

BRYAN SAYS CHINESE MUST DO REAL WORK OF CONVERTING ASIA

Oriental Now Studying in America the Powers in Evangelizing Western World.

CAN DO MORE THAN FOREIGNERS

Secretary Speaks to Yellows at Kansas City Conference.

TALKS TO VOLUNTEER MEETING

Head of State Department Refuses to Discuss Mexican Situation.

LAYMAN'S MOVE BEARS FRUIT

Contributions for 1913 Just Ending to Missions Abroad Twice as Large as Last Year.

Total Amount Raised Eight Years Ago.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—Christian Chinese now studying in America are the powers to propagate Christianity in China, William J. Bryan, secretary of state, said in an address this afternoon to the national conference of Chinese students in America. The conference is made up of delegates to the student volunteer convention, but is held apart from the convention proper.

"The real work of converting Asia to Christianity," Secretary Bryan said, "must be done by those who have caught the spirit. You students are prepared to do the every work that needs to be done. You can reach the hearts of your people better than a missionary from a country not your own."

Secretary Bryan arrived at 1:15 o'clock this afternoon. He intended to go direct to his hotel, but when he learned the Chinese conference was being held he decided to attend it.

"I've been speaking so much," he told the delegates, "that it is good to do a little listening and the addresses your young men and women have delivered this afternoon have been good to hear."

Won't Discuss Mexico

Mr. Bryan refused to discuss the Mexican question or any question touching upon administration policies. He addressed the convention of the Student Volunteer movement tonight. Dr. J. A. MacDonald, editor of the Toronto Globe, and Dr. Shailer Mathews, dean of the University of Chicago Divinity school, were the other speakers tonight. Each addressed the delegates on the same general idea, "The World Strategy of Christ."

The total foreign missionary contributions of the American Protestant churches for the last year was \$16,285,000, according to a statement made to the student volunteer convention today by J. Campbell White of New York City, general secretary of the laymen's missionary movement.

Year's Contributions

"The contributions for the year just ending, to foreign missions," declared Mr. White, "are twice the total amount contributed to foreign missions eight years ago. Contributions to the home missionary objects, during the same period, although I have not the exact figures, has been much larger than the increase to foreign missions."

Mr. White declared special interest attaches to this convention in the minds of several hundred representative laymen who are in attendance, because it was at the Student Volunteer convention held at Nashville, Tenn., eight years ago, that the laymen's missionary movement had its real inception. John B. Stetman, jr., a business man of Washington, was inspired to take steps that led to the organization of the laymen's movement, which has since enlisted hundreds of Christian men as supporters of the missionary work of their own denominations.

It costs but 5 per cent to administer the big fund for foreign missions, according to Mr. White, which he declared is less than one-half of the per cent of administrative cost of 500 hundred of the largest business concerns in America.

Asks Fifty Millions.

Mr. White appealed for \$50,000,000 a year for foreign missions from North American churches and seemed to prove it possible when he added that by the standardization of financial methods now going on, this would mean only 10 cents a week from 10,000,000 church members.

At the balance of the 24,000,000 Protestant church members in the United States and Canada give nothing.

Dr. Barton, speaking on "Missionary Statesmanship," said: "Native leaders must be trained for every department of social, intellectual and religious efficiency and to these all leadership must ultimately be conceded."

"The missionary must understand in all his plans that he and his mission are temporary and institutions of Christian civilization, under native control and leadership, will remain."

Missouri Lumber Companies Want Another Hearing

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—Motions for a rehearing on behalf of a dozen of the lumber companies against which judgments of fine and ouster were returned by the Missouri supreme court last month were filed today.

In behalf of the Central-Coke and Coal company, the Bowman-Hick Lumber company, the Larkin Land and Lumber company, the Missouri Land and Lumber Exchange company, the Missouri Lumber and Mining company, the Long-Bell Lumber company and the Dierks Lumber company, John Lucas of Kansas City urged that the mere fines constituted a small part of the punishment, since conviction and ouster from corporate franchises are enormous burdens to the transaction of business and the conservation of property rights.

A motion for a rehearing and acquittal filed for the Calcasieu-Long Leaf Lumber company set forth that this company had no part in the alleged conspiracies in restraint of trade.

Other motions asking rehearing filed were the Grayson-McLeod Lumber company, the Ocan Lumber company and the Lehigh & Havens Lumber company.

