelve inches in height, all thin and weak wood being cut out entirely. In succeeding seasons, after the plants have become established, the prunIng should be regulated according to whether you wish a large number of flowere of ordinary quality for mass effect in the garden or a less
number of flowers but of a select

## These Roses

It is our aim to have in the garden what the family likes; that which is not so good if bought in the market and what is hard to get in the mar ket. For Instance, it is almost im possible to get raspberries in perfect condition except right from one's garden. We look them over every
day and gather only those "Just ready to melt in your mouth."
The summer of 1913 we grew: Peas, 10 pecks: strawberries, 93 quarts; raspberries, 25 quarts; cur rants, 15 quarts; canliffower, 30 heads; also practically all that our family of six could eat of egg plant, corn, beets, carrots, radishes, string beans, lima beans, peppers, Swiss chard, mint, parsnips, oyster plant, kale, rhubarb, celery, endive and grapes. Besldes there has come grapes, pleasure and satisfaction in rewarded effort, and many lessons of wisdom. out the weak, thin branches entirely and shorten the heavier shoots ac cording to their strength, to a heigh of from 18 to 24 inches. If quality
is desired, prune severely. That is, is desired, prune severely. That 18 ,
shorten the growths to within eight shorten the growths to within elght
to ten inches from the ground. When to ten inches from the ground. When prominent eye, and, if possible, to an eye pointing outward. By doing this the plants will grow in a nice open in the direction in which the buds point. With severe pruning staking of the plants sary, and no summer pruning is re quired, the cutting of the buds or flowers, with stems of fair length being sufficient.
The proper time to prune is in early spring; the most opportune time being just as the buds begin to swell.

Fall pruning I do not recommend except in the case of strong-growing Hybrid Perpetual Roses which have made long canes. These should, late in the fall when the wood has be come thoroughly ripe, be cut back to about three feet In helght; this being done to prevent the winds from swaying the plants about, and there by breaking the roots

Rambler and other climbing roses require little or no pruning in spring They flower on wood of the previous season's growth and nothing should be cut in spring except to remove
dead wood, and to cut out such dead wood, and to cut out such
superfluous growth so as to make superfuous growth so as to make covered but a severe pruning is beneflial to climbing roses in July, directly after they have finished flowering. At that time cutting out all old flowering wood will encourage a vigorous new growth that mus be depended upon to give an abund ance of flowers the following season Rugosa Roses, Moss Roses, Aus trian and Yellow Briars, Damask Roses, as well as Hybrid and Com mon Sweet Briar require no pruning after the first season. Simply cut out dead wood and superfluous branches and slightly head in the previous season's growth.
When roses, are recelved in plants which have been carried over winter in pots, no pruning whatever is necessary. These have already been pruned by the nurseryman when he placed them in pots.
When making an extensive rose garden, do not forget some of the best of the old-fashioned roses; the Moss Rose, the Cabbage Rose, the Polyanthas and the Briars. Ther also is a wide opportunity to use roses for covering harbors, pergolas hedges, fences; covering walls and porches, and the old-time pilla
For covering a sloping bank the Wichuralana or any of the Rambler roses are best.
For the hedge, the Rugosa is by far the best in the north, while in the south many will, for sentimental reasons, prefer the wild Cherokee


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 packot of each of lup tol-
noowball, New Orange, Now Blae
1 Excelsior Gloxina Bulb All for 10c

New Cosmos

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