The motions set forth that the punishment decreed by the supreme court is unreasonable, arbitrary and equivalent to taking the property of the companies without due process of law.

It was argued that the companies were denied the right of trial by jury and that the burden of proof does not show the lumber companies to have violated the anti-trust law.

Socialists Will Name Candidates at National Primary

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Presidential and other leading candidates of the socialist party in 1918 will be nominated by referendum vote and not by convention. This was determined by a small referendum just completed and announced today by Walter Langbeek, executive secretary of the party. The proposition carried by 4 to 1, the executive secretary said. The party convention will be held, however, to adopt a platform. In case the referendum gives no one candidate a sufficient number of votes, it will be continued between the two leaders until a nomination is made. Original nominations will be made by local party organizations. Under the new plan voters are instructed as follows:

The call for nominations shall be made on the first day of November of the year preceding the national election. Forty days shall be allowed for nomination, fifteen for acceptance and declaration and sixty for the referendum. Each nominee shall receive nominations from ten or more locals before his name shall be placed on the ballot. A majority ballot shall be necessary to elect. In case no candidate receives a majority on the first ballot then the two names receiving the highest number of votes shall be immediately submitted to a second referendum, sixty days' time to be given for same.

Gate City is Not on Itinerary of Reserve Banks Committee

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The first legal applications for membership in the federal reserve system were received today at the Treasury department from eleven national banks in the form of regulations approved by the reserve bank organization committee declaring the boards of directors of the banks had accepted the terms of the new law. The applications were from banks mainly in the south.

The organization committee fixed dates for hearings in cities on the Pacific coast, in the south and in the central states. The committee leaves Washington January 17, and after holding hearings in Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Denver, will arrive in Seattle January 31. It will be in Seattle February 1; Portland, February 2; San Francisco, February 4; Los Angeles, February 7; Houston, Tex., February 12; New Orleans, February 14; Atlanta, February 16; Cincinnati, February 19; Cleveland, February 21; Washington, February 22.

Enver Bey Becomes Minister of War

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 3.—Enver Bey, at one time leader of the young Turk party and formerly Turkish military attaché at Berlin, was today appointed minister of war of the Turkish empire in place of Izzet Pasha, who resigned.

The choice of Enver Bey, who has held the position of chief of staff for some time, is regarded as likely to rouse more the anger of Russia, on account of the minister's close friendship with Germany and the German empire.

The presence of Enver Bey at the War office, in connection with the recently appointed German military mission for the reorganization of the Turkish army, will render Germany's relations with Turkey very solid.

MAN KILLED BY AUTO UPSET AT IOWA CITY

JOWA CITY, Ia., Jan. 3.—(Special Telegram.)—John F. Marion, aged 39, of Morse, Ia., was instantly killed on Folsom hill, just west of this place, in an automobile accident last night. Marion was riding in a car driven by Guy Fink of Iowa City, when the machine became unmanageable because of snow and ice on the hill and turned turtle.

Mr. Fink escaped with slight bruises and Ray Yenter, the other occupant of the car, was uninjured.

THIEVES ROBBING POOR BOX KILL PASTOR

WILHELMSHAFFEN, Germany, Jan. 3.—Pastor Loetz of the Protestant church in the village of Reepsholt, near here, was shot and killed today by thieves whom he surprised robbing the poor box. The murderers escaped.

WILSON SAYS VISIT OF ENVOY MEANS NO CHANGE IN HIS POLICY

No New Plan or Move in Situation Decided on as Result of Conference.

JUST A "GET TOGETHER TALK"

Conversation Covers Whole Field of Conditions in Mexico.

PRESIDENT'S VIEW UNALTERED

He Believes Huerta Government Slowly Being Crushed.

INEVITABLY IT MUST GO DOWN

Declares Special Representative, While Not Enjoying Long Sojourn in Southern Republic, Perfectly Willing to Stay.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—President Wilson announced today that his conference with John Lind had developed no change in the policy of the Washington administration toward Mexico, and that no new plan or move in the situation had been decided on.

The president, referring to the conference as a "get together talk" for mutual information, he explained that although Mr. Lind constantly had been sending full dispatches, a conversation of a few hours had been deemed worth more than weeks of telegraphic communication, with the added value of affording an exchange of viewpoint regarding the situation.

President Wilson added that there had been no special occasion for Mr. Lind's visit—no advice, excitement or new questions.

The president said that his conversation with Mr. Lind had covered the whole field of conditions in Mexico, but that no particular measure or plan had been dwelt upon.

President's Views Unchanged.

When asked if he was more hopeful for a speedy settlement of the trouble, Mr. Wilson made it clear that his personal view of the situation had not changed. The president has held that the Huerta government is slowly being crushed not only by the constitutionalists forces, but through incessant isolation, and that inevitably it must fall. He smiled when told of reports that Provisional President Huerta or some high officials of the Huerta government was on board the Chester and said:

"Well, I didn't see them if they were there."

The president said that while Mr. Lind was not exactly enjoying his long stay in Mexico, he was perfectly willing to stay there and was deeply interested in the situation.

Mr. Wilson apparently attached little importance to the Lind episode, pointing out that the proximity of his personal sojourn, coincident with his own vacation on the Mississippi coast had been, as much as anything else, a motive for the conference.

The president laid emphasis on the fact that nothing specific, such as the removal of the embargo on arms or similar moves had been discussed. He said that the Chester would leave for Vera Cruz this afternoon and that Mr. Lind would remain there indefinitely.

Mother Not Allowed to See Son.

PASS CHRISTIAN, Miss., Jan. 3.—The president this morning took Mr. Lind's two sons, Norman Lind and John Lind, Jr., eight miles in his automobile to the pier, from where they boarded the revenue cutter Winona and went to the cruiser Chester to bid their father good bye. The Chester was to sail for Vera Cruz before noon.

A touch of pathos was added to the exchange of farewells between Mr. Lind and his sons. Mrs. Pauline Mezzanese of Bay St. Louis sought to see her son, George, a yeoman in the navy aboard the Chester. Mrs. Mezzanese when she learned that none of the ship's crew was to come ashore, went on board the tug which followed the Winona to the place where the scout cruiser was anchored. The tug, however, was warned away by the Chester's officers and the little gray haired woman was forced to call her good bye to her son across the intervening water.

Captain Wright, Mission Worker, Is Charged with Graft

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Municipal Judge Albert A. Hartwell today issued a bench warrant for the arrest of John M. Wright, staff captain of the Volunteers of America here, at the request of the district attorney's office which is charging Wright with the solicitation of moneys under misrepresentation and fraud. Captain Wright and his wife, who was also an official of the volunteers, left the city New Year's day.

Wright was formally suspended from the organization yesterday. Testimony was given to show that Wright had a French chef to do his cooking and that he made bank deposits ranging from \$5 to \$10 daily.

FOUR CONVICTS KILLED AND FIFTY WOUNDED BY GUARDS

CAIRO, Egypt, Jan. 3.—Four convicts were killed and fifty seriously wounded today when the prisoners confined in the Taural penitentiary mutined and were fired on by the guards.

A conspiracy to break jail had been suspected and the convicts were paraded in the courtyard of the prison. The warden began to search them, and one of the prisoners struck a searcher.

This was the signal for a general onslaught on the warden by several hundred prisoners. The armed guards of the jail thereupon mounted the high walls surrounding the courtyard and fired a warning volley of blank cartridges, which had no effect. The guards then loaded their magazine rifles with ball cartridges and fired several volleys into the closely packed mass.

MONOPOLY INQUIRY WILL BE CONTINUED

Move of Morgan Will Not Make Change in Secretary Redfield's Plan.

ASKS LARGER APPROPRIATION

Part of Fund Will Be Used in Studying Economic Laws on Which All Industries Are Based.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—No change in the plans of the Department of Commerce for investigating trusts, nor in its study of their economic efficiency is to result from the withdrawal of Morgan & Co. from the directorates of many corporations. The withdrawal of the Morgan firm, it was pointed out today, would not make of any less value the present and proposed work.

Secretary Redfield has asked for an increase of appropriation of the bureau of corporations from \$200,000 to \$300,000. Much of that fund he desires to use in "undertaking a study of certain fundamental economic laws on which all our industries are based."

Secretary Redfield holds that the massing of capital has in it certain elements of efficiency, but doubts whether it is for the best interests of the country as a whole.

Automobile Bandits Kidnap and Rob Two Men at Pittsburgh

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 3.—Automobile bandits last night kidnaped two business men who were on their way home, robbed them and rode them about the city for two hours before dumping them unceremoniously into the street. They were given 10 cents each for car fare home.

The victims are Charles E. Succop, president of a brewing company and James A. Weldon, president of a plumbing concern. Succop was seized by two masked men, who had alighted from a taxi, blindfolded and thrown into the car. He was robbed of \$60 and his jewelry.

Half an hour after the attack on Succop, Weldon was seized while approaching his home, blindfolded and tied with straps. He was relieved of \$50 and jewelry.

A third man, J. D. Scottdale, a chauffeur, also was robbed. He told the police he had answered a call and while waiting at a street corner was blindfolded and thrown into the car. Six dollars was taken from him. Policemen found the abandoned taxicab two miles from where it was seen last by the victims.

MOTION PICTURE BANDITS PLEAD GUILTY TO MURDER

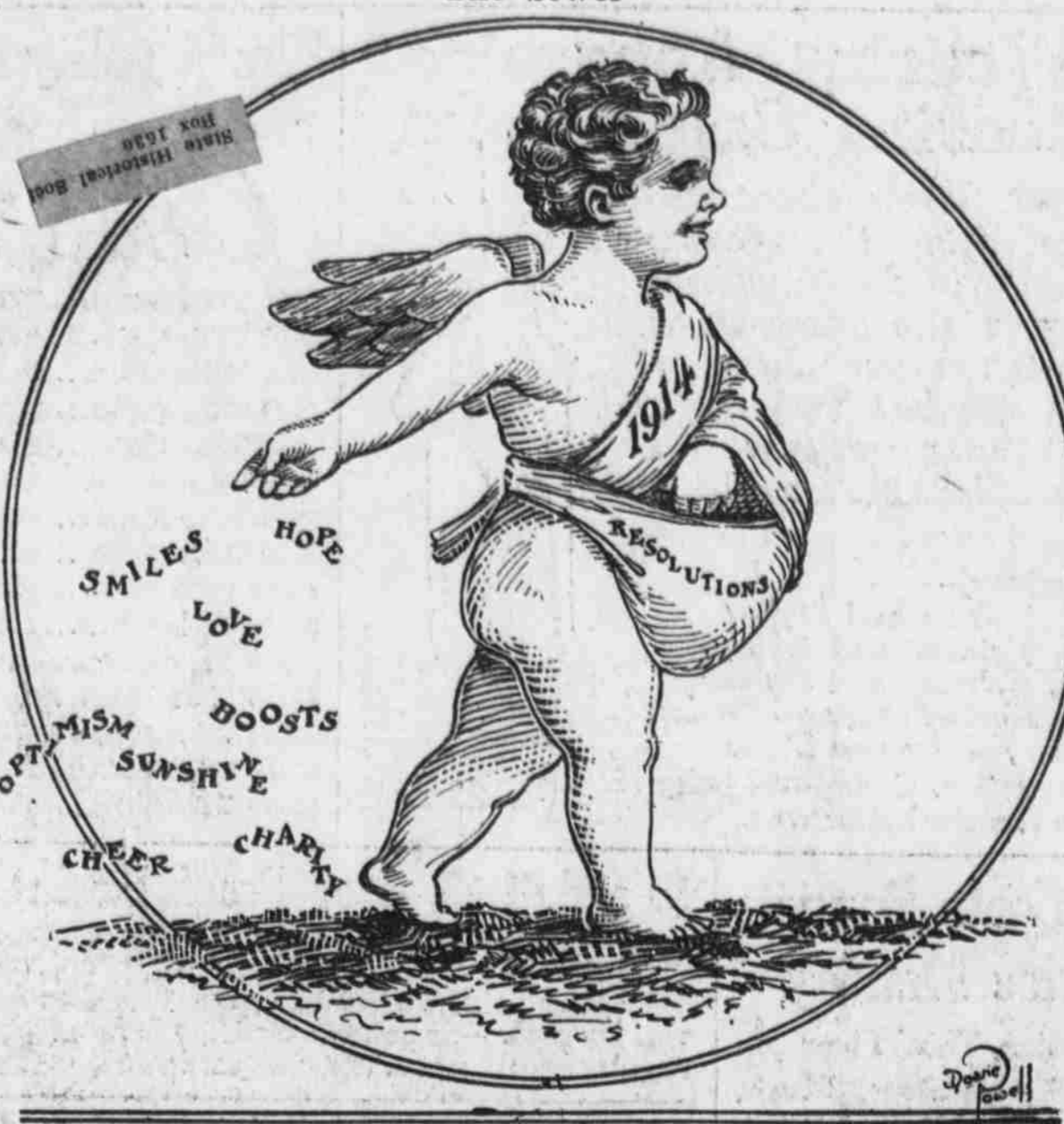
RIVERSIDE, Cal., Jan. 3.—Paul Case and Thomas Green, the motion picture actors who robbed the Palo Verde Valley bank at Blythe, Cal., of approximately \$5,000 on December 2, pleaded guilty in superior court here today to the murder of William Bowles, cashier of the bank, who was slain when he tried to intercept the bandits. They were remanded for sentence January 14.

Case and Green had been acting in bandit roles for film plays. They robbed the bank the day after Ralph Faries held up the Sunset express at Elmonte, Cal., and killed Horace Montague. They were captured two days later in bed at a lodging house in El Centro, Cal., 140 miles from the scene of their crime.

EIGHT BUILDINGS BURNED AT SUPERIOR WYOMING

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 3.—Eight buildings, including the town hall, were destroyed in a fire early today at Superior, a mining camp. The fire started in a restaurant. The damage was \$100,000.

The Sower



Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

January Corn Prices Drop Ten Cents at Chicago

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Corn prices crashed downward today, the January delivery breaking nearly 10 cents a bushel. The same corn that four days ago brought 71 cents sold this morning at 61 cents, a fall of nearly 10 cents. The fact that the leading loan here had hedged his holdings by sales of the May option brought on such pressure from speculators who held bearish views. A slash in values was the result.

Much attention was given to cable dispatches from Buenos Aires, telling of generous rains, that were taken to mean the making of an unusually bountiful crop throughout Argentina. It was said that the exportable surplus in Argentina would reach as high as 20,000,000 bushels.

A decided element of weakness in the market was the fact that merchandising firms were unexpectedly meager. Before the close of the session, however, prices in the pit rallied to some extent, owing to a demand which developed among speculators. January closed steady at 62 1/2c, a decline of 2 1/2c compared with last night.

Governor Orders Liquor Shipped from Oregon Town

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 3.—Stating that he is of the opinion that the criminal laws are not being faithfully executed in Baker county, Governor West wired Circuit Judge Anderson of that county today, asking when a hearing can be held, looking to the temporary removal of the sheriff, Miss Fern Hobbs, the governor's secretary, will act as special counsel for the state hearing.

The governor has ordered Colonel Lawson, in command of the troops that hold Copperfield, Ore., under martial law, to send all liquors and bar fixtures there to Baker, Ore., while the mining town is in charge of state soldiers. Railroad officials have been warned by the governor not to send any liquors into Copperfield while that place is under martial law.

Bandit Robs Jewelry Store at Kansas City

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 3.—While he held three men, one of them a policeman, covered with a revolver, a robber ransacked the safe in the jewelry store of E. P. Ward last night and escaped with \$150 in cash and \$1,000 in diamonds and jewelry.

The robbery occurred on a busy corner and dozens of people were nearby. Ward, a customer, and John Brotherton, a policeman, not in uniform, were ordered to put up their hands and the robber quickly helped himself from the safe.

TEN THOUSAND SEE SOX AND GIANTS AT SYDNEY

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Jan. 3.—The American base ball teams representing the Chicago White Sox and New York Giants arrived here this morning. The Chicago men won, 4 to 1, in the opening game this afternoon. The game was played on the Sydney cricket grounds before a wildly enthusiastic crowd of 10,000 spectators. Great interest has been aroused in Australia by the tour. The visitors will be given a civic welcome by the lord mayor of Sydney on Monday.

NEW HOME OF WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY CLUB OPEN

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The new home of the Women's University club, erected at a cost of \$50,000, will be opened today for the inspection of members and their friends. The club will occupy the building, which is eight stories high, on February 14. It is said to be the first woman's club house in America.

TWO THOUSAND BUSH ACROSS RIO GRANDE INTO UNITED STATES

Mexican Refugees, Including Starving Women and Children and Deserters, Flee from Ojinaga.

BATTLE AGAIN RAGES FIERCELY

Federals in Irrigation Ditch Using Heavy Guns.

FOUR THOUSAND MEN ENGAGED

Casualties Number Between Six and Seven Hundred.

RED CROSS STATION KEPT BUSY

Unable to Feed Refugees and Care for All Wounded—Some Are Started Overland on Foot to Marfa.

PRESDIDO, Tex., Jan. 3.—Two thousand Mexican refugees, including half-starved women and children and some federal deserters, rushed across the river to the United States today to seek protection from the battle of Ojinaga, Mex., opposite here.

The refugees were scattered without shelter along the river bank for two miles, while the heavy artillery firing between the 4,000 federals in the trenches at Ojinaga and General Ortega's attacking rebel forces continued less than a mile back from the American border.

The arrival of so many un-fed and ragged people imposed an arduous task upon the United States border patrol, and the few Red Cross officials who are here. As many as could be induced to go were sent to walk the distance to Marfa, Tex., sixty-seven miles. Meantime the little mission church of Presidio was crowded with wounded.

Instructions came from Washington today to hold as prisoners all deserters who cross the river. Hereafter the border patrol has disarmed and sent back un-wounded deserters.

Major Gustav H. Schoof of the Canadian mounted rangers, who is one of the military observers here, returned from an inspection of conditions in Ojinaga, which he saw through a telescope. He reported that the federals' outer fortifications were in an irrigation ditch which partly encircled the village. From this they were firing twelve and twenty-pound guns.

W. H. Cleveland, commissioner of this county, who crossed to confer with General Ortega, was within 100 yards of the exploding shells.

Major Schoof said there were not fewer than 600 or 700 casualties on both sides, as he had seen numerous rebels roll down the hillsides under the federal fire. Both sides, however, he said, were wasting ammunition.

General Bliss Explains Policy

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Further official explanation of the action of the Texas border patrol in disarming Mexicans and forcing them back across the Rio Grande was received today from Brigadier General Bliss. His report says: "So far as known at the headquarters what has been done at Presidio is in accord with the unbroken practice along the border. Any one seeking refuge or claiming asylum is received. Frequently armed parties of federals or rebels cross without evident intent to surrender or seek asylum. If not found by our patrols, they cross back at convenient time and place. Their international status is that of armed invaders of United States territory. If caught by our patrols they are disarmed and either held or put back across the river, according to circumstances of the case. Under no circumstances are they obliged to return where they can be taken by their enemies. Federals are sent over to the command from which they came and the same is true of the rebels. Depriving them of their arms is adopted."

"Any other rule will result in the Big Bend county being overrun with swarms of small armed parties of Mexicans terrorists. They would require all of Major McNamee's force and probably more and he would be unable to perform his important duty of receiving the main body which may eventually be driven across at Presidio. The requirements of humanity are fully met. All civilian refugees, men, women and children and all wounded persons are received and cared for. All armed men who seek asylum are received, disarmed and carded for. All armed men who don't evidently seek asylum and whose good faith is in doubt are also disarmed."

"If humanity prevents sending them over the river we take care of them. If humanity does not forbid and we can send the men back to join their own army, the local officer acts according to his best discretion."

The gunboat Tostantown, on route from San Diego to Mazatlan at the west coast of Mexico, reported its arrival today at Ensenada on the bay of Todos Santos. Americans in Ensenada asked for a warship.

NEW YORK POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS THIRTY MILLIONS

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The gross receipts of the New York postoffice for the year just ended exceeded by more than \$4,000,000 the figures for the twelve months preceding, according to a report made by Postmaster Morgan.

In 1913 the receipts were \$30,025,000, against \$25,747,523 for 1912. The increase equals 16.4 per cent.

In December the Christmas rush rolled up receipts of more than \$3,000,000, an increase of 25 per cent over 1912.

JUDGE McPHERSON RECOVERS FROM ATTACK

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 3.—Judge Smith McPherson of the United States court for the southern district of Iowa, who was forced to leave a train here yesterday on account of illness, had entirely recovered today. He continued his trip to Mooresville, Ind., to visit his sister.

The Weather

For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity
Mostly cloudy; slightly warmer.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour	Temp.	Dir.
5 A. M.	20	SE
6 A. M.	20	SE
7 A. M.	20	SE
8 A. M.	20	SE
9 A. M.	20	SE
10 A. M.	20	SE
11 A. M.	20	SE
12 M.	20	SE
1 P. M.	20	SE
2 P. M.	20	SE
3 P. M.	20	SE
4 P. M.	20	SE
5 P. M.	20	SE
6 P. M.	20	SE
7 P. M.	20	SE

Comparative Local Record:

Year	High.	Low.
1913	49	11
1912	49	11
1911	49	11
1910	49	11
1909	49	11
1908	49	11
1907	49	11
1906	49	11
1905	49	11
1904	49	11
1903	49	11
1902	49	11
1901	49	11
1900	49	